

勝 特 力 材 料 886-3-5753170 胜特力电子(上海) 86-21-54151736 胜特力电子(深圳) 86-755-83298787

Http://www.100y.com.tw

August 2002

LM193/LM293/LM393/LM2903 Low Power Low Offset Voltage Dual Comparators

General Description

The LM193 series consists of two independent precision voltage comparators with an offset voltage specification as low as 2.0 mV max for two comparators which were designed specifically to operate from a single power supply over a wide range of voltages. Operation from split power supplies is also possible and the low power supply current drain is independent of the magnitude of the power supply voltage. These comparators also have a unique characteristic in that the input common-mode voltage range includes ground, even though operated from a single power supply voltage.

Application areas include limit comparators, simple analog to digital converters; pulse, squarewave and time delay generators; wide range VCO; MOS clock timers; multivibrators and high voltage digital logic gates. The LM193 series was designed to directly interface with TTL and CMOS. When operated from both plus and minus power supplies, the LM193 series will directly interface with MOS logic where their low power drain is a distinct advantage over standard comparators.

The LM393 and LM2903 parts are available in National's innovative thin micro SMD package with 8 (12 mil) large bumps.

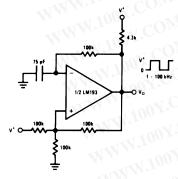
Advantages

- High precision comparators
- Reduced V_{OS} drift over temperature
- Eliminates need for dual supplies
- Allows sensing near ground
- Compatible with all forms of logic
- Power drain suitable for battery operation

Features

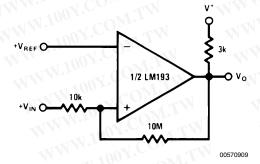
- Wide supply
 - Voltage range:Single or dual supplies:±1.0V to ±18V
- Very low supply current drain (0.4 mA) independent of supply voltage
- Low input biasing current: 25 nA
- Low input offset current: ±5 nA
- Maximum offset voltage: ±3 mV
- Input common-mode voltage range includes ground
- Differential input voltage range equal to the power supply voltage
- Low output saturation voltage,: 250 mV at 4 mA
- Output voltage compatible with TTL, DTL, ECL, MOS and CMOS logic systems
- Available in the 8-Bump (12 mil) micro SMD package
- See AN-1112 for micro SMD considerations

Squarewave Oscillator



00570938

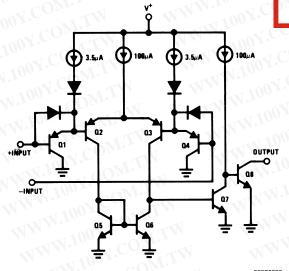
Non-Inverting Comparator with Hysteresis



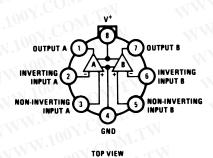
Schematic and Connection Diagrams

勝 特 力 材 料 886-3-5753170 胜特力电子(上海) 86-21-54151736 胜特力电子(深圳) 86-755-83298787

Http://www.100y.com.tw

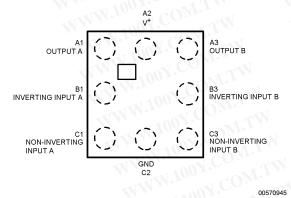


Metal Can Package



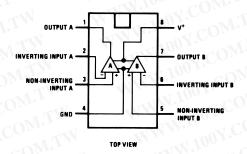
00570903

micro SMD



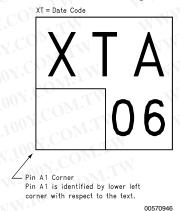
Top View

Dual-In-Line/SOIC Package



00570901

micro SMD Marking



Top View

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 10)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/ Distributors for availability and specifications.

1	Supply Voltage, V+	36V
	Differential Input Voltage (Note 8)	36V
	Input Voltage	-0.3V to +36V
	Input Current (V _{IN} <-0.3V) (Note 3)	50 mA
	Power Dissipation (Note 1)	
	Molded DIP	780 mW
	Motel Con	660 mW

Metal Can 660 mW Small Outline Package 510 mW micro SMD Pacakge 568mW

Output Short-Circuit to Ground

(Note 2) Continuous

Operating Temperature Range

LM393 0°C to +70°C LM293 -25°C to +85°C

LM193/LM193A	-55°C to +125°C
LM2903	-40°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C

Lead Temperature

(Soldering, 10 seconds) +260°C

Soldering Information

Dual-In-Line Package Soldering (10 seconds)

260°C 215°C Small Outline Package

Vapor Phase (60 seconds)

Infrared (15 seconds) 220°C

See AN-450 "Surface Mounting Methods and Their Effect on Product Reliability" for other methods of soldering surface mount devices.

ESD rating

(1.5 k Ω in series with 100 pF)

Electrical Characteristics

 $(V^+=5V, T_A = 25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise stated)$

Parameter	TI	Conditions		LM193A				
	A.COM.		Min	Тур	Max	ODY.CO		
Input Offset Voltage	(Note 9)	TWW.Io.	$O_{M_{I}}$	1.0	2.0	mV		
Input Bias Current	11.00	$I_{IN}(+)$ or $I_{IN}(-)$ with Output In Linear Range, $V_{CM} = 0V$ (Note 5)		25	100	nA		
Input Offset Current	I _{IN} (+)-I _{IN} (-	$V_{CM} = 0V$	Con	3.0	25	nA		
Input Common Mode Voltage Range	V+ = 30V	(Note 6)	Y.CO.	MTW	V+-1.5	W-V		
Supply Current	R _L =∞	V+=5V	Olive	0.4	1	mA		
	W. To	V+=36V	on CC	1	2.5	mA		
Voltage Gain		$R_L ≥ 15 kΩ$, V ⁺ =15V V _O = 1V to 11V		200	N	V/mV		
Large Signal Response Time	V _{IN} =TTL L V _{RL} =5V, F	ogic Swing, $V_{REF} = 1.4 V$ $R_{L} = 5.1 \; k\Omega$	N.100X.	300		ns		
Response Time	V _{RL} =5V, F	R _L =5.1 kΩ (Note 7)	W.Jon	1.3	. 1	μs		
Output Sink Current	V _{IN} (-)=1V	, V _{IN} (+)=0, V _O ≈1.5V	6.0	16	V.I.A.	mA		
Saturation Voltage	V _{IN} (-)=1V	, V _{IN} (+)=0, I _{SINK} ≤4 mA	10	250	400	mV		
Output Leakage Current	$V_{IN}(-)=0, $	$V_{IN}(+)=1V, V_{O}=5V$	MAN	0.1	TAN TO THE PARTY OF THE PARTY O	nA		

Electrical Characteristics

Electrical Cha		TV	N	V	NN	N.14	100X.C		1.T	N	
Parameter	Conditions	. 11	LM1	93	LM:	293,	LM393		LM29	903	Units
	WW.100 = CO	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
Input Offset Voltage	(Note 9)	M	1.0	5.0		1.0	5.0		2.0	7.0	mV
Input Bias Current	$I_{IN}(+)$ or $I_{IN}(-)$ with Output In Linear Range, $V_{CM} = 0V$ (Note 5)		25	100		25	250		25	250	nA
Input Offset Current	$I_{IN}(+)-I_{IN}(-) V_{CM} = 0V$		3.0	25		5.0	50		5.0	50	nA
Input Common Mode Voltage Range	V+ = 30V (Note 6)	0		V+-1.5	0		V+-1.5	0		V+-1.5	V

Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

(V⁺=5V, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise stated)

Parameter	M. M.	Conditions		LM19	93	LM	293, L	M393		LM29	03	Units
	WW.		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	1
Supply Current	R _L =∞	V ⁺ =5V		0.4	1	00	0.4	1		0.4	1.0	mA
	MM.	V+=36V		1	2.5	100	1	2.5		1	2.5	mA
Voltage Gain	$R_L \ge 15 \text{ k}\Omega$ $V_O = 1V \text{ t}$		50	200	NV	50	200	COM	25	100		V/mV
Large Signal Response Time		_ogic Swing, V_{REF} =1.4V R_L =5.1 kΩ	V.	300	WW	W.1	300	COV	M.T	300		ns
Response Time	V _{RL} =5V, F	$R_L=5.1 \text{ k}\Omega \text{ (Note 7)}$	W	1.3	W		1.3	Y.Co	- 1	1.5		μs
Output Sink Current	V _{IN} (-)=1V	$V_{1N}(+)=0, V_{0} \le 1.5V$	6.0	16	- 1	6.0	16	V.C	6.0	16		mA
Saturation Voltage	V _{IN} (-)=1V	', V _{IN} (+)=0, I _{SINK} ≤4 mA		250	400		250	400	ON	250	400	mV
Output Leakage Current	$V_{IN}(-)=0,$	$V_{IN}(+)=1V, V_{O}=5V$	ITV	0.1		MAG	0.1	001.		0.1	T.	nA
Electrical Cha	racteri	stics										
Parameter	TW	Condition	ns	IN			1	LM19	93A	201	1.1	Units

Electrical Characteristics (V+ = 5V) (Note 4)

Parameter	Conditions		Units	
	WWW.100Y.CO.TW	Min	Тур Мах	
Input Offset Voltage	(Note 9)		4.0	mV
Input Offset Current	$I_{IN(+)} - I_{IN(-)}, V_{CM} = 0V$		100	nA
Input Bias Current	$I_{IN}(+)$ or $I_{IN}(-)$ with Output in Linear Range, V_{CM} =0V (Note 5)		300	nA
Input Common Mode Voltage Range	V ⁺ =30V (Note 6)	0	V ⁺ –2.0	OMIT
Saturation Voltage	$V_{IN}(-)=1V, V_{IN}(+)=0, I_{SINK} \le 4 \text{ mA}$		700	mV
Output Leakage Current	$V_{IN}(-)=0, V_{IN(+)}=1V, V_{O}=30V$	N	1.0	μΑ
Differential Input Voltage	Keep All V _{IN} 's≥0V (or V ⁻ , if Used), (Note 8)	XXI	36	CV

Electrical Characteristics

(V+ = 5V) (Note 4)

Parameter	Conditions	-XIV	LM19	3	CLM	LM293, LM393		LM2903			Units
	1.100 1. COM. TV	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	×7 C
Input Offset Voltage	(Note 9)	M	44	9		Mo	9		9	15	mV
Input Offset Current	$I_{IN(+)}-I_{IN(-)}, V_{CM}=0V$		M	100	N.C	,0-	150		50	200	nA
Input Bias Current	I _{IN} (+) or I _{IN} (-) with Output in Linear Range, V _{CM} =0V (Note 5)		W	300	001		400	N	200	500	nA
Input Common Mode Voltage Range	V*=30V (Note 6)	0	V	V+-2.0	100	y.C	V+-2.0	0		V ⁺ -2.0	V
Saturation Voltage	$V_{IN}(-)=1V, V_{IN}(+)=0,$ $I_{SINK}\leq 4 \text{ mA}$			700	N.10	007 02.	700	In	400	700	mV
Output Leakage Current	$V_{IN}(-)=0, V_{IN(+)}=1V, V_{O}=30V$	- 31		1.0	M.	T.O.	1.0			1.0	μΑ
Differential Input Voltage	Keep All V _{IN} 's≥0V (or V ⁻ , if Used), (Note 8)	LM		36			36			36	V

Note 1: For operating at high temperatures, the LM393 and LM2903 must be derated based on a 125°C maximum junction temperature and a thermal resistance of 170 C/W which applies for the device soldered in a printed circuit board, operating in a still air ambient. The LM193/LM193A/LM293 must be derated based on a 150°C maximum junction temperature. The low bias dissipation and the "ON-OFF" characteristic of the outputs keeps the chip dissipation very small (Pp≤100 mW), provided the output transistors are allowed to saturate.

Note 2: Short circuits from the output to V+ can cause excessive heating and eventual destruction. When considering short circuits to ground, the maximum output current is approximately 20 mA independent of the magnitude of V+.

Note 3: This input current will only exist when the voltage at any of the input leads is driven negative. It is due to the collector-base junction of the input PNP transistors becoming forward biased and thereby acting as input diode clamps. In addition to this diode action, there is also lateral NPN parasitic transistor action

Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

on the IC chip. This transistor action can cause the output voltages of the comparators to go to the V^+ voltage level (or to ground for a large overdrive) for the time duration that an input is driven negative. This is not destructive and normal output states will re-establish when the input voltage, which was negative, again returns to a value greater than -0.3V.

Note 4: These specifications are limited to $-55^{\circ}\text{C} \le T_{A} \le +125^{\circ}\text{C}$, for the LM193/LM193A. With the LM293 all temperature specifications are limited to $-25^{\circ}\text{C} \le T_{A} \le +85^{\circ}\text{C}$ and the LM393 temperature specifications are limited to $0^{\circ}\text{C} \le T_{A} \le +70^{\circ}\text{C}$. The LM2903 is limited to $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le T_{A} \le +85^{\circ}\text{C}$.

Note 5: The direction of the input current is out of the IC due to the PNP input stage. This current is essentially constant, independent of the state of the output so no loading change exists on the reference or input lines.

Note 6: The input common-mode voltage or either input signal voltage should not be allowed to go negative by more than 0.3V. The upper end of the common-mode voltage range is V^+ -1.5V at 25°C, but either or both inputs can go to 36V without damage, independent of the magnitude of V^+ .

Note 7: The response time specified is for a 100 mV input step with 5 mV overdrive. For larger overdrive signals 300 ns can be obtained, see typical performance characteristics section.

Note 8: Positive excursions of input voltage may exceed the power supply level. As long as the other voltage remains within the common-mode range, the comparator will provide a proper output state. The low input voltage state must not be less than -0.3V (or 0.3V below the magnitude of the negative power supply, if used).

Note 9: At output switch point, V_O≈1.4V, R_S=0Ω with V⁺ from 5V to 30V; and over the full input common-mode range (0V to V⁺-1.5V), at 25°C.

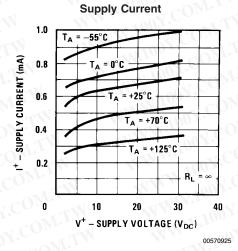
Note 10: Refer to RETS193AX for LM193AH military specifications and to RETS193X for LM193H military specifications.

Ordering Information

Package	Temperature Range	Part Number	NSC Drawing					
WWW.	COM. WI	LM193H*	MAN TOOL CO					
W.100		LM193H/883						
WW 100		LM193H-MLS						
WWW	-55°C to 125°C							
8-Pin Metal Can		LM193AH-QMLV**	H08C					
1.W.W.		LM193AH						
MAL		LM193AH/883						
MMM	-25°C to 85°C	LM293H						
	0°C to 70°C	LM393H						
1	N.100 COM.	LM193J/883*	MW.Io.					
O Dia Commis DID	55:0 +- 405:0	LM193AJ/883	100 4 7 100					
8-Pin Ceramic DIP	–55°C to 125°C	LM193AJ-QMLV**	J08A					
-31		LM193AJ-MLS						
O Dire Melded DID	0°C to 70°C	LM393N	NOOF					
8-Pin Molded DIP	-40°C to 85°C	LM2903N	N08E					
-	0°C to 70°C	LM393M	The Marie					
o Din COIC	0°C to 70°C	LM393MX	MOOA					
8-Pin SOIC	40°C to 05°C	LM2903M	M08A					
	-40°C to 85°C	LM2903MX	OM.TN WY					
	0°C to 70°C	LM393TL	ALL MA					
8-Bump (12 mils)	0°C to 70°C LM393TLX		TLA08AAA					
micro SMD	-40°C to 85°C	LM2903ITL	ILAUBAAA					
	-40 C to 65 C	LM2903ITLX						

Note: * Also available per LM38510/11202 Note: ** See STD Mil DWG 5962-94526

Typical Performance Characteristics LM193/LM293/LM393, LM193A



VIN(CM) = 0 VDC $R_{IN\,(CM)}\cong 10^9\,\Omega$ I_N - INPUT CURRENT (nA_{DC}) TA = -55°C 40 20 = +125°C TA = +25°C

Input Current

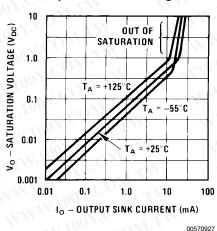
00570926

40

T_A = +70°C

30

Output Saturation Voltage



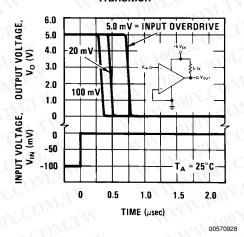
Response Time for Various Input Overdrives — Negative **Transition**

20

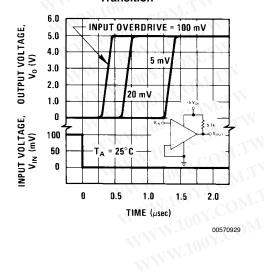
V+ - SUPPLY VOLTAGE (VDC)

10

0

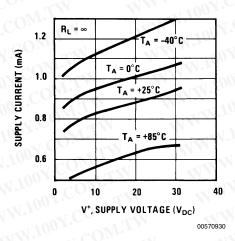


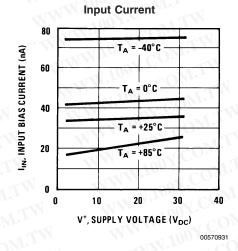
Response Time for Various Input Overdrives — Positive **Transition**

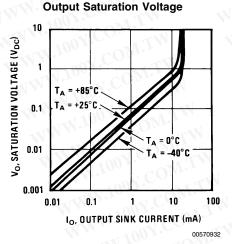


Typical Performance Characteristics

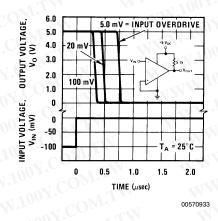
Supply Current



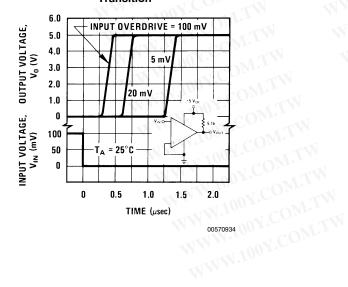




Response Time for Various Input Overdrives — Negative **Transition**



Response Time for Various Input Overdrives - Positive **Transition**



Application Hints

The LM193 series are high gain, wide bandwidth devices which, like most comparators, can easily oscillate if the output lead is inadvertently allowed to capacitively couple to the inputs via stray capacitance. This shows up only during the output voltage transition intervals as the comparator change states. Power supply bypassing is not required to solve this problem. Standard PC board layout is helpful as it reduces stray input-output coupling. Reducing the input resistors to < 10 k Ω reduces the feedback signal levels and finally, adding even a small amount (1.0 to 10 mV) of positive feedback (hysteresis) causes such a rapid transition that oscillations due to stray feedback are not possible. Simply socketing the IC and attaching resistors to the pins will cause input-output oscillations during the small transition intervals unless hysteresis is used. If the input signal is a pulse waveform, with relatively fast rise and fall times, hysteresis is not required.

All input pins of any unused comparators should be tied to the negative supply.

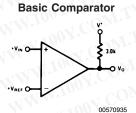
The bias network of the LM193 series establishes a drain current which is independent of the magnitude of the power supply voltage over the range of from 2.0 $V_{\rm DC}$ to 30 $V_{\rm DC}.$

It is usually unnecessary to use a bypass capacitor across the power supply line.

The differential input voltage may be larger than V $^+$ without damaging the device (Note 8). Protection should be provided to prevent the input voltages from going negative more than $-0.3~V_{\rm DC}$ (at 25°C). An input clamp diode can be used as shown in the applications section.

The output of the LM193 series is the uncommitted collector of a grounded-emitter NPN output transistor. Many collectors can be tied together to provide an output OR'ing function. An output pull-up resistor can be connected to any available power supply voltage within the permitted supply voltage range and there is no restriction on this voltage due to the magnitude of the voltage which is applied to the V+ terminal of the LM193 package. The output can also be used as a simple SPST switch to ground (when a pull-up resistor is not used). The amount of current which the output device can sink is limited by the drive available (which is independent of V^+) and the β of this device. When the maximum current limit is reached (approximately 16mA), the output transistor will come out of saturation and the output voltage will rise very rapidly. The output saturation voltage is limited by the approximately $60\Omega r_{SAT}$ of the output transistor. The low offset voltage of the output transistor (1.0mV) allows the output to clamp essentially to ground level for small load currents.

Typical Applications (V+=5.0 V_{DC})



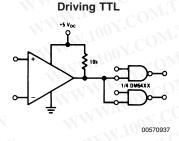
Driving CMOS

*5.0 Voc

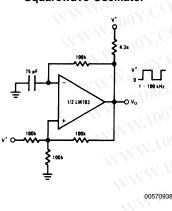
100k

100k

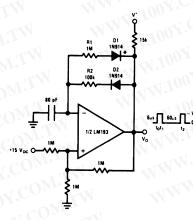
1/4 MM54CXX



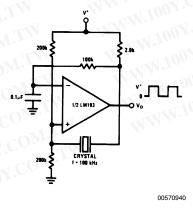
Squarewave Oscillator



Pulse Generator



Crystal Controlled Oscillator



* For large ratios of R1/R2, D1 can be omitted.

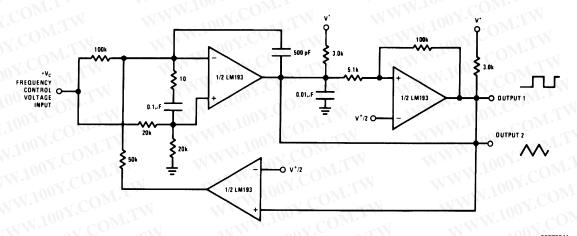
00570939

勝 特 力 材 料 886-3-5753170 胜特力电子(上海) 86-21-54151736 胜特力电子(深圳) 86-755-83298787

Http://www.100y.com.tw

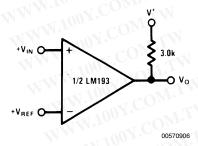
Typical Applications (V+=5.0 V_{DC}) (Continued)

Two-Decade High Frequency VCO

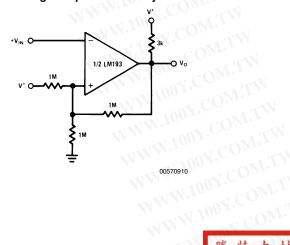


 $V^* = +30 \ V_{DC}$ $+250 \ mV_{DC} \le V_C \le +50 \ V_{DC}$ $700Hz \le f_0 \le 100kHz$

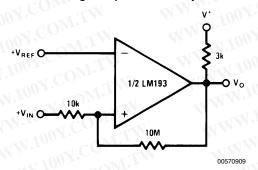
Basic Comparator



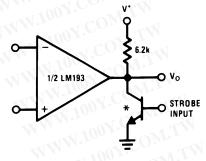
Inverting Comparator with Hysteresis



Non-Inverting Comparator with Hysteresis



Output Strobing



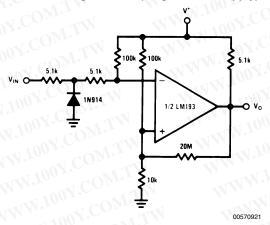
* OR LOGIC GATE
WITHOUT PULL-UP RESISTOR

00570911

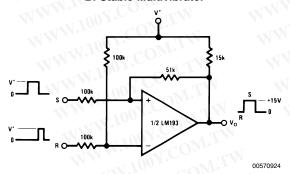
Typical Applications (V+=5.0 V_{DC}) (Continued) **AND Gate OR Gate §** 200k **₹** 39k +0.075V +0.375V 1/2 LM193 1/2 LM193 100k 100k 100k 00570913 Large Fan-in AND Gate **Limit Comparator** 1/2 LM193 1/2 LM193 **Comparing Input Voltages of Opposite Polarity ORing the Outputs** 100k **≸** 3.0k 1/2 LM193 1/2 LM193 00570917 力 材 料 886-3-5753170

Typical Applications (V+=5.0 V_{DC}) (Continued)

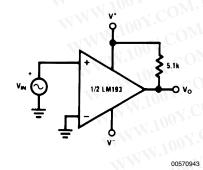
Zero Crossing Detector (Single Power Supply)



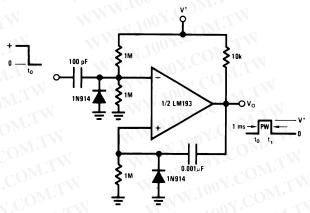
Bi-Stable Multivibrator



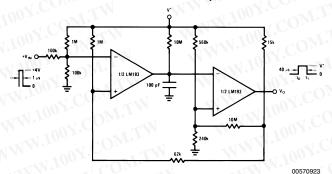
Zero Crossing Detector



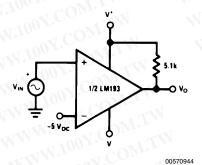
One-Shot Multivibrator



One-Shot Multivibrator with Input Lock Out



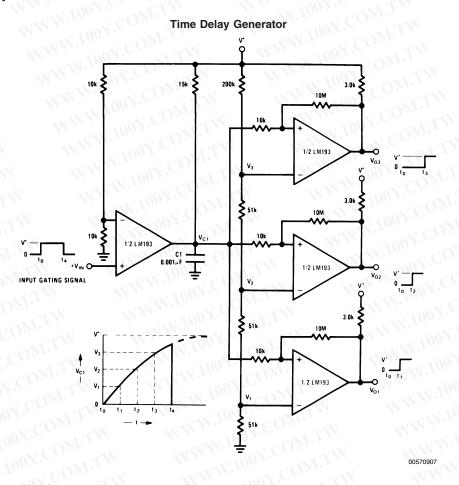
Comparator With a Negative Reference



勝 特 力 材 料 886-3-5753170 胜特力电子(上海) 86-21-54151736 胜特力电子(深圳) 86-755-83298787

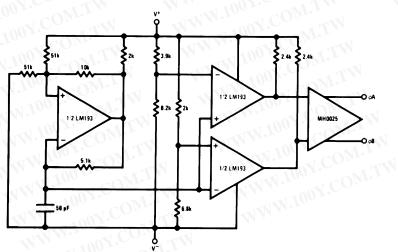
Http://www.100y.com.tw

Typical Applications (V+=5.0 V_{DC}) (Continued)



Split-Supply Applications $(V^+=+15\ V_{DC}\ and\ V^-=-15\ V_{DC})$

MOS Clock Driver

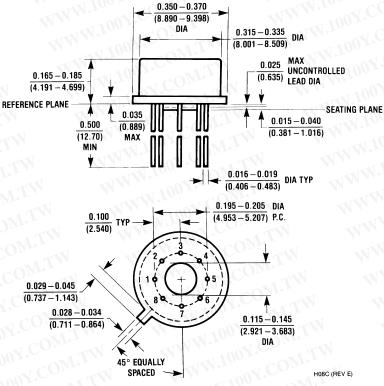


00570942

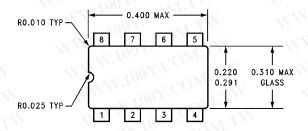
勝 特 力 材 料 886-3-5753170 胜特力电子(上海) 86-21-54151736 胜特力电子(深圳) 86-755-83298787

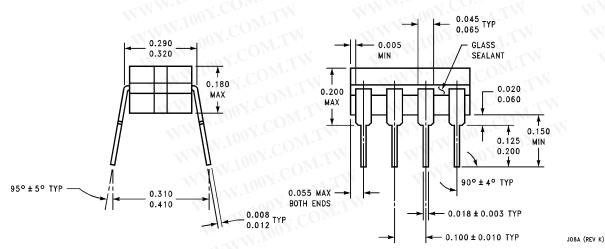
Http://www.100y.com.tw

Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted



Metal Can Package (H) NS Package Number H08C

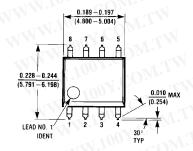




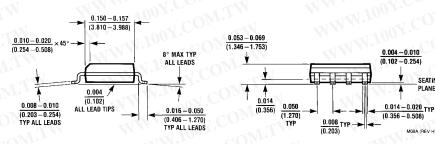
Ceramic Dual-In-Line Package NS Package Number J08A

Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)

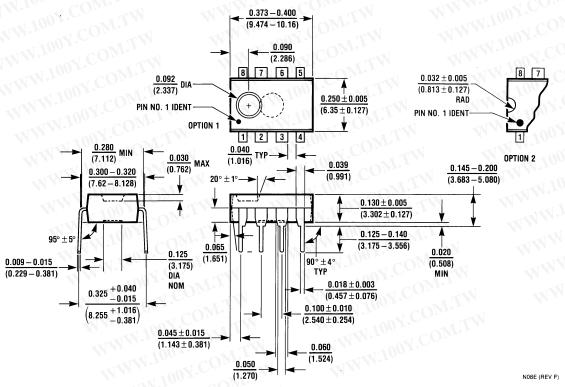
特力材料886-3-5753170 胜特力电子(上海) 86-21-54151736 胜特力电子(深圳) 86-755-83298787 Http://www.100y.com.tw



SEATING

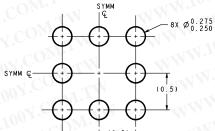


SOIC Package NS Package Number M08A



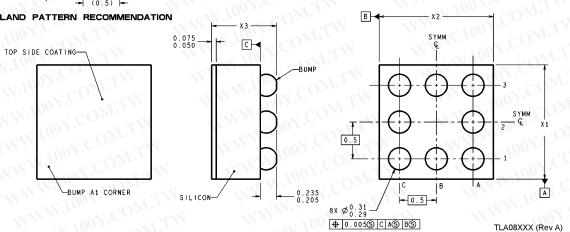
Molded Dual-In-Line Package (N) NS Package N08E

Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)



DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETER

勝 特 力 材 料 886-3-5753170 胜特力电子(上海) 86-21-54151736 胜特力电子(深圳) 86-755-83298787 Http://www.100y.com.tw



NOTE: UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

- 1. EPOXY COATING
- 2. 63Sn/37Pb EUTECTIC BUMP
- 3. RECOMMEND NON-SOLDER MASK DEFINED LANDING PAD
- 4. PIN A1 IS ESTABLISHED BY LOWER LEFT CORNER WITH RESPECT TO TEXT ORIENTATION REMAINING PINS ARE NUMBERED COUNTERCLOCKWISE.
- 5. XXX IN DRAWING NUMBER REPRESENTS PACKAGE SIZE VARIATION WHERE X_1 IS PACKAGE WIDTH, X_2 IS PACKAGE LENGTH AND X_3 IS PACKAGE HEIGHT.
- 6. REFERENCE JEDEC REGISTRATION MO-211, VARIATION BC.

8-Bump (12 mil) micro SMD Package NS Package TLA08AAA $X_1 = 1.514$ mm $X_2 = 1.514$ mm $X_3 = 0.600$ mm

LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

NATIONAL'S PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE PRESIDENT AND GENERAL COUNSEL OF NATIONAL SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION. As used herein:

- Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, and whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury to the user.
- A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.