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October 1987 Revised May 2002

# MM74C73 • MM74C76 Dual J-K Flip-Flops with Clear and Preset

### **General Description**

The MM74C73 and MM74C76 dual J-K flip-flops are monolithic complementary MOS (CMOS) integrated circuits constructed with N- and P-channel enhancement transistors. Each flip-flop has independent J, K, clock and clear inputs and Q and Q outputs. The MM74C76 flip flops also include preset inputs and are supplied in 16 pin packages. This flip-flop is edge sensitive to the clock input and change state on the negative going transition of the clock pulse. Clear or preset is independent of the clock and is accomplished by a low level on the respective input.

#### **Features**

■ Supply voltage range: 3V to 15V

■ Tenth power TTL compatible: Drive 2 LPTTL loads

■ High noise immunity: 0.45 V<sub>CC</sub> (typ.)

■ Low power: 50 nW (typ.)

■ Medium speed operation: 10 MHz (typ.)

### **Applications**

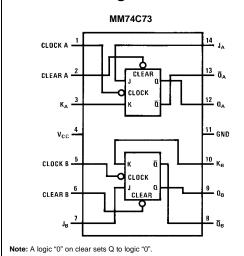
- Automotive
- · Data terminals
- Instrumentation
- · Medical electronics
- Alarm systems
- · Industrial electronics
- · Remote metering
- · Computers

### **Ordering Code:**

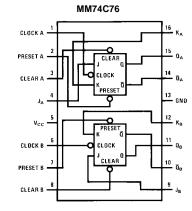
Order Number	Package Number	Package Description
MM74C73N	N14A	14-Lead Plastic Dual-In-Line Package (PDIP), JEDEC MS-001, 0.300" Wide
MM74C76M	M16A	16-Lead Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC), JEDEC MS-012, 0.150" Narrow
MM74C76N	N16E	16-Lead Plastic Dual-In-Line Package (PDIP), JEDEC MS-001, 0.300" Wide

Devices also available in Tape and Reel. Specify by appending suffix letter "X" to the ordering code

## **Connection Diagrams**



**Top View** 



Note: A logic "0" on clear sets Q to a logic "0".

Note: A logic "0" on preset sets Q to a logic "1".

Top View

## **Truth Table**

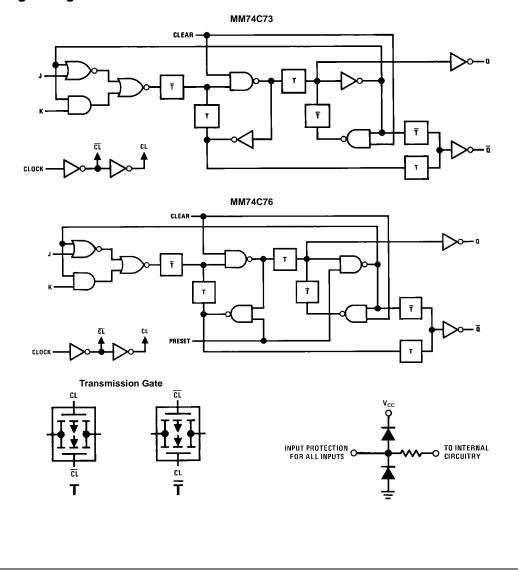
t <sub>n</sub>		t <sub>n+1</sub>
J	K	Q
0	0	$Q_n$
0	1	0
1	0	1
1	1	$\overline{Q}_n$

Preset	Clear	Q <sub>n</sub>	$\overline{\mathbf{Q}}_{\mathbf{n}}$
0	0	0	0
0	1	1	0
1	0	0	1
1	1	$Q_n$	$\overline{Q}_n$
		(Note 1)	(Note 1)

 $t_n$  = bit time before clock pulse  $t_{n+1}$  = bit time after clock pulse

Note 1: No change in output from previous state

## **Logic Diagrams**



## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**(Note 2)

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{Voltage at Any Pin} & -0.3\mbox{V to V}_{\mbox{CC}} + 0.3\mbox{V} \\ \mbox{Operating Temperature Range} & -55\mbox{^{\circ}C to } +125\mbox{^{\circ}C} \\ \mbox{Storage Temperature} & -65\mbox{^{\circ}C to } +150\mbox{^{\circ}C} \\ \end{array}$ 

Power Dissipation

Dual-In-Line 700 mW

Small Outline 500 mW Lead Temperature

(Soldering, 10 seconds)

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{Operating V}_{\mbox{CC}} \mbox{ Range} & +3\mbox{V to 15V} \\ \mbox{V}_{\mbox{CC}} \mbox{ (Max)} & 18\mbox{V} \end{array}$ 

Note 2: "Absolute Maximum Ratings" are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. Except for "Operating Temperature Range" they are not meant to imply that the devices should be operated at these limits. The table of Electrical Characteristics provides conditions for actual device operation.

### **DC Electrical Characteristics**

Min/Max limits apply across temperature range unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
CMOS TO	CMOS	<b>!</b>	<del>.</del>			•
V <sub>IN(1)</sub>	Logical "1" Input Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V	3.5			V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 10V	8			T *
V <sub>IN(0)</sub> Logical "0"	Logical "0" Input Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V			1.5	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 10V			2	
V <sub>OUT(1)</sub>	Logical "1" Output Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V	4.5			V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 10V	9			
V <sub>OUT(0)</sub>	Logical "0" Output Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V			0.5	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 10V			1	
I <sub>IN(1)</sub>	Logical "1" Input Current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 15V			1	μΑ
I <sub>IN(0)</sub>	Logical "0" Input Current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 15V	-1			μΑ
Icc	Supply Current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 15V		0.050	60	μΑ
LOW POW	ER TTL TO CMOS INTERFACE	·				•
V <sub>IN(1)</sub>	Logical "1" Input Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.75V	V <sub>CC</sub> – 1.5			V
V <sub>IN(0)</sub>	Logical "0" Input Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.75V			0.8	V
V <sub>OUT(1)</sub>	Logical "1" Output Voltage	$V_{CC} = 4.75V$ , $I_{O} = -360 \mu A$	2.4			V
V <sub>OUT(0)</sub>	Logical "0" Output Voltage	$V_{CC} = 4.75V, I_{O} = 360 \mu A$			0.4	V
OUTPUT D	RIVE (See Family Characteristics	Data Sheet) (Short Circuit Current)				•
I <sub>SOURCE</sub>	Output Source Current	$V_{CC} = 5V, V_{IN(0)} = 0V$	-1.75			mA
		$T_A = 25$ °C, $V_{OUT} = 0$ V				
I <sub>SOURCE</sub> Outp	Output Source Current	$V_{CC} = 10V, V_{IN(0)} = 0V$	-8			mA
		$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , $V_{OUT} = 0V$				
I <sub>SINK</sub>	Output Sink Current	$V_{CC} = 5V, V_{IN(1)} = 5V$	1.75			mA
		$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , $V_{OUT} = V_{CC}$				
I <sub>SINK</sub>	Output Sink Current	$V_{CC} = 10V, V_{IN(1)} = 10V$	8			mA
		$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , $V_{OUT} = V_{CC}$				

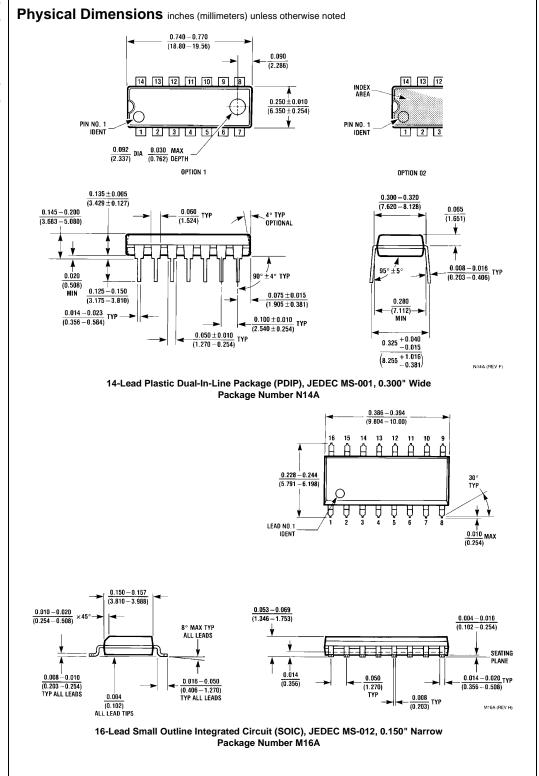
260°C

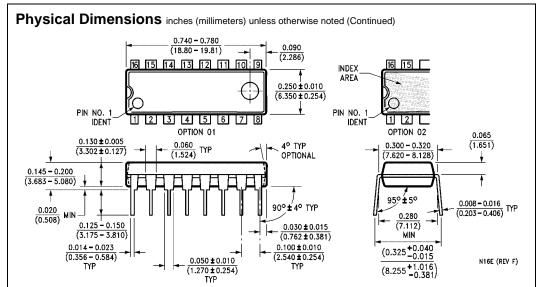
## AC Electrical Characteristics (Note 3) $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , $C_L = 50$ pF, unless otherwise noted

C <sub>IN</sub> t <sub>pd0</sub> , t <sub>pd1</sub>	Input Capacitance Propagation Delay Time to a Logical "0" or Logical "1" from	Any Input V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V		5 180		pF
t <sub>pd0</sub> , t <sub>pd1</sub>	Logical "0" or Logical "1" from	00		100		
		1/ 401/		180	300	ns
	011-1-0	$V_{CC} = 10V$		70	110	
	Clock to Q or Q					
t <sub>pd0</sub>	Propagation Delay Time to a	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V		200	300	ns
	Logical "0" from Preset or Clear	V <sub>CC</sub> = 10V		80	130	
t <sub>pd</sub>	Propagation Delay Time to a	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V		200	300	ns
	Logical "1" from Preset or Clear	V <sub>CC</sub> = 10V		80	130	
t <sub>S</sub>	Time Prior to Clock Pulse that	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V		110	175	ns
	Data must be Present	V <sub>CC</sub> = 10V		45	70	
t <sub>H</sub>	Time after Clock Pulse that J	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V		-40	0	ns
	and K must be Held	V <sub>CC</sub> = 10V		-20	0	
t <sub>PW</sub>	Minimum Clock Pulse Width	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V		120	190	ns
	$t_{WL} = t_{WH}$	V <sub>CC</sub> = 10V		50	80	
t <sub>PW</sub>	Minimum Preset and Clear	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V		90	130	ns
	Pulse Width	V <sub>CC</sub> = 10V		40	60	
t <sub>MAX</sub>	Maximum Toggle Frequency	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V	2.5	4		MHz
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 10V	7	11		
t <sub>r</sub> , t <sub>f</sub>	Clock Pulse Rise and Fall Time	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V			15	μs
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 10V			5	

Note 3: AC Parameters are guaranteed by DC correlated testing.

## **AC Test Circuit Switching Time Waveforms** CMOS to CMOS INPUTS t<sub>SETUP</sub> $\Omega$ or $\widetilde{\Omega}$ $t_r = t_f = 20 \text{ ns}$ **Typical Applications Ripple Binary Counters** COUNTER Enable CLOCK -Shift Registers CLOCK -Guaranteed Noise Margin as a Function of $V_{CC}$ 74C Compatibility GUARANTEED OUTPUT "1" LEVEL V<sub>OUT</sub> (1) @ INPUTS = V<sub>IN</sub> (0) 13.5 74CXX LOGIC LEVELS 4.05 GUARANTEED OUTPUT "0" LEVEL V<sub>OUT</sub> (0) @ INPUTS = V<sub>IN</sub> (1) V<sub>IN</sub> (0) 1.45 0.45 10V 15V 4.50V $v_{cc}$





16-Lead Plastic Dual-In-Line Package (PDIP), JEDEC MS-001, 0.300" Wide Package Number N16E

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