

LOW INPUT CURRENT HIGH GAIN SPLIT DARLINGTON OPTOCOUPERS

SINGLE-CHANNEL
6N138
6N139

DUAL-CHANNEL
HCPL-2730
HCPL-2731

DESCRIPTION

The 6N138/9 and HCPL-2730/HCPL-2731 optocouplers consist of an AlGaAs LED optically coupled to a high gain split darlington photodetector.

The split darlington configuration separating the input photodiode and the first stage gain from the output transistor permits lower output saturation voltage and higher speed operation than possible with conventional darlington phototransistor optocoupler. In the dual channel devices, HCPL-2730/HCPL2731, an integrated emitter - base resistor provides superior stability over temperature.

The combination of a very low input current of 0.5 mA and a high current transfer ratio of 2000% makes this family particularly useful for input interface to MOS, CMOS, LS-TTL and EIA RS232C, while output compatibility is ensured to CMOS as well as high fan-out TTL requirements.

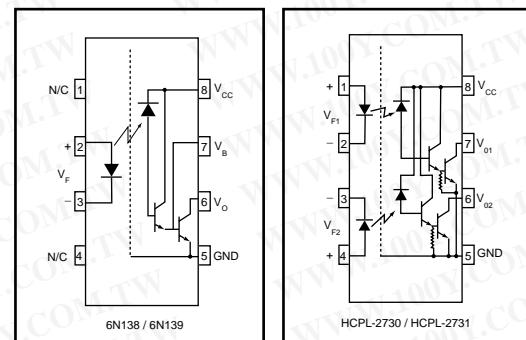
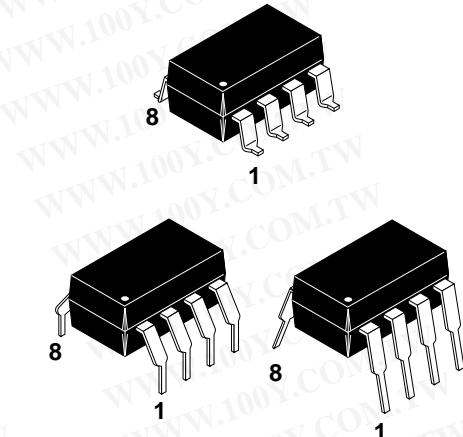
An internal noise shield provides exceptional common mode rejection of 10 kV/μs. An improved package allows superior insulation permitting a 480 V working voltage compared to industry standard 220 V.

FEATURES

- Low current - 0.5 mA
- Superior CTR-2000%
- Superior CMR-10 kV/μs
- Double working voltage-480V RMS
- CTR guaranteed 0-70°C
- U.L. recognized (File # E90700)
- Dual Channel - HCPL-2730
- HCPL-2731

APPLICATIONS

- Digital logic ground isolation
- Telephone ring detector
- EIA-RS-232C line receiver
- High common mode noise line receiver
- μP bus isolation
- Current loop receiver



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (No derating required up to 85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Units
Storage Temperature	T _{STG}	-55 to +125	°C
Operating Temperature	T _{OPR}	-40 to +85	°C
Lead Solder Temperature	T _{SOL}	260 for 10 sec	°C
EMITTER			
DC/Average Forward Input Current	I _F (avg)	20	mA
Peak Forward Input Current (50% duty cycle, 1 ms P.W.)	I _F (pk)	40	mA
Peak Transient Input Current - ($\leq 1 \mu s$ P.W., 300 pps)	I _F (trans)	1.0	A
Reverse Input Voltage	V _R	5	V
Input Power Dissipation	P _D	35	mW
DETECTOR			
Average Output Current	I _O (avg)	60	mA
Emitter-Base Reverse Voltage	V _{EB}	0.5	V
Supply Voltage, Output Voltage	V _{CC} , V _O	-0.5 to 7	V
(6N138, HCPL-2730)		-0.5 to 18	V
(6N139, HCPL-2731)			
Output power dissipation	P _D	100	mW



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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 0$ to 70°C unless otherwise specified.)

INDIVIDUAL COMPONENT CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Test Conditions	Symbol	Device	Min	Typ**	Max	Unit
EMITTER	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	V_F	All		1.30	1.7	V
Input Forward Voltage	Each Channel ($I_F = 1.6 \text{ mA}$)					1.75	
Input Reverse Breakdown Voltage	$(T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_R = 10 \mu\text{A})$	BV_R	All	5.0	20		V
	Each Channel						
Temperature coefficient of forward voltage	$(I_F = 1.6 \text{ mA})$	$(\Delta V_F / \Delta T_A)$	All		-1.8		$\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$
DETECTOR	$(I_F = 0 \text{ mA}, V_O = V_{CC} = 18 \text{ V})$	I_{OH}	6N139 HCPL-2731 6N138 HCPL-2730				μA
Logic high output current	Each Channel				0.01	100	
	$(I_F = 0 \text{ mA}, V_O = V_{CC} = 7 \text{ V})$						
	Each Channel				0.01	250	
Logic low supply	$(I_F = 1.6 \text{ mA}, V_O = \text{Open})$ $(V_{CC} = 18 \text{ V})$	I_{CCL}	6N138 6N139 HCPL-2731 HCPL-2730		0.4	1.5	mA
	$(I_{F1} = I_{F2} = 1.6 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 18 \text{ V})$						
	$(V_{O1} = V_{O2} = \text{Open}, V_{CC} = 7 \text{ V})$				1.3	3	
Logic high supply	$(I_F = 0 \text{ mA}, V_O = \text{Open})$ $(V_{CC} = 18 \text{ V})$				0.05	10	μA
	$(I_{F1} = I_{F2} = 0 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 18 \text{ V})$	I_{CCH}	6N138 6N139 HCPL-2731 HCPL-2730				
	$(V_{O1} = V_{O2} = \text{Open}, V_{CC} = 7 \text{ V})$				0.1	20	

** All typicals at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

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TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 0$ to 70°C Unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test Conditions	Symbol	Device	Min	Typ**	Max	Unit	
COUPLED Current transfer ratio (Notes 1,2)	$(I_F = 0.5 \text{ mA}, V_O = 0.4 \text{ V}, V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V})$ Each Channel	CTR	6N139	400	1100		%	
			HCPL-2731		3500			
	$(I_F = 1.6 \text{ mA}, V_O = 0.4 \text{ V}, V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V})$ Each Channel		6N139	500	1300			
			HCPL-2731		2500			
	$(I_F = 1.6 \text{ mA}, V_O = 0.4 \text{ V}, V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V})$ Each Channel		6N138	300	1300			
			HCPL-2730		2500			
Logic low output voltage output voltage (Note 2)	$(I_F = 0.5 \text{ mA}, I_O = 2 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V})$ $(I_F = 1.6 \text{ mA}, I_O = 8 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V})$ Each Channel	V _{OL}	6N139		0.08	0.4	V	
			6N139		0.01	0.4		
			HCPL-2731					
	$(I_F = 5 \text{ mA}, I_O = 15 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V})$ Each Channel		6N139		0.13	0.4		
			HCPL-2731					
	$(I_F = 12 \text{ mA}, I_O = 24 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V})$ Each Channel		6N139		0.20	0.4		
			HCPL-2731					
	$(I_F = 1.6 \text{ mA}, I_O = 4.8 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V})$ Each Channel		6N138		0.10	0.4		
			HCPL-2730					

** All typicals at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$



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SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 0$ to 70°C unless otherwise specified., $V_{CC} = 5$ V)

Parameter	Test Conditions	Symbol	Device	Min	Typ**	Max	Unit
Propagation delay time to logic low (Note 2) (Fig. 22)	$(R_L = 4.7 \text{ k}\Omega, I_F = 0.5 \text{ mA})$ Each Channel $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	T_{PHL}	6N139			30	μs
	$(R_L = 4.7 \text{ k}\Omega, I_F = 0.5 \text{ mA})$ Each Channel $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$				4	25	
	$(R_L = 270 \Omega, I_F = 12 \text{ mA})$ Each Channel $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		HCPL-2731			120	
	$(R_L = 270 \Omega, I_F = 12 \text{ mA})$ Each Channel $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$				3	100	
	$(R_L = 2.2 \text{ k}\Omega, I_F = 1.6 \text{ mA})$ Each Channel $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		6N139			2	
	$(R_L = 2.2 \text{ k}\Omega, I_F = 1.6 \text{ mA})$ Each Channel $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$				0.2	1	
	$(R_L = 2.2 \text{ k}\Omega, I_F = 1.6 \text{ mA})$ Each Channel $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		HCPL-2730			3	
	$(R_L = 2.2 \text{ k}\Omega, I_F = 1.6 \text{ mA})$ Each Channel $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$				0.3	2	
	$(R_L = 2.2 \text{ k}\Omega, I_F = 1.6 \text{ mA})$ Each Channel $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		HCPL-2731			15	
	$(R_L = 2.2 \text{ k}\Omega, I_F = 1.6 \text{ mA})$ Each Channel $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$				1.5	10	
Propagation delay time to logic high (Note 2) (Fig. 22)	$(R_L = 4.7 \text{ k}\Omega, I_F = 0.5 \text{ mA})$ Each Channel	T_{PLH}	6N139			25	μs
	$(R_L = 4.7 \text{ k}\Omega, I_F = 0.5 \text{ mA})$ Each Channel				1	20	
	$(R_L = 4.7 \text{ k}\Omega, I_F = 0.5 \text{ mA})$ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Each Channel		HCPL-2731			90	
	$(R_L = 4.7 \text{ k}\Omega, I_F = 0.5 \text{ mA})$ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Each Channel				12	60	
	$(R_L = 270 \Omega, I_F = 12 \text{ mA})$ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Each Channel		6N139			22	
	$(R_L = 270 \Omega, I_F = 12 \text{ mA})$ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Each Channel					10	
	$(R_L = 2.2 \text{ k}\Omega, I_F = 1.6 \text{ mA})$ Each Channel		HCPL-2730			1.3	
	$(R_L = 2.2 \text{ k}\Omega, I_F = 1.6 \text{ mA})$ Each Channel					7	
	$(R_L = 2.2 \text{ k}\Omega, I_F = 1.6 \text{ mA})$ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Each Channel		HCPL-2731			15	
	$(R_L = 2.2 \text{ k}\Omega, I_F = 1.6 \text{ mA})$ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Each Channel				5	10	
Common mode transient immunity at logic high	$(I_F = 0 \text{ mA}, V_{CM} = 10 \text{ V}_{P-P})$ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $(R_L = 2.2 \text{ k}\Omega)$ (Note 3) (Fig. 23)	$ CM_H $	6N138				$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$
	Each Channel				1,000	10,000	
			6N139				
			HCPL-2730				
Common mode transient immunity at logic low	$(I_F = 1.6 \text{ mA}, V_{CM} = 10 \text{ V}_{P-P}, R_L = 2.2 \text{ k}\Omega)$ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (Note 3) (Fig. 23)	$ CM_L $	6N138				$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$
	Each Channel				1,000	10,000	
			6N139				
			HCPL-2730				
			HCPL-2731				

** All typicals at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$



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ISOLATION CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 0$ to 70°C Unless otherwise specified)

Characteristics	Test Conditions	Symbol	Min	Typ**	Max	Unit
Input-output insulation leakage current	(Relative humidity = 45%) ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $t = 5$ s) ($V_{I-O} = 3000$ VDC) (Note 8)	I_{I-O}			1.0	μA
Withstand insulation test voltage	(RH $\leq 50\%$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$) (Note 4) ($t = 1$ min.)	V_{ISO}	2500			V_{RMS}
Resistance (input to output)	(Note 4) ($V_{I-O} = 500$ VDC)	R_{I-O}		10^{12}		Ω
Capacitance (input to output)	(Note 4,5) ($f = 1$ MHz)	C_{I-O}		0.6		pF
Input-Input Insulation leakage current	(RH $\leq 45\%$, $V_{I-I} = 500$ VDC) (Note 6) $t = 5$ s, (HCPL-2730/2731 only)	I_{I-I}		0.005		μA
Input-Input Resistance	($V_{I-I} = 500$ VDC) (Note 6) (HCPL-2730/2731 only)	R_{I-I}		10^{11}		Ω
Input-Input Capacitance	($f = 1$ MHz) (Note 6) (HCPL-2730/2731 only)	C_{I-I}		0.03		pF

** All typicals at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

NOTES

1. Current Transfer Ratio is defined as a ratio of output collector current, I_O , to the forward LED input current, I_F , times 100%.
2. Pin 7 open. (6N138 and 6N139 only)
3. Common mode transient immunity in logic high level is the maximum tolerable (positive) dV_{CM}/dt on the leading edge of the common mode pulse signal, V_{CM} , to assure that the output will remain in a logic high state (i.e., $V_O > 2.0$ V). Common mode transient immunity in logic low level is the maximum tolerable (negative) dV_{CM}/dt on the trailing edge of the common mode pulse signal, V_{CM} , to assure that the output will remain in a logic low state (i.e., $V_O < 0.8$ V).
4. Device is considered a two terminal device: Pins 1, 2, 3 and 4 are shorted together and Pins 5, 6, 7 and 8 are shorted together.
5. For dual channel devices, C_{I-O} is measured by shorting pins 1 and 2 or pins 3 and 4 together and pins 5 through 8 shorted together.
6. Measured between pins 1 and 2 shorted together, and pins 3 and 4 shorted together.

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

Current Limiting Resistor Calculations

$$R_1 \text{ (Non-Invert)} = \frac{V_{DD1} - V_{DF} - V_{OL1}}{I_F}$$

$$R_1 \text{ (Invert)} = \frac{V_{DD1} - V_{OH1} - V_{DF}}{I_F}$$

$$R_2 = \frac{V_{DD2} - V_{OLX} (@ I_L - I_2)}{I_L}$$

Where:

V_{DD1} - Input Supply Voltage

V_{DD2} - Output Supply Voltage

V_{DF} - Diode Forward Voltage

V_{OL1} - Logic "0" Voltage of Driver

V_{OH1} - Logic "1" Voltage of Driver

I_F - Diode Forward Current

V_{OLX} - Saturation Voltage of Output Transistor

I_L - Load Current Through Resistor R2

I_2 - Input Current of Output Gate

INPUT		OUTPUT						
		CMOS @ 5 V	CMOS @ 10 V	74XX	74LXX	74SXX	74LSXX	74HXX
	R1 (Ω)	R2 (Ω)						
CMOS @ 5 V	NON-INV.	2000						
	INV.	510						
CMOS @ 10 V	NON-INV.	5100						
	INV.	4700						
74XX	NON-INV.	2200	1000					
	INV.	180						
74LXX	NON-INV.	1800	2200	750	1000	1000	1000	560
	INV.	100						
74SXX	NON-INV.	2000						
	INV.	360						
74LSXX	NON-INV.	2000						
	INV.	180						
74HXX	NON-INV.	2000						
	INV.	180						

Fig. 1 Resistor Values for Logic Interface

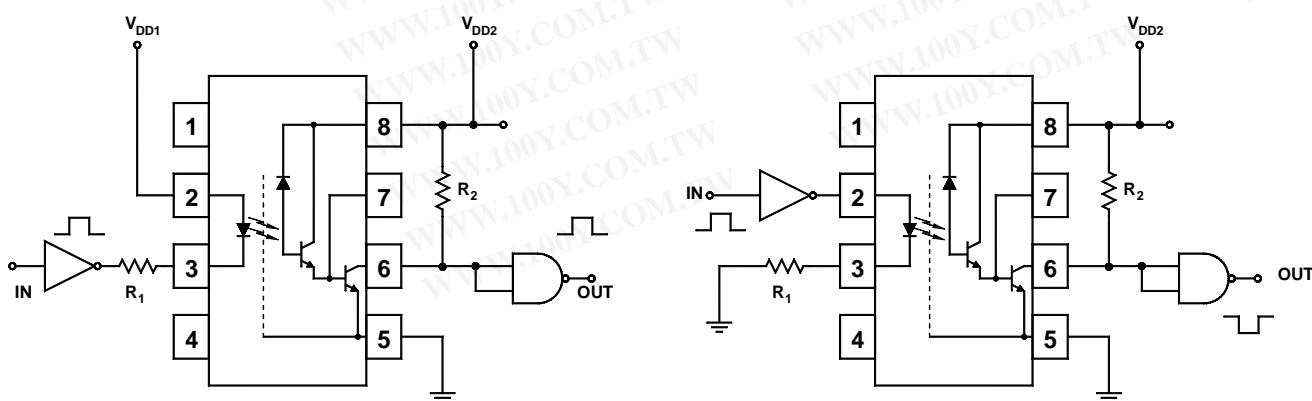
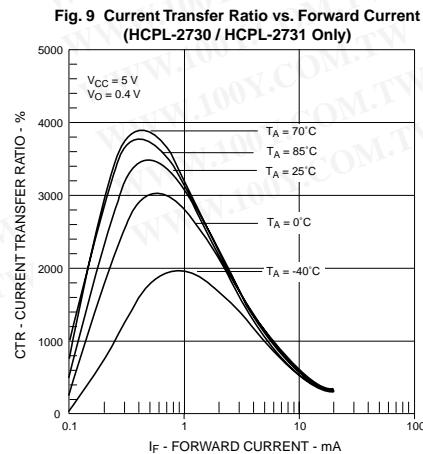
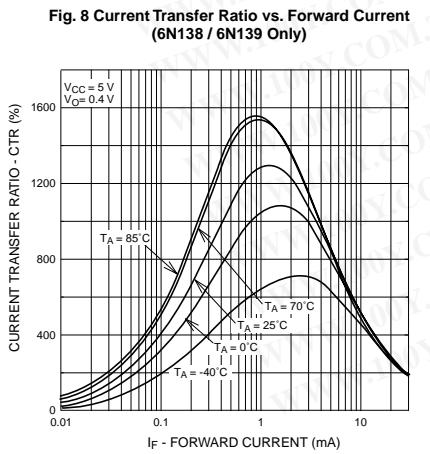
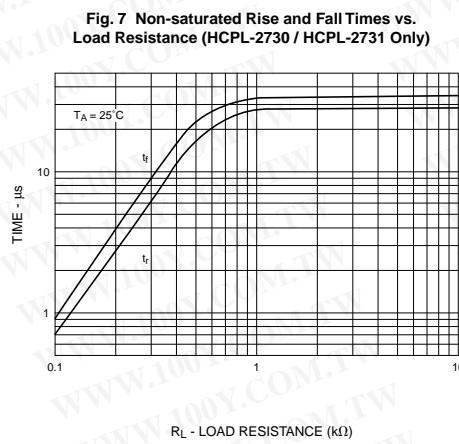
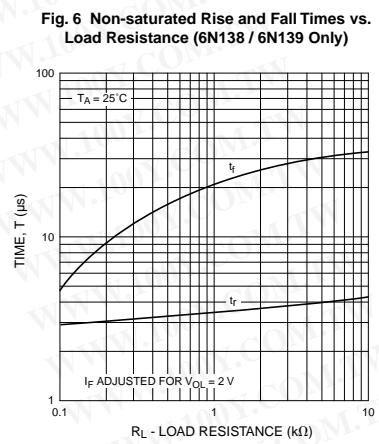
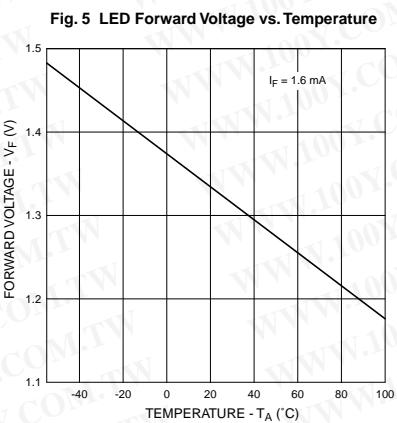
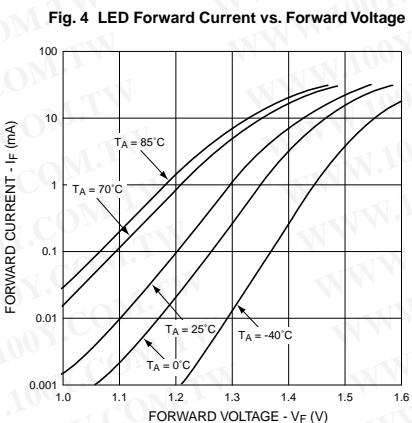


Fig. 2 Non-Inverting Logic Interface

Fig. 3 Inverting Logic Interface

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Fig. 10 Output Current vs Output Voltage
 (6N138 / 6N139 Only)

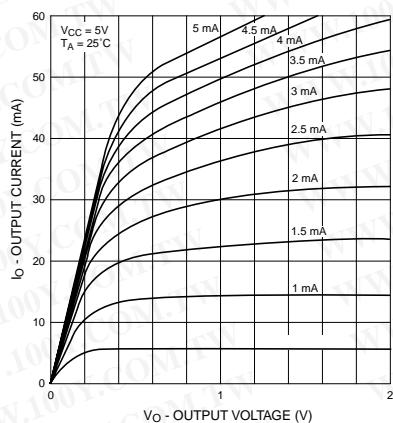


Fig. 11 Output Current vs Output Voltage
 (HCPL-2730 / HCPL-2731 Only)

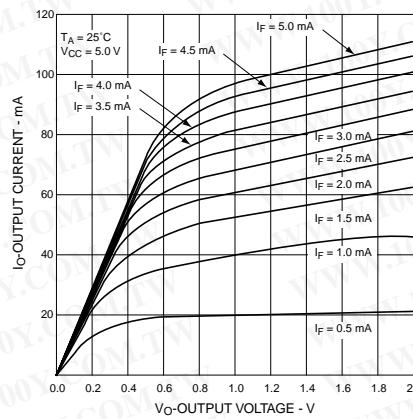


Fig. 12 Output Current vs. Input Diode Forward Current
 (6N138 / 6N139 Only)

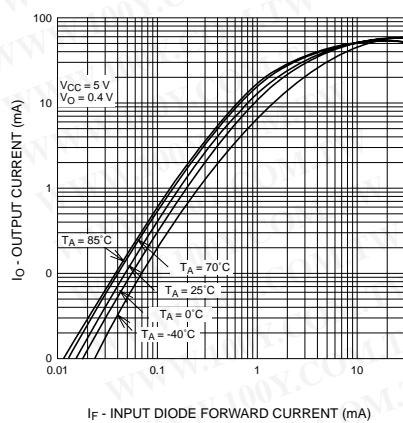


Fig. 13 Output Current vs
 Input Diode Forward Current
 (HCPL-2730 / HCPL-2731 Only)

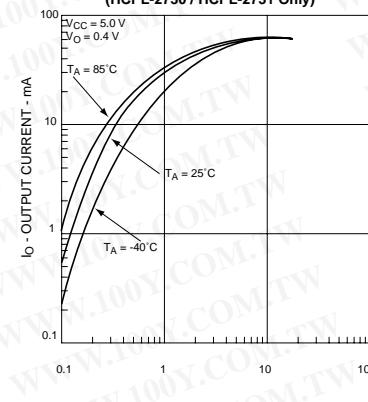


Fig. 14 Logic Low Supply Current vs.
 Input Diode Forward Current
 (6N138 / 6N139 Only)

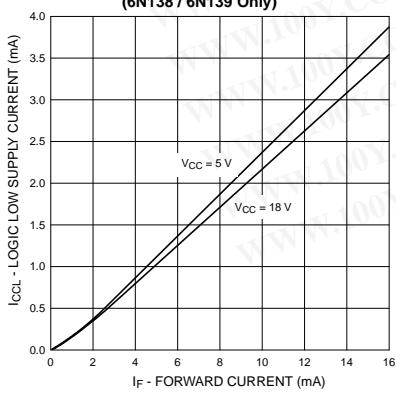
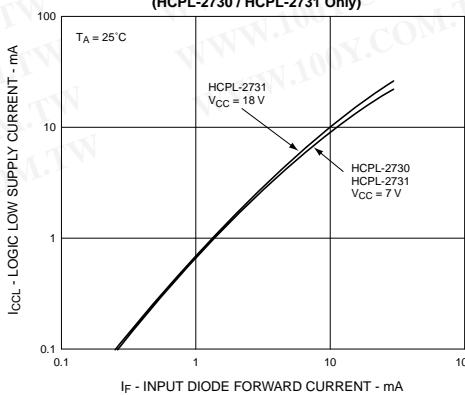


Fig. 15 Logic Low Supply Current vs.
 Input Diode Forward Current
 (HCPL-2730 / HCPL-2731 Only)



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Fig. 16 Propagation Delay vs. Input Diode Forward Current (6N138 / 6N139 Only)

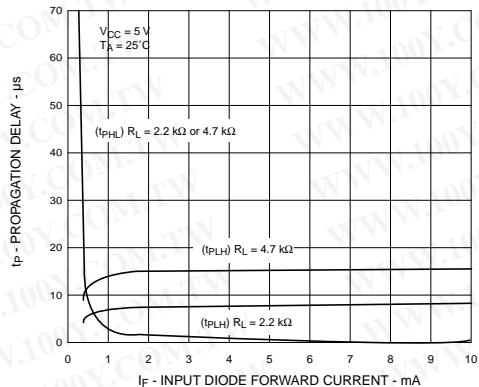


Fig. 17 Propagation Delay vs. Input Diode Forward Current (HCPL-2730 / HCPL-2731 Only)

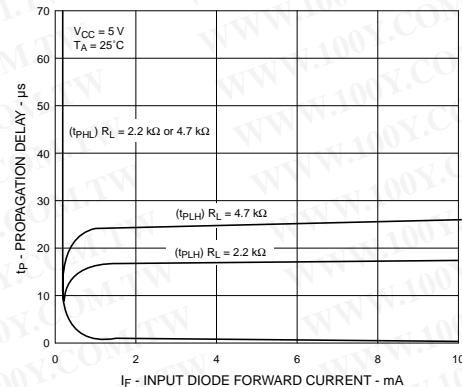


Fig. 18 Propagation Delay to Logic Low vs. Pulse Period (6N138 / 6N139 Only)

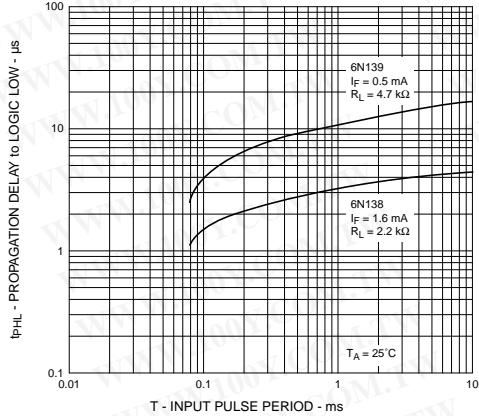


Fig. 19 Propagation Delay to Logic Low vs. Pulse Period (HCPL-2730 / HCPL-2731 Only)

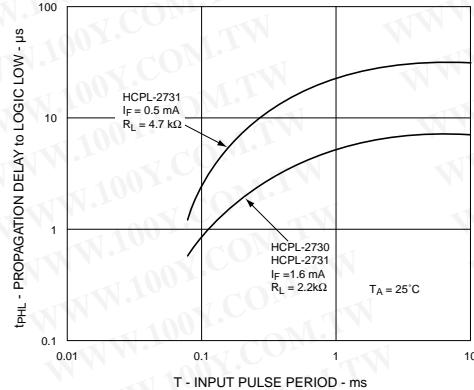


Fig. 20 Propagation Delay vs. Temperature (6N138 / 6N139 Only)

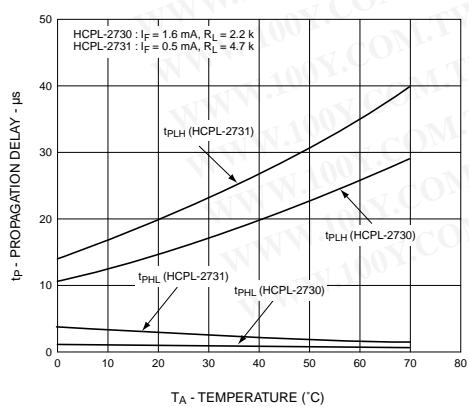
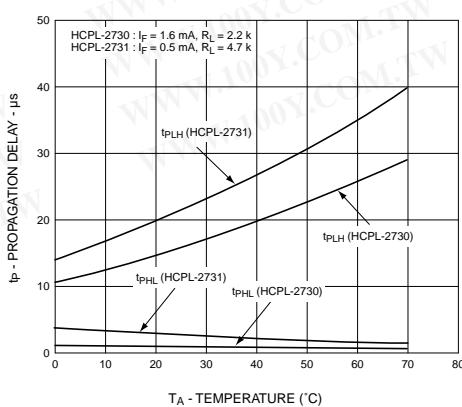
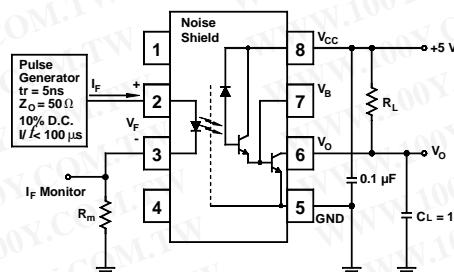


Fig. 21 Propagation Delay vs. Temperature (HCPL-2730 / HCPL-2731 Only)

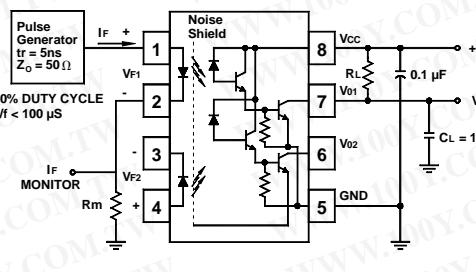


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Test Circuit for 6N138, 6N139



Test Circuit for HCPL-2730 and HCPL-2731

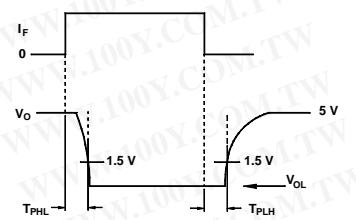
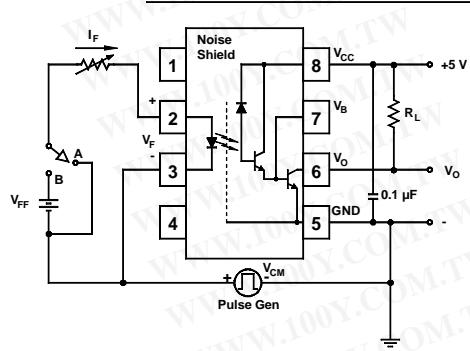
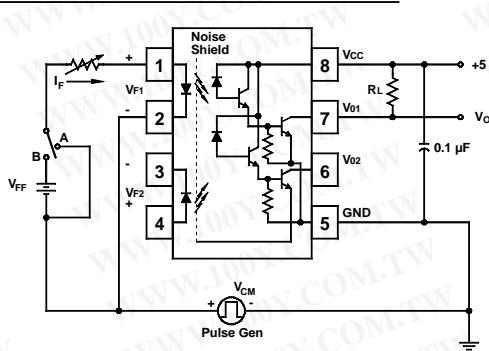


Fig. 22 Switching Time Test Circuit

*Includes Probe and Fixture Capacitance



Test Circuit for 6N138 and 6N139



Test Circuit for HCPL-2730 and HCPL-2731

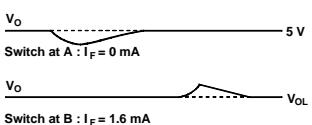
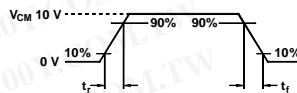
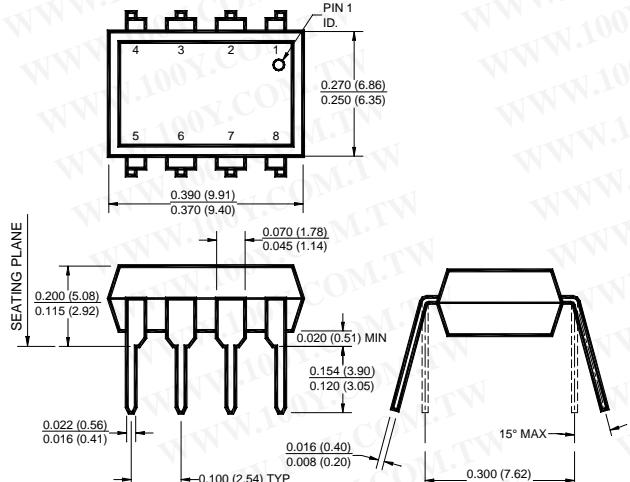


Fig. 23 Common Mode Immunity Test Circuit

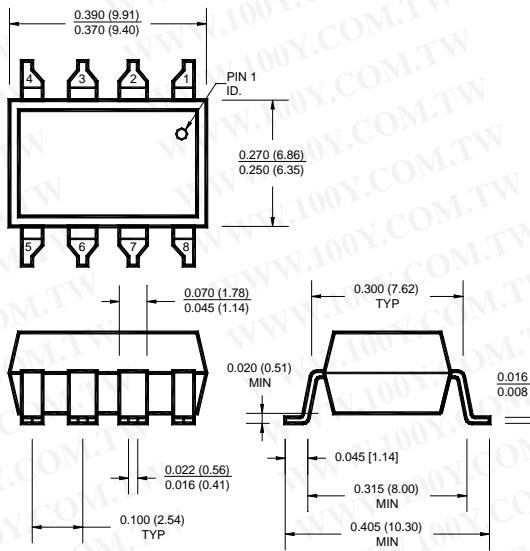
SINGLE-CHANNEL
6N138
6N139

DUAL-CHANNEL
HCPL-2730
HCPL-2731

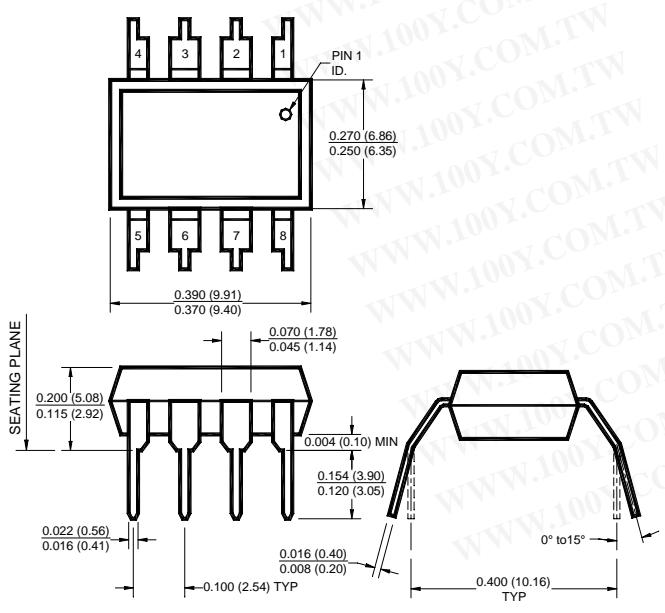
Package Dimensions (Through Hole)



Package Dimensions (Surface Mount)



Package Dimensions (0.4" Lead Spacing)



NOTE

All dimensions are in inches (millimeters)

www.qtopto.com

Call QT Optoelectronics for more information or the phone number of your nearest distributor.

United States 800-533-6786 • France 33 [0] 1.45.18.78.78 • Germany 49 [0] 89/96.30.51 • United Kingdom 44 [0] 1296 394499 • Asia/Pacific 603-7352417

LOW INPUT CURRENT HIGH GAIN SPLIT DARLINGTON OPTOCOUPERS

SINGLE-CHANNEL
6N138
6N139

DUAL-CHANNEL
HCPL-2730
HCPL-2731

ORDERING INFORMATION

Option	Order Entry Identifier	Description
R2	.R2	Opto Plus Reliability Conditioning
S	.S	Surface Mount Lead Bend
SD	.SD	Surface Mount; Tape and reel
W	.W	0.4" Lead Spacing

QT Carrier Tape Specifications ("D" Taping Orientation)

