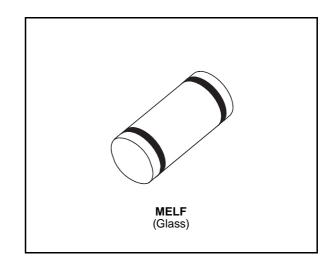


TMBYV 10-40

SMALL SIGNAL SCHOTTKY DIODES



DESCRIPTION

Metal to silicon rectifier diodes in glass case featuring very low forward voltage drop and fast recovery time, intended for low voltage switching mode power supply, polarity protection and high frequency circuits.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (limiting values)

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit	
V_{RRM}	Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage	40	V	
I _{F (AV)}	Average Forward Current	1	Α	
I _{FSM}	Surge non Repetitive Forward Current $T_i = 25$ °C $t_p = 10$ ms		25 Sinusoïdal Pulse	Α
		50 Rectangular Pulse		
T _{stg} T _j	Storage and Junction Temperature Range	- 65 to 150 - 65 to 125	္ခ လူ	
TL	Maximum Lead Temperature for Solderin	260	°C	

THERMAL RESISTANCE

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
R _{th (j - l)}	Junction-leads	110	°C/W

^{*} Pulse test: $t_p \le 300 \mu s \ \delta < 2\%$.

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS STATIC CHARACTERISTICS

Synbol	Test Conditions			Тур.	Max.	Unit
I _R *	T _j = 25°C	$V_R = V_{RRM}$			0.5	mA
	T _j = 100°C				10	ША
V _F *	IF = 1A	T _j = 25°C			0.55	٧
	I _F = 3A				0.85	•

^{* *} Pulse test: $t_p \le 300 \mu s \delta < 2\%$.

DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Test Conditions			Тур.	Max.	Unit
С	$T_j = 25^{\circ}C$	V _R = 0		220		pF

Forward current flow in a Schottky rectifier is due to majority carrier conduction. So reverse recovery is not affected by storage charge as in conventional PN junction diodes.

Nevertheless, when the device switches from forward biased condition to reverse blocking state, current is required to charge the depletion capacitance of the diode.

This current depends only of diode capacitance and external circuit impedance. Satisfactory circuit behaviour analysis may be performed assuming that Schottky rectifier consists of an ideal diode in parallel with a variable capacitance equal to the junction capacitance (see fig. 5 page 4/4).

Fig. 1: Forward current versus forward voltage at low level (typical values).

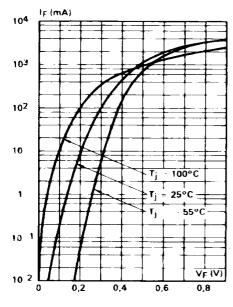


Fig. 2: Forward current versus forward voltage at high level (typical values).

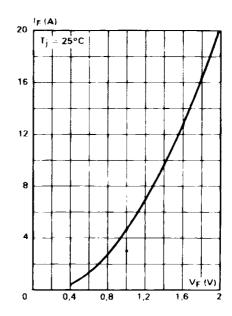


Fig. 3: Reverse current versus junction temperature.

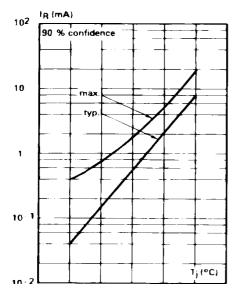


Fig. 4 : Reverse current versus VRRM in per cent.

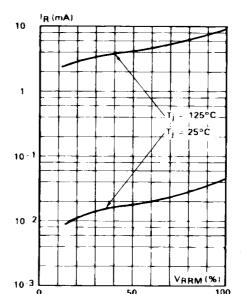


Fig. 5 : Capacitance C versus reverse applied voltage V_R (typical values)

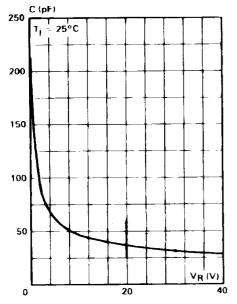
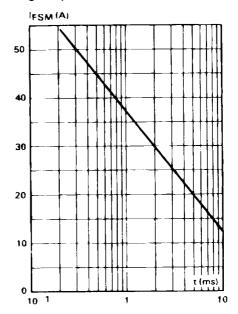
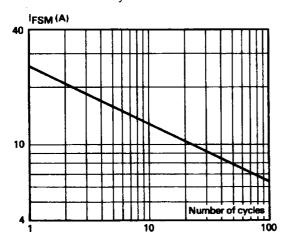


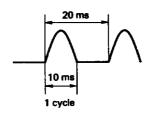
Fig. 6 : Surge non repetitive forward current for a rectangular pulse with t â 10 ms.



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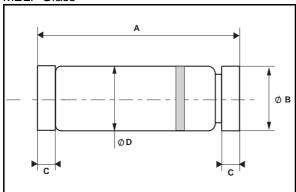
Fig. 7: Surge non repetitive forward current versus number of cycles.





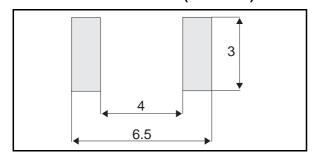
PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

MELF Glass



REF.	DIMENSIONS						
	Millimeters				Inches		
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	
Α	4.80		5.20	0.189		0.205	
ØB	2.50		2.65	0.098		0.104	
С	0.45		0.60	0.018		0.024	
ØD		2.50			0.098		

FOOT PRINT DIMENSIONS (Millimeter)



Cooling method: by convection and conduction Marking: ring at cathode end. Weight: 0.139g

ORDERING CODE: TMBYV10-40 FILM

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