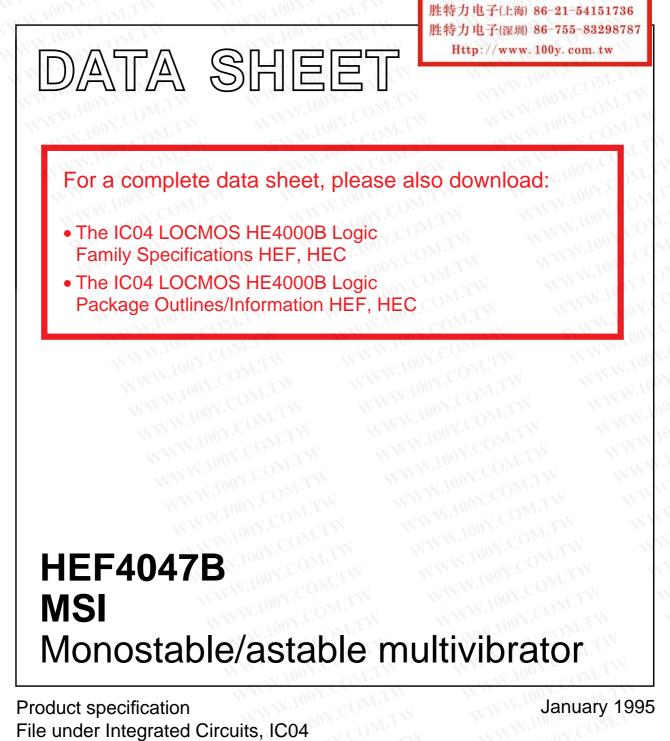
INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

勝特力材料 886-3-5753170



Product specification WW.100Y.COM.TW File under Integrated Circuits, IC04 WWW.100Y.COM.TW WWW.100Y.CO



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胜特力电子(上海)	86-21-54151736
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Monostable/astable multivibrator

HEF4047B

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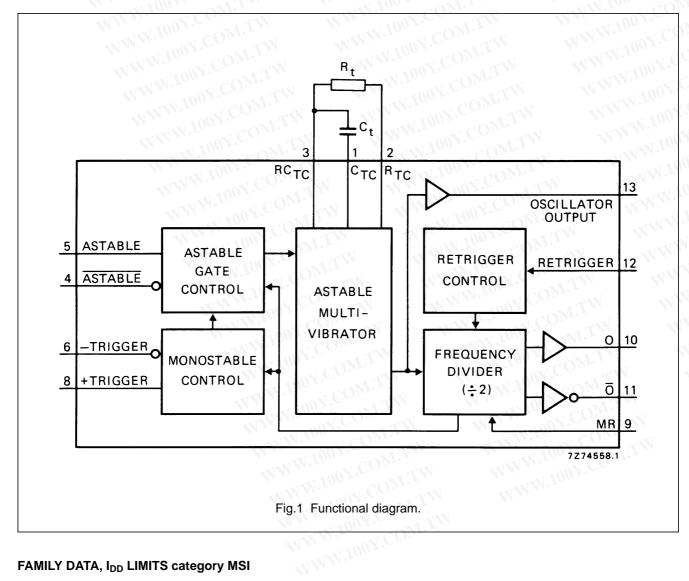
MSI

Product specification

DESCRIPTION

The HEF4047B consists of a gatable astable multivibrator with logic techniques incorporated to permit positive or negative edge-triggered monostable multivibrator action with retriggering and external counting options.

Inputs include + TRIGGER, - TRIGGER, ASTABLE, ASTABLE, RETRIGGER and MR (Master Reset). Buffered outputs are O, \overline{O} and OSCILLATOR OUTPUT. In all modes of operation an external capacitor (Ct) must be connected between CTC and RCTC, and an external resistor (Rt) must be connected between RTC and RC_{TC} (continued on next page).



FAMILY DATA, IDD LIMITS category MSI

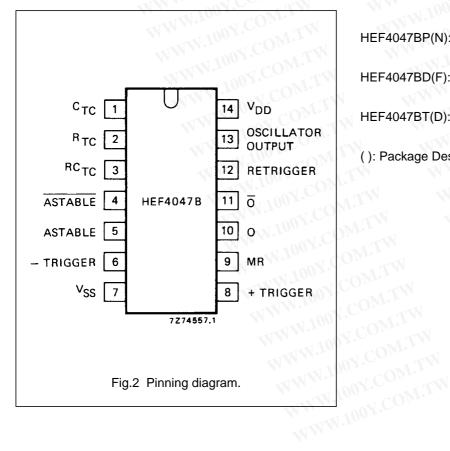
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Monostable/astable multivibrator

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Astable operation is enabled by a HIGH level on the ASTABLE input. The period of the square wave at O and O outputs is a function of the external components employed. 'True' input pulses on the ASTABLE or 'complement' pulses on the ASTABLE input, allow the circuit to be used as a gatable multivibrator. The OSCILLATOR OUTPUT period will be half of the O output in the astable mode. However, a 50% duty factor is not guaranteed at this output.

In the monostable mode, positive edge-triggering is accomplished by applying a leading-edge pulse to the + TRIGGER input and a LOW level to the - TRIGGER input. For negative edge-triggering, a trailing-edge pulse is applied to the - TRIGGER and a HIGH level to the + TRIGGER. Input pulses may be of any duration relative to the output pulse. The multivibrator can be retriggered (on the leading-edge only) by applying a common pulse to both the RETRIGGER and + TRIGGER inputs. In this mode the output pulse remains HIGH as long as the input pulse period is shorter than the period determined by the RC components.

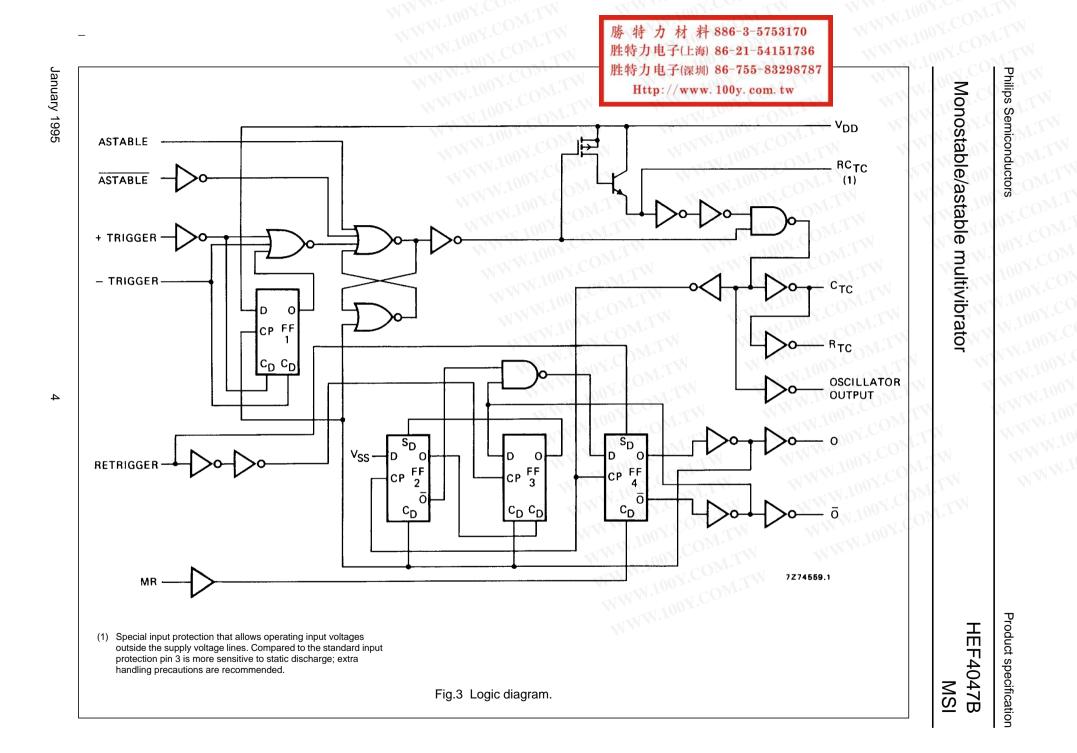


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An external count down option can be implemented by coupling O to an external 'N' counter and resetting the counter with the trigger pulse. The counter output pulse is fed back to the ASTABLE input and has a duration equal to N times the period of the multivibrator. A HIGH level on the MR input assures no output pulse during an ON-power condition. This input can also be activated to terminate the output pulse at any time. In the monostable mode, a HIGH level or power-ON reset pulse must be applied to MR, whenever V_{DD} is applied.

HEF4047BP(N):	14-lead DIL; plastic (SOT27-1)	
HEF4047BD(F):	14-lead DIL; ceramic (cerdi (SOT73)	o) (000000000000000000000000000000000000
HEF4047BT(D):	14-lead SO; plastic (SOT108-1)	
(): Package Desi	gnator North America	





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FUNCTIONAL CONNECTIONS

	PIN	IS CONNECTED TO		OUTPUT	OUTPUT
FUNCTION	V _{DD}	V _{ss}	INPUT PULSE	PULSE FROM PINS	PERIOD OR PULSE WIDTH
astable multivibrator	N NT	NNN. LOOY.CO	WT	W	I NOY.COM
free running	4, 5, 6, 14	7, 8, 9, 12	NT-TW	10, 11, 13	at pins 10, 11:
true gating	4, 6, 14	7, 8, 9, 12	5	10, 11, 13	$t_{A} = 4,40 R_{t}C_{t}$
complement gating	6, 14	5, 7, 8, 9, 12	4	10, 11, 13	at pin 13: t _A = 2,20 R _t C _t
monostable multivibrator	WT.M.	WWWW.100	M	LM	WW.1001.CC
pos. edge-triggering	4, 14	5, 6, 7, 9, 12	8	10, 11	WWW.100Y.C.
neg. edge-triggering	4, 8, 14	5, 7, 9, 12	6	10, 11	at pins 10, 11:
retriggerable	4, 14	5, 6, 7, 9	8, 12	10, 11	$t_{\rm M} = 2,48 \ {\rm R_t}{\rm C_t}$
external count down ⁽¹⁾	14	5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 12	J.Z.C	10, 11	WWW.Loon

Notes

- 1. Input pulse to RESET of external counting chip; external counting chip output to pin 4.
- 2. In all cases, external resistor between pins 2 and 3, external capacitor between pins 1 and 3.

DC CHARACTERISTICS

	WWW.L	NOY.COM	T _{amb} (°C)	NTW WW
	V _{DD} V	SYMBOL	-40 + 25 + 85	W WIN
	WWW	.100Y.CO	MAX. MIN. MAX. MAX.	W WILM
_eakage current	WW	V.L. ONY.CC	TW WWW.100Y.C	
pin 3; output	15	l ₃	0,3 – 0,3 1 μΑ	pin 3 at V _{DD} or V _{SS}
transistor OFF		W.100 L	OW'L NW ING	000000000000000000000000000000000000000

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AC CHARACTERISTICS

WWW.1001.COM.1	V _{DD} V	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	TYPICAL EXTRAPOLATION FORMULA
Propagation delays	MW.	100Y.C	M	I_M		WW.100X.COM.TV
ASTABLE, $\overline{\text{ASTABLE}} \rightarrow \text{OSC. OUTPUT}$	5	YOOL		95	190	68 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C _L
HIGH to LOW	10	t _{PHL}	CON	45	90	43 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C _L
WW.100 r. COM. I	15	WW.IOO	CO'	30	60	22 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C _L
WW.1002.COM.TW	5	WN.100		85	170	58 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C _L
LOW to HIGH	10	t _{PLH}	01.0	40	80	29 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C _L
WWW. OOY.COM TW	15	WW	OV.C	30	60	22 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C _L
ASTABLE, $\overline{\text{ASTABLE}} \rightarrow 0, \overline{0}$	5	MMM.	Yoo.	150	300	123 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C _L
HIGH to LOW	10	t _{PHL}	100	65	130	54 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C _L
WW.100 1. COM.1	15	V	1.100	50	100	42 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C _L
WWW 100Y.CONL	5		N.10	130	260	103 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C _L
LOW to HIGH	10	t _{PLH}	1	60	120	49 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C _L
WWW.LOOM	15	W	111	45	90	37 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C _L
+/– TRIGGER \rightarrow O, \overline{O}	5	N	NN.	160	320	133 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C _L
HIGH to LOW	10	t _{PHL}	WW	65	130	54 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C _L
WWW.1002.0	15			50	100	42 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C _L
WWW 100Y.C	5			155	310	128 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) CL
LOW to HIGH	10	t _{PLH}	WW	65	130	54 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C _L
WWW.I.	15	T III	W	50	100	42 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C _L
+ TRIGGER, RETRIGGER $\rightarrow \overline{O}$	C 5			65	130	38 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C _L
HIGH to LOW	10	t _{PHL}		30	60	19 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C _L
WWW 10	15	THE .		25	50	17 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C _L
+ TRIGGER, RETRIGGER \rightarrow O	5	WI.M		95	190	68 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C _L
LOW to HIGH	10	t _{PLH}		40	80	29 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C _L
WWW	15			30	60	22 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C _L
$MR \rightarrow O$	5	COM	(N)	100	200	83 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C _L
HIGH to LOW	10	t _{PHL}		45	90	$34 \text{ ns} + (0,23 \text{ ns/pF}) \text{ C}_{\text{L}}$
	15	TIL	L.M	35	70	$27 \text{ ns} + (0,16 \text{ ns/pF}) \text{ C}_{\text{L}}$
$MR \rightarrow \overline{O}$	5	N.COM	WT	100	200	83 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C _L
LOW to HIGH	10	t _{PLH}	WT .	45	90	$34 \text{ ns} + (0,23 \text{ ns/pF}) \text{ C}_{\text{L}}$
	15		11.2	35	70	$27 \text{ ns} + (0,16 \text{ ns/pF}) \text{ C}_{\text{L}}$
Output transition times	5	100 r.	M.	60	120	$10 \text{ ns} + (1,0 \text{ ns/pF}) \text{ C}_{L}$
HIGH to LOW	10	t _{THL}	OM.	30	60	9 ns + (0,42 ns/pF) C_L
	15		M	20	40	$6 \text{ ns} + (0,28 \text{ ns/pF}) \text{ C}_{\text{L}}$
+	5	N	COn	60	120	$10 \text{ ns} + (0,20 \text{ ns/pr}) \text{ C}_{L}$
LOW to HIGH	10	t _{TUU}		30	60	9 ns + (0,42 ns/pF) C_L
	15	t _{TLH}		20	40	$6 \text{ ns} + (0,28 \text{ ns/pF}) \text{ C}_{\text{L}}$

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Monostable/astable multivibrator

Product specification HEF4047B

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	V _{DD} V	SYMBOL	MIN.	ТҮР.	MAX.	TYPICAL EXTRAPOLATION FORMULA
Minimum MR pulse	5	Los CC	60	30		WWW.Ins.COM. TW
width; HIGH	10	t _{WMRH}	30	15		COM. 100 P. COM. I
	15	N 100Y.C	20	10		WW.1001.COM.TV
Minimum input	MM	1001.		WT.		WWW. 100Y. CONLT
pulse width; any	5	W.LOON	220	110		WWW. 100Y.COM
input exept MR	10	tw	100	50		WWW.LCOM
	15	W.100	70	35		TWW.100 TCON

APPLICATION INFORMATION

General features:

- Monostable (one-shot) or astable (free-running) • operation
- True and complemented buffered outputs
- · Only one external R and C required

Monostable multivibrator features:

- · Positive- or negative-edge triggering
- Output pulse width independent of trigger pulse duration
- Retriggerable option for pulse-width expansion
- Long pulse width possible using small RC components by means of external counter provision
- · Fast recovery time essentially independent of pulse width
- · Pulse-width accuracy maintained at duty cycles approaching 100%

Astable multivibrator features:

- WWW.100Y.COM.TW Free-running or gatable operating modes WWW.100Y.COM.TW
- 50% duty cycle
- · Oscillator output available

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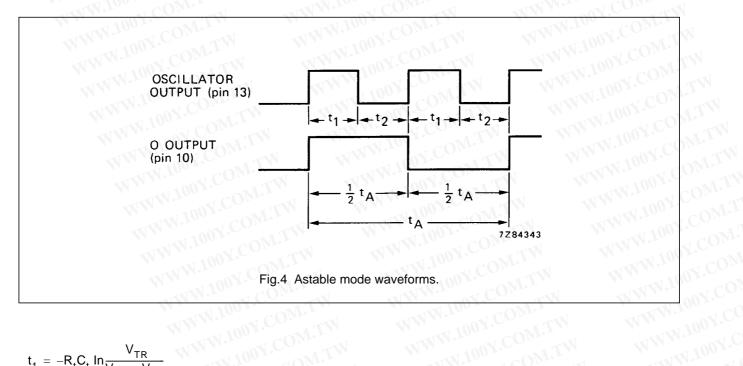
Monostable/astable multivibrator

HEF4047B MSI

1. Astable mode design information

a. Unit-to-unit transfer-voltage variations

The following analysis presents worst-case variations from unit-to-unit as a function of transfer-voltage (V_{TR}) shift for free running (astable) operation.



$$t_{1} = -R_{t}C_{t} \ln \frac{V_{TR}}{V_{DD} + V_{TR}}$$
$$t_{2} = -R_{t}C_{t} \ln \frac{V_{DD} - V_{TR}}{2V_{DD} - V_{TR}}$$

$$t_{2} = -R_{t}C_{t} \ln \frac{V_{DD} - V_{TR}}{2V_{DD} - V_{TR}}$$

$$t_{A} = 2(t_{1} + t_{2}) = -2R_{t}C_{t} \ln \frac{(V_{TR})(V_{DD} - V_{TR})}{(V_{DD} + V_{TR})(2V_{DD} - V_{TR})}, \text{ where } t_{A} = \text{Astable mode pulse width.}$$

$$\frac{V_{DL}}{V_{DL}} = 0.5 \text{ V}_{DD}; \quad t_{A} = 4.40 \text{ R.Ct}$$

Values for t_A are:

	typ.:	$V_{TR} = 0.5 V_{DD};$	$t_{A} = 4,40 R_{t}C_{t}$
V _{DD} = 5 or 10 V	min. :	$V_{TR} = 0.3 V_{DD};$	$t_{A} = 4,71 R_{t}C_{t}$
$v_{DD} = 5.0110$ v	max.:	$V_{TR} = 0,7 V_{DD};$	$t_{A} = 4,71 R_{t}C_{t}$
\/ 1E\/	min. :	V _{TR} = 4 V;	$t_{A} = 4,84 R_{t}C_{t}$
V _{DD} = 15 V	max.:	V _{TR} = 11 V;	$t_{A} = 4,84 R_{t}C_{t}$

thus if $t_A = 4,40 R_t C_t$ is used, the maximum variation will be (+ 7,0%; -0,0%) at 10 V.

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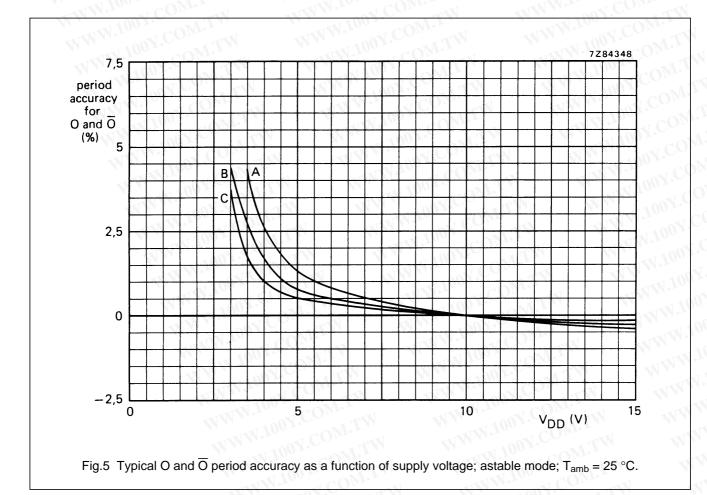
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b. Variations due to changes in V_{DD}

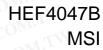
In addition to variations from unit-to-unit, the astable period may vary as a function of frequency with respect to V_{DD} . Typical variations are presented graphically in Figs 5 and 6 with 10 V as a reference.

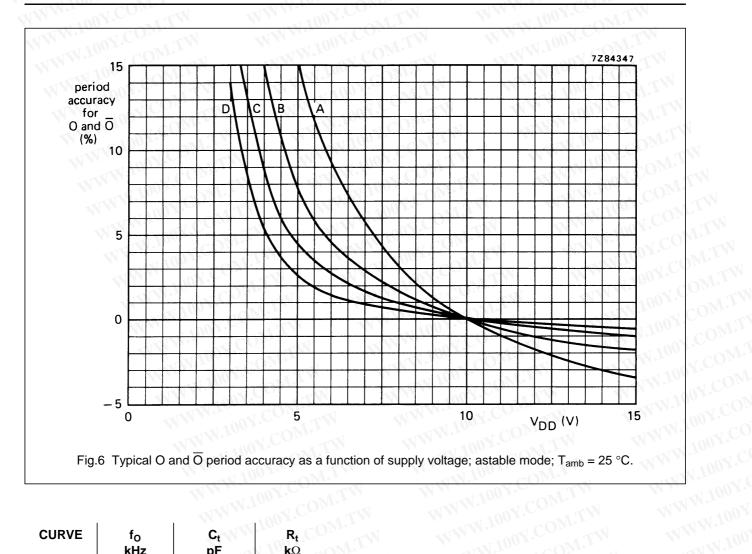


CURVE	f _O kHz	C _t pF	R _t kΩ
А	10	100	220
В	5	100	470
С	1	1000	220 🚿



Monostable/astable multivibrator





URVE	f _O kHz	C _t pF	R _t kΩ
А	500	10	47
В	225	100	10
С	100	100 🚿	22
D	50	100 🔷	47

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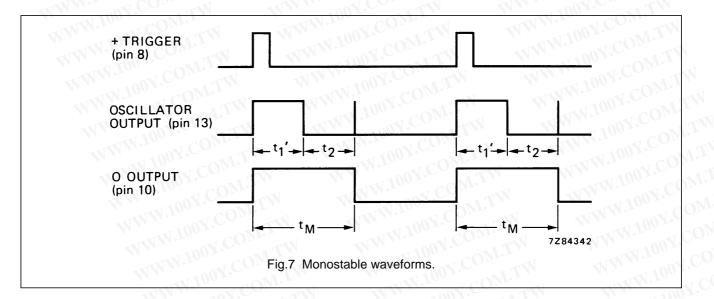
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Product specification

2. Monostable mode design information

The following analysis presents worst case variations from unit-to-unit as a function of transfer-voltage (V_{TR}) shift for one-shot (monostalbe) operation.



$$t_1` = -R_t C_t \ ln \frac{V_{TR}}{2V_{DD}}$$

$$t_{M} = (t_{1}' + t_{2})$$

$$t_{M} = (t_{1}' + t_{2})$$

$$t_{M} = -R_{t}C_{t} \ln \frac{(V_{TR}) (V_{DD} - V_{TR})}{(2V_{DD} - V_{TR}) (2V_{DD})}, \text{ where } t_{M} = \text{Monostable mode pulse width.}$$
where for the are:

Values for t_M are:

Values for t _M are:			
	typ.:	$V_{TR} = 0,5 V_{DD};$	$t_{M} = 2,48 R_{t}C_{t}$
V _{DD} = 5 to10 V	min. :	$V_{TR} = 0,3 V_{DD};$	$t_{\rm M} = 2,78 \ {\rm R_t}{\rm C_t}$
	max.:	$V_{TR} = 0,7 V_{DD};$	$t_{M} = 2,52 R_{t}C_{t}$
V _{DD} = 15 V	min. :	V _{TR} = 4 V;	$t_{M} = 2,88 R_{t}C_{t}$
	max.:	V _{TR} = 11 V;	$t_{\rm M} = 2,56 \ {\rm R_t} {\rm C_t}$

Note

1. In the astable mode, the first positive half cycle has a duration of t_M ; succeeding durations are $\frac{1}{2} t_A$.

thus if $t_M = 2,48 R_t C_t$ is used, the maximum variation will be (+ 12%; -0,0%) at 10 V.



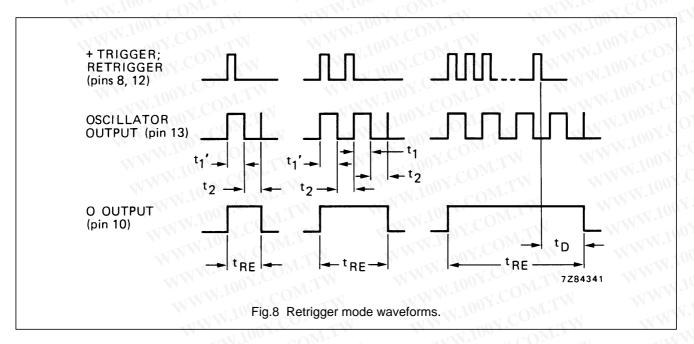
Monostable/astable multivibrator

Product specification

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3. Retrigger mode operation

The HEF4047B can be used in the retrigger mode to extend the output pulse duration, or to compare the frequency of an input signal with that of the internal oscillator. In the retrigger mode the input pulse is applied to pins 8 and 12, and the output is taken from pin 10 or 11. Normal monostable action is obtained when one retrigger pulse is applied (Fig.8). Extended pulse duration is obtained when more than one pulse is applied. For two input pulses, $t_{RE} = t_1' + t_1 + 2t_2$. For more than two pulses, t_{RE} (output O), terminates at some variable time, t_D , after the termination of the last retrigger pulse; t_D is variable because t_{RE} (output O) terminates after the second positive edge of the oscillator output appears at flip-flop 4.

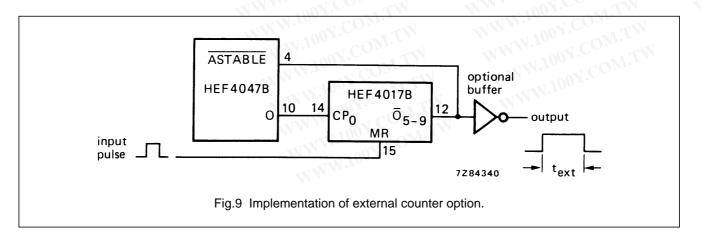


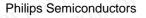
4. External counter option

Time t_M can be extended by any amount with the use of external counting circuitry. Advantages include digitally controlled pulse duration, small timing capacitors for long time periods, and extremely fast recovery time. A typical implementation is shown in Fig.9.

The pulse duration at the output is: $t_{ext} = (N-1)(t_A) + (t_M + 1/2 t_A)$

Where text = pulse duration of the circuitry, and N is the number of counts used.





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HEF4047B MSI

5. Timing component limitations

The capacitor used in the circuit should be non-polarized and have low leakage (i.e. the parallel resistance of the capacitor should be an order of magnitude greater than the external resistor used).

There is no upper or lower limit for either R_t or C_t value to maintain oscillation.

However, in consideration of accuracy, C_t must be much larger than the inherent stray capacitance in the system (unless this capacitance can be measured and taken into account).

Rt must be much larger than the LOCMOS 'ON' resistance in series with it, which typically is hundreds of ohms.

The recommended values for R_t and C_t to maintain agreement with previously calculated formulae without trimming should be:

 $C_t \ge 100 \text{ pF}$, up to any practical value, 10 k $\Omega \le R_t \le 1 M\Omega$.

6. Power consumption

In the standby mode (monostable or astable), power dissipation will be a function of leakage current in the circuit. For dynamic operation, the power needed to charge the external timing capacitor C_t is given by the following formulae:

Astable mode:	$P = 2 C_t V^2 f$ (f at output pin 13	3) (100 To M. T
	$P = 4 C_t V^2 f$ (f at output pins 1)	0 and 11)
Monostable mode:	$P = \frac{\left(2, 9 C_t V^2\right)(duty cycle)}{T}$	(f at output pins 10 and 11)

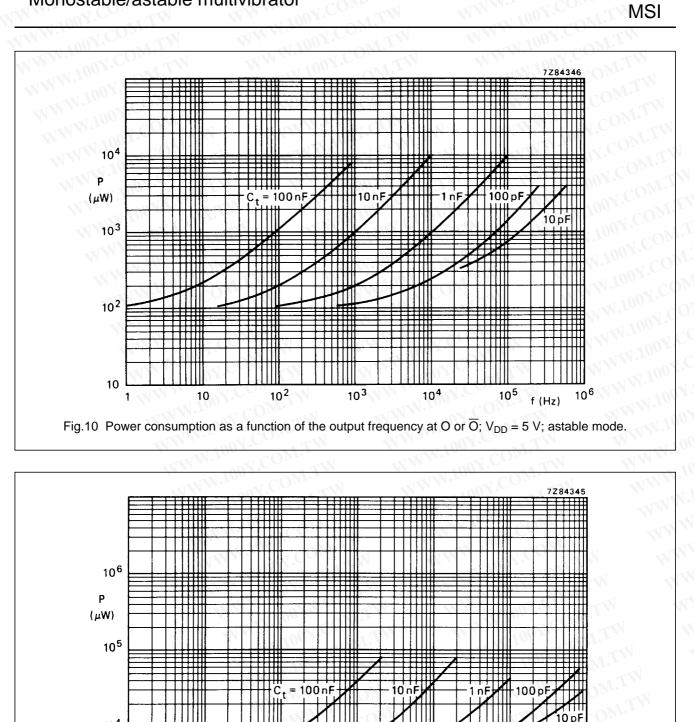
Because the power dissipation does not depend on R_t , a design for minimum power dissipation would be a small value of C_t . The value of R would depend on the desired period (within the limitations discussed previously). Typical power consumption in astable mode is shown in Figs 10, 11 and 12.



Product specification

HEF4047B

Monostable/astable multivibrator



10³

Ш

10²

10⁵

10⁶

f (Hz)

П

104

10⁴

10³

╞┾┿╋

10

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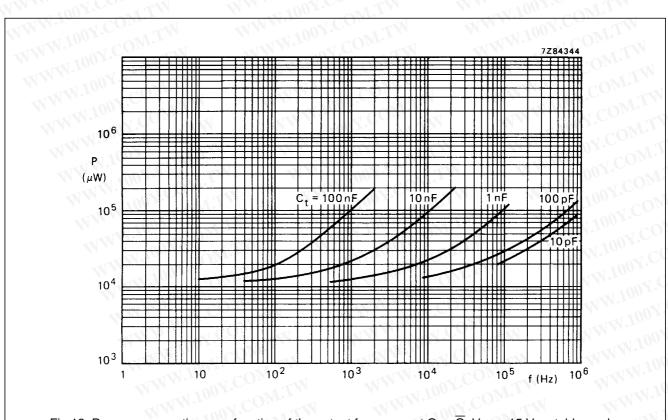


Fig.12 Power consumption as a function of the output frequency at O or \overline{O} ; $V_{DD} = 15$ V; astable mode.

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