

# Phase-sequence Phase-loss Relay

## K8DS-PH

### Three-phase Phase-sequence Phase-loss Relay Using Voltage Detection Method



- Lineup includes a 17.5-mm slim, compact model. **NEW**
- Greater resistance to inverter noise. **NEW**
- Distinguishes between correct phases, phase sequence, and phase loss when power is turned ON.
- Supports phase loss detection when the motor is operating.
- Output status can be monitored using LED indicator.
- Ideal to prevent reverse operation of motors.



Refer to *Safety Precautions* on page 8.  
Refer to page 7 for commonly asked questions.



For the most recent information on models that have been certified for safety standards, refer to your OMRON website.

## Ordering Information

### List of Models

Function	Rated input voltage*	Relay output	Model
Phase sequence and phase loss monitoring	3-phase, 3-wire 200 to 480 VAC	SPDT × 1	K8DS-PH1

\* The power supply voltage is the same as the rated input voltage.

勝特力材料 886-3-5753170  
勝特力电子(上海) 86-21-34970699  
勝特力电子(深圳) 86-755-83298787  
[Http://www.100y.com.tw](http://www.100y.com.tw)

## Ratings and Specifications

## Ratings

Rated input voltage		3-phase, 200 to 480 VAC (3-wire)
Input load		Approx. 2.7 VA
Operating time	Phase sequence	0.1 s±0.05 s
	Phase loss	0.1 s max. (when the voltage changes rapidly from 100% to 0% of rated voltage)
Reset method		Automatic reset
Indicators		Power (PWR): Green, Relay output (RY): Yellow
Output relays		One SPDT relay (NC operation)
Output relay ratings		Rated load Resistive load 5 A at 250 VAC 5 A at 30 VDC Maximum switching capacity: 1,250 VA, 150 W Minimum load: 5 VDC, 10 mA (reference values) Mechanical life: 10 million operations min. Electrical life: 5 A at 250 VAC or 30 VDC:50,000 operations 3 A at 250 VAC/30 VDC:100,000 operations
Ambient operating temperature		–20 to 60°C (with no condensation or icing)
Storage temperature		–25 to 65°C (with no condensation or icing)
Ambient operating humidity		25% to 85% (with no condensation)
Storage humidity		25% to 85% (with no condensation)
Altitude		2,000 m max.
Terminal screw tightening torque		0.49 to 0.59 N·m
Terminal wiring method		Recommended wire Solid wire: 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> Twisted wires: AWG16, AWG18 <b>Note:</b> 1. Ferrules with insulating sleeves must be used with twisted wires. 2. Two wires can be twisted together. Recommended ferrules Al 1,5-8BK (for AWG16) manufactured by Phoenix Contact Al 1-8RD (for AWG18) manufactured by Phoenix Contact Al 0,75-8GY (for AWG18) manufactured by Phoenix Contact
Case color		N1.5
Case material		PC, UL 94 V-0
Weight		Approx. 60 g
Mounting		Mounts to DIN Track.
Dimensions		17.5 × 80 × 74 mm (W×D×H)

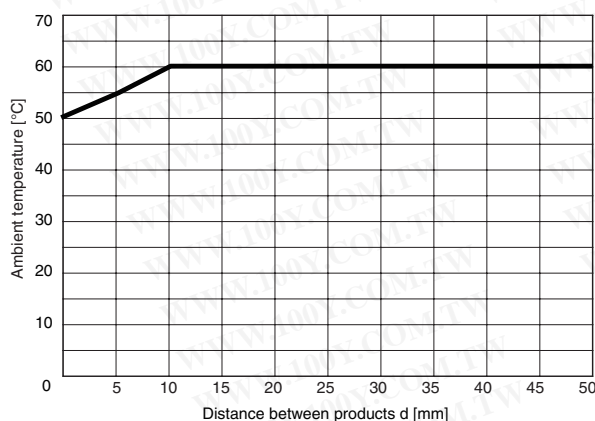
## Specifications

<b>Input voltage range</b>		200 to 480 VAC
<b>Input frequency</b>		50/60 Hz (no presumed range)
<b>Overload capacity</b>		Continuous 500 V
<b>Phase loss detection level</b>		80%±10% of rated input Calculation Formula = 1 – ((Highest phase-to-phase voltage – Lowest phase-to-phase voltage)/Average three-phase phase-to-phase voltage)
<b>Applicable standards</b>	<b>Conforming standards</b>	EN 60947-5-1 Installation environment (pollution level 2, installation category III)
	<b>EMC</b>	EN 60947-5-1
	<b>Safety standards</b>	UL 508 (Recognition), Korean Radio Waves Act (Act 10564), CSA: C22.2 No.14, CCC: GB14048.5
<b>Insulation resistance</b>		20 MΩ min. Between external terminals and case Between input terminals and output terminals
<b>Dielectric strength</b>		2,000 VAC for one minute Between external terminals and case Between input terminals and output terminals
<b>Noise immunity</b>		1,500 V power supply terminal common/normal mode Square-wave noise of ±1 μs/100 ns pulse width with 1-ns rise time
<b>Vibration resistance</b>		Frequency: 10 to 55 Hz, acceleration 50 m/s <sup>2</sup> 10 sweeps of 5 min each in X,Y, and Z directions
<b>Shock resistance</b>		100 m/s <sup>2</sup> , 3 times each in 6 directions along 3 axes
<b>Degree of protection</b>		Terminals: IP20

### ●Relationship of Mounting Distance between K8DS-PH Relays and Ambient Temperature (Reference Values)

The following diagram shows the relationship between the mounting distances and the ambient temperature.

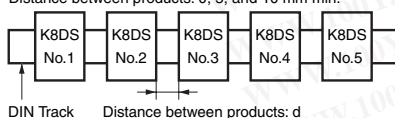
If the relay is used with an ambient temperature that exceeds these values, the temperature of the K8DS may rise and shorten the life of the internal components.



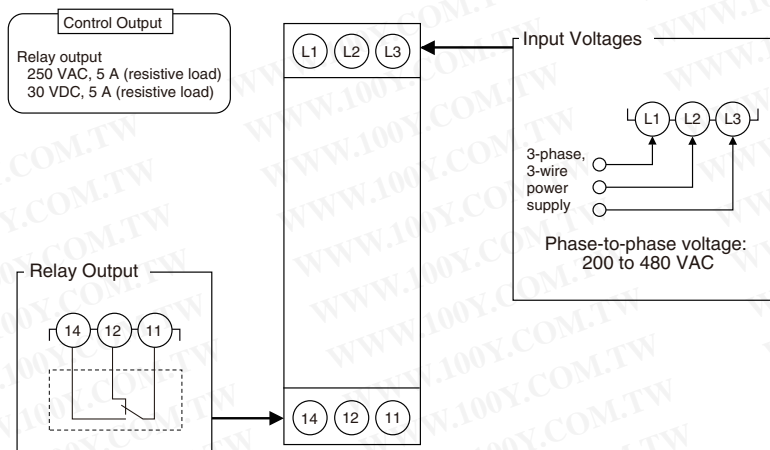
#### Test method

Sample: K8DS-PH

Distance between products: 0, 5, and 10 mm min.

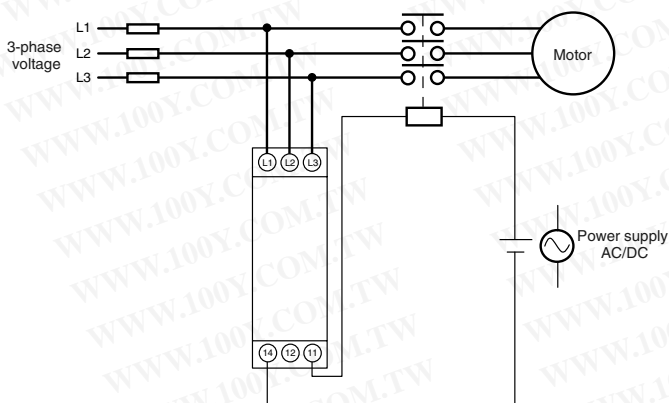


### Terminal Diagram



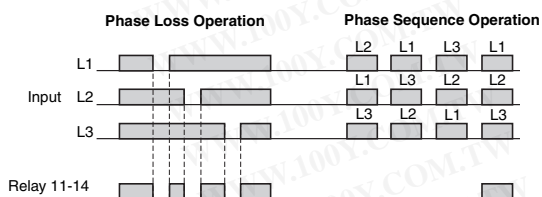
**Note:** Use the recommended ferrules if you use twisted wires.

### Wiring Example



### Timing Charts

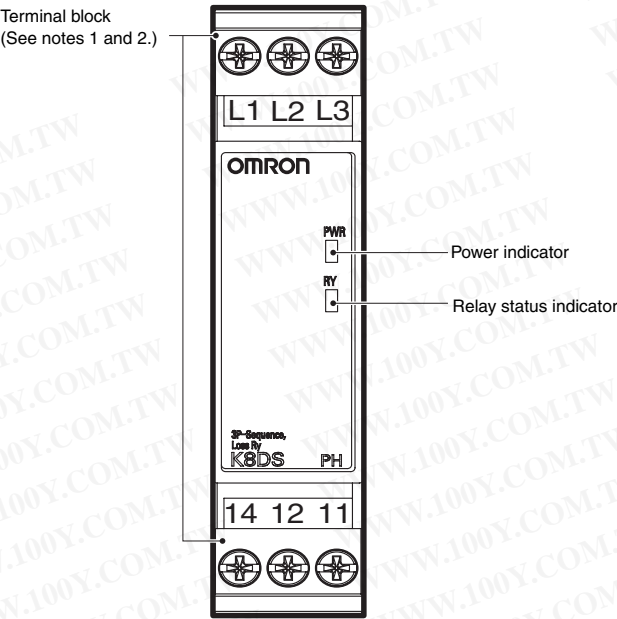
#### ●Phase Sequence and Phase Loss Operation Diagram



- Note:**
1. The K8DS-PH1 output contacts are normally operative.
  2. The Relay will not operate if the input voltage drops below 70% of the minimum input value because L2 and L3 are also used to provide power.
  3. Phase loss cannot be detected on the load side because this detection is based on the voltage.

Nomenclature

Front

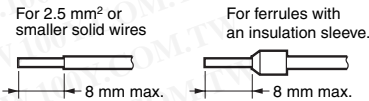


●Indicators

Item	Meaning
Power indicator (PWR: Green)	Lit when power is being supplied*.
Relay status indicator (RY: Yellow)	Lit when relay is operating (normally lit).

\* This indicator uses the input across L2 and L3 as the internal power supply. It will not light unless there is an input across L2 and L3.

**Note: 1.** Use either a solid wire of 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup> maximum or a ferrule with insulating sleeve for the terminal connection. The length of the exposed current-carrying part inserted into the terminal must be 8 mm or less to maintain dielectric strength after connection.



Recommended ferrules  
Phoenix Contact

- Al 1,5-8BK (for AWG16)
  - Al 1-8RD (for AWG18)
  - Al 0,75-8GY (for AWG18)
2. Tightening torque: 0.49 to 0.59 N·m

Operation Methods

Connections

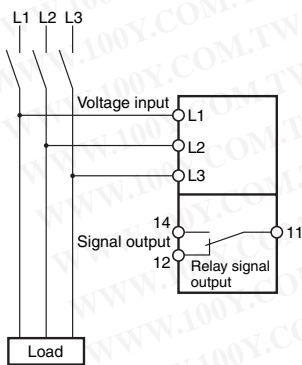
●Input

Connect using L1, L2, and L3.  
Make sure the phase sequence is wired correctly. The Unit will not operate normally if the phase sequence is incorrect.

●Outputs

Terminals 11, 12, and 14 are the output terminals SPDT.

\* Use the recommended ferrules if you use twisted wires.





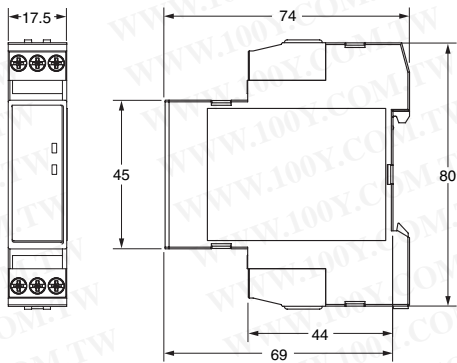
K8DS-PH

Dimensions

(Unit: mm)

Phase-sequence Phase-loss Relay

K8DS-PH1

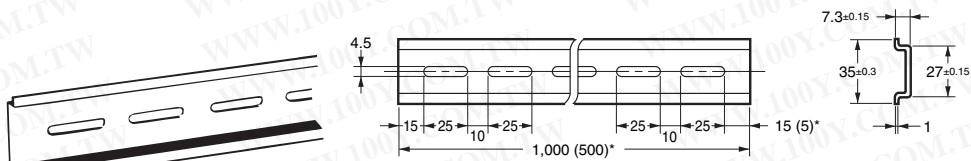


Optional Parts for DIN Track Mounting

●DIN Tracks

PFP-100N

PFP-50N



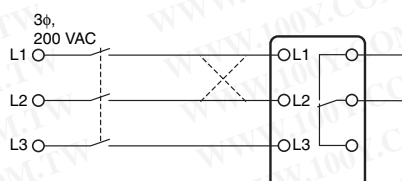
\*Dimensions in parentheses are for the PFP-50N.

## Questions and Answers

### Q Checking Operation

- A** Phase Sequence  
Switch the wiring, as shown by the dotted lines in the connection diagram, to reverse the phase sequence and check that the K8DS operates.
- Phase Loss  
Create a phase loss for any input phase and check that the K8DS operates.

### Connection Diagram



### Q Can phase loss be detected on the load side?

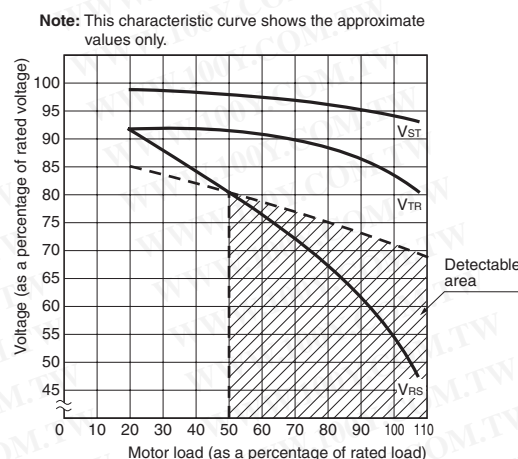
- A** In principle, phase loss cannot be detected on the load side because the K8DS-PH measures three-phase voltage to determine phase loss.

### Q Is it possible to detect phase losses for motor loads while the motor is operating?

- A** Phase loss can be detected while the motor is operating. However, the detection conditions depend on the load conditions that are shown in the following figure. Understand these characteristics when using this feature.

Normally, three-phase motors will continue to rotate even if one phase is open. The three-phase voltage will be induced at the motor terminals. The diagram shows voltage induction at the motor terminals when phase R has been lost with a load applied to a three-phase motor. The horizontal axis shows the motor load as a percentage of the rated load, and the vertical axis shows voltage as a percentage of the rated voltage. The solid line in this graph shows the voltage that is induced at the motor terminals when a phase loss occurs while the motor is operating under various loads. The figure below shows how a phase loss that occurs while the motor is operating causes an imbalance in the voltage across each motor terminal. The K8DS-PH1 detects phase loss when the motor is operating when the voltage is unbalanced. (Detection occurs when the imbalance is 80% of the maximum phase). The K8DS-PH1 cannot detect phase loss with light motor loads because the voltage imbalance is too small. The detectable range is shown by the diagonal lines.

### Characteristic Curve Diagram





**Note:** For phase loss of phase R,  $V_{st}$ ,  $V_{tr}$ , and  $V_{rs}$  indicate the motor terminal voltage at phase loss.





## Safety Precautions

Be sure to read the precautions for all models in the website at the following URL: <http://www.ia.omron.com/>.

### Warning Indications

 <b>WARNING</b>	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in minor or moderate injury, or may result in serious injury or death. Additionally there may be significant property damage.
 <b>CAUTION</b>	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury or in property damage.
<b>Precautions for Safe Use</b>	Supplementary comments on what to do or avoid doing, to use the product safely.
<b>Precautions for Correct Use</b>	Supplementary comments on what to do or avoid doing, to prevent failure to operate, malfunction, or undesirable effects on product performance.

### Meaning of Product Safety Symbols

	Used to warn of the risk of electric shock under specific conditions.
	Used for general prohibitions for which there is no specific symbol.
	Used to indicate prohibition when there is a risk of minor injury from electrical shock or other source if the product is disassembled.
	Used for general mandatory action precautions for which there is no specified symbol.

#### **WARNING**

Electrical shock may occasionally cause serious injury. Confirm that the input voltage is OFF before starting any wiring work and wire all connections correctly.



#### **CAUTION**

Electrical shock may cause minor injury. Do not touch terminals while electricity is being supplied.



There is a risk of minor electrical shock, fire, or device failure. Do not allow any pieces of metal, conductors, or cutting chips that occur during the installation process to enter the product.



Explosions may cause minor injuries. Do not use the product in locations with inflammable or explosive gases.

There is a risk of minor electrical shock, fire, or device failure. Do not disassemble, modify, repair, or touch the inside of the product.



Loose screws may cause fires. Tighten terminal screws to the specified torque of 0.49 to 0.59 N·m.



Use of excessive torque may damage the terminal screws. Tighten terminal screws to the specified torque of 0.49 to 0.59 N·m.



Use of the product beyond its life may result in contact welding or burning. Make sure to consider the actual operating conditions and use the product within its rated load and electrical life count. The life of the output relay varies significantly with the switching capacity and switching conditions.





### Precautions for Safe Use

- Do not use or store the product in the following locations.
  - Locations subject to water or oil
  - Outdoor locations or under direct sunlight
  - Locations subject to dust or corrosive gases (particularly sulfurizing gases, ammonia, etc.)
  - Locations subject to rapid temperature changes
  - Locations prone to icing and dew condensation
  - Locations subject to excessive vibration or shock
  - Locations subject to wind and rain
  - Locations subject to static electricity and noise
  - Habitats of insects or small animals
- Use and store the product in a location where the ambient temperature and humidity are within the specified ranges. If applicable, provide forced cooling.
- Mount the product in the correct direction.
- Do not wire the input and output terminals incorrectly.
- Make sure the input voltage and loads are within the specifications and ratings for the product.
- Make sure the crimp terminals for wiring are of the specified size.
- Do not connect anything to terminals that are not being used.
- Use a power supply that will reach the rated voltage within 1 second after the power is turned ON.
- Keep wiring separate from high voltages and power lines that draw large currents.  
Do not place product wiring in parallel with or in the same path as high-voltage or high-current lines.
- Do not install the product near equipment that generates high frequencies or surges.
- The product may cause incoming radio wave interference. Do not use the product near radio wave receivers.
- Install an external switch or circuit breaker and label it clearly so that the operator can quickly turn OFF the power supply.
- Make sure the indicators operate correctly. Depending on the application environment, the indicators may deteriorate prematurely and become difficult to see.
- Do not use the product if it is accidentally dropped. The internal components may be damaged.
- Be sure you understand the contents of this catalog and handle the product according to the instructions provided.
- Do not install the product in any way that would place a load on it.
- When discarding the product, properly dispose of it as industrial waste.
- The product must be handled only by trained electrician.
- Prior to operation, check the wiring before you supply power to the product.
- Do not install the product immediately next to heat sources.
- Perform periodic maintenance.

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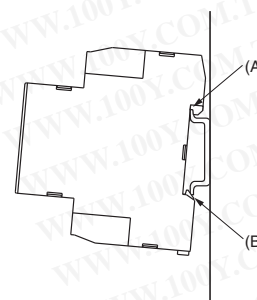
### Precautions for Correct Use

#### Observe the following operating methods to prevent failure and malfunction.

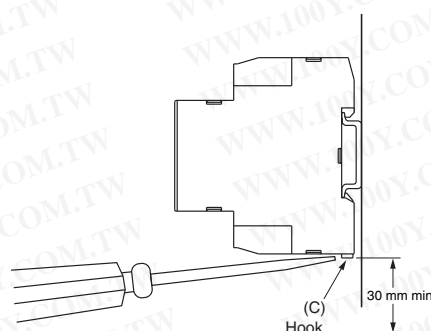
- Use the input power and other power supplies and converters with suitable capacities and rated outputs.
- The distortion in the input waveform must be 30% max. If the input waveform is distorted beyond this level, it may cause unnecessary operation.
- The product cannot be used for thyristor control or on the secondary side of an inverter. To use the product on the primary side of an inverter, install a noise filter on the primary side of the inverter.
- Phase loss can be detected only from the input contacts to the power supply side. Phase loss cannot be detected from the input contacts to the load side.
- When cleaning the product, do not use thinners or solvents. Use commercial alcohol.

#### Mounting and Removing

- The product may be mounted in any direction, but it must be mounted securely and as level as possible.
- To mount the product to the DIN Track, hook it on the DIN Track at (A) and then press in on the Unit in direction (B).



- To remove the product, insert a flat-blade screwdriver at (C) and pull down the hook to release the Unit.



- Leave at least 30 mm of space between the product and other devices to allow easy installation and removal.