Sanua

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DM508S DM1008S PDM508S

INSULATION RESISTANCE TESTER

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

SANWA ELECTRIC INSTRUMENT CO., LTD.

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[1] Read First: Safety Information

We thank you for your purchasing our product, the battery-driven insulation resistance tester.

This is a DC resistance tester developed under the principle to provide new and unique design and function for the measurement of insulation resistance of each kind of electric equipments. Since this tester generates high voltage, we recommend that you read this instruction manual thoroughly, and treat the tester correctly and safely.

The symbols used on this tester and in this instruction manual denote the following meanings:

- **F** Be careful as the high voltage is impressed.
- A Be careful because there is a possibility of bodily injury or the destruction of equipment.

▲ WARNING

To ensure that the meter is used safely, follow all safety and operating instructions.

- 1. Never use tester for high power or high voltage circuit.
- 2. Pay special attention when measuring the voltage of AC 30Vrms (42.4V Peak) or DC 60V or more to avoid injury.
- 3. Disconnect power source of the measured circuit before measuring insulation resistance.
- 4. High voltage is generated while measuring insulation resistance. Be cautions of electric shock.
- 5. After measuring insulation to avoid electric shock. Be sure to discharge the high voltage charged.
- 6. Never apply an input signal exceeding the maximum rating input value.
- 7. Never use tester for measuring the line connected with equipment (i.e. motors) that generates induced or surge voltage since it may exceed the maximum allowable voltage.
- 8. Never use tester if the tester or test leads are damaged or broken.
- 9. Never use uncased tester.
- 10. Always keep your fingers behind the finger guards on the probe when making measurements.

- 11. Be sure to disconnect the test pin from the circuit when changing the function.
- 12. Never use tester with wet hands or in a damp environment.
- 13. Never use test leads other than the exclusive test leads.
- 14. Never open tester case except when replacing batteries or fuses. Do not attempt any alterations of original specifications.
- 15. To ensure safety and maintain accuracy, calibrate and check the tester at least once a year.
- 16. Indoor use.

▲ CAUTION

High voltage is generated in terminals of insulation resistance testers when measuring insulation resistance. (There may be possibility to damage the measuring object when measurement). Remove components such as semiconductors from the circuit of measuring object to avoid damages when withstand of the object is unknown or lower than rated measuring voltage of a resistance insulation tester.

Maximum Overload Protection Input

Function (Range)	Maximu rating input value	Maximum overload protection input
ACV (600)	AC600V	AC720V
DCV(60)	DC60V	AC600V

[2] Applications and Features

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2.1 Applications

• DC insulation resistance tester to measure the insulation resistance of electric lines and electric equipment.

2.2 Features

- This tester is based on the revised standard JIS C1302-1994 Insulation resistance testers.
- · It is equipped with the discharge function.
- It is equipped with the $M\,\Omega$ (insulation resistance) measuring switch that enables both one-shot and continuous measurement.



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[4] Description of Functions

• Function control knob and $M\Omega$ (insulation resistance) measuring switch by operating these two switches, the functions and ranges can be set as shown below.

Position of Function Control Knob			MΩ Measuring Switch (*)	Set Range (Function)
DM508S	500V/1000MΩ	10	OFF	AC600V range
DM1008S	1000V/2000MΩ	AC 600V		
PDM508S	500V/100MΩ			
DM508S	500V/1000MΩ			500V/1000M Ω
DM1008S	1000V/2000MΩ	AC 600V	ON	1000V/2000MΩ
PDM508S	500V/100MΩ	0001	1	500V/100MΩ
BATTERY CHECK			ON	BATTERY CHECK
DC60V			OFF	DC60V

* The M Ω measuring switch is turned on by the following operation.

- ON only when the right end of the lever is pressed with a finger. (OFF when the finger is released)
- ② Continuously ON when the left end of the lever is raised. (OFF when it is laid down)



• Meter zero position adjustment If the meter pointer is not on the ∞ graduation line of the M Ω scale when the function control knob is at OFF, adjust the zero position with a screwdriver.



4. To prevent electric shock and battery consumption, be sure to turn the $M\,\Omega$ measuring switch and function control knob to OFF after measurement.

Before starting measurement, check the "appearance", "pointer 0 position" (*), "built-in battery" and "measuring lead" in this order. (*The pointer 0 position is the 0 position of the DC60V scale or ∞ position of the M Ω scale.)



5.2 How to Check Bult-in Battery (BATTERY CHECK)

Prior to $M\Omega$ (insulation resistance) measurement, be sure to check the built-in battery. A consumed battery will cause not only measurement errors but danger due to erroneous measurement.

For checking methods, refer to 5.1 Start-up Check.

Δ Do not check the built-in battery for more than 5 seconds.

5.3 Measurement of MΩ (Insulation Resistance)

∆ WARNING

- 1. Never apply a voltage to the measuring terminal when the tester is in the $M\,\Omega\,$ measuring range.
- 2. Prior to measurement, disconnect the measuring object (circuit) from the power supply.
- 3. Prior to measurement, make sure no voltage is applied to the circuit to measure by the AC600V range.
- 4. During measurement, a high voltage is generated. Do not touch the test pin, clip and measuring object.
- 5. The tester and measured circuit have been charged by high voltage immediately after the measurement. Be careful not to get electric shock.
- 6. There is a possibility of an accident of electric shock. After the measurement, be sure to discharge the high voltage charged in the measuring object. (See 5.4 Discharge Function)

▲ CAUTION

- When the measuring object is grounded (earth), a normal practice is to connect the lead with clip (EARTH) to ground (earth) and the lead with test pin (LINE) to the circuit. (When this connection is used, a measurement value becomes smaller than a value obtained by the reverse connection.)
- To prevent a measuring error, keep the test lead connected to the LINE side out of contact with the measuring object and ground (earth).
- The insulation resistance varies largely depending on temperature and humidity. It is also influenced by a voltage to apply (measuring voltage).

Normally as temperature, humidity and voltage increase, the insulation resistance decreases.

⚠ REFERENCE

- 1. The rated measuring current of this tester is 1 mA. (1 mA to 1.2 mA when the resistance of a value below the rated measuring voltage/1 mA and within 1st effective measurement scale is measured.)
- 2. The no-load voltage is within 1.3 times the rated measuring voltage.
- 3. While measuring there may be an oscillator noise from the meter, but this is not a malfunction.
- Measuring object Measurement of insulation resistance (MΩ) of electric equipment and circuits.
- 2) Rated measuring voltage

Model	Rated measuring voltage			
DM508S	500V			
DM1008S	1000V			
PDM508S	500V			

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- Selection of a measuring range Turn the function control knob to (MΩ) / AC600V position.
- 4) Measuring method
 - ① Power off the measuring object.
 - ② Connect the lead with clip (black) to the earth side measuring ternimal (EARTH) and the lead with test pin (red) to the line side measuring terminal (LINE).
 - Turn the function control knob to a desired rated measuring voltage range.
 - ④ Connect the clip of the lead with clip to the measuring object. Normally, the earth side measuring terminal should be on the earth line side.
 - S Bring the test pin of the lead with test pin in contact with the other side of the measuring object.

▲ CAUTION : If the meter deflects in this state, the measuring object is charged. Be sure to remove the voltage prior to measurement.

- Turn on the MΩ measuring switch. (See [4] Description of Functions)
- O Read the indicated value. Use the M Ω scale.
- (8) Turn off the M Ω measuring switch.
- (9) Discharge the high voltage charged in the measuring object. See 5.4 Discharge Function.
- First, disconnect the test pin of the lead with test pin from the measuring object. Then remove the clip of the lead with clip.
- 1 Be sure to turn the function control knob to the position of OFF.



▲ CAUTION

Rated measuring voltage should be selected by a measuring object. For example, 125V rated measuring voltage should be used for the object, AC input voltage of which is 100V.

5.4 Discharge Function

- Reason of a need to discharge For safety, high voltage remaining in capacitive measuring objects such as capacitors and electric wire must be discharged to prevent accidents.
 - Discharging method This procedure follows the step (8) of 5.3-4)

 - ② Then the pointer deflects to the right and its deflection becomes smaller as time passes (indicating the charged charge is being discharged).
 - ③ When the pointer stops at zero (∞ of the MΩ scale) and discharge has been completed, conduct the steps ⑩ and ⑪ of 5.3-4)

5.5 Measurement of ACV (AC voltage) (Measuring range is the AC600V range only)

▲ WARNING

- 1. Do not apply a voltage exceeding the maximum rated voltage of 600 VAC.
- 2. During measurement, do not operate the function control knob.
 - 3. Do not measure a voltage with the $M\,\Omega\,$ measuring switch being pressed or raised.
 - 4. When the circuit to measure has a breaker, measure the voltage on the secondary side (load side).
 - 5. To prevent electric shock, do not touch the metal part of the pin plug and clip.

▲ CAUTION

AC voltages of waveforms other than sinusoidal waveforms and frequencies other than 50 to 60 Hz will cause an indication error.

- Measuring object Sinusoidal AC voltages (ACV) such as lighting line voltages can be measured.
- 2) Measuring method
 - Connect the lead with clip (black) to the earth side measuring terminal and the lead with test pin (red) to the line side measuring terminal.



- ② Turn the function control knob to AC600V.
- 3 Connect the lead with clip to the earth side of the circuit to measure and the lead with test pin to the charging side (line side).
- ④ Read the indicated value on the ACV scale.
- ⑤ Disconnect the lead with test pin and the lead with clip in this order from the measuring object.
- (6) Turn the function control knob to the position of OFF.



5.6 Measurement of DCV (DC voltage) (Measuring range is the DV60V range only)

A WARNING -

5

- 1. Do not apply a voltage exceeding the maximum rated voltage of 60 VDC.
- 2. Keep in mind the warnings of 5.5 described earlier.
- Measuring object DC voltages of batteries, etc. can be measured. Also, the tester can be used to check the presence of DC voltage prior to MΩ measurement.
- 2) Measuring method
 - Connect the lead with clip (black) to the earth side measuring terminal and the lead with test pin (red) to the line side measuring terminal.
 - 2 Turn the function control knob to DC60V.
 - ③ Connect the lead with clip (black) to the negative (-) side of the measuring object (circuit) and the lead with test pin (red) to the positive (+) side.
 - ④ Read the indicated value on the DCV scale.
 - 5 Disconnect the lead with test pin and the lead with clip in this order from the measuring object.
 - (6) Turn the function control knob to the position of OFF.

[6] Battery Replacement

- Remove two battery lid securing screws.
- ② Replace the consumed battery that is connected to the snap terminal with a new one.
- ③ Set the battery in the original place and secure the battery lid with screws.



▲ Be sure to turn the function control knob to the position of OFF prior to replacing the battery.

 \triangle Be sure to use the alkaline battery 6LR61 (9V).



[7] Specifications

7.1 Measurement Range and Accuracy

Accuracyassurance : 2

: 23℃±2℃ 45~75%RH max. No condensaition

: Horizontal (±5°)

Attitude

DN110000

Model	DN	1508S	DM	1008S	PDI	VI508S
MΩ (Insulation)	Rated measuring voltage Large numeral : 1st effective measurin Measuring value Small numeral : 2nd effective measurin			•		
(Resistance) range	500V 1000ΜΩ	0.5-1-500- 1000ΜΩ	1000V 2000ΜΩ	1-2-1000- 2000ΜΩ	500V 100M Ω	0.05-0.1- 50-100ΜΩ
ACV range	A NAT	0~600V				
DCV range	0~60V					
Accuracy	• M Ω range 1st effective measurement range : $\pm 5\%$ of reading 2nd effective measurement range : $\pm 10\%$ of reading 0, ∞ scale : $\pm 0.7\%$ of scale length No load voltage : $\pm \frac{1}{3}0\%$ of rated measuring voltage Rated measuring current : 1~1.2mA Short circuit current : max 2mA					
	ACV range (50/60Hz sine wave) : ±5% of full scale DCV range : ±5% of full scale			scale		

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7.2 General Specifica	tions	Http://www.100y.com.
AC rectifying method	: Half-wave rectification	
CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR	(Mean value indication	rms value converted)
Meter specification	: Inner-pole type taut-band system	m, 24 µ A (PDM508S:48 µ A)
	: Checked by BATTERY	. , , ,
Allowable temperatur		on Eon range.
/ morrabio tomporata	: 18~28 ℃, 45~75% R	Н
Service temperature/		
Service terriperature/	: 0~40℃, 80% RH max	no condensation
Charges to marsture		
Storage temperature,		w no condensation
	: -10~50°C, 70% RH ma	
Service ambient condition		
Built-in battery	: Layer built type alkaline	,
Max. power consumption		•
Continuous service hours	: DM508S Approx	5.5hours
(When indicating the center)	DM1008S Approx	3.5hours
scale value of the M Ω range J	PDM508S Approx	4.0hours
Applicable standard	: JIS C 1302-1994 Insulati	on resistance testers.
Safety standard	: IEC-1010-1(EN61010-1) Ov	/ervoltage category 🎚 ,
	protection class II (600	OV AC/DC or less).
Withstand voltage	: 3.7 kV AC (one minute)	, between measuring
	terminal and rear case.	
Size and weight	: 144(H) x 99 (W) x 43 (D)) mm approx 310g
Accessories	: Test lead TL-508S, 1 set	
	Instruction manual, 1 c	
	Carrying case C-08S, 1	
	Currying case c 000, 1	piece

[8] Storage

▲ CAUTION

- The panel and the case are not resistant to heat. Do not place the instrument near heat-generating devices (such as a soldering iron).
- Do not store the instrument in a place where it may be subjected to vibration or from where it may fall.
- For storing the instrument, avoid hot, cold or humid piaces or places under direct sunlight or where condensation is anticipated.

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