

LOW OFFSET VOLTAGE, LOW DRIFT OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER

■ GENERAL DESCRIPTION

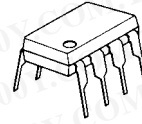
The NJM OP-07 is ultra-low input offset voltage and bias current, low drift and high gain operational amplifier with internal frequency compensation.

The NJM OP-07 is suitable for a precision instrumental amplifier.

■ FEATURES

- Low V_{IO} (60 μ V)
- Low I_B (1.8nA)
- Low Drift (unnull 0.5 μ V/ $^{\circ}$ C)
(null 0.4 μ V/ $^{\circ}$ C)
(0.4 μ V/M $_o$)
- Wide Operating Voltage (\pm 3V \sim \pm 22V)
- Package Outline DIP8, DMP8
- Bipolar Technology

■ PACKAGE OUTLINE



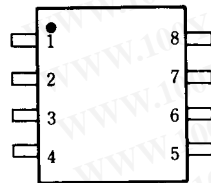
NJMOP-07D



NJMOP-07M

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■ PIN CONFIGURATION

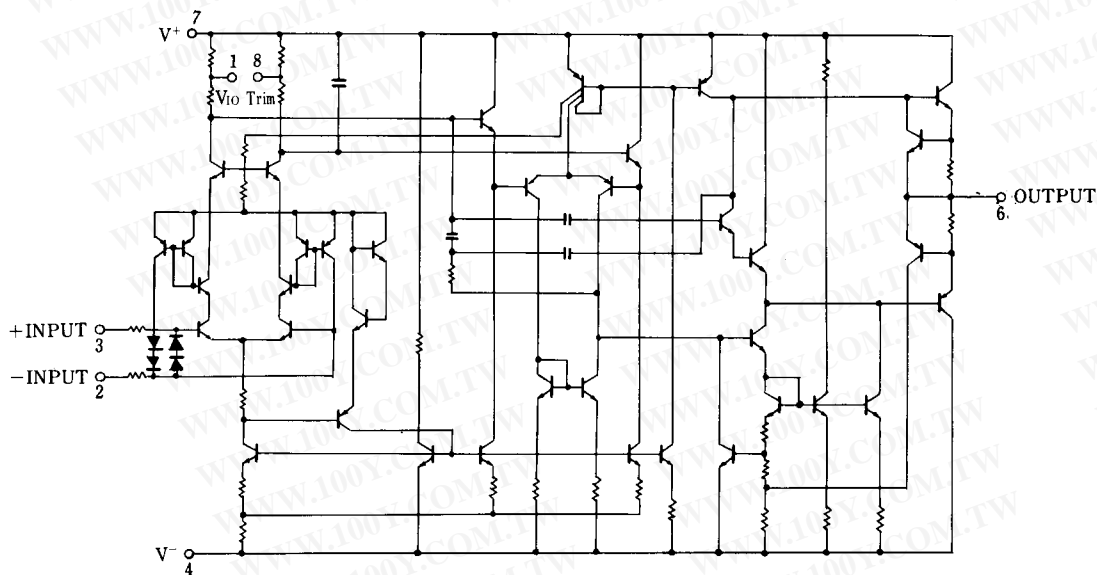


NJMOP-07D
NJMOP-07M

PIN FUNCTION

1. V_{IO} Trim
2. $-$ INPUT
3. $+$ INPUT
4. V^-
5. NC
6. OUTPUT
7. V^+
8. V_{IO} Trim

■ EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



NJMOP-07

■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Ta=25°C)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | RATINGS | UNIT |
|-----------------------------|-----------|------------------------------|------|
| Supply Voltage | V^+V^- | ± 22 | V |
| Input Voltage | V_1 | ± 22 (note1) | V |
| Differential Input Voltage | V_{ID} | ± 30 | V |
| Power Dissipation | P_D | (DIP8) 500 (DMP8) 300 | mW |
| Storage Temperature Range | T_{stg} | -40~+125 | °C |
| Operating Temperature Range | T_{opr} | -40~+85 | °C |
| Output Current | | continuous | |

(note1) For supply voltage less than $\pm 22V$, the absolute maximum input voltage is equal to the supply voltage.

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Ta=+25°C, $V^+V^- = \pm 15V$)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITION | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
|----------------------------------|-----------|--|------------|------------|---------|-----------------|
| Input Offset Voltage | V_{IO} | | - | 60 | 150 | μV |
| Long Term Stability | | (note1,2) | - | 0.4 | 2 | $\mu V/M_O$ |
| Input Offset Current | I_{IO} | | - | 0.8 | 6 | nA |
| Input Bias Current | I_B | | - | ± 1.8 | ± 7 | nA |
| Open Loop Output Resistance | R_O | $V_O=0, I_O=0$ | - | 60 | - | Ω |
| Input Resistance | R_{ID} | (Differential Mode) | 8 | 33 | - | M Ω |
| Input Resistance | R_{IC} | (Common Mode) | - | 120 | - | G Ω |
| Input Common Mode Voltage Range | V_{ICM} | | ± 13 | ± 14 | - | V |
| Common Mode Rejection Ratio | CMR | $V_{CM} = \pm 13V$ | 100 | 120 | - | dB |
| Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio | SVR | $V^+V^- = \pm 3V \sim \pm 18V$ | 90 | 104 | - | dB |
| Large Signal Voltage Gain 1 | AV_1 | $R_L \geq 2k\Omega, V_O = \pm 10V$ | 101.5 | 112.0 | - | dB |
| Large Signal Voltage Gain 2 | AV_2 | $R_L = 500\Omega, V_O = \pm 0.5V, V^+V^- = \pm 3V$ | 100.0 | 112.0 | - | dB |
| Maximum Output Voltage 1 | V_{OM1} | $R_L \geq 10k\Omega$ | ± 12 | ± 13 | - | V |
| Maximum Output Voltage 2 | V_{OM2} | $R_L > 2k\Omega$ | ± 11.5 | ± 12.8 | - | V |
| Maximum Output Voltage 3 | V_{OM3} | $R_L > 1k\Omega$ | - | ± 12 | - | V |
| Slew Rate | SR | $R_L \geq 2k\Omega$ | - | 0.17 | - | V/ μS |
| Unity Gain Bandwidth | f_T | $A_{VCL} = 1$ | - | 0.5 | - | MHz |
| Operating Current 1 | I_{CC1} | $V^+V^- = \pm 15V$ | - | 2.7 | 5.0 | mA |
| Operating Current 2 | I_{CC2} | $V^+V^- = \pm 3V$ | - | 0.67 | 1.3 | mA |
| Offset Adjustment Range | | $R_P = 20k\Omega$ | - | ± 4 | - | mV |
| Equivalent Input Noise Voltage | V_{NI} | 0.1Hz~10Hz (note2) | - | 0.38 | 0.65 | $\mu V_{P,P}$ |
| Equivalent Input Noise Voltage 1 | e_{n1} | $f_0 = 10Hz$ (note2) | - | 10.5 | 20 | nV/ \sqrt{Hz} |
| Equivalent Input Noise Voltage 2 | e_{n2} | $f_0 = 100Hz$ (note2) | - | 10.2 | 13.5 | nV/ \sqrt{Hz} |
| Equivalent Input Noise Voltage 3 | e_{n3} | $f_0 = 1kHz$ (note2) | - | 9.8 | 11.5 | nV/ \sqrt{Hz} |
| Equivalent Input Noise Current | I_{NI} | 0.1Hz~10Hz (note2) | - | 15 | 35 | pA/ \sqrt{Hz} |
| Equivalent Input Noise Current 1 | i_{n1} | $f_0 = 10Hz$ (note2) | - | 0.35 | 0.9 | pA/ \sqrt{Hz} |
| Equivalent Input Noise Current 2 | i_{n2} | $f_0 = 100Hz$ (note2) | - | 0.15 | 0.27 | pA/ \sqrt{Hz} |
| Equivalent Input Noise Current 3 | i_{n3} | $f_0 = 1kHz$ (note2) | - | 0.13 | 0.18 | pA/ \sqrt{Hz} |

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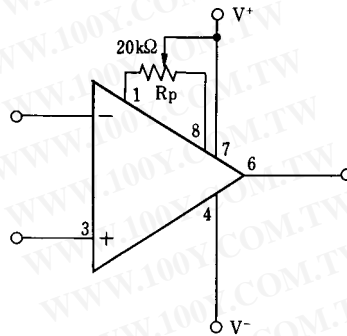
($0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_a \leq 70^{\circ}\text{C}, V^+V^- = \pm 15\text{V}$)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITION | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|--|----------|------------|---------|--------------------------------|
| Input Offset Voltage | V_{IO} | | - | 85 | 250 | μV |
| Average V_{IO} Drift (unnull) | | | - | 0.5 | 1.8 | $\mu\text{V}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Average V_{IO} Drift (null) | | $R_p=20\text{k}\Omega$ | - | 0.4 | 1.6 | $\mu\text{V}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Input Offset Current | I_{IO} | | - | 1.6 | 8 | nA |
| Average I_{IO} Drift | | | - | 12 | 50 | $\text{pA}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Input Bias Current | I_B | | - | ± 2.2 | ± 9 | nA |
| Average I_B Drift | | | - | 18 | 50 | $\text{pA}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Input Common Mode Voltage Range | V_{ICM} | | ± 13 | ± 13.5 | - | V |
| Common Mode Rejection Ratio | CMR | $V_{CM}=\pm 13\text{V}$ | 97 | 120 | - | dB |
| Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio | SVR | $V^+V^- = \pm 3\text{V} \sim \pm 18\text{V}$ | 86 | 120 | - | dB |
| Voltage Gain | A_V | $R_L \geq 2\text{k}\Omega, V_O = \pm 10\text{V}$ | 100 | 400 | - | V/mV |
| Maximum Output Voltage | V_{OM} | $R_L \geq 2\text{k}\Omega$ | ± 11 | ± 12.6 | - | V |

(note 1) Long Term Stability refers to the average trend line of V_{IO} vs. time over extended periods after the first 30 days of operation.

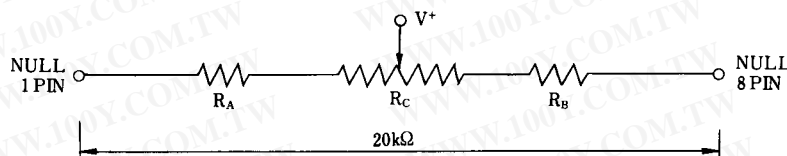
(note 2) According to the evaluation by NJRC, more than 90% of all these products can be guaranteed.

■ OFFSET ADJUSTMENT METHOD



For making low sensitivity of change in the input offset voltage against resistance regulation of potentiometer

(Easy case of offset adjustment)



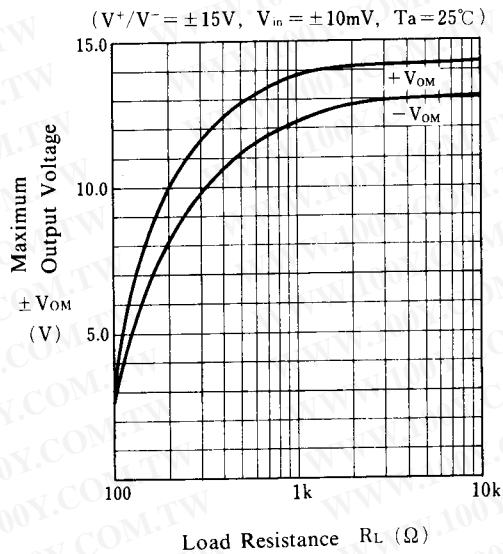
* R_A, R_B Fixed $7.5\text{k}\Omega, R_C$ adjustable $5.0\text{k}\Omega$

* R_A, R_B, R_C are metalfilm resistors, R_C is more than 10 times winding.

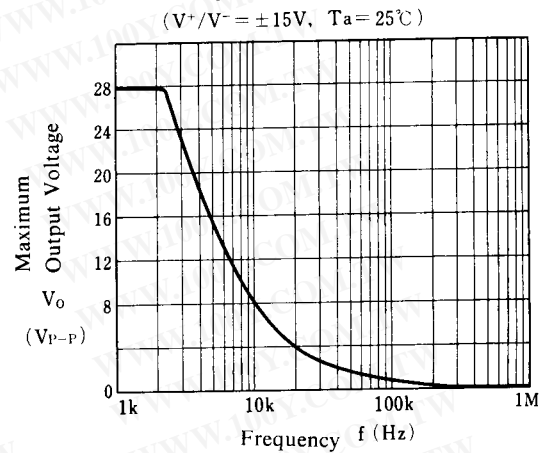
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■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

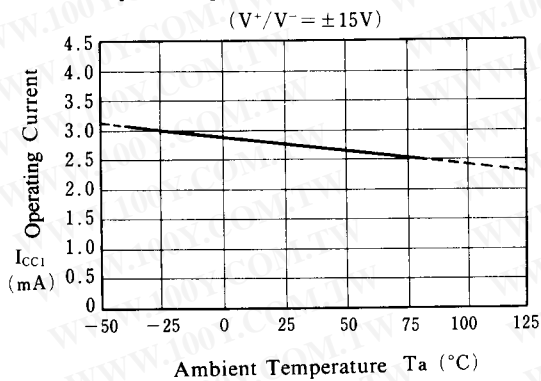
Maximum Output Voltage vs. Load Resistance



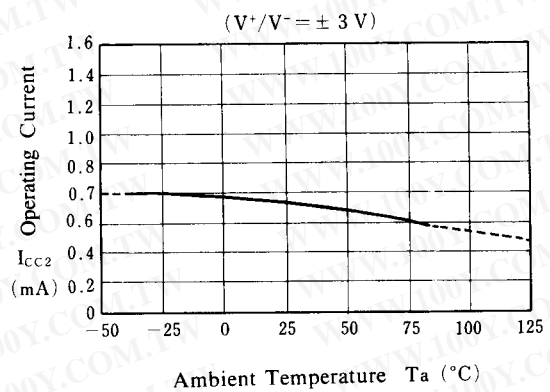
Maximum Output Voltage Swing vs. Frequency



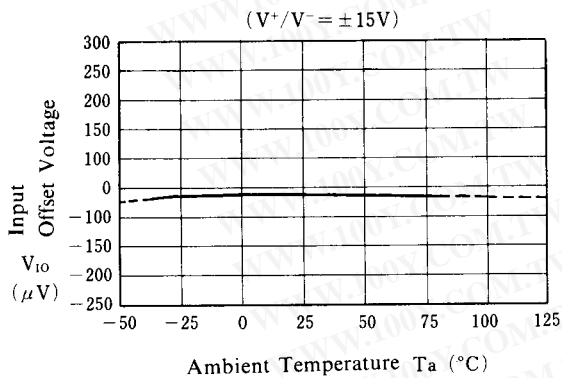
Operating Current vs. Temperature



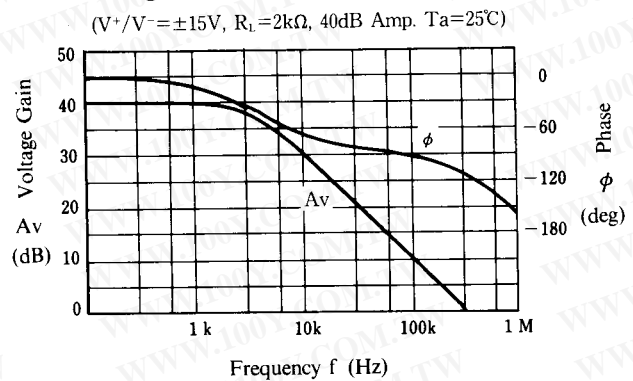
Operating current vs. Temperature



Input Offset Voltage vs. Temperature

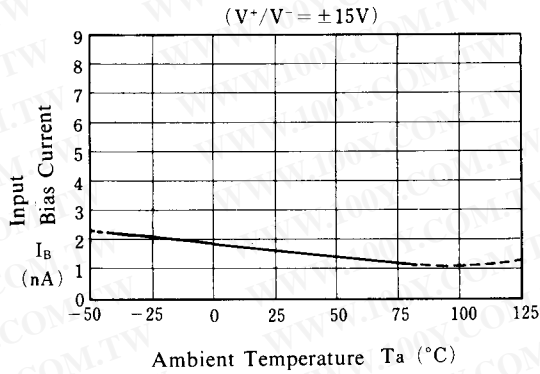


Voltage Gain, Phase vs. Frequency

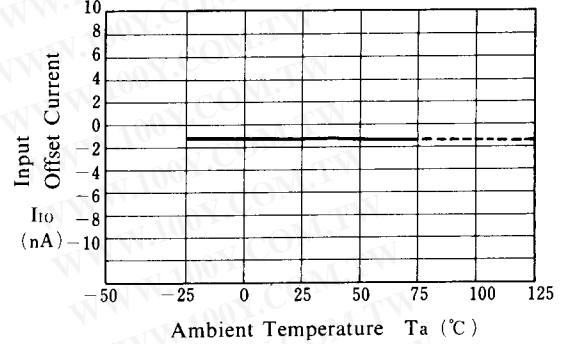


■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

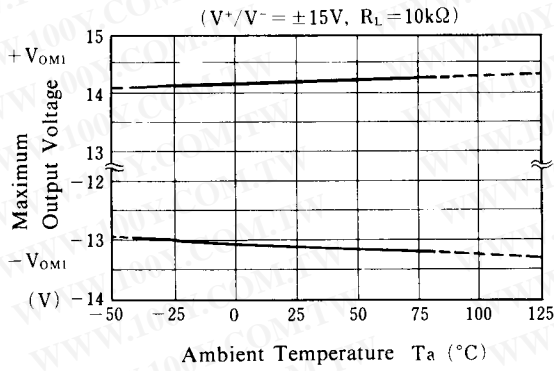
Input Bias Current vs. Temperature



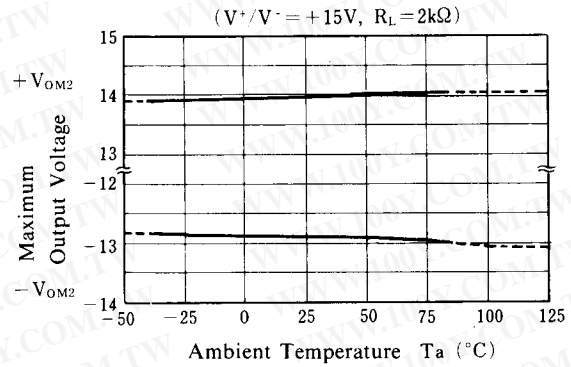
Input Offset Current vs. Temperature



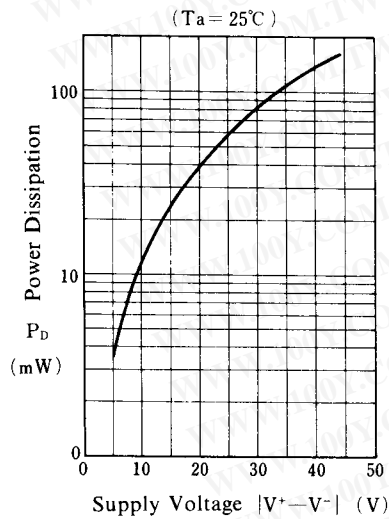
Maximum Output Voltage vs. Temperature



Maximum Output Voltage vs. Temperature



Power Dissipation vs. Supply Voltage



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