

IRFP4110PbF

Applications

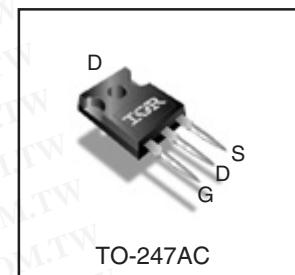
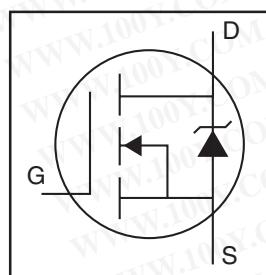
- High Efficiency Synchronous Rectification in SMPS
- Uninterruptible Power Supply
- High Speed Power Switching
- Hard Switched and High Frequency Circuits

Benefits

- Improved Gate, Avalanche and Dynamic dv/dt Ruggedness
- Fully Characterized Capacitance and Avalanche SOA
- Enhanced body diode dV/dt and dl/dt Capability

HEXFET® Power MOSFET

| | |
|--|---------------|
| V_{DSS} | 100V |
| R_{DS(on)} typ. | 3.7mΩ |
| | 4.5mΩ |
| I_D (Silicon Limited) | 180A ① |
| I_D (Package Limited) | 120A |



| G | D | S |
|------|-------|--------|
| Gate | Drain | Source |

Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Symbol | Parameter | Max. | Units |
|---|---|------------------|-------|
| I _D @ T _C = 25°C | Continuous Drain Current, V _{GS} @ 10V (Silicon Limited) | 180① | A |
| I _D @ T _C = 100°C | Continuous Drain Current, V _{GS} @ 10V (Silicon Limited) | 130① | |
| I _D @ T _C = 25°C | Continuous Drain Current, V _{GS} @ 10V (Wire Bond Limited) | 120 | |
| I _{DM} | Pulsed Drain Current ② | 670 | |
| P _D @ T _C = 25°C | Maximum Power Dissipation | 370 | W |
| | Linear Derating Factor | 2.5 | W/°C |
| V _{GS} | Gate-to-Source Voltage | ± 20 | V |
| dv/dt | Peak Diode Recovery ④ | 5.3 | V/ns |
| T _J | Operating Junction and | -55 to + 175 | °C |
| T _{STG} | Storage Temperature Range | | |
| | Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds (1.6mm from case) | 300 | |
| | Mounting torque, 6-32 or M3 screw | 10lb·in (1.1N·m) | |

Avalanche Characteristics

| | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------|-----|----|
| EAS (Thermally limited) | Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ③ | 190 | mJ |
| I _{AR} | Avalanche Current ② | 108 | A |
| E _{AR} | Repetitive Avalanche Energy ⑤ | 37 | mJ |

Thermal Resistance

| Symbol | Parameter | Typ. | Max. | Units |
|------------------|------------------------------------|------|-------|-------|
| R _{θJC} | Junction-to-Case ⑥ | — | 0.402 | °C/W |
| R _{θCS} | Case-to-Sink, Flat Greased Surface | 0.24 | — | |
| R _{θJA} | Junction-to-Ambient ⑥ | — | 40 | |

Static @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

| Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Conditions |
|---|--------------------------------------|------|-------|------|---------------------|---|
| $V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}$ | Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage | 100 | — | — | V | $V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$ |
| $\Delta V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}/\Delta T_J$ | Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient | — | 0.108 | — | V/ $^\circ\text{C}$ | Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}, I_D = 5\text{mA}$ ② |
| $R_{DS(\text{on})}$ | Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance | — | 3.7 | 4.5 | $\text{m}\Omega$ | $V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 75\text{A}$ ⑤ |
| $V_{GS(\text{th})}$ | Gate Threshold Voltage | 2.0 | — | 4.0 | V | $V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$ |
| I_{DSS} | Drain-to-Source Leakage Current | — | — | 20 | μA | $V_{DS} = 100V, V_{GS} = 0V$ |
| | | — | — | 250 | | $V_{DS} = 100V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ |
| I_{GSS} | Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage | — | — | 100 | nA | $V_{GS} = 20V$ |
| | Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage | — | — | -100 | | $V_{GS} = -20V$ |

Dynamic @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

| Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Conditions |
|-----------------------------|---|------|------|------|----------|--|
| g_{fs} | Forward Transconductance | 160 | — | — | S | $V_{DS} = 50V, I_D = 75\text{A}$ |
| Q_g | Total Gate Charge | — | 150 | 210 | nC | $I_D = 75\text{A}$ |
| Q_{gs} | Gate-to-Source Charge | — | 35 | — | | $V_{DS} = 50V$ |
| Q_{gd} | Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge | — | 43 | — | | $V_{GS} = 10V$ ⑤ |
| R_G | Gate Resistance | — | 1.3 | — | Ω | |
| $t_{d(\text{on})}$ | Turn-On Delay Time | — | 25 | — | ns | $V_{DD} = 65V$ |
| t_r | Rise Time | — | 67 | — | | $I_D = 75\text{A}$ |
| $t_{d(\text{off})}$ | Turn-Off Delay Time | — | 78 | — | | $R_G = 2.6\Omega$ |
| t_f | Fall Time | — | 88 | — | | $V_{GS} = 10V$ ⑤ |
| C_{iss} | Input Capacitance | — | 9620 | — | pF | $V_{GS} = 0V$ |
| C_{oss} | Output Capacitance | — | 670 | — | | $V_{DS} = 50V$ |
| C_{rss} | Reverse Transfer Capacitance | — | 250 | — | | $f = 1.0\text{MHz}$ |
| $C_{oss \text{ eff. (ER)}}$ | Effective Output Capacitance (Energy Related) ⑦ | — | 820 | — | | $V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V \text{ to } 80V$ ⑦ |
| $C_{oss \text{ eff. (TR)}}$ | Effective Output Capacitance (Time Related) ⑥ | — | 950 | — | | $V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V \text{ to } 80V$ ⑥ |

Diode Characteristics

| Symbol | Parameter | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Conditions |
|-----------|--|--|------|-------|-------|---|
| I_S | Continuous Source Current (Body Diode) | — | — | 170 ① | A | MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode. |
| I_{SM} | Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ②⑦ | — | — | 670 | | |
| V_{SD} | Diode Forward Voltage | — | — | 1.3 | V | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = 75\text{A}, V_{GS} = 0V$ ⑤ |
| t_{rr} | Reverse Recovery Time | — | 50 | 75 | ns | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C} \quad V_R = 85V,$ |
| | | — | 60 | 90 | | $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C} \quad I_F = 75\text{A}$ |
| Q_{rr} | Reverse Recovery Charge | — | 94 | 140 | nC | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C} \quad \text{di/dt} = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ ⑤ |
| | | — | 140 | 210 | | $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ |
| I_{RRM} | Reverse Recovery Current | — | 3.5 | — | A | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ |
| t_{on} | Forward Turn-On Time | Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by LS+LD) | | | | |

Notes:

- ① Calculated continuous current based on maximum allowable junction temperature. Bond wire current limit is 120A. Note that current limitations arising from heating of the device leads may occur with some lead mounting arrangements.
 ② Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
 ③ Limited by $T_{J\text{max}}$, starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 0.033\text{mH}$
 $R_G = 25\Omega$, $I_{AS} = 108\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 10V$. Part not recommended for use above this value.

- ④ $I_{SD} \leq 75\text{A}$, $\text{di/dt} \leq 630\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$, $V_{DD} \leq V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}$, $T_J \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$.
 ⑤ Pulse width $\leq 400\mu\text{s}$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.
 ⑥ $C_{oss \text{ eff. (TR)}}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .
 ⑦ $C_{oss \text{ eff. (ER)}}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same energy as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .
 ⑧ When mounted on 1" square PCB (FR-4 or G-10 Material). For recommended footprint and soldering techniques refer to application note #AN-994.
 ⑨ R_θ is measured at T_J approximately 90°C .

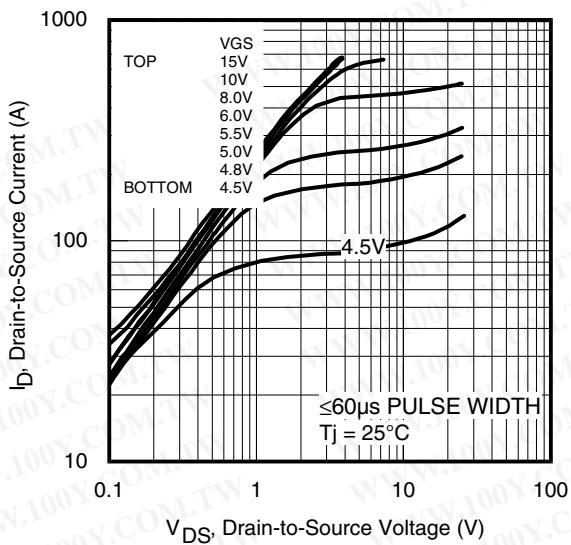


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics

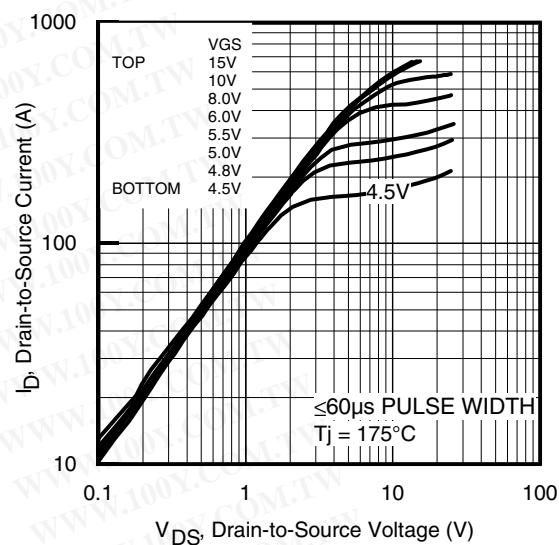


Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics

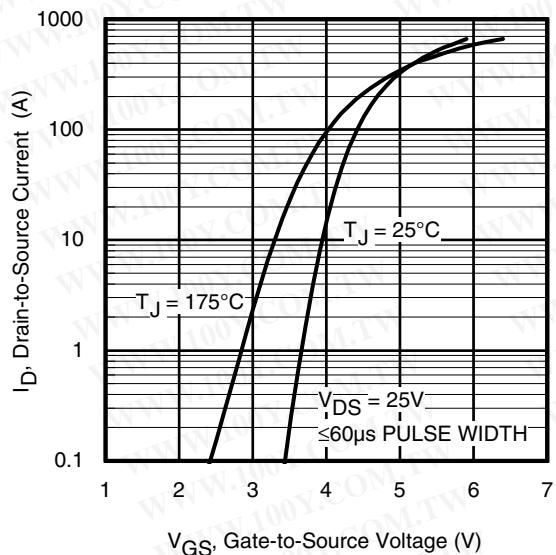


Fig 3. Typical Transfer Characteristics

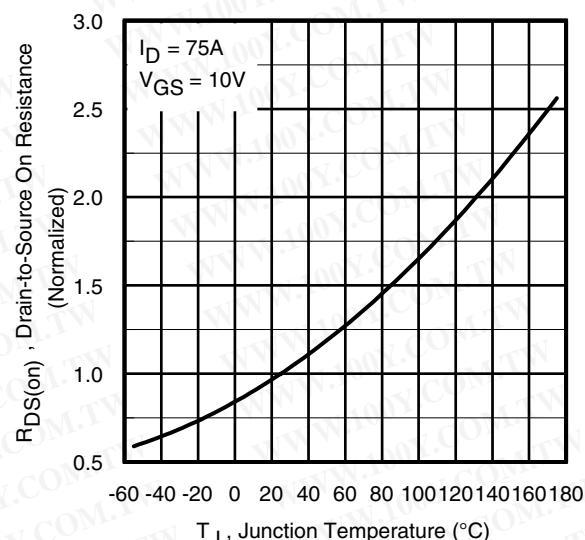


Fig 4. Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature

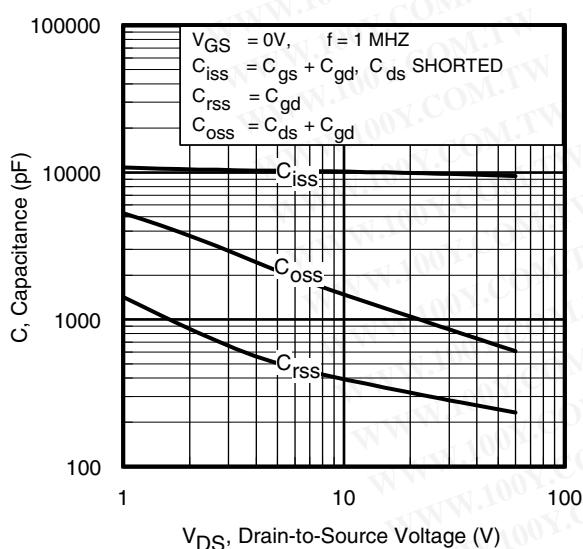


Fig 5. Typical Capacitance vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

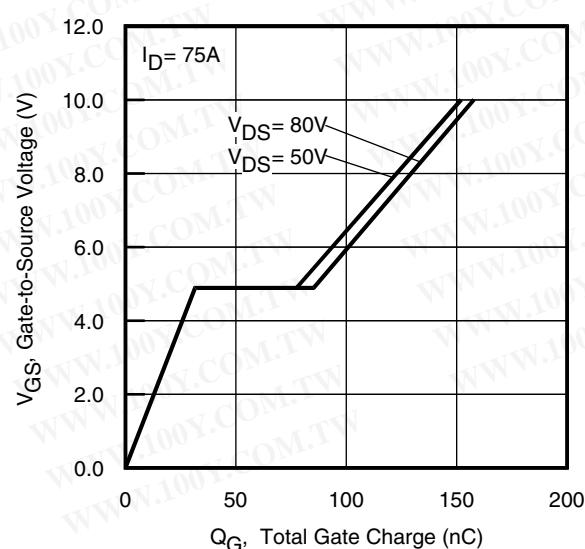
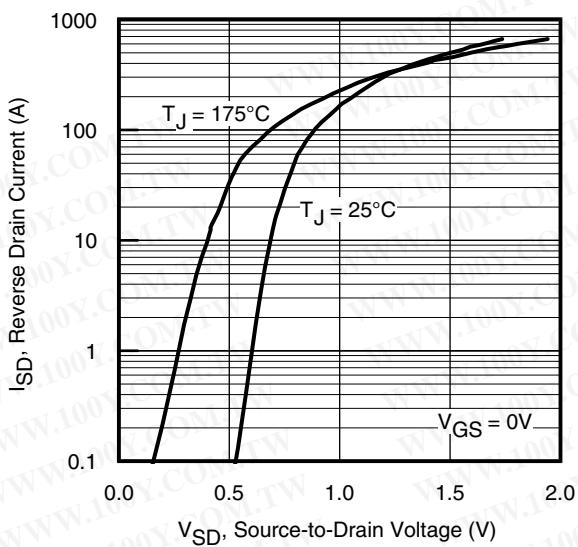
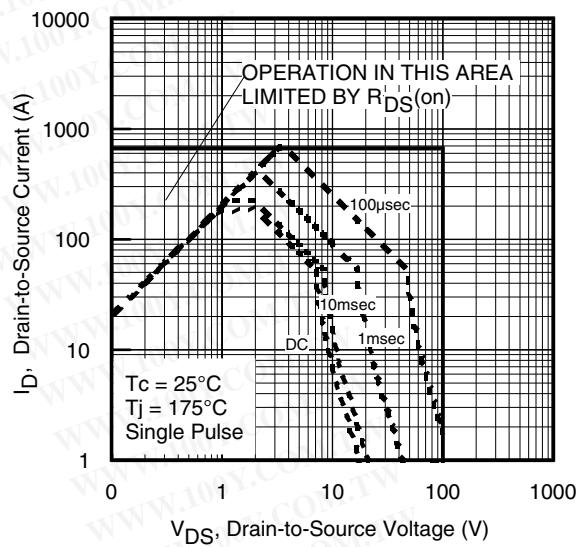
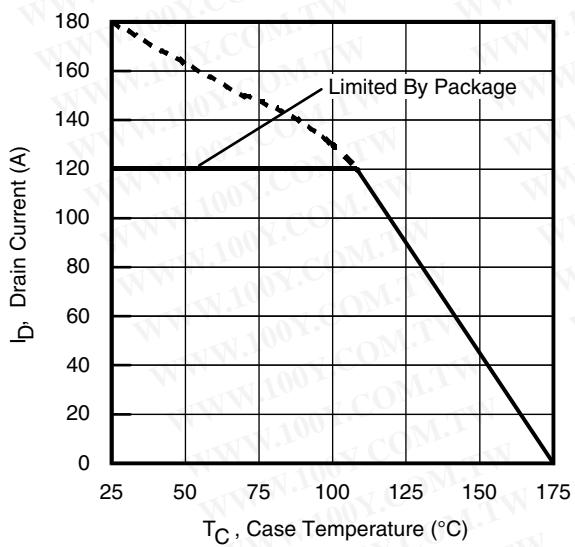
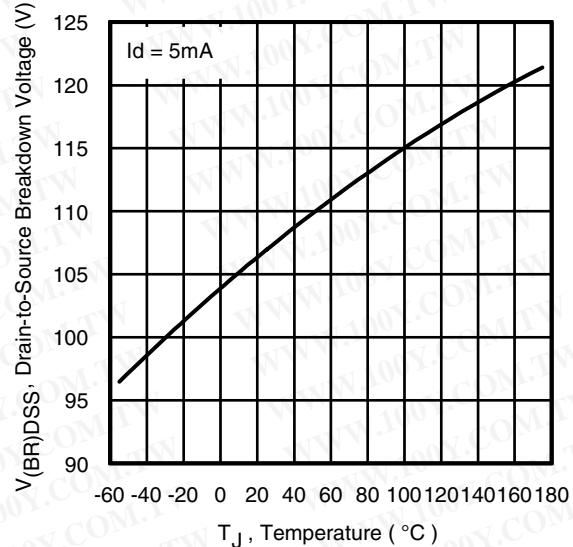
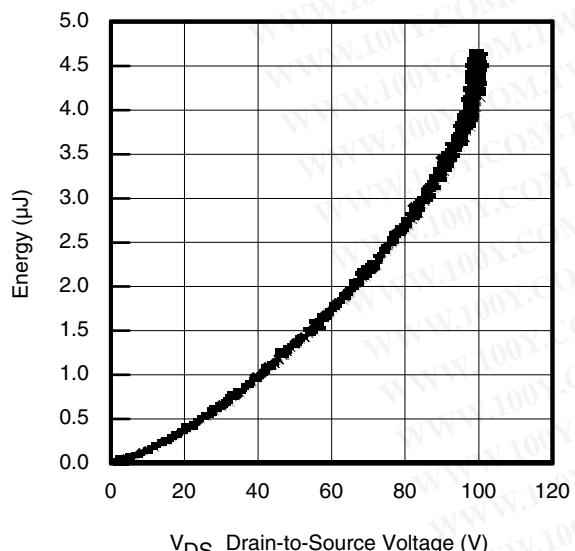
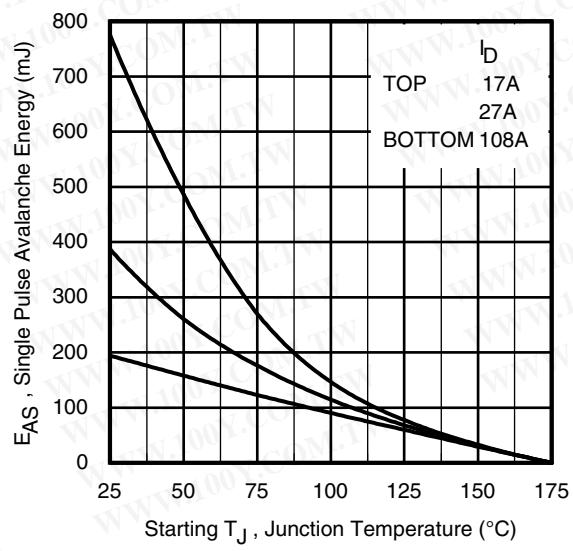


Fig 6. Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

**Fig 7.** Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage**Fig 8.** Maximum Safe Operating Area**Fig 9.** Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature**Fig 10.** Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage**Fig 11.** Typical C_{oss} Stored Energy**Fig 12.** Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Drain Current

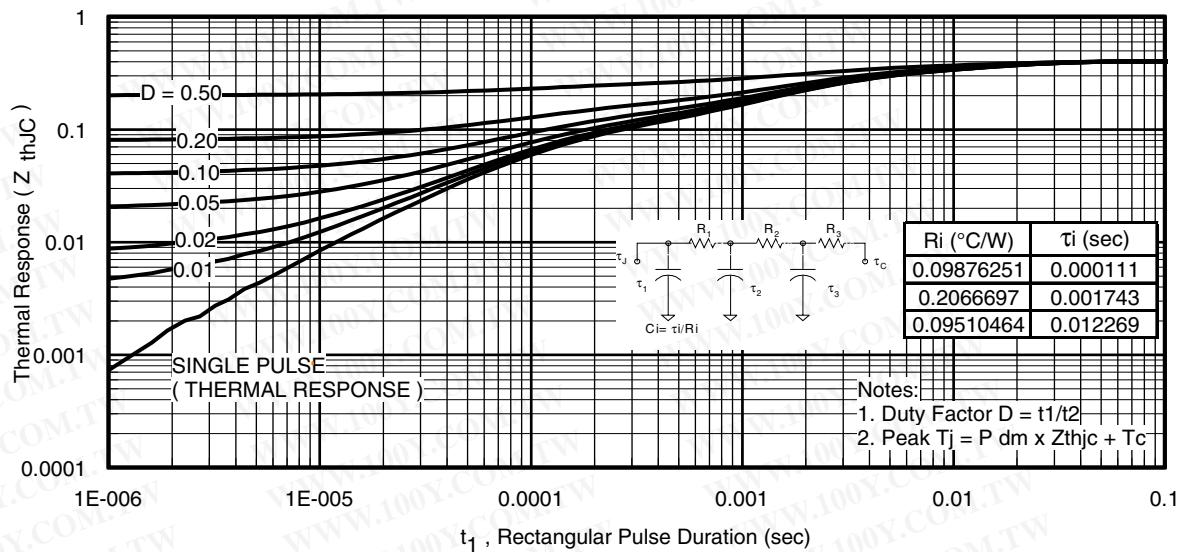


Fig 13. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

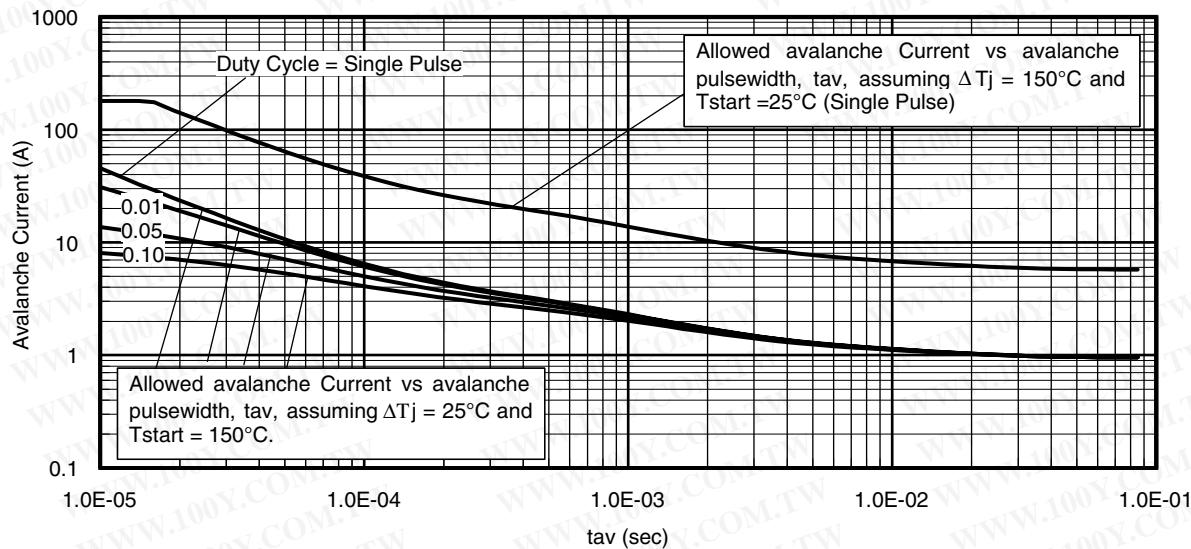


Fig 14. Typical Avalanche Current vs.Pulsewidth

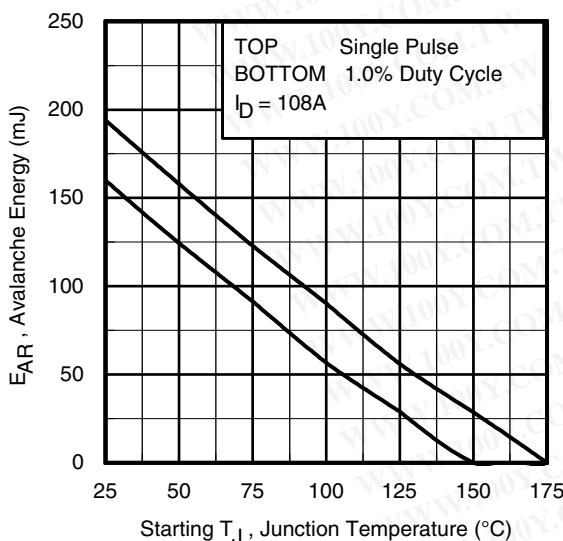


Fig 15. Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Temperature

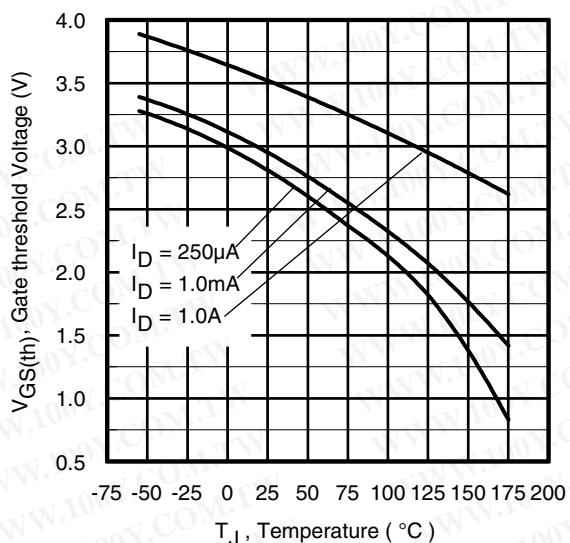
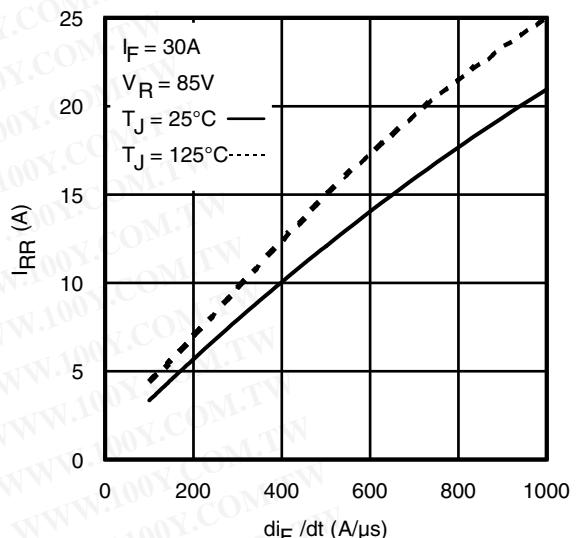
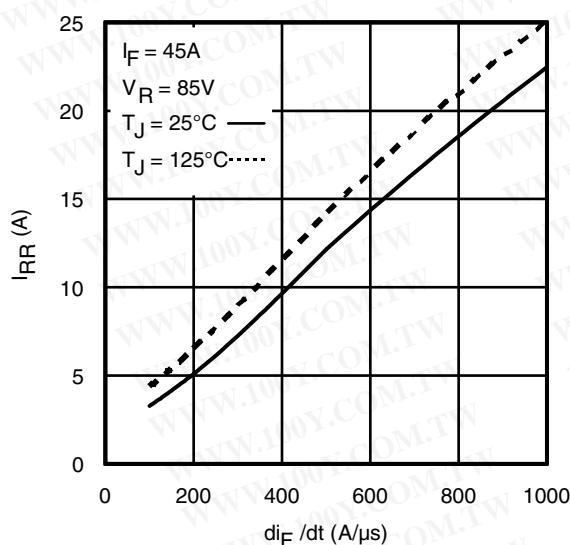
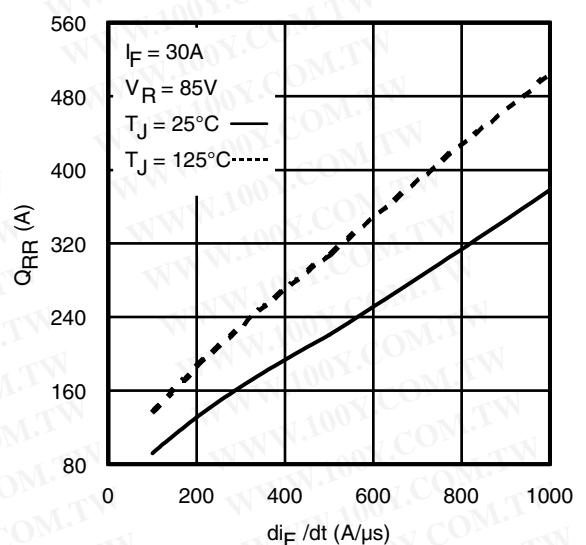
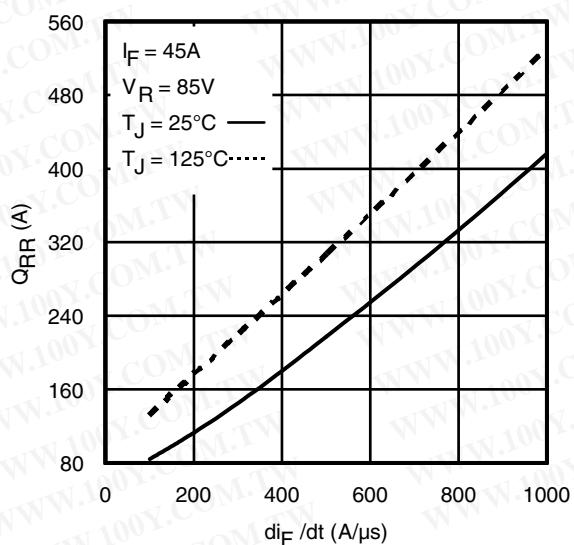
Notes on Repetitive Avalanche Curves , Figures 14, 15:
(For further info, see AN-1005 at www.irf.com)

1. Avalanche failures assumption:
Purely a thermal phenomenon and failure occurs at a temperature far in excess of T_{jmax} . This is validated for every part type.
 2. Safe operation in Avalanche is allowed as long as T_{jmax} is not exceeded.
 3. Equation below based on circuit and waveforms shown in Figures 16a, 16b.
 4. $P_{D(ave)}$ = Average power dissipation per single avalanche pulse.
 5. BV = Rated breakdown voltage (1.3 factor accounts for voltage increase during avalanche).
 6. I_{av} = Allowable avalanche current.
 7. ΔT = Allowable rise in junction temperature, not to exceed T_{jmax} (assumed as 25°C in Figure 14, 15).
- t_{av} = Average time in avalanche.
 D = Duty cycle in avalanche = $t_{av} \cdot f$
 $Z_{thJC}(D, t_{av})$ = Transient thermal resistance, see Figures 13)

$$P_{D(ave)} = 1/2 (1.3 \cdot BV \cdot I_{av}) = \Delta T / Z_{thJC}$$

$$I_{av} = 2\Delta T / [1.3 \cdot BV \cdot Z_{th}]$$

$$E_{AS(AR)} = P_{D(ave)} \cdot t_{av}$$

**Fig. 16.** Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature**Fig. 17 -** Typical Recovery Current vs. di_f/dt **Fig. 18 -** Typical Recovery Current vs. di_f/dt **Fig. 19 -** Typical Stored Charge vs. di_f/dt **Fig. 20 -** Typical Stored Charge vs. di_f/dt

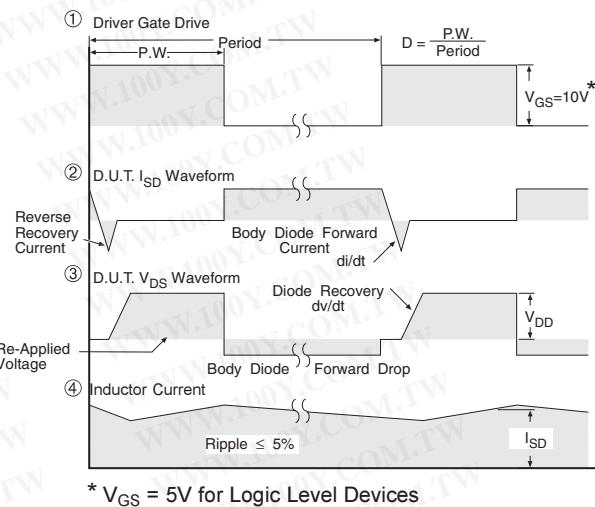
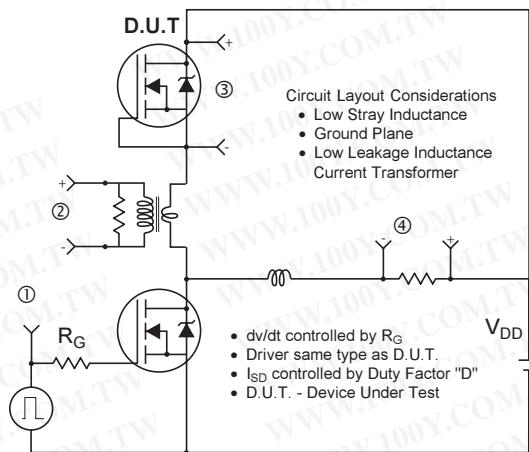


Fig 20. Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit for N-Channel HEXFET® Power MOSFETs

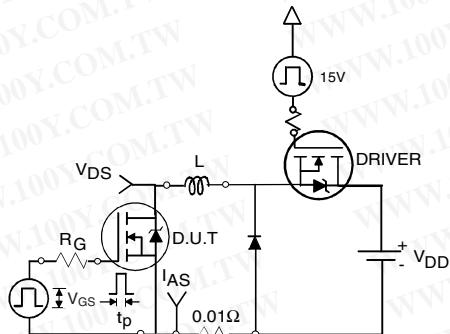


Fig 21a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

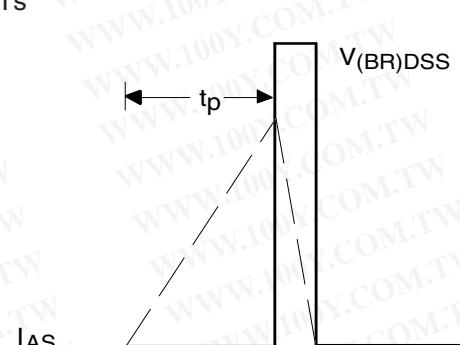


Fig 21b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

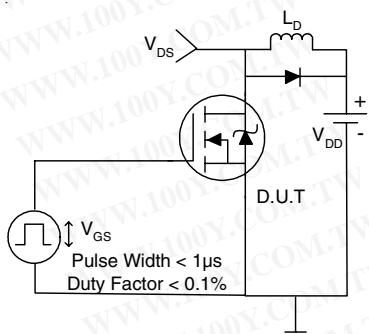


Fig 22a. Switching Time Test Circuit

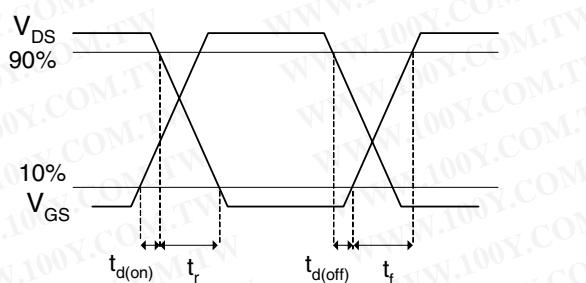


Fig 22b. Switching Time Waveforms

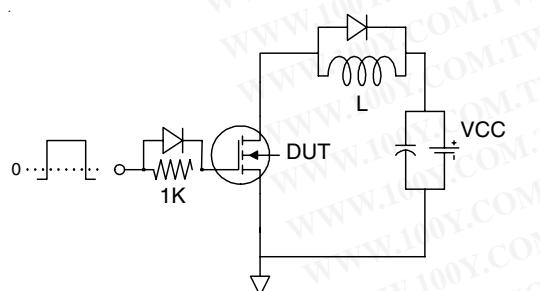


Fig 23a. Gate Charge Test Circuit

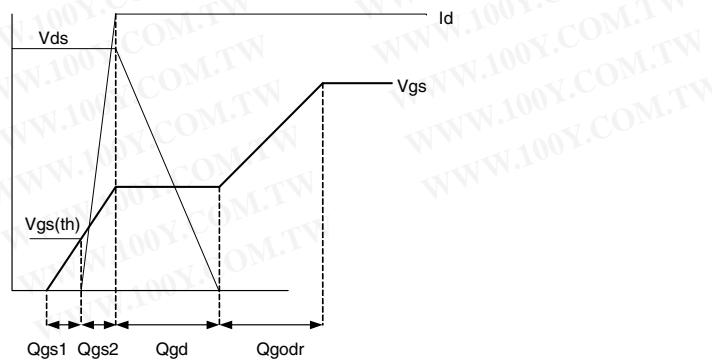
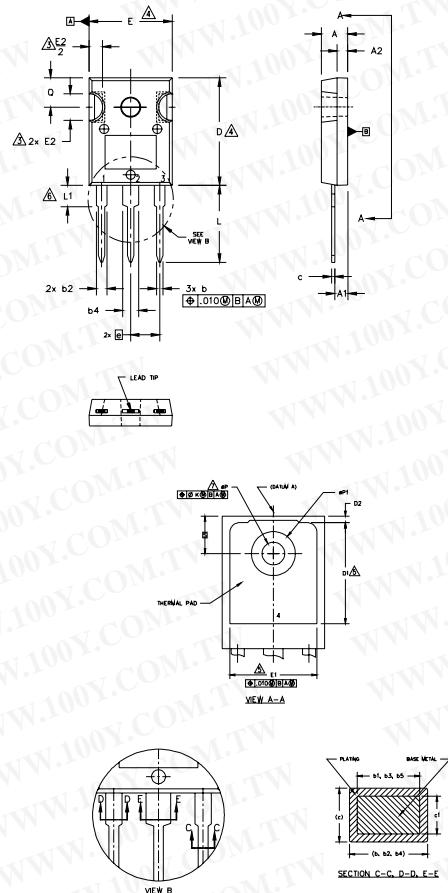


Fig 23b. Gate Charge Waveform

IRFP4110PbF

TO-247AC Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING AS PER ASME Y14.5M 1994.
2. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN INCHES.
3. CONTOUR OF SLOT OPTIONAL.
4. DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED .005" (0.127) PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTERMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
5. THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSIONS D1 & E1.
6. LEAD FINISH UNCONTROLLED IN L1.
- OP TO HAVE A MAXIMUM DRAFT ANGLE OF 1.5° TO THE TOP OF THE PART WITH A MAXIMUM HOLE DIAMETER OF .154 INCH.
8. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-247AC .

| SYMBOL | DIMENSIONS | | NOTES | |
|--------|------------|--------------|----------|-------|
| | INCHES | MMILLIMETERS | | |
| | MIN. | MAX. | MIN. | MAX. |
| A | .183 | .209 | 4.65 | 5.31 |
| A1 | .087 | .102 | 2.21 | 2.59 |
| A2 | .059 | .098 | 1.50 | 2.49 |
| b | .039 | .055 | 0.99 | 1.40 |
| b1 | .039 | .053 | 0.99 | 1.35 |
| b2 | .065 | .094 | 1.65 | 2.39 |
| b3 | .065 | .092 | 1.65 | 2.34 |
| b4 | .102 | .135 | 2.59 | 3.43 |
| b5 | .102 | .133 | 2.59 | 3.38 |
| c | .015 | .035 | 0.38 | 0.89 |
| c1 | .015 | .033 | 0.38 | 0.84 |
| D | .776 | .815 | 19.71 | 20.70 |
| D1 | .515 | — | 13.08 | — |
| D2 | .020 | .053 | 0.51 | 1.35 |
| E | .602 | .625 | 15.29 | 15.87 |
| E1 | .530 | — | 13.46 | — |
| E2 | .178 | .216 | 4.52 | 5.49 |
| e | .215 BSC | | 5.46 BSC | |
| ok | .010 | | 0.25 | |
| L | .559 | .634 | 14.20 | 16.10 |
| L1 | .146 | .169 | 3.71 | 4.29 |
| OP | .140 | .144 | 3.56 | 3.66 |
| OP1 | — | .291 | — | 7.39 |
| Q | .209 | .224 | 5.31 | 5.69 |
| S | .217 BSC | | 5.51 BSC | |

LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

HEXFET

1. GATE
2. DRAIN
3. SOURCE
4. DRAIN

IGBTs, CoPACK

1. GATE
2. COLLECTOR
3. Emitter
4. COLLECTOR

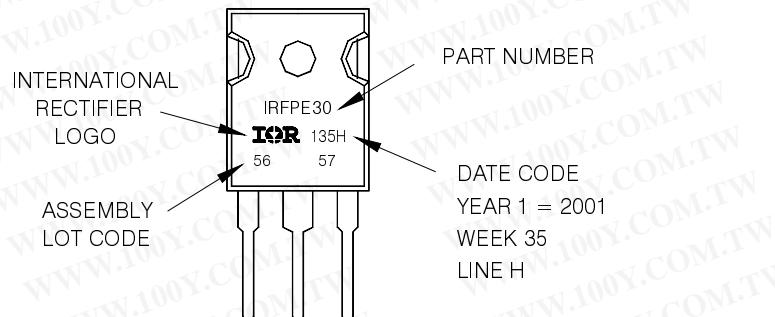
DIODES

1. ANODE/OPEN
2. CATHODE
3. ANODE

TO-247AC Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRFPE30
WITH ASSEMBLY
LOT CODE 5657
ASSEMBLED ON WW 35, 2001
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "H"

Note: "P" in assembly line position
indicates "Lead-Free"



TO-247AC packages are not recommended for Surface Mount Application.

Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.
This product has been designed and qualified for the Industrial market.

Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.

International
IR Rectifier

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TAC Fax: (310) 252-7903

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胜特力电子(深圳) 86-755-83298787
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