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NDS332P

P-Channel Logic Level Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor

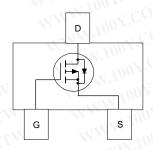
General Description

These P-Channel logic level enhancement mode power field effect transistors are produced using Fairchild's proprietary, high cell density, DMOS technology. This very high density process is especially tailored to minimize on-state resistance. These devices are particularly suited for low voltage applications such as notebook computer power management, portable electronics, and other battery powered circuits where fast high-side switching, and low in-line power loss are needed in a very small outline surface mount package.

Features

- -1 A, -20 V, $R_{DS(ON)} = 0.41~\Omega @ V_{GS} = -2.7~V$ $R_{DS(ON)} = 0.3~\Omega @ V_{GS} = -4.5~V.$
- Very low level gate drive requirements allowing direct operation in 3V circuits. V_{GS(th)} < 1.0V.
- Proprietary package design using copper lead frame for superior thermal and electrical capabilities.
- High density cell design for extremely low R_{DS(ON)}.
- Exceptional on-resistance and maximum DC current capability.
- Compact industry standard SOT-23 surface Mount package.





Asolute Maximum Ratings T. = 25°C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	NDS332P	Units
V _{DSS}	Drain-Source Voltage	-20	V.
V_{GSS}	Gate-Source Voltage - Continuous	17 ±8 W WWW	V
I _D	Drain Current - Continuous (Note 1a)	MM. TOO COM.	Α
	- Pulsed	C-10	W.10,
P _D	Maximum Power Dissipation (Note 1a)	0.5	W
	(Note 1b)	0.46	- TXN .1
T_J , T_{STG}	Operating and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 150	°C
THERMA	L CHARACTERISTICS	WWW.100X.CO.T.TW	MANA
R _{eJA}	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (Note 1a)	250	°C/W
R _{eJC}	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case (Note 1)	75	°C/W

Electric	cal Characteristics (T _A = 25°C unles	s otherwise noted)	TOM:TW				
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Y.C.	Min	Тур	Max	Units
OFF CHA	RACTERISTICS	M MMM.	Y.Com TV				
BV _{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, I_{D} = -250 \mu\text{A}$	NY.CONT	-20			V
I _{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS} = -16 \text{ V}, \ V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$ $T_{J} = 55^{\circ}\text{C}$				-1	μA
			$T_J = 55^{\circ}C$	1 V		-10	μA
I _{GSS}	Gate - Body Leakage Current	$V_{GS} = 8 \text{ V}, \ V_{DS} = 0 \text{ V}$	100 J. COM	TA		100	nA
I _{GSS}	Gate - Body Leakage Current	V _{GS} = -8 V, V _{DS} = 0 V		1.1.1		-100	nA
ON CHAR	RACTERISTICS (Note 2)	WW.	100Y.CO	TIM	N		
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, \ I_{D} = -250 \ \mu A$	M. JOON CE	-0.4	-0.6	-1	V
COM			T _J =125°C	-0.3	-0.45	-0.8	•
R _{DS(ON)}	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS} = -2.7 \text{ V}, I_{D} = -1 \text{ A}$	IWW.Ion	CO_{M_F}	0.35	0.41	Ω
			T _J =125°C	COD	0.5	0.74	
		$V_{GS} = -4.5 \text{ V}, I_D = -1.1 \text{ A}$	M. 100	- c0	0.26	0.3	
I _{D(ON)}	On-State Drain Current	$V_{GS} = -2.7 \text{ V}, \ V_{DS} = -5 \text{ V}$		-1.5	M.I.	1	Α
		$V_{GS} = -4.5 \text{ V}, \ V_{DS} = -5 \text{ V}$	WW TO	-2.5		M	•
g _{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS} = -5 \text{ V}, I_{D} = -1 \text{ A}$		001.	2.2	TW	S
DYNAMIC	CHARACTERISTICS	· Mary COM	MMM	1001	Cox	WT	
C _{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{DS} = -10 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V},$ f = 1.0 MHz		.700	195	TV	pF
C _{oss}	Output Capacitance			1.100	105	Mi	g pF
C _{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			11.70	40	OM:	pF
SWITCHII	NG CHARACTERISTICS (Note 2)	WIN TOOK CONTIN	44	-TXV.1	00	.Mo.	
t _{D(on)}	Tum - On Delay Time	$V_{DD} = -6 \text{ V}, \ I_{D} = -1 \text{ A},$ $V_{GS} = -4.5 \text{ V}, \ R_{GEN} = 6 \Omega$		N N	8	15	ns
	Turn - On Rise Time			Mar	30	45	ns
t _{D(off)}	Turn - Off Delay Time			MWW	25	45	ns
t _r	Turn - Off Fall Time			WIX	27	45	ns
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	$V_{DS} = -5 \text{ V}, I_{D} = -1 \text{ A},$ $V_{GS} = -4.5 \text{ V}$		11	3.7	5	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate-Source Charge			NV.	0.5		nC
Q_{gd}	Gate-Drain Charge			1	0.9	100x.	nC

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Elec	Electrical Characteristics (T _A = 25°C unless otherwise noted)							
Symbo	ol Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit		
DRAIN	DRAIN-SOURCE DIODE CHARACTERISTICS AND MAXIMUM RATINGS							
	Maximum Continuous Source	e Current	V.COM		-0.42	Α		
V _{SD}	Drain-Source Diode Forward	Voltage $V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, I_S = -0.42 \text{ A (Note 2)}$	COM	-0.75	-1.2	V		
Notes:	M M 100		03. W.I.A.		ı			

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Notes:

 $R_{\rm But}$ is the sum of the junction-to-case and case-to-ambient thermal resistance where the case thermal reference is defined as the solder mounting surface of the drain pins. $R_{\rm Buc}$ is guaranteed by design while $R_{\rm gcc}$ is determined by the user's board design. WWW.100Y.COM

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$$P_D(t) = \frac{T_J - T_A}{R_{\theta JA}(t)} = \frac{T_J - T_A}{R_{\theta JC} + R_{\theta CA}(t)} = I_D^2(t) \times R_{DS(ON)@T_J}$$

Typical R_{BJA} using the board layouts shown below on 4.5"x5" FR-4 PCB in a still air environment:

a. 250°C/W when mounted on a 0.02 in² pad of 2oz copper.

W.100Y.COM.TW b. 270°C/W when mounted on a 0.001 in² pad of 2oz copper.





Scale 1 : 1 on letter size paper

2. Pulse Test: Pulse Width ≤ 300µs, Duty Cycle ≤ 2.0% VM.100X.COM

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WWW.100Y.COM WWW.100Y.CO

WWW.100Y.C9

WWW.100Y.C

WWW.1007

WWW.100

WWW.1

M.TW

OM.TW

Y.COM.TW

OOY.COM.TW

WWW.HOY.COM.TW

Typical Electrical Characteristics

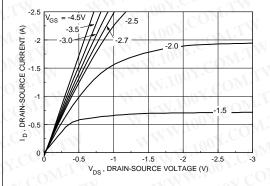


Figure 1. On-Region Characteristics.

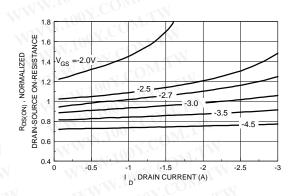


Figure 2. On-Resistance Variation with Drain Current and Gate Voltage.

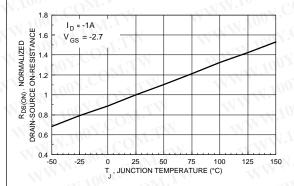


Figure 3. On-Resistance Variation with Temperature.

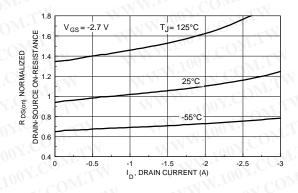


Figure 4. On-Resistance Variation with Drain Current and Temperature.

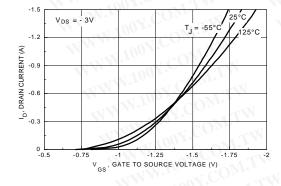


Figure 5. Transfer Characteristics.

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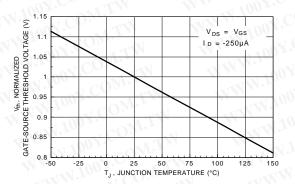


Figure 6. Gate Threshold Variation with Temperature.

Typical Electrical Characteristics (continued)

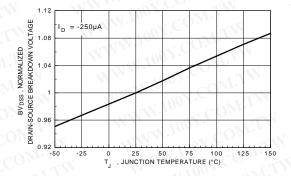


Figure 7. Breakdown Voltage Variation with Temperature.

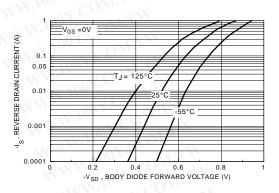


Figure 8. Body Diode ForwardVoltageVariation with Source Current and Temperature.

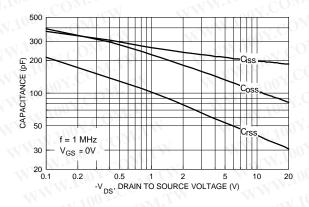


Figure 9. Capacitance Characteristics.

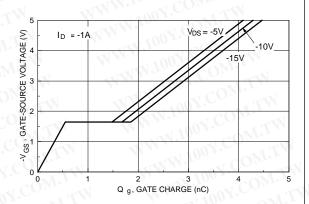


Figure 10. Gate Charge Characteristics.

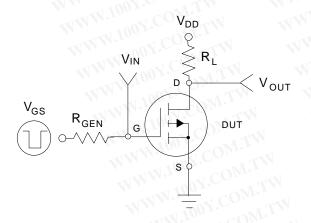


Figure 11. Switching Test Circuit.

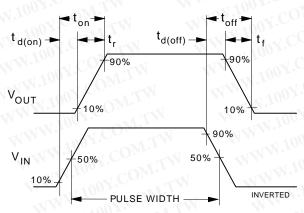


Figure 12. Switching Waveforms.

Typical Electrical Characteristics (continued)

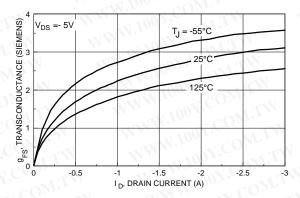


Figure 13. Transconductance Variation with Drain Current and Temperature.

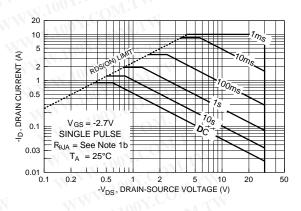
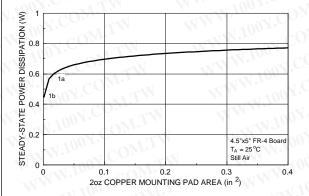


Figure 14. Maximum Safe Operating Area.



Figue 15. SuperSOT[™]-3 Maximum Steady-State Power Dissipation versus Copper Mounting Pad Area.

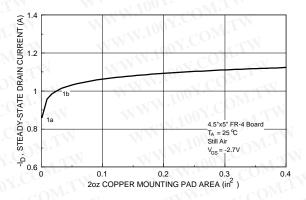


Figure 16. Maximum Steady-State Drain Current versus Copper Mounting Pad Area.

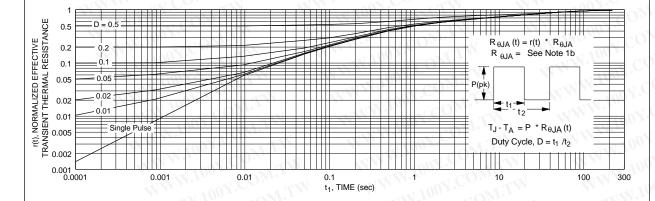


Figure 17. Transient Thermal Response Curve.

Note: Characterization performed using the conditions described in note 1b. Transient thermal response will change depending on the circuit board design.

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