

2GHz GBWP Gain-of-10 Stable Operational Amplifier

#### **Features**

- 2GHz gain-bandwidth product
- Gain-of-10 stable
- Conventional voltage-feedback topology
- Low offset voltage =  $200\mu V$
- Low bias current =  $2\mu A$
- Low offset current =  $0.1 \mu A$
- Output current = 50mA over temperature
- Fast settling = 13ns to 0.1%

## **Applications**

- · Active filters/integrators
- · High-speed signal processing
- · ADC/DAC buffers
- · Pulse/RF amplifiers
- · Pin diode receivers
- · Log amplifiers
- · Photo multiplier amplifiers
- High speed sample-and-holds

## **Ordering Information**

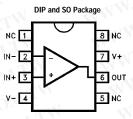
Part No.	Temp. Range	Package	Outline #
EL2075CN	0°C to +75°C	8-Pin P-DIP	MDP0031
EL2075CS	0°C to +75°C	8-Lead SO	MDP0027

## **General Description**

The EL2075C is a precision voltage-feedback amplifier featuring a 2GHz gain-bandwidth product, fast settling time, excellent differential gain and differential phase performance, and a minimum of 50mA output current drive over temperature.

The EL2075C is gain-of-10 stable with a -3dB bandwidth of 400MHz at  $A_V\!=\!+10$ . It has a very low  $200\mu V$  of input offset voltage, only  $2\mu A$  of input bias current, and a fully symmetrical differential input. Like all voltage-feedback operational amplifiers, the EL2075C allows the use of reactive or non-linear components in the feedback loop. This combination of speed and versatility makes the EL2075C the ideal choice for all op-amp applications at a gain of 10 or greater requiring high speed and precision, including active filters, integrators, sample-and-holds, and log amps. The low distortion, high output current, and fast settling makes the EL2075C an ideal amplifier for signal-processing and digitizing systems.

#### **Connection Diagrams**



September 26, 200

Note: All information contained in this data sheet has been carefully checked and is believed to be accurate as of the date of publication; however, this data sheet cannot be a "controlled document". Current revisions, if any, to these specifications are maintained at the factory and are available upon your request. We recommend checking the revision level before finalization of your design documentation.

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## Absolute Maximum Ratings (TA = 25°C)

±7V  $\theta_{JA} = 175^{\circ}C/W$  SO-8

Operating Temperature Output Current Output is short-circuit protected to ground, however, 0°C to +75°C maximum reliability is obtained if I<sub>OUT</sub> does not exceed 70mA. Junction Temperature 175°C

Common-Mode Input  $\pm V_S$ -60°C to +150°C Storage Temperature Differential Input Voltage 5V

Note: See EL2071/EL2171 for Thermal Impedance curves.  $\theta_{JA} = 95^{\circ}C/W \text{ P-DIP}$ Thermal Resistance

#### **Important Note:**

All parameters having Min/Max specifications are guaranteed. Typ values are for information purposes only. Unless otherwise noted, all tests are at the specified temperature and are pulsed tests, therefore:  $T_J = T_C = T_A$ .

### **Open Loop DC Electrical Characteristics**

 $V_S$  = ±5V,  $R_L$  = 100  $\!\Omega_{\!\scriptscriptstyle 1}$  unless otherwise specified

	Description	Test Conditions	Temp	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Vos	Input Offset Voltage	$V_{CM} = 0V$	25°C	×1 (	0.2	1	mV
	MM. 1007.0	TITI	T <sub>MIN</sub> , T <sub>MAX</sub>	100 1.	.Mo.	2.5	mV
TCV <sub>OS</sub>	Average Offset Voltage Drift	[1]	All	NO.	8		μV/°C
$I_{\mathrm{B}}$	Input Bias Current	$V_{CM} = 0V$	All	V.Ino.	2	6	μΑ
Ios	Input Offset Current	$V_{CM} = 0V$	25°C	- 100	0.1	1	μΑ
	W.100	COM	T <sub>MIN</sub> , T <sub>MAX</sub>	M.T.	47 CO	2	μΑ
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	[2]	All	70	90	$M_{1}T_{1}$	dB
CMRR	Common Mode Rejection Ratio	[3]	All	70	90		dB
$I_S$	Supply Current—Quiescent	No Load	25°C	-1XV.1	21	25	mA
	MWW.	V.COM	T <sub>MIN</sub> , T <sub>MAX</sub>	Al a	J.Ynn	25	mA
R <sub>IN</sub> (diff)	R <sub>IN</sub> (Differential)	Open-Loop	25°C	TIN W.	15	OMr.	kΩ
C <sub>IN</sub> (diff)	C <sub>IN</sub> (Differential)	Open-Loop	25°C	MA	1 (1)	140	pF
R <sub>IN</sub> (cm)	R <sub>IN</sub> (Common-Mode)	To COM	25°C	- TIMV	1	$Co_{2}$	MΩ
C <sub>IN</sub> (cm)	C <sub>IN</sub> (Common-Mode)	1 100 x. O.M.	25°C	AA .	1100	401	pF
R <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Resistance	A. Co.	25°C		50	VICE	mΩ
CMIR	Common-Mode Input	700 COM	25°C	±3	±3.5	-1 CO	V
	Range	1007.00	T <sub>MIN</sub> , T <sub>MAX</sub>	±2.5	-110	DA.	V
I <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Current	JN.10 -1 COL	All	50	70	ovi C	mA
V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Voltage Swing	No Load	All	±3.5	±4	00 .	V
V <sub>OUT</sub> 100	Output Voltage Swing	100Ω	All	±3	±3.6	. Mary	V
V <sub>OUT</sub> 50	Output Voltage Swing	50Ω	All	±2.5	±3.4	Too	$\sim$ V
A <sub>VOL</sub> 100	Open-Loop Gain	100Ω	25°C	1000	2800	- 100 X	V/V
			T <sub>MIN</sub> , T <sub>MAX</sub>	800		1.5	V/V
A <sub>VOL</sub> 50	Open-Loop Gain	50Ω	25°C	800	2300	x 100	V/V
			T <sub>MIN</sub> , T <sub>MAX</sub>	600	WW	41.	V/V
	Noise Voltage 1-100MHz	1100	25°C		2.3	IN In	nV/√H2
eN@ > 1MHz			25°C	- 1	3.2		pA/√Hz

- 1. Measured from T<sub>MIN</sub>, T<sub>MAX</sub>.
- 2.  $\pm V_{CC} = \pm 4.5 \text{V}$  to 5.5 V.
- $\pm V_{IN} = \pm 2.5 V, V_{OUT} = 0 V$

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# EL2075C

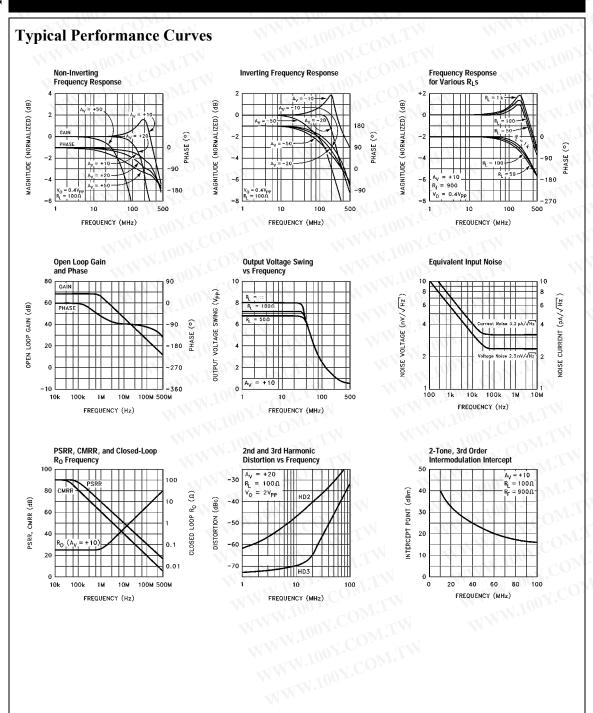
## 2GHz GBWP Gain-of-10 Stable Operational Amplifier

## **Closed Loop AC Electrical Characteristics**

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Temp	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
SSBW	-3dB Bandwidth	$A_V = +10$	25°C	LA	400	-31	MHz
	$(V_{OUT} = 0.4V_{PP})$	$A_V = +20$	25°C	150	200	NIN Y	MHz
	100X.COM.TW		T <sub>MIN</sub> , T <sub>MAX</sub>	125			MHz
		$A_V = +50$	25°C		40	MAG	MHz
GBWP	Gain-Bandwidth Product	$A_V = +100$	25°C	Mr.	2.0	-111	GHz
LSBWa	-3dB Bandwidth	$V_{OUT} = 2V_{PP}$ [1]	All	80	128	111	MHz
LSBWb	-3dB Bandwidth	$V_{OUT} = 5V_{PP}$ [1]	All	32	50	411	MHz
GFPL	Peaking (<50MHz)	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.4V <sub>PP</sub>	25°C	VI.1	0	0.5	dB
	MAN. TO COM.		T <sub>MIN</sub> , T <sub>MAX</sub>	,	-W	0.5	dB
GFPH	Peaking (>50MHz)	$V_{OUT} = 0.4V_{PP}$	25°C	$\sim OM_{I}$ .	0	1	dB
	TAN A. CO.		T <sub>MIN</sub> , T <sub>MAX</sub>	~ (	TW	1	dB
GFR	Rolloff (<100MHz)	$V_{OUT} = 0.4V_{PP}$	25°C	$^{L}CO_{M_{2}}$	0.1	0.5	dB
			T <sub>MIN</sub> , T <sub>MAX</sub>		1.7.4.	0.5	dB
LPD	Linear Phase Deviation (<100MHz)	$V_{OUT} = 0.4V_{PP}$	All	A.Co.	1	1.8	0
PM	Phase Margin	$A_V = +10$	25°C	~C	60	-4	۰
tr1, tf1	Rise Time, Fall Time	$0.4V \text{ Step, } A_V = +10$	25°C	W.O.	1.2	N	ns
tr2, tf2	Rise Time, Fall Time	5V Step, $A_V = +10$	25°C	-10	6	-31	ns
ts1	Settling to $0.1\%$ (A <sub>V</sub> = -20)	2V Step	25°C	00 1.	13	, N	ns
ts2	Settling to $0.01\%$ (A <sub>V</sub> = -20)	2V Step	25°C	- 01	25	TIV	ns
OS	Overshoot	$2V \text{ Step, } A_V = +10$	25°C	700	10		%
SR	Slew Rate	$2V \text{ Step, } A_V = +10$	All	500	800	W	V/µs
DISTORTION	[2]	COMP	TAX Y	N.10.	-1 COP	1.	
HD2	2nd Harmonic Distortion	@ 20MHz, $A_V = +20$	25°C	-1100	-40	-30	dBc
	WW.100		T <sub>MIN</sub> , T <sub>MAX</sub>	44.5	V CU	-30	dBc
HD3	3rd Harmonic Distortion	@ 20MHz, A <sub>V</sub> = +20	25°C	-xx 10	-65	-50	dBc
			T <sub>MIN</sub> , T <sub>MAX</sub>	Marie	. V.C	-50	dBc

<sup>1.</sup> Large-signal bandwidth calculated using LSBW = Slew Rate / (21/4 • VPEAK).

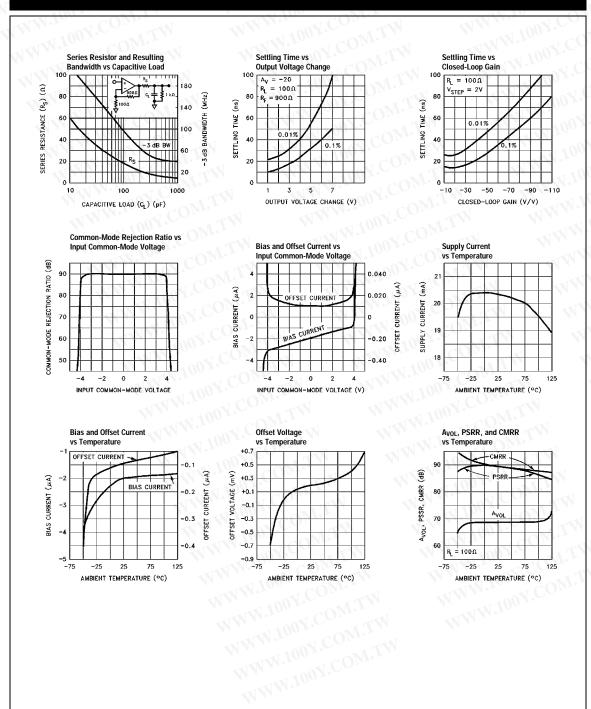
<sup>2.</sup> All distortion measurements are made with  $V_{OUT} = 2V_{PP}$ ,  $R_L = 100$ %. WWW.100Y.COM.TW



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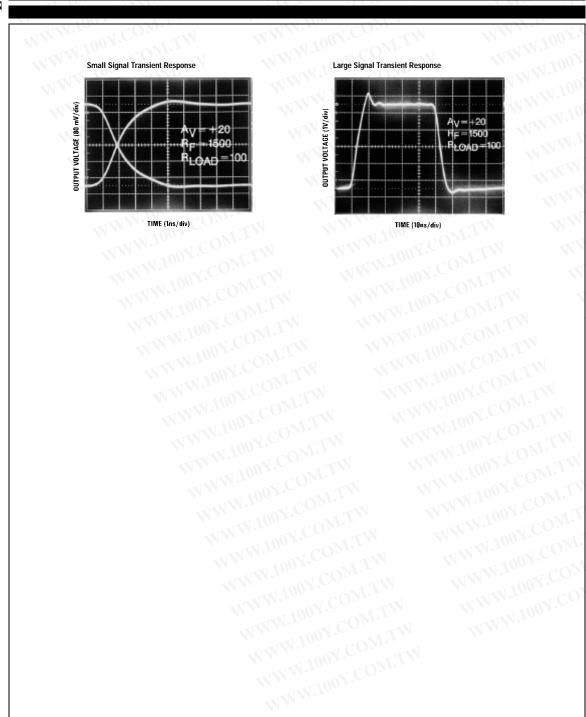
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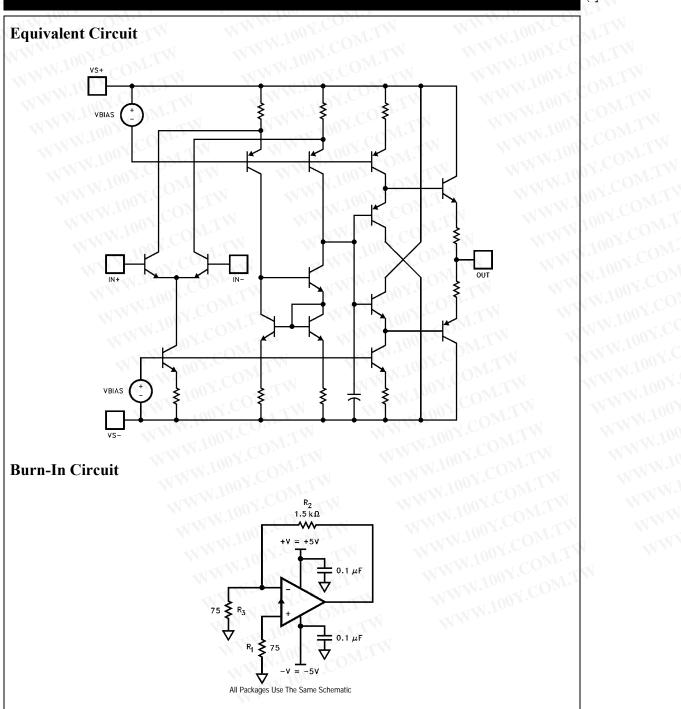
# EL2075C



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## **Applications Information**

#### **Product Description**

The EL2075C is a wideband monolithic operational amplifier built on a high-speed complementary bipolar process. The EL2075C uses a classical voltage-feedback topology which allows it to be used in a variety of applications requiring a noise gain ≥10 where current-feedback amplifiers are not appropriate because of restrictions placed upon the feedback element used with the amplifier. The conventional topology of the EL2075C allows, for example, a capacitor to be placed in the feedback path, making it an excellent choice for applications such as active filters, sample-and-holds, or integrators. Similarly, because of the ability to use diodes in the feedback network, the EL2075C is an excellent choice for applications such as log amplifiers.

The EL2075C also has excellent DC specifications:  $200\mu V$ ,  $V_{OS}$ ,  $2\mu A$  I<sub>B</sub>,  $0.1\mu A$  I<sub>OS</sub>, and 90dB of CMRR. These specifications allow the EL2075C to be used in DC-sensitive applications such as difference amplifiers. Furthermore, the current noise of the EL2075C is only  $3.2~pA/\sqrt{Hz}$ , making it an excellent choice for high-sensitivity transimpedance amplifier configurations.

### **Gain-Bandwidth Product**

The EL2075C has a gain-bandwidth product of 2GHz. For gains greater than 40, its closed-loop -3dB bandwidth is approximately equal to the gain-bandwidth product divided by the noise gain of the circuit. For gains less than 40, higher-order poles in the amplifier's transfer function contribute to even higher closed loop bandwidths. For example, the EL2075C has a -3dB bandwidth of 400MHz at a gain of +10, dropping to 200MHz at a gain of +20. It is important to note that the EL2075C has been designed so that this "extra" bandwidth in low-gain applications does not come at the expense of stability. As seen in the typical performance curves, the EL2075C in a gain of +10 only exhibits 1.5dB of peaking with a 100 $\Omega$  load.

#### **Output Drive Capability**

The EL2075C has been optimized to drive  $50\Omega$  and  $75\Omega$  loads. It can easily drive  $6V_{PP}$  into a  $50\Omega$  load. This high output drive capability makes the EL2075C an ideal

choice for RF and IF applications. Furthermore, the current drive of the EL2075C remains a minimum of 50mA at low temperatures. The EL2075C is current-limited at the output, allowing it to withstand momentary shorts to ground. However, power dissipation with the output shorted can be in excess of the power-dissipation capabilities of the package.

#### **Capacitive Loads**

Although the EL2075C has been optimized to drive resistive loads as low as  $50\Omega$ , capacitive loads will decrease the amplifier's phase margin which may result in peaking, overshoot, and possible oscillation. For optimum AC performance, capacitive loads should be reduced as much as possible or isolated via a series output resistor. Coax lines can be driven, as long as they are terminated with their characteristic impedance. When properly terminated, the capacitance of coaxial cable will not add to the capacitive load seen by the amplifier. Capacitive loads greater than 10pF should be buffered with a series resistor (Rs) to isolate the load capacitance from the amplifier output. A curve of recommended Rs vs Cload has been included for reference. Values of Rs were chosen to maximize resulting bandwidth without additional peaking.

#### **Printed-Circuit Layout**

As with any high-frequency device, good PCB layout is necessary for optimum performance. Ground-plane construction is highly recommended, as is good power supply bypassing. A 1μF–10μF tantalum capacitor is recommended in parallel with a 0.01 µF ceramic capacitor. All lead lengths should be as short as possible, and all bypass capacitors should be as close to the device pins as possible. Parasitic capacitances should be kept to an absolute minimum at both inputs and at the output. Resistor values should be kept under  $1000\Omega$  to  $2000\Omega$ because of the RC time constants associated with the parasitic capacitance. Metal-film and carbon resistors are both acceptable, use of wire-wound resistors is not recommended because of parasitic inductance. Similarly, capacitors should be low-inductance for best performance. If possible, solder the EL2075C directly to the PC board without a socket. Even high quality sockets

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# EL2075C

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#### **EL2075C Macromodel**

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* Connections: input
             -input
                 +Vsupply
                    -Vsupply
                       output
.subckt M2075C 3
*Input Stage
ie 37 4 1mA
r6 36 37 15
r7 38 37 15
rc1 7 30 200
rc2 7 39 200
q1 30 3 36 qn
q2 39 2 38 qna
ediff 33 0 39 30 1
rdiff 33 0 1 Meg
* Compensation Section
ga 0 34 33 0 2m
rh 34 0 500K
ch 34 0 0.4 pF
rc 34 40 50
cc 40 0 0.05 pF
* Poles
ep 41 0 40 0 1
rpa 41 42 250
cpa 42 0 0.8 pF
rpb 42 43 50
cpb 43 0 0.5 pF
* Output Stage
ios1 7 50 3.0mA
ios2 51 4 3.0mA
q3 4 43 50 qp
q4 7 43 51 qn
q5 7 50 52 qn
q6 4 51 53 qp
ros1 52 6 2
ros2 6 53 2
* Power Supply Current
ips 7 4 11.4mA
* Models
.model qna npn(is800e-18 bf170 tf0.2ns)
.model qn npn(is810e-18 bf200 tf0.2ns)
model qp pnp(is800e-18 bf200 tf0.2ns)
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