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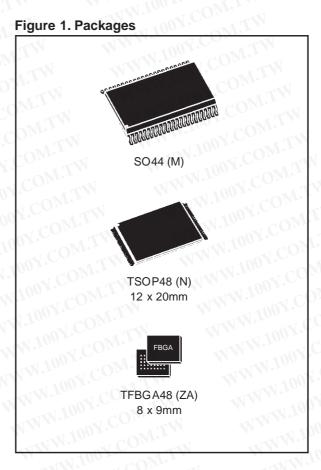
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## M29W160DT M29W160DB

### 16 Mbit (2Mb x8 or 1Mb x16, Boot Block) 3V Supply Flash Memory

### FEATURES SUMMARY

- SUPPLY VOLTAGE
  - V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.7V to 3.6V for Program, Erase and Read
- ACCESS TIME: 70, 90ns
- PROGRAMMING TIME
  - 10µs per Byte/Word typical
- 35 MEMORY BLOCKS
  - 1 Boot Block (Top or Bottom Location)
  - 2 Parameter and 32 Main Blocks
- PROGRAM/ERASE CONTROLLER
  - Embedded Byte/Word Program algorithms
- ERASE SUSPEND and RESUME MODES
   Read and Program another Block during Erase Suspend
- UNLOCK BYPASS PROGRAM COMMAND
  - Faster Production/Batch Programming
- TEMPORARY BLOCK UNPROTECTION MODE
- COMMON FLASH INTERFACE (only available for Temperature range 6: -40 to 85°C)
  - 64 bit Security Code
- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION
  - Standby and Automatic Standby
- 100,000 PROGRAM/ERASE CYCLES per BLOCK
- ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE
  - Manufacturer Code: 0020h
  - Top Device Code M29W160DT: 22C4h
  - Bottom Device Code M29W160DB: 2249h



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M29W160DT, M29W160DB	Http://www.100y.com.tw	
TABLE OF CONTENTS	W WWW.1002.COM.T	W.
SUMMARY DESCRIPTION	N	
Figure 2. Logic Diagram	100 - 100 Mar 100 - COM	5
Table 1. Signal Names		
Figure 3. SO Connections	بينا المهيهيا الأستنا التربي	6
Figure 4. TSOP Connections		
Figure 5. TFBGA Connections (Top view th		
Figure 6. Block Addresses (x8)		
Figure 7. Block Addresses (x16)		
SIGNAL DESCRIPTIONS		
Address Inputs (A0-A19).	<u>na kan na kana kan in</u>	
Data Inputs/Outputs (DQ0-DQ7)		
Data Inputs/Outputs (DQ8-DQ14).		
Data Input/Output or Address Input (DQ15,		
Chip Enable (E).		
Output Enable (G)		
Reset/Block Temporary Unprotect (RP)		
Ready/Busy Output (RB).		
Byte/Word Organization Select (BYTE)		
V <sub>CC</sub> Supply Voltage		
Vss Ground		
BUS OPERATIONS.	WWW.conconstruct	11
Bus Read		
Bus Write		
Output Disable		
Standby.		
Automatic Standby		
Special Bus Operations		
Block Protection and Blocks Unprotection.		
Table 2. Bus Operations, BYTE = $V_{IL}$		
Table 3. Bus Operations, BYTE = $V_{IH}$		
COMMAND INTERFACE		
Read/Reset Command	TN WWW. WOL	
Auto Select Command		
Program Command.	0	
Unlock Bypass Command		
Unlock Bypass Program Command		
Unlock Bypass Reset Command		
Chip Erase Command		
Erase Suspend Command		

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ONLTW W.10		WI29W TOOD 1, WI29W	
Read CFI Query Command			14
Table 4. Commands, 16-bit m	node, BYTE = V <sub>IH</sub>	100	15
	ode, BYTE = V <sub>IL</sub>		
	es and Program, Erase Endurance C		
STATUS REGISTER	100 Y.COM 171	N. 100 Y.COM 1931.	17
Data Polling Bit (DQ7)			17
	art		
Figure 9. Data Toggle Flowch	art		19
Table 8. Absolute Maximum F	Ratings		19
Table 9. Operating and AC M	easurement Conditions		20
	I/O Waveform		
	Load Circuit		
	ee		
	aveforms		
	ristics		
	ms, Write Enable Controlled		
	istics, Write Enable Controlled		
-	ms, Chip Enable Controlled.		
	istics, Chip Enable Controlled		
	orary Unprotect AC Waveforms		
	orary Unprotect AC Characteristics		
PACKAGE MECHANICAL			26
SO44 – 44 lead Plastic Smal	I Outline, 525 mils body width, Packa	ge Outline	26
SO44 – 44 lead Plastic Smal	I Outline, 525 mils body width, Packa	ige Mechanical Data	26
TSOP48 – 48 lead Plastic Th	in Small Outline, 12 x 20mm, Packa	ge Outline	27
TSOP48 – 48 lead Plastic Th	in Small Outline, 12 x 20mm, Packa	ge Mechanical Data	27
TFBGA48 8x9mm - 6x8 ball a	array, 0.80 mm pitch, Package Outlin	e	28
TFBGA48 8x9mm - 6x8 ball a	array, 0.80 mm pitch, Package Outlin	e	28
-	hain - Package Connections (Top vie	• • • • •	
	hain - PCB Connections (Top view th		
	Charles Com.		30
Table 17. Ordering Informatio	n Scheme		30

57

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Table 18. Daisy Chain Ordering Scheme	
REVISION HISTORY.	
Table 19. Document Revision History	
APPENDIX A. BLOCK ADDRESS TABLE	
Table 20. Top Boot Block Addresses, M29W160DT	
Table 21. Bottom Boot Block Addresses, M29W160DB	
APPENDIX B. COMMON FLASH INTERFACE (CFI)	
Table 22. Query Structure Overview	
Table 23. CFI Query Identification String	
Table 24. CFI Query System Interface Information.	
Table 25. Device Geometry Definition.	
Table 26. Primary Algorithm-Specific Extended Query Table	
Table 27. Security Code Area	

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### M29W160DT, M29W160DB

### SUMMARY DESCRIPTION

The M29W160D is a 16 Mbit (2Mb x8 or 1Mb x16) non-volatile memory that can be read, erased and reprogrammed. These operations can be performed using a single low voltage (2.7 to 3.6V) supply. On power-up the memory defaults to its Read mode where it can be read in the same way as a ROM or EPROM.

The memory is divided into blocks that can be erased independently so it is possible to preserve valid data while old data is erased. Each block can be protected independently to prevent accidental Program or Erase commands from modifying the memory. Program and Erase commands are written to the Command Interface of the memory. An on-chip Program/Erase Controller simplifies the process of programming or erasing the memory by taking care of all of the special operations that are required to update the memory contents.

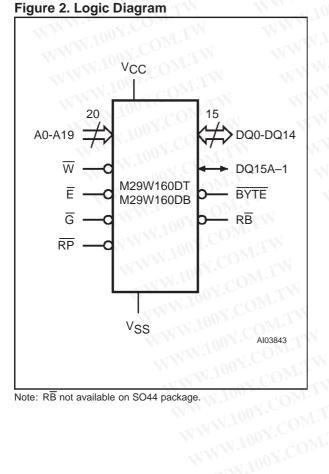
The end of a program or erase operation can be detected and any error conditions identified. The

command set required to control the memory is consistent with JEDEC standards.

The blocks in the memory are asymmetrically arranged, see Figures 6 and 7, Block Addresses. The first or last 64 Kbytes have been divided into four additional blocks. The 16 Kbyte Boot Block can be used for small initialization code to start the microprocessor, the two 8 Kbyte Parameter Blocks can be used for parameter storage and the remaining 32K is a small Main Block where the application may be stored.

Chip Enable, Output Enable and Write Enable signals control the bus operation of the memory. They allow simple connection to most microprocessors, often without additional logic.

The memory is offered in SO44, TSOP48 (12 x 20mm) and TFBGA48 (0.8mm pitch) packages. The memory is supplied with all the bits erased (set to '1').



#### **Table 1. Signal Names**

A0-A19	Address Inputs
DQ0-DQ7	Data Inputs/Outputs
DQ8-DQ14	Data Inputs/Outputs
DQ15A-1	Data Input/Output or Address Input
É.100 S.C	Chip Enable
G	Output Enable
W	Write Enable
RP	Reset/Block Temporary Unprotect
RB	Ready/Busy Output (not available on SO44 package)
BYTE	Byte/Word Organization Select
Vcc	Supply Voltage
Vss	Ground
NC	Not Connected Internally

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Figure 4. TSOP Connections

# M29W160DT, M29W160DB

#### 48 **A**16 A15 🗖 RP 🗖 1ΞW 44 BYTE A14 🗖 A18 🗖 43 ⊐ A19 2 A13 🗖 ⊐ Vss A17 🗖 3 **A**8 42 A12 🗖 **DQ15A-1** 4 **A**9 A7 🗖 41 DQ7 A11 🗖 5 40 A10 A6 🗖 DQ14 A10 🗖 A5 🗖 6 39 A11 DQ6 A9 🗖 7 A12 A4 🗖 38 DQ13 A8 🗖 A3 🗖 8 37 A13 DQ5 A19 🗖 A2 🗖 9 36 **A14** NC 🗖 DQ12 A15 A1 🗖 10 35 WE DQ4 11 M29W160DT 34 A16 A0 🗖 RP 🗖 12 M29W160DT 37 ⊐ Vcc 12 M29W160DB 33 BYTE E 🗖 13 M29W160DB 36 NC E DQ11 13 32 Vss 🗖 □ V<sub>SS</sub> NC E DQ3 DQ15A-1 14 31 GE RB 🗆 **DQ10** DQ0 E 15 30 DQ7 DQ2 A18 🗖 29 DQ14 DQ8 16 A17 🗖 DQ9 DQ6 DQ1 17 28 DQ1 A7 🗖 DQ13 27 DQ9 18 DQ8 A6 🗖 DQ5 DQ2 19 26 DQ0 A5 🗖 DQ10 20 25 **DQ**12 A4 🗖 ⊐Ē DQ3 🗖 DQ4 21 24 A3 🗖 ⊐ Vss DQ11 22 23 JVCC ΞĒ A2 🗖 AI03845 25 **A**0 A1 🗖 24 AI03844 WWW.100Y.COM.TW WWW.100Y.COM WWW.100Y.COM.T WWW.100 WWW.101 WWW.100

### **Figure 3. SO Connections**

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:0M.1 COM.TW 1 2 6 3 4 5 WWW.100Y.COM.TW A WWW.Joy.COM.TW A9 A13 A7 RB  $\overline{\mathsf{W}}$ A3 WWW 100Y.COM.TW A12 RP NC A8 100Y.COM.T WWW.100Y.COM.TW A10 A6 A18 NC A14 W.100Y.COM WW.100Y.COM.T NC A15 A5 A19 A11 A1 WW.100Y.CO WWW.100X.CE DQ0 DQ2 DQ5 DQ7 A0 A16 WWW.100Y.C WWW.100Y.COM WWW.100% BYTE Ē DQ10 DQ12 DQ14 DQ8 WWW.100Y.C WWW.100Y.CON WWW.100Y.COM.TW G G DQ15 G DQ9 DQ11 Vcc DQ13 A-1 WWW.1005 MMMH00 985P WWW.100Y.9 DQ1 DQ3 DQ4 DQ6 VSS . Vss N.100X.CO WW.100X.CI L.COM.TW COM.TW AI02985B

WWW.100Y.COM

WWW.100Y.COM.TW

WWW.

W.100Y.COM.TW NW.100Y.CO Figure 5. TFBGA Connections (Top view through package)

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WWW.I

WWW.10

V.100Y.COM.TW

WWW.100

WWV

DM.TW

OM.TW

Y.COM.TW

WW.100 COM.TW

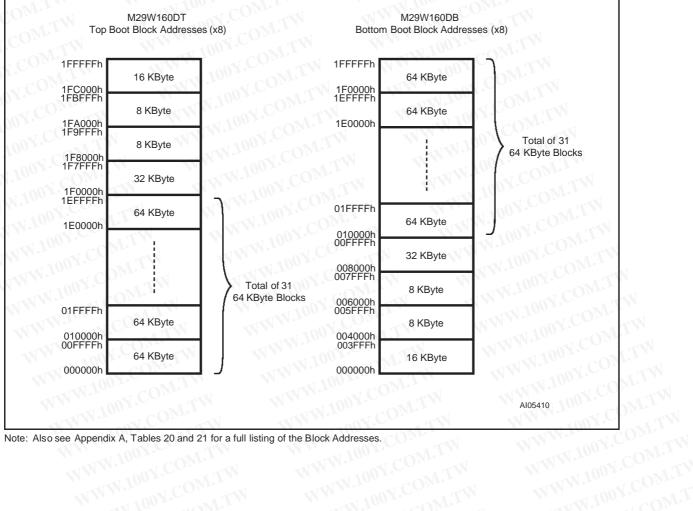
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Figure 6. Block Addresses (x8)



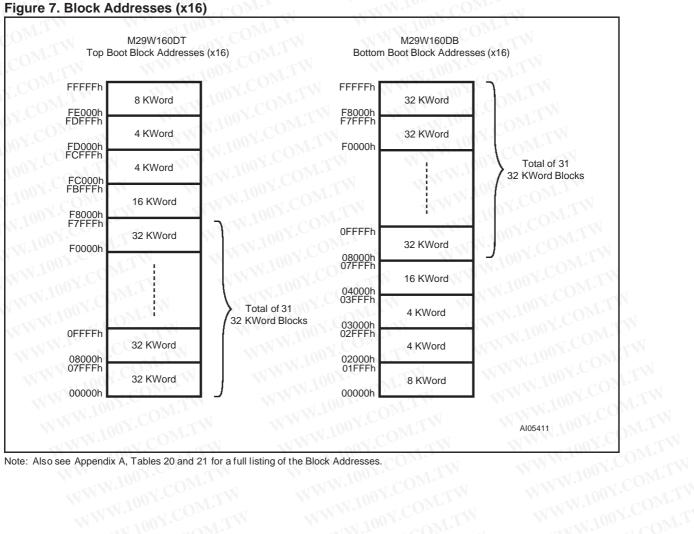
WWW.100Y.COM.TW Note: Also see Appendix A, Tables 20 and 21 for a full listing of the Block Addresses.

57

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57

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### M29W160DT, M29W160DB

### SIGNAL DESCRIPTIONS

See Figure 2, Logic Diagram, and Table 1, Signal Names, for a brief overview of the signals connected to this device.

Address Inputs (A0-A19). The Address Inputs select the cells in the memory array to access during Bus Read operations. During Bus Write operations they control the commands sent to the Command Interface of the internal state machine.

**Data Inputs/Outputs (DQ0-DQ7).** The Data Inputs/Outputs output the data stored at the selected address during a Bus Read operation. During Bus Write operations they represent the commands sent to the Command Interface of the internal state machine.

**Data Inputs/Outputs (DQ8-DQ14).** The Data Inputs/Outputs output the data stored at the selected address during a Bus Read operation when BYTE is High,  $V_{IH}$ . When BYTE is Low,  $V_{IL}$ , these pins are not used and are high impedance. During Bus Write operations the Command Register does not use these bits. When reading the Status Register these bits should be ignored.

### Data Input/Output or Address Input (DQ15A-1).

When  $\overrightarrow{BYTE}$  is High, V<sub>IH</sub>, this pin behaves as a <u>Data</u> Input/Output pin (as DQ8-DQ14). When BYTE is Low, V<sub>IL</sub>, this pin behaves as an address pin; DQ15A–1 Low will select the LSB of the Word on the other addresses, DQ15A–1 High will select the MSB. Throughout the text consider references to the Data Input/Output to include this pin when BYTE is High and references to the Address Inputs to include this pin when BYTE is Low except when stated explicitly otherwise.

**Chip Enable (E).** The Chip Enable,  $\overline{E}$ , activates the memory, allowing Bus Read and Bus Write operations to be performed. When Chip Enable is High, V<sub>IH</sub>, all other pins are ignored.

**Output Enable** ( $\overline{G}$ ). The Output Enable,  $\overline{G}$ , controls the Bus Read operation of the memory.

Write Enable ( $\overline{W}$ ). The Write Enable,  $\overline{W}$ , controls the Bus Write operation of the memory's Command Interface.

**Reset/Block Temporary Unprotect (RP).** The Reset/Block Temporary Unprotect pin can be used to apply a Hardware Reset to the memory or to temporarily unprotect all Blocks that have been protected.

A Hardware Reset is achieved by holding Reset/ Block Temporary Unprotect Low,  $V_{IL}$ , for at least  $t_{PLPX}$ . After Reset/Block Temporary Unprotect goes High,  $V_{IH}$ , the memory will be ready for Bus Read and Bus Write operations after  $t_{PHEL}$  or  $t_{RHEL}$ , whichever occurs last. See the Ready/Busy Output section, Table 15 and Figure 15, Reset/ Temporary Unprotect AC Characteristics for more details.

Holding  $\overline{RP}$  at V<sub>ID</sub> will temporarily unprotect the protected Blocks in the memory. Program and Erase operations on all blocks will be possible. The transition from V<sub>IH</sub> to V<sub>ID</sub> must be slower than t<sub>PHPHH</sub>.

**Ready/Busy Output (RB).** The Ready/Busy pin is an open-drain output that can be used to identify when the device is performing a Program or Erase operation. During Program or Erase operations Ready/Busy is Low, V<sub>OL</sub>. Ready/Busy is high-impedance during Read mode, Auto Select mode and Erase Suspend mode.

After a Hardware Reset, Bus Read and Bus Write operations cannot begin until Ready/Busy becomes high-impedance. See Table 15 and Figure 15, Reset/Temporary Unprotect AC Characteristics.

The use of an open-drain output allows the Ready/ Busy pins from several memories to be connected to a single pull-up resistor. A Low will then indicate that one, or more, of the memories is busy.

**Byte/Word Organization Select (BYTE).** The Byte/Word Organization Select pin is used to switch between the 8-bit and 16-bit Bus modes of the memory. When Byte/Word Organization Select is Low,  $V_{IL}$ , the memory is in 8-bit mode, when it is High,  $V_{IH}$ , the memory is in 16-bit mode.

 $V_{CC}$  Supply Voltage. The  $V_{CC}$  Supply Voltage supplies the power for all operations (Read, Program, Erase etc.).

The Command Interface is disabled when the V<sub>CC</sub> Supply Voltage is less than the Lockout Voltage, V<sub>LKO</sub>. This prevents Bus Write operations from accidentally damaging the data during power up, power down and power surges. If the Program/Erase Controller is programming or erasing during this time then the operation aborts and the memory contents being altered will be invalid.

A 0.1 $\mu$ F capacitor should be connected between the V<sub>CC</sub> Supply Voltage pin and the V<sub>SS</sub> Ground pin to decouple the current surges from the power supply. The PCB track widths must be sufficient to carry the currents required during program and erase operations, I<sub>CC3</sub>.

**Vss Ground.** The V<sub>SS</sub> Ground is the reference for all voltage measurements.



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### **BUS OPERATIONS**

There are five standard bus operations that control the device. These are Bus Read, Bus Write, Output Disable, Standby and Automatic Standby. See Tables 2 and 3, Bus Operations, for a summary. Typically glitches of less than 5ns on Chip Enable or Write Enable are ignored by the memory and do not affect bus operations.

Bus Read. Bus Read operations read from the memory cells, or specific registers in the Command Interface. A valid Bus Read operation involves setting the desired address on the Address Inputs, applying a Low signal, VIL, to Chip Enable and Output Enable and keeping Write Enable High, VIH. The Data Inputs/Outputs will output the value, see Figure 12, Read Mode AC Waveforms, and Table 12, Read AC Characteristics, for details of when the output becomes valid.

Bus Write. Bus Write operations write to the Command Interface. A valid Bus Write operation begins by setting the desired address on the Address Inputs. The Address Inputs are latched by the Command Interface on the falling edge of Chip Enable or Write Enable, whichever occurs last. The Data Inputs/Outputs are latched by the Command Interface on the rising edge of Chip Enable or Write Enable, whichever occurs first. Output Enable must remain High, VIH, during the whole Bus Write operation. See Figures 13 and 14, Write AC Waveforms, and Tables 13 and 14, Write AC Characteristics, for details of the timing requirements.

Output Disable. The Data Inputs/Outputs are in the high impedance state when Output Enable is High, VIH.

Standby. When Chip Enable is High, VIH, the memory enters Standby mode and the Data Inputs/Outputs pins are placed in the high-impedance state. To reduce the Supply Current to the Standby Supply Current, ICC2, Chip Enable should be held within  $V_{CC} \pm 0.2V$ . For the Standby current level see Table 11, DC Characteristics.

During program or erase operations the memory will continue to use the Program/Erase Supply Current, ICC3, for Program or Erase operations until the operation completes.

Automatic Standby. If CMOS levels ( $V_{CC} \pm 0.2V$ ) are used to drive the bus and the bus is inactive for 150ns or more the memory enters Automatic Standby where the internal Supply Current is reduced to the Standby Supply Current, I<sub>CC2</sub>. The Data Inputs/Outputs will still output data if a Bus Read operation is in progress.

Special Bus Operations. Additional bus operations can be performed to read the Electronic Signature and also to apply and remove Block Protection. These bus operations are intended for use by programming equipment and are not usually used in applications. They require VID to be applied to some pins.

Electronic Signature. The memory has two codes, the manufacturer code and the device code, that can be read to identify the memory. These codes can be read by applying the signals listed in Tables 2 and 3, Bus Operations.

**Block Protection and Blocks Unprotection.** Each block can be separately protected against accidental Program or Erase. Protected blocks can be unprotected to allow data to be changed.

There are two methods available for protecting and unprotecting the blocks, one for use on programming equipment and the other for in-system use. Block Protect and Blocks Unprotect operations are described in Appendix C.

Operation	N.E.	G	w	Address Inputs	Address Inputs Data Inp	
Operation	WW.		ON	DQ15A–1, A0-A19	DQ14-DQ8	DQ7-DQ0
Bus Read	VIL	VIL	Ин	Cell Address	Hi-Z	Data Output
Bus Write	V <sub>IL</sub>	VIH	VIL	Command Address	Hi-Z	Data Input
Output Disable	Х	ViH	Vih	X	Hi-Z	Hi-Z
Standby	VIH	X	X	X	Hi-Z	Hi-Z
Read Manufacturer Code	VIL	VIL	VIH	$\label{eq:A0} \begin{array}{l} A0 = V_{IL}, \ A1 = V_{IL}, \ A9 = V_{ID}, \\ Others \ V_{IL} \ or \ V_{IH} \end{array}$	Hi-Z	20h
Read Device Code	VIL	VIL	VIH	$A0 = V_{IH}, A1 = V_{IL}, A9 = V_{ID},$ Others V <sub>IL</sub> or V <sub>IH</sub>	Hi-Z	C4h (M29W160DT) 49h (M29W160DB)

Table 2. Bus Operations, BYTE = VIL

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Operation	Ē	G	W	Address Inputs A0-A19	Data Inputs/Outputs DQ15A-1, DQ14-DQ0
Bus Read	VIL	VIL	VIH	Cell Address	Data Output
Bus Write	VIL	VIH	VIL	Command Address	Data Input
Output Disable	X <	VIH	VIH	X	Hi-Z
Standby	VIH	X	X	X	Hi-Z
Read Manufacturer Code	VIL	VIL	VIH		0020h
Read Device Code	VIL	VIL	ViH	$\label{eq:A0} \begin{array}{l} A0 = V_{IH}, \ A1 = V_{IL}, \ A9 = V_{ID}, \\ Others \ V_{IL} \ or \ V_{IH} \end{array}$	22C4h (M29W160DT) 2249h (M29W160DB)

### Table 3. Bus Operations, BYTE = VIH

Note: X = VIL or VIH.

### **COMMAND INTERFACE**

All Bus Write operations to the memory are interpreted by the Command Interface. Commands consist of one or more sequential Bus Write operations. Failure to observe a valid sequence of Bus Write operations will result in the memory returning to Read mode. The long command sequences are imposed to maximize data security.

The address used for the commands changes depending on whether the memory is in 16-bit or 8bit mode. See either Table 4, or 5, depending on the configuration that is being used, for a summary of the commands.

Read/Reset Command. The Read/Reset command returns the memory to its Read mode where it behaves like a ROM or EPROM, unless otherwise stated. It also resets the errors in the Status Register. Either one or three Bus Write operations can be used to issue the Read/Reset command.

The Read/Reset Command can be issued, between Bus Write cycles before the start of a program or erase operation, to return the device to read mode. Once the program or erase operation has started the Read/Reset command is no longer accepted. The Read/Reset command will not abort an Erase operation when issued while in Erase Suspend.

Auto Select Command. The Auto Select command is used to read the Manufacturer Code, the Device Code and the Block Protection Status. Three consecutive Bus Write operations are required to issue the Auto Select command. Once the Auto Select command is issued the memory remains in Auto Select mode until a Read/Reset command is issued. Read CFI Query and Read/ Reset commands are accepted in Auto Select mode, all other commands are ignored.

From the Auto Select mode the Manufacturer Code can be read using a Bus Read operation with  $A0 = V_{IL}$  and  $A1 = V_{IL}$ . The other address bits may be set to either VIL or VIH. The Manufacturer Code for STMicroelectronics is 0020h.

The Device Code can be read using a Bus Read operation with  $A0 = V_{IH}$  and  $A1 = V_{IL}$ . The other address bits may be set to either VIL or VIH. The Device Code for the M29W160DT is 22C4h and for the M29W160DB is 2249h.

The Block Protection Status of each block can be read using a Bus Read operation with  $A0 = V_{II}$ ,  $A1 = V_{IH}$ , and A12-A19 specifying the address of the block. The other address bits may be set to either VII or VIH. If the addressed block is protected then 01h is output on Data Inputs/Outputs DQ0-DQ7, otherwise 00h is output.

Program Command. The Program command can be used to program a value to one address in the memory array at a time. The command requires four Bus Write operations, the final write operation latches the address and data in the internal state machine and starts the Program/Erase Controller.

If the address falls in a protected block then the Program command is ignored, the data remains unchanged. The Status Register is never read and no error condition is given.

During the program operation the memory will ignore all commands. It is not possible to issue any command to abort or pause the operation. Typical program times are given in Table 6. Bus Read operations during the program operation will output the Status Register on the Data Inputs/Outputs. See the section on the Status Register for more details



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After the program operation has completed the memory will return to the Read mode, unless an error has occurred. When an error occurs the memory will continue to output the Status Register. A Read/Reset command must be issued to reset the error condition and return to Read mode.

Note that the Program command cannot change a bit set at '0' back to '1'. One of the Erase Commands must be used to set all the bits in a block or in the whole memory from '0' to '1'.

**Unlock Bypass Command.** The Unlock Bypass command is used in conjunction with the Unlock Bypass Program command to program the memory. When the access time to the device is long (as with some EPROM programmers) considerable time saving can be made by using these commands. Three Bus Write operations are required to issue the Unlock Bypass command.

Once the Unlock Bypass command has been issued the memory will only accept the Unlock Bypass Program command and the Unlock Bypass Reset command. The memory can be read as if in Read mode.

Unlock Bypass Program Command. The Unlock Bypass Program command can be used to program one address in memory at a time. The command requires two Bus Write operations, the final write operation latches the address and data in the internal state machine and starts the Program/Erase Controller.

The Program operation using the Unlock Bypass Program command behaves identically to the Program operation using the Program command. A protected block cannot be programmed; the operation cannot be aborted and the Status Register is read. Errors must be reset using the Read/Reset command, which leaves the device in Unlock Bypass Mode. See the Program command for details on the behavior.

Unlock Bypass Reset Command. The Unlock Bypass Reset command can be used to return to Read/Reset mode from Unlock Bypass Mode. Two Bus Write operations are required to issue the Unlock Bypass Reset command. Read/Reset command does not exit from Unlock Bypass Mode.

**Chip Erase Command.** The Chip Erase command can be used to erase the entire chip. Six Bus Write operations are required to issue the Chip Erase Command and start the Program/Erase Controller.

If any blocks are protected then these are ignored and all the other blocks are erased. If all of the blocks are protected the Chip Erase operation appears to start but will terminate within about 100µs, leaving the data unchanged. No error condition is given when protected blocks are ignored. During the erase operation the memory will ignore all commands. It is not possible to issue any command to abort the operation. Typical chip erase times are given in Table 6. All Bus Read operations during the Chip Erase operation will output the Status Register on the Data Inputs/Outputs. See the section on the Status Register for more details.

After the Chip Erase operation has completed the memory will return to the Read Mode, unless an error has occurred. When an error occurs the memory will continue to output the Status Register. A Read/Reset command must be issued to reset the error condition and return to Read Mode.

The Chip Erase Command sets all of the bits in unprotected blocks of the memory to '1'. All previous data is lost.

Block Erase Command. The Block Erase command can be used to erase a list of one or more blocks. Six Bus Write operations are required to select the first block in the list. Each additional block in the list can be selected by repeating the sixth Bus Write operation using the address of the additional block. The Block Erase operation starts the Program/Erase Controller about 50µs after the last Bus Write operation. Once the Program/Erase Controller starts it is not possible to select any more blocks. Each additional block must therefore be selected within 50µs of the last block. The 50µs timer restarts when an additional block is selected. The Status Register can be read after the sixth Bus Write operation. See the Status Register section for details on how to identify if the Program/ Erase Controller has started the Block Erase operation.

If any selected blocks are protected then these are ignored and all the other selected blocks are erased. If all of the selected blocks are protected the Block Erase operation appears to start but will terminate within about  $100\mu$ s, leaving the data unchanged. No error condition is given when protected blocks are ignored.

During the Block Erase operation the memory will ignore all commands except the Erase Suspend and Read/Reset commands. Typical block erase times are given in Table 6. All Bus Read operations during the Block Erase operation will output the Status Register on the Data Inputs/Outputs. See the section on the Status Register for more details.

After the Block Erase operation has completed the memory will return to the Read Mode, unless an error has occurred. When an error occurs the memory will continue to output the Status Register. A Read/Reset command must be issued to reset the error condition and return to Read mode.

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# <u>M29W160DT, M29W160DB</u>

The Block Erase Command sets all of the bits in the unprotected selected blocks to '1'. All previous data in the selected blocks is lost.

**Erase Suspend Command.** The Erase Suspend Command may be used to temporarily suspend a Block Erase operation and return the memory to Read mode. The command requires one Bus Write operation.

The Program/Erase Controller will suspend within 15µs of the Erase Suspend Command being issued. Once the Program/Erase Controller has stopped the memory will be set to Read mode and the Erase will be suspended. If the Erase Suspend command is issued during the period when the memory is waiting for an additional block (before the Program/Erase Controller starts) then the Erase is suspended immediately and will start immediately when the Erase Resume Command is issued. It is not possible to select any further blocks to erase after the Erase Resume.

During Erase Suspend it is possible to Read and Program cells in blocks that are not being erased; both Read and Program operations behave as normal on these blocks. If any attempt is made to program in a protected block or in the suspended block then the Program command is ignored and the data remains unchanged. The Status Register is not read and no error condition is given. Reading from blocks that are being erased will output the Status Register. It is also possible to issue the Auto Select, Read CFI Query and Unlock Bypass commands during an Erase Suspend. The Read/Reset command must be issued to return the device to Read Array mode before the Resume command will be accepted.

**Erase Resume Command.** The Erase Resume command must be used to restart the Program/ Erase Controller from Erase Suspend. An erase can be suspended and resumed more than once.

**Read CFI Query Command.** The Read CFI Query Command is used to read data from the Common Flash Interface (CFI) Memory Area. This command is valid when the device is in the Read Array mode, or when the device is in Autoselected mode.

One Bus Write cycle is required to issue the Read CFI Query Command. Once the command is issued subsequent Bus Read operations read from the Common Flash Interface Memory Area.

The Read/Reset command must be issued to return the device to the previous mode (the Read Array mode or Autoselected mode). A second Read/ Reset command would be needed if the device is to be put in the Read Array mode from Autoselected mode.

See Appendix B, Tables 22, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 27 for details on the information contained in the Common Flash Interface (CFI) memory area.

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14/42

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I TIMO		W.10	01	·MO.		Bus	Write	Operat	ions	.0M.			
Command	Length	1st		2nd		3	3rd		4th		5th		th
	Ľ,	Addr	Data	Addr	Data	Addr	Data	Addr	Data	Addr	Data	Addr	Data
Read/Reset	1	Х	F0		M.T	N	N		1.100		M.T		
Read/Reset	3	555	AA	2AA	55	Х	F0		N.10	J	OM.		
Auto Select	3	555	AA	2AA	55	555	90	Mr.	.W.1	01.	Mon	LA	
Program	4	555	AA	2AA	55	555	A0	PA	PD	100X.		NT.	
Unlock Bypass	3	555	AA	2AA	55	555	20	1	NV T	1005		N.TV	
Unlock Bypass Program	2	x	A0	PA	PD	DM.T	N		WIN.	N.100	9.00 N.C	T.MO	N N
Unlock Bypass Reset	2	Х	90	X	00	ON.	- N		V	W.10		ON.	
Chip Erase	6	555	AA	2AA	55	555	80	555	AA	2AA	55	555	10
Block Erase	6+	555	AA	2AA	55	555	80	555	AA	2AA	55	BA	30
Erase Suspend	1	Х	B0		1.100		MT			- TAN	1.700		W.
Erase Resume	1.	Х	30	N.	W.10	N.C.	oM.				W.10		OM
Read CFI Query	1	55	98	MA	1	01.0	Mo	IN		N.	N.I	001.	10-

## W.100X.COM.T Table 4. Commands, 16-bit mode, BYTE = VIH

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Note: X Don't Care, PA Program Address, PD Program Data, BA Any address in the Block.

All values in the table are in hexadecimal.

The Command Interface only uses A-1, A0-A10 and DQ0-DQ7 to verify the commands; A11-A19, DQ8-DQ14 and DQ15 are Don't Care. DQ15A-1 is A-1 when BYTE is VIL or DQ15 when BYTE is VIH.

Read/Reset. After a Read/Reset command, read the memory as normal until another command is issued.

Auto Select. After an Auto Select command, read Manufacturer ID, Device ID or Block Protection Status.

Program, Unlock Bypass Program, Chip Erase, Block Erase. After these commands read the Status Register until the Program/ Erase Controller completes and the memory returns to Read Mode. Add additional Blocks during Block Erase Command with additional Bus Write Operations until Timeout Bit is set.

Unlock Bypass. After the Unlock Bypass command issue Unlock Bypass Program or Unlock Bypass Reset commands.

Unlock Bypass Reset. After the Unlock Bypass Reset command read the memory as normal until another command is issued. Erase Resume. After the Erase Resume command the suspended Erase operation resumes, read the Status Register until the Pro-gram/Erase Controller completes and the memory returns to Read Mode. CFI Query. Command is valid when device is ready to read entertiant.

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57

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OM.TV		W.10				Bus	Write	Operat	ions					
Command	Length	1st 2nd 3rd		4th		5th		6th						
	Ĕ	Addr	Data	Addr	Data	Addr	Data	Addr	Data	Addr	Data	Addr	Data	
Dead/Deast	1	Х	F0		M.T	N	N		1.100		W.L			
Read/Reset	3	AAA	AA	555	55	Х	F0		N.10	N.~	OM.			
Auto Select	3	AAA	AA	555	55	AAA	90	Mr.	.W.1	01.	Mor	LA		
Program	4	AAA	AA	555	55	AAA	A0	PA	PD	100X.		T.I.		
Unlock Bypass	3	AAA	AA	555	55	AAA	20	1	11	1001		N.TV		
Unlock Bypass Program	2	x	A0	PA	PD	DM.T			W IN	N.100	4.00 	DM.T	N N	
Unlock Bypass Reset	2	Х	90	X	00	ON.			V	W.10		OM.		
Chip Erase	6	AAA	AA	555	55	AAA	80	AAA	AA	555	55	AAA	10	
Block Erase	6+	AAA	AA	555	55	AAA	80	AAA	AA	555	55	BA	30	
Erase Suspend	1	х	B0		N.100		N.T				1.100		W.	
Erase Resume	1	Х	30		N.10	N.C	oM.	N			W.10		Мо	
Read CFI Query	1	AA	98	MA		10X.C	Mo	IN		1110	1.1	001.	10-	

### Table 5. Commands, 8-bit mode, BYTE = VIL

Note: X Don't Care, PA Program Address, PD Program Data, BA Any address in the Block.

All values in the table are in hexadecimal.

The Command Interface only uses A-1, A0-A10 and DQ0-DQ7 to verify the commands; A11-A19, DQ8-DQ14 and DQ15 are Don't Care. DQ15A-1 is A-1 when BYTE is VIL or DQ15 when BYTE is VIH.

Read/Reset. After a Read/Reset command, read the memory as normal until another command is issued.

Auto Select. After an Auto Select command, read Manufacturer ID, Device ID or Block Protection Status.

Program, Unlock Bypass Program, Chip Erase, Block Erase. After these commands read the Status Register until the Program/ Erase Controller completes and the memory returns to Read Mode. Add additional Blocks during Block Erase Command with additional Bus Write Operations until Timeout Bit is set.

Unlock Bypass. After the Unlock Bypass command issue Unlock Bypass Program or Unlock Bypass Reset commands.

Unlock Bypass Reset. After the Unlock Bypass Reset command read the memory as normal until another command is issued. Erase Resume. After the Erase Resume command the suspended Erase operation resumes, read the Status Register until the Pro-gram/Erase Controller completes and the memory returns to Read Mode. CFI Query. Command is valid when device is ready to read entertiant.

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16/42

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### M29W160DT, M29W160DB

### Table 6. Program, Erase Times and Program, Erase Endurance Cycles

Parameter	Min	Typ <sup>(1)</sup>	Typical after 100k W/E Cycles <sup>(1)</sup>	Max	Unit
Chip Erase	WIM	29 🚿	34	120	s
Block Erase (64 Kbytes)	MIN	0.8	NW 100X.00	6	s
Program (Byte or Word)	COMT	13	14	200	μs
Chip Program (Byte by Byte)	4.COm	26	28	120	s
Chip Program (Word by Word)	N.Com.	13	14 00.0	60	s
Program/Erase Cycles (per Block)	100,000	W	WWW.	CONT	cycles

### STATUS REGISTER

Bus Read operations from any address always read the Status Register during Program and Erase operations. It is also read during Erase Suspend when an address within a block being erased is accessed.

The bits in the Status Register are summarized in Table 7, Status Register Bits.

Data Polling Bit (DQ7). The Data Polling Bit can be used to identify whether the Program/Erase Controller has successfully completed its operation or if it has responded to an Erase Suspend. The Data Polling Bit is output on DQ7 when the Status Register is read.

During Program operations the Data Polling Bit outputs the complement of the bit being programmed to DQ7. After successful completion of the Program operation the memory returns to Read mode and Bus Read operations from the address just programmed output DQ7, not its complement.

During Erase operations the Data Polling Bit outputs '0', the complement of the erased state of DQ7. After successful completion of the Erase operation the memory returns to Read Mode.

In Erase Suspend mode the Data Polling Bit will output a '1' during a Bus Read operation within a block being erased. The Data Polling Bit will change from a '0' to a '1' when the Program/Erase Controller has suspended the Erase operation.

Figure 8, Data Polling Flowchart, gives an example of how to use the Data Polling Bit. A Valid Address is the address being programmed or an address within the block being erased.

**Toggle Bit (DQ6).** The Toggle Bit can be used to identify whether the Program/Erase Controller has successfully completed its operation or if it has responded to an Erase Suspend. The Toggle Bit is output on DQ6 when the Status Register is read.

During Program and Erase operations the Toggle Bit changes from '0' to '1' to '0', etc., with successive Bus Read operations at any address. After successful completion of the operation the memory returns to Read mode.

During Erase Suspend mode the Toggle Bit will output when addressing a cell within a block being erased. The Toggle Bit will stop toggling when the Program/Erase Controller has suspended the Erase operation.

If any attempt is made to erase a protected block, the operation is aborted, no error is signalled and DQ6 toggles for approximately 100µs. If any attempt is made to program a protected block or a suspended block, the operation is aborted, no error is signalled and DQ6 toggles for approximately 1μs.

Figure 9, Data Toggle Flowchart, gives an example of how to use the Data Toggle Bit.

Error Bit (DQ5). The Error Bit can be used to identify errors detected by the Program/Erase Controller. The Error Bit is set to '1' when a Program, Block Erase or Chip Erase operation fails to write the correct data to the memory. If the Error Bit is set a Read/Reset command must be issued before other commands are issued. The Error bit is output on DQ5 when the Status Register is read.

Note that the Program command cannot change a bit set to '0' back to '1' and attempting to do so will set DQ5 to '1'. A Bus Read operation to that address will show the bit is still '0'. One of the Erase commands must be used to set all the bits in a block or in the whole memory from '0' to '1'

Erase Timer Bit (DQ3). The Erase Timer Bit can be used to identify the start of Program/Erase Controller operation during a Block Erase command. Once the Program/Erase Controller starts erasing the Erase Timer Bit is set to '1'. Before the Program/Erase Controller starts the Erase Timer

67/



## V.100Y.COM.TW M29W160DT, M29W160DB

Bit is set to '0' and additional blocks to be erased may be written to the Command Interface. The Erase Timer Bit is output on DQ3 when the Status Register is read.

Alternative Toggle Bit (DQ2). The Alternative Erase controller during Erase operations. The Al-ternative Toggle Bit is output on DOC Status Register is read.

> During Chip Erase and Block Erase operations the Toggle Bit changes from '0' to '1' to '0', etc., with successive Bus Read operations from addresses within the blocks being erased. A protected block is treated the same as a block not being erased. Once the operation completes the memory returns to Read mode.

During Erase Suspend the Alternative Toggle Bit changes from '0' to '1' to '0', etc. with successive Bus Read operations from addresses within the blocks being erased. Bus Read operations to addresses within blocks not being erased will output the memory cell data as if in Read mode.

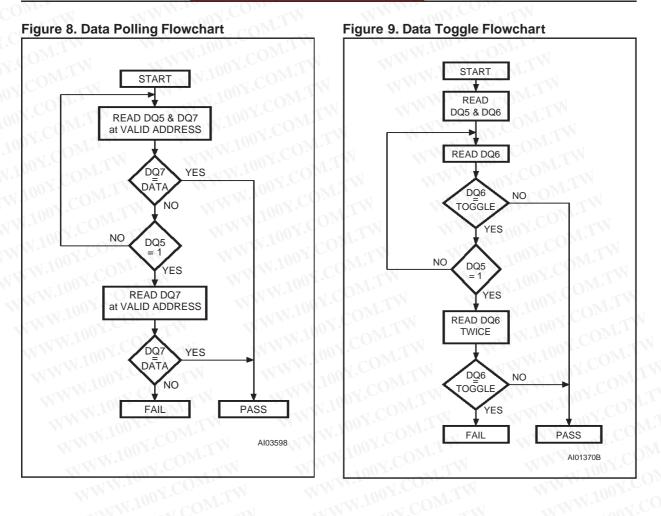
After an Erase operation that causes the Error Bit to be set the Alternative Toggle Bit can be used to identify which block or blocks have caused the error. The Alternative Toggle Bit changes from '0' to '1' to '0', etc. with successive Bus Read Operations from addresses within blocks that have not erased correctly. The Alternative Toggle Bit does not change if the addressed block has erased correctly.

Operation	Address	DQ7	DQ6	DQ5	DQ3	DQ2	RB
Program	Any Address	DQ7	Toggle	0	<u>N</u>	W.1001.	0
Program During Erase Suspend	Any Address	DQ7	Toggle	0		WW.100X.	0
Program Error	Any Address	DQ7	Toggle	1		WW.	0
Chip Erase	Any Address	0	Toggle	0	1	Toggle	0
Block Erase before timeout	Erasing Block	0	Toggle	0	0	Toggle	0
	Non-Erasing Block	0	Toggle	0	0	No Toggle	0
Diask France 11.100	Erasing Block	0	Toggle	0 0	1	Toggle	0
Block Erase	Non-Erasing Block	0	Toggle	0	1	No Toggle	0
read Guanand	Erasing Block	1	No Toggle	0	<u> </u>	Toggle	1.1
rase Suspend	Non-Erasing Block	V	Data	read as no	ormal		1
	Good Block Address	0	Toggle	1	1.1	No Toggle	0
Erase Error	Faulty Block Address	0	Toggle	1 00	MIN	Toggle	0

### **Table 7. Status Register Bits**

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### **MAXIMUM RATING**

Stressing the device above the rating listed in the Absolute Maximum Ratings" table may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the Operating sections of this specification is not implied. Refer also to the STMicroelectronics SURE Program and other relevant quality documents.

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
TBIAS	Temperature Under Bias	-50	125	°C
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature	-65	150	°C
V <sub>IO</sub>	Input or Output Voltage (1,2)	-0.6	Vcc +0.6	V
Vcc	Supply Voltage	-0.6	4	V
V <sub>ID</sub>	Identification Voltage	-0.6	13.5	V

Table 8.	Absolute	Maximum	Ratings
----------	----------	---------	---------

Note: 1. Minimum voltage may undershoot to -2V during transition and for less than 20ns during transitions. 2. Maximum voltage may overshoot to V<sub>CC</sub>+2V during transition and for less than 20ns during transitions.



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### **DC AND AC PARAMETERS**

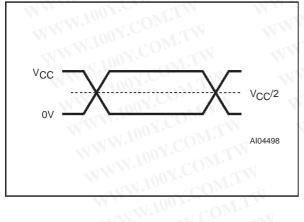
This section summarizes the operating measurement conditions, and the DC and AC characteristics of the device. The parameters in the DC and AC characteristics Tables that follow, are derived from tests performed under the Measurement

Conditions summarized in Table 9, Operating and AC Measurement Conditions. Designers should check that the operating conditions in their circuit match the operating conditions when relying on the quoted parameters.

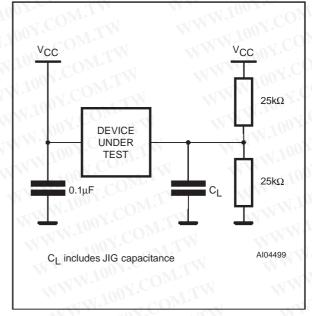
### **Table 9. Operating and AC Measurement Conditions**

NY.COMETW WWW 100Y	M29W160D					
Parameter	Y.COM	70	9	Unit		
ON.COM. TW WWW.LO	Min	Max	Min	Max	WT	
V <sub>CC</sub> Supply Voltage	3.0	3.6	2.7	3.6	V	
Ambient Operating Temperature	-40	85	-40	85	°C	
Load Capacitance (CL)	30		3	pF		
Input Rise and Fall Times	V.L.	10	WW	10	ns	
Input Pulse Voltages	0 to V <sub>CC</sub>		0 to	C V		
Input and Output Timing Ref. Voltages	V	cc/2	Vc	c/2	C V	

### Figure 10. AC Measurement I/O Waveform



### Figure 11. AC Measurement Load Circuit



57

### Table 10. Device Capacitance

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min	Max	Unit
CIN	Input Capacitance	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0V	WWW.100	6	pF
Соит	Output Capacitance	Vout = 0V		12	pF

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Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Uni
O <sup>l</sup> LI.	Input Leakage Current	$0V \le V_{IN} \le V_{CC}$	.WW.I	COJ V	±1	μΑ
ILO	Output Leakage Current	$0V \le V_{OUT} \le V_{CC}$	WW	LOO L. CC	±1	μΑ
ICC1	Supply Current (Read)	$\overline{E} = V_{IL}, \ \overline{G} = V_{IH},$ $f = 6MHz$	WWY	4.5	10	mA
I <sub>CC2</sub>	Supply Current (Standby)	$\frac{\overline{E}}{RP} = V_{CC} \pm 0.2V,$ $RP = V_{CC} \pm 0.2V$	WW WW	35	100	μA
I <sub>CC3</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	Supply Current (Program/Erase)	Program/Erase Controller active	I N	NW.100	20	MmA
VIL	Input Low Voltage	100Y.CO.N.T	-0.5	10	0.8	V
VIH	Input High Voltage	100Y.COM.	0.7V <sub>CC</sub>	NN I	V <sub>CC</sub> +0.3	V
VOL	Output Low Voltage	I <sub>OL</sub> = 1.8mA	WT.	WW	0.45	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	Output High Voltage	I <sub>OH</sub> = -100μA	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.4	MM	N.100Y.CC	V
VID	Identification Voltage	WW 100X.CO	11.5	AM.	12.5	V
I <sub>ID</sub>	Identification Current	$A9 = V_{ID}$	WT.IM	An	100	μA
V <sub>LKO</sub>	Program/Erase Lockout Supply Voltage	WWW.100Y.C	1.8	W	2.3	V

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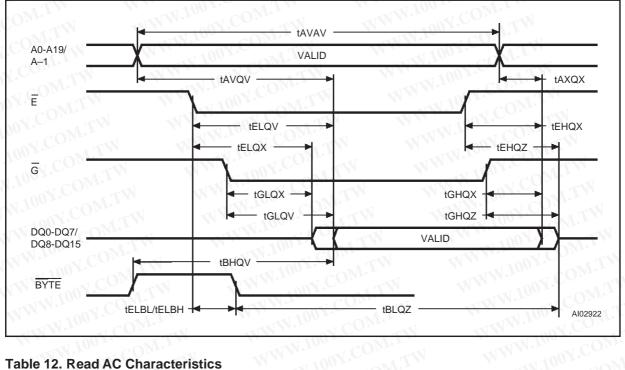
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57

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### **Table 12. Read AC Characteristics**

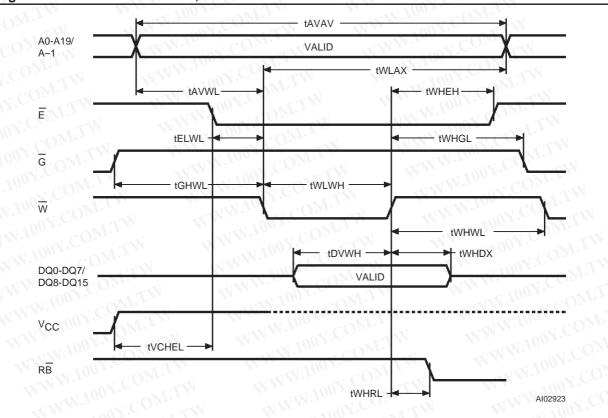
	Alt	WIN WWW 1005	TOOLUU		M29W160D		- Unit
Symbol Alt		Parameter	Test Condition		70	90	
t <sub>AVAV</sub>	t <sub>RC</sub>	Address Valid to Next Address Valid	$\frac{\overline{E}}{\overline{G}} = V_{IL},$ $\overline{G} = V_{IL}$	Min	70	90	ns
tAVQV	tACC	Address Valid to Output Valid	$\frac{\overline{E}}{G} = V_{IL},$ G = V <sub>IL</sub>	Max	70	90	ns
t <sub>ELQX</sub> (1)	t <sub>LZ</sub>	Chip Enable Low to Output Transition	$\overline{G} = V_{IL}$	Min	0	0	ns
t <sub>ELQV</sub>	tCE	Chip Enable Low to Output Valid	$\overline{G} = V_{IL}$	Max	70	90	ns
t <sub>GLQX</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	GLQX <sup>(1)</sup> tolz Output Enable Low to Output Transition		E = V <sub>IL</sub>	Min	0	0	ns
tGLQV	tOE	Output Enable Low to Output Valid	E = VIL	Max	30	35 <	ns
t <sub>EHQZ</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	tHZ	Chip Enable High to Output Hi-Z	$\overline{G} = V_{IL}$	Max	25	30	ns
t <sub>GHQZ</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	t <sub>DF</sub>	Output Enable High to Output Hi-Z	$\overline{E} = V_{IL}$	Max	25	30	ns
t <sub>ehqx</sub> t <sub>ghqx</sub> t <sub>axqx</sub>	t <sub>OH</sub>	Chip Enable, Output Enable or Address Transition to Output Transition	MMA	Min	0	0	ns
t <sub>ELBL</sub> t <sub>ELBH</sub>	t <sub>ELFL</sub> t <sub>ELFH</sub>	Chip Enable to BYTE Low or High	MA MA	Max	5	5	ns
t <sub>BLQZ</sub>	t <sub>FLQZ</sub>	BYTE Low to Output Hi-Z		Max	25	30	ns
<b>t</b> BHQV	t <sub>FHQV</sub>	BYTE High to Output Valid		Max	30	40	ns

57

Note: 1. Sampled only, not 100% tested.



M29W160DT, M29W160DB



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Figure 13 Write AC Wavef	orms, Write Enable Controlled

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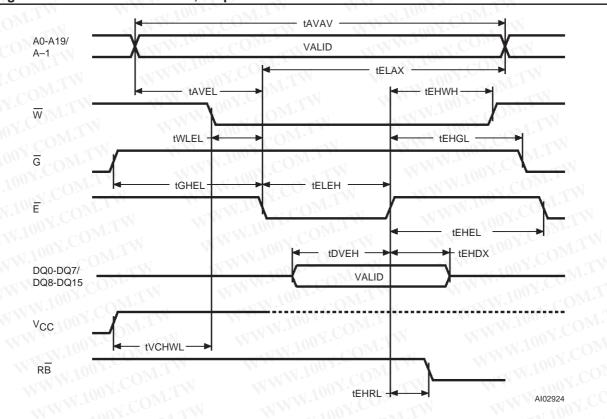
Table 13. Write AC Characteristics	, Write Enable Controlled	

Symbol	Alt	Parameter			M29W160D	
Symbol	All	Parameter V.100	COM.	70	90	Unit
tavav	twc	Address Valid to Next Address Valid	Min	70	90	ns
tELWL	tcs	Chip Enable Low to Write Enable Low	Min	0	0	ns
t <sub>WLWH</sub>	t <sub>WP</sub>	Write Enable Low to Write Enable High	Min	45	50	ns
t <sub>DVWH</sub>	t <sub>DS</sub>	Input Valid to Write Enable High	Min	45	50	ns
tWHDX	tDH	Write Enable High to Input Transition	Min	0/0	0	ns
tWHEH	tсн	Write Enable High to Chip Enable High	Min	00	0	ns
t <sub>WHWL</sub>	twph	Write Enable High to Write Enable Low	Min	30	30	ns
t <sub>AVWL</sub>	t <sub>AS</sub>	Address Valid to Write Enable Low	Min	MO0	0	ns
t <sub>WLAX</sub>	t <sub>AH</sub>	Write Enable Low to Address Transition	Min	45	50	ns
tGHWL		Output Enable High to Write Enable Low	Min	0	0	ns
t <sub>WHGL</sub>	t <sub>OEH</sub>	Write Enable High to Output Enable Low	Min	0	0	ns
WHRL <sup>(1)</sup>	t <sub>BUSY</sub>	Program/Erase Valid to RB Low	Max	30	35	ns
t <sub>VCHEL</sub>	t <sub>VCS</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> High to Chip Enable Low	Min	50	50	μs

Note: 1. Sampled only, not 100% tested.

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### Figure 14. Write AC Waveforms, Chip Enable Controlled

Symbol	Alt	Parameter		M29V	Unit	
Symbol	All			70	90	
tAVAV	twc	Address Valid to Next Address Valid	Min	70	90	ns
tWLEL	tws	Write Enable Low to Chip Enable Low	Min	0	0	ns
t <sub>ELEH</sub>	t <sub>CP</sub>	Chip Enable Low to Chip Enable High	Min	45	50	ns
t <sub>DVEH</sub>	t <sub>DS</sub>	Input Valid to Chip Enable High	Min	45	50	ns
t <sub>EHDX</sub>	tDH	Chip Enable High to Input Transition	Min	0/0	0	ns
tehwh	twн	Chip Enable High to Write Enable High	Min	00	0	ns
t <sub>EHEL</sub>	t <sub>CPH</sub>	Chip Enable High to Chip Enable Low	Min	30	30	ns
t <sub>AVEL</sub>	t <sub>AS</sub>	Address Valid to Chip Enable Low	Min	0	0	ns
t <sub>ELAX</sub>	t <sub>AH</sub>	Chip Enable Low to Address Transition	Min	45	50	ns
tGHEL		Output Enable High Chip Enable Low	Min	0	0	ns
t <sub>EHGL</sub>	t <sub>OEH</sub>	Chip Enable High to Output Enable Low	Min	0	0	ns
t <sub>EHRL</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	t <sub>BUSY</sub>	Program/Erase Valid to RB Low	Max	30	35	ns
t <sub>VCHWL</sub>	t <sub>VCS</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> High to Write Enable Low	Min	50	50	μs

57

Note: 1. Sampled only, not 100% tested.

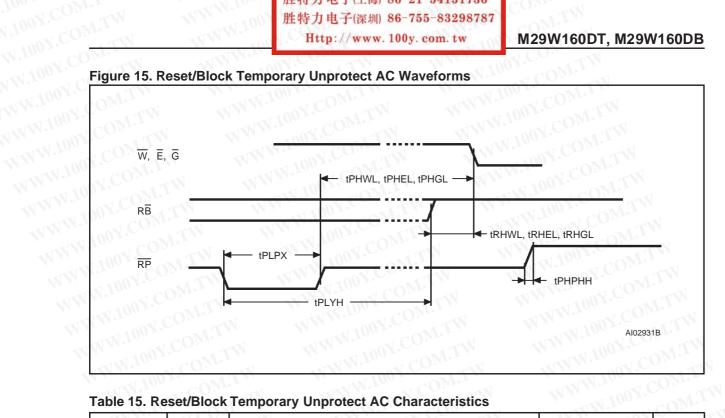


Table 15. Reset/Block Tem	porary Unprotect	AC Characteristics

Cumhal	AL	Parameter			M29W160D		
Symbol	Alt	Parameter	LM.	70	90	Unit	
tphwl <sup>(1)</sup> tphel tphgl <sup>(1)</sup>	t <sub>RH</sub>	RP High to Write Enable Low, Chip Enable Low, Output Enable Low	Min	50	50	ns	
RHWL <sup>(1)</sup> RHEL <sup>(1)</sup>	t <sub>RB</sub>	RB High to Write Enable Low, Chip Enable Low, Output Enable Low	Min	0	0	ns	
t <sub>PLPX</sub>	t <sub>RP</sub>	RP Pulse Width	Min	500	500	ns	
t <sub>PLYH</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	t <sub>READY</sub>	RP Low to Read Mode	Max	10	10	μs	
РНРНН <sup>(1)</sup>	t <sub>VIDR</sub>	RP Rise Time to VID	Min	500	500	ns	

WWW.100X.COM.T Note: 1. Sampled only, not 100% tested. WWW.100Y.COM.TW

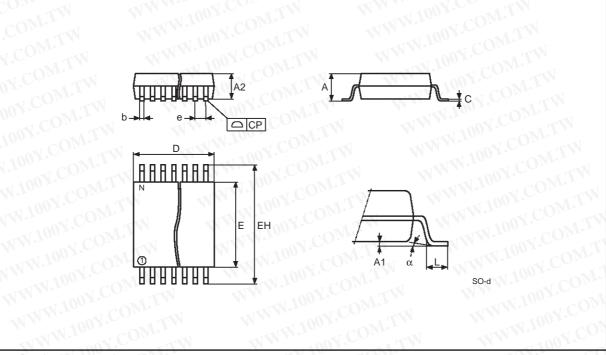
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### M29W160DT, M29W160DB

### PACKAGE MECHANICAL

### SO44 - 44 lead Plastic Small Outline, 525 mils body width, Package Outline



Note: Drawing is not to scale.

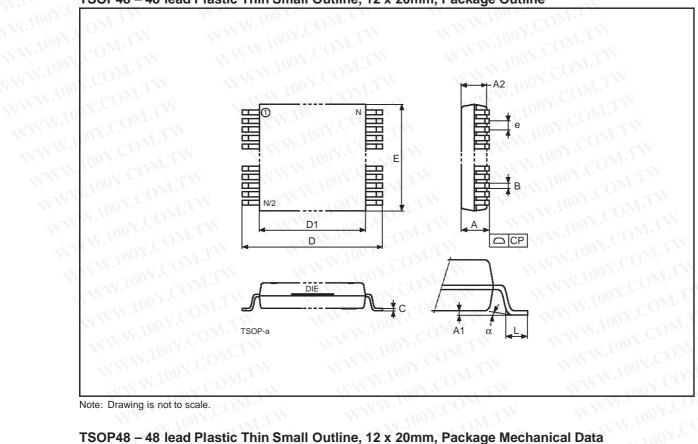
Sumb al		millimeters		inches				
Symbol	Тур	Min	Max	Тур	Min 🔨	Max		
A	WW.Looy.	WT	2.80	100Y.COm	WT	0.1102		
A1	WW.IOON	0.10	WWV	Y.COM	0.0039	WWW.10		
A2	2.30	2.20	2.40	0.0906	0.0866	0.0945		
b	0.40	0.35	0.50	0.0157	0.0138	0.0197		
С	0.15	0.10	0.20	0.0059	0.0039	0.0079		
СР	WW.I	COM.	0.08	WW.Ino	CONTRA	0.0030		
E	13.30	13.20	13.50	0.5236	0.5197	0.5315		
D	28.20	28.00	28.40	1.1102	1.1024	1.1181		
е	1.27	N.1001.CO	1.I.L.	0.0500	COMPT	_		
HE	16.00	15.75	16.25	0.6299	0.6201	0.6398		
L	0.80	W.100Y.C	OM.TW	0.0315	1001.			
N	N	44	M.IMO	Mar.	44			
α	V	1001	8			8		

57

### SO44 – 44 lead Plastic Small Outline, 525 mils body width, Package Mechanical Data



M29W160DT, M29W160DB



W.100Y.COM.TW TSOP48 – 48 lead Plastic Thin Small Outline, 12 x 20mm, Package Outline

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Note: Drawing is not to scale.	WWW.100Y.COM.	WW
TSOP48 – 48 lead Plastic Thin Small C	Dutline, 12 x 20mm, Package Mechar	ical Data

	N.P.CO	mm	WWW.	NY.COM	inches 📢	W
Symbol	Тур	Min	Max	Тур	Min 🚽	Max
А	NW.LOON.C	ON. TW	1.20	.COM	WT	0.0472
A1	VWW.100	0.05	0.15	.LON.COM	0.0020	0.0059
A2	WW.100	0.95	1.05	N.Ion V.CO	0.0374	0.0413
В	WWW.100	0.17	0.27	W.Inov.C	0.0067	0.0106
С	WW.100	0.10	0.21	WW.100	0.0039	0.0083
D	1. W.W.	19.80	20.20	WW.100	0.7795	0.7953
D1	WITTER .	18.30	18.50	WW.100 *	0.7205	0.7283
E	N TON	11.90	12.10	W.100	0.4685	0.4764
е	0.50	N.1001. CO	V.L.M-	0.0197	CON.T	_
L	A.u.	0.50	0.70	I.W.	0.0197	0.0279
α	44	0°	5°	N.V.	00°0°	5°
Ν	M	48	WI.Mo-	A.M.	48	
СР	1	Your	0.10			0.0039

57

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Figure 16. TFBGA48 8x9mm - 6x8 ball array, 0.80 mm pitch, Package Outline

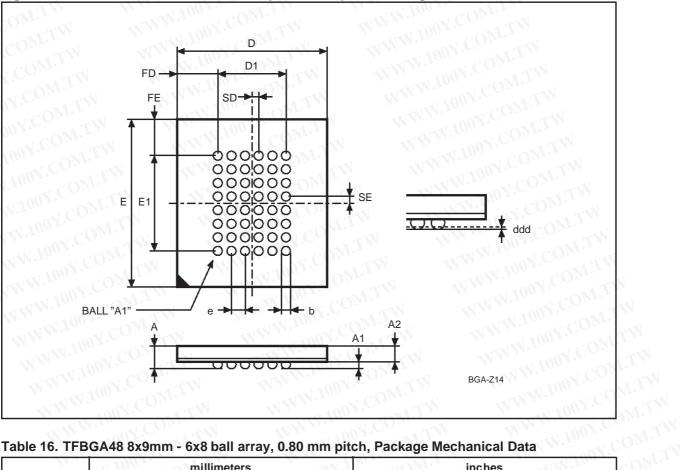


Table 16	. TFBGA48 8x9mm ·	<ul> <li>6x8 ball array,</li> </ul>	0.80 mm pitch,	Package Mechanical Data
----------	-------------------	-------------------------------------	----------------	-------------------------

W	W.100 Y.	millimeters	I.WW.I	COM.	inches	WW.IV
Symbol	Тур	Min	Max	Тур	Min	Max
A	W.1001.	COMIN	1.350	1001. COV		0.0531
A1	0.300	0.200	0.350	0.0118	0.0079	0.0138
A2	WW 100	T.M.T.	1.000	W.1001.	W.T.	0.0394
b	0.400	0.350	0.450	0.0157	0.0138	0.0177
D	8.000	7.900	8.100	0.3150	0.3110	0.3189
D1	4.000	100Y.C	<u>1</u> - 1	0.1575	T.T.W	
ddd	WWW	1001.005	0.100	WW 100	WI.M.	0.0039
е	0.800	100 <sup>4</sup> .CO	-WILL	0.0315	N. T.	- 11
E	9.000	8.900	9.100	0.3543	0.3504	0.3583
E1	5.600	N. Toole	W-T-N	0.2205	100Y.CO	_
FD	2.000	NN.	Wr.	0.0787	-	_
FE	1.700	WW.	COM-TW	0.0669	-	_
SD	0.400	WWW.100	CONF.	0.0157	-	_
SE	0.400	WWH Ino	-	0.0157	-	_

57

28/42



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57

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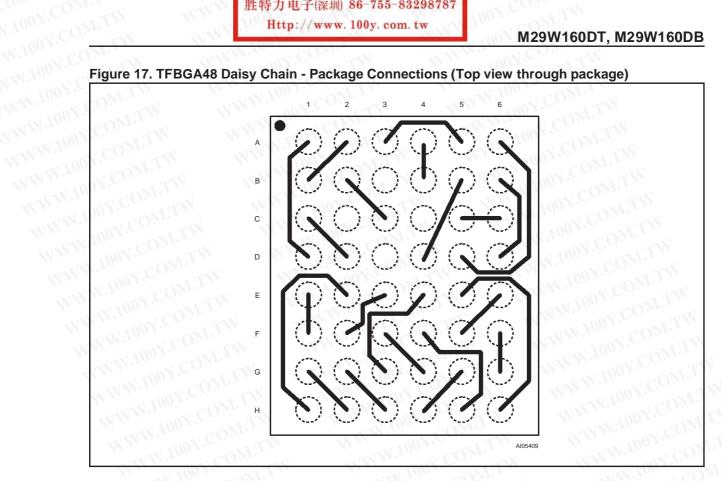
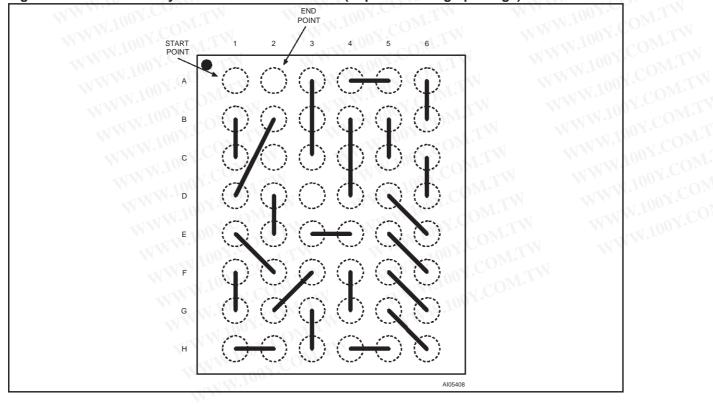


Figure 18. TFBGA48 Daisy Chain - PCB Connections (Top view through package)



29/42

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### PART NUMBERING

### **Table 17. Ordering Information Scheme**

PART NUMBERING		
Table 17. Ordering Information Scheme		
Example:	M29W160DB 90 N 1 1	EOW.
Device Type	OW WWWWWWWWWWW	CON
M29	CONT AN AMAN'TO	1.CO
Operating Voltage	COM. A ANN N. CO	J.C
$W = V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ to } 3.6 \text{V}$	V.COM.IN WWW.10	NY.C
Device Function	COM. COM.	
160D = 16 Mbit (x8/x16), Boot Block	N. CALLARY AND	100x.
100D = 10  Mbit  (x0/x10),  Boot Block	NY WINDS	1001
Array Matrix	COM. WILL COMM	.100
T = Top Boot	Joo OWLIN MIL	N.10
B = Bottom Boot	V.100Y.COM.TW	W.10
Speed	W.100Y.COM.TW	WW.
70 = 70 ns	NI 100Y. C NI.TW	
90 = 90 ns	W.L.COMMERTW V	$M_{M}$
Parket W.100 COM. L	WW.100 COM.	WW
Package M = SO44:	COMPT CONCLU	
N = 3044. N = TSOP48: 12 x 20 mm	NN 100Y.COMITH	AL.
ZA = TFBGA48: 0.80mm pitch	WWW. SOY.COM	W
	WW.100 COM.	
Temperature Range	WW.100Y.COM.TW	
1 = 0 to 70 °C	WW 100Y. OLIV	-
6 = -40 to 85 °C	WWW.ICON. TW	
	W.100 COM.1	
Option	WWW 100Y.COMITW	J
T = Tape & Reel Packing		
Table 18 Daisy Chain Ordering Scheme		
Table 18. Daisy Chain Ordering Scheme		
Example:	M29 DCL3-16	Г
WWW 100Y.COM	TW W W 1001.00	$\Lambda$
Device Type	TW WWW. 100Y.CO.	T
M29	DO.Vo. WWW.W	NY.
Delay Chain TW 1001.001	WILL MAN TONE	$O_{W}$
Daisy Chain DCL3-16 = Daisy Chain Level 3 for 16 Mbit parts	N.T.M N. 1002.0	Mo
DOLS-TO - Daisy Ghain Level 5 101 TO WDIL Parts	YOOL WWW	
Option	ONT.	

T = Tape & Reel Packing

Devices are shipped from the factory with the memory content bits erased to '1'. For a list of available options (Speed, Package, etc...) or for further information on any aspect of this device, please contact the ST Sales Office nearest to you.



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## W.100Y.COM.TW **REVISION HISTORY**

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REVISION HISTORT	
Table 19. Document Rev	ision History

Date	Version	Revision Details
July 2000	-01	First Issue: originates from M29W160B datasheet dated February 2000 with "B" revision changed to "D" and erase program times modified
12-Jan-2001	-02	Document type: from Product Preview to Preliminary Data
18-Jul-2001	-03	Completely restructured Document type: from Preliminary Data to Datasheet Command Interface and Status Register clarification, CFI section added Daisy Chain diagrams, package and PCB connections added
05-Nov-01	-04	Added Block Protection Appendix CFI only available for Temperature range –40 to 85°C Clarified Read/Reset operation during Erase Suspend Chip Erase, Program and Chip Program times modified (Table 6) Package Mechanical Data clarified Typical values included in DC Characteristics table (Table 11)
05-Apr-2002	-05	Description of Ready/Busy signal clarified (and Figure 15 modified) Clarified the mode the device returns to in the CFI Read Query command section
24-Jun-2002	-06	Package Mechanical Data clarified (Table 16)

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# M29W160DT, M29W160DB

## APPENDIX A. BLOCK ADDRESS TABLE

Table 20. Top Boot Block Addresses, M29W160DT

#	Size (Kbytes)	Address Range (x8)	Address Range (x16)
34	16	1FC000h-1FFFFFh	FE000h-FFFFFh
33	8	1FA000h-1FBFFFh	FD000h-FDFFFh
32	8	1F8000h-1F9FFFh	FC000h-FCFFF
31	32	1F0000h-1F7FFFh	F8000h-FBFFFh
30	64	1E0000h-1EFFFFh	F0000h-F7FFFh
29	64	1D0000h-1DFFFFh	E8000h-EFFFFh
28	64	1C0000h-1CFFFFh	E0000h-E7FFFh
27	64	1B0000h-1BFFFFh	D8000h-DFFFFh
26	64	1A0000h-1AFFFFh	D0000h-D7FFFh
25	64	190000h-19FFFFh	C8000h-CFFFFh
24	64	180000h-18FFFFh	C0000h-C7FFFh
23	64	170000h-17FFFFh	B8000h-BFFFFh
22	64	160000h-16FFFFh	B0000h-B7FFFh
21	64	150000h-15FFFFh	A8000h-AFFFFh
20	64	140000h-14FFFFh	A0000h-A7FFFh
19	64	130000h-13FFFFh	98000h-9FFFFh
18	64	120000h-12FFFFh	90000h-97FFFh
17	64	110000h-11FFFFh	88000h-8FFFFh
16	64	100000h-10FFFFh	80000h-87FFFh
15	64	0F0000h-0FFFFFh	78000h-7FFFFh
14	64	0E0000h-0EFFFFh	70000h-77FFFh
13	64	0D0000h-0DFFFFh	68000h-6FFFFh
12	64	0C0000h-0CFFFFh	60000h-67FFFh
11	64	0B0000h-0BFFFFh	58000h-5FFFFh
10	64	0A0000h-0AFFFFh	50000h-57FFFh
9	64	090000h-09FFFFh	48000h-4FFFFh
8	64	080000h-08FFFFh	40000h-47FFFh
7	64	070000h-07FFFFh	38000h-3FFFFh
6	64	060000h-06FFFFh	30000h-37FFFh
5	64	050000h-05FFFFh	28000h-2FFFFh
4	64	040000h-04FFFFh	20000h-27FFFh
3	64	030000h-03FFFFh	18000h-1FFFFh
2	64	020000h-02FFFFh	10000h-17FFFh
1	64	010000h-01FFFFh	08000h-0FFFFh
0	64	000000h-00FFFFh	00000h-07FFFh

## Table 21. Bottom Boot Block Addresses, M29W160DB

# (1	Size Kbytes)	Address Range (x8)	Address Range (x16)
34	64	1F0000h-1FFFFFh	F8000h-FFFFFh
33	64	1E0000h-1EFFFFh	F0000h-F7FFFh
32	64	1D0000h-1DFFFFh	E8000h-EFFFFh
31	64	1C0000h-1CFFFFh	E0000h-E7FFFh
30	64	1B0000h-1BFFFFh	D8000h-DFFFFh
29	64	1A0000h-1AFFFFh	D0000h-D7FFFh
28	64	190000h-19FFFFh	C8000h-CFFFFh
27	64	180000h-18FFFFh	C0000h-C7FFFh
26	64	170000h-17FFFFh	B8000h-BFFFFh
25	64	160000h-16FFFFh	B0000h-B7FFFh
24	64	150000h-15FFFFh	A8000h-AFFFFh
23	64	140000h-14FFFFh	A0000h-A7FFFh
22	64	130000h-13FFFFh	98000h-9FFFFh
21	64	120000h-12FFFFh	90000h-97FFFh
20	64	110000h-11FFFFh	88000h-8FFFFh
19	64	100000h-10FFFFh	80000h-87FFFh
18	64	0F0000h-0FFFFFh	78000h-7FFFFh
17	64	0E0000h-0EFFFFh	70000h-77FFFh
16	64	0D0000h-0DFFFFh	68000h-6FFFFh
15	64	0C0000h-0CFFFFh	60000h-67FFFh
14	64	0B0000h-0BFFFFh	58000h-5FFFFh
13	64	0A0000h-0AFFFFh	50000h-57FFFh
12	64	090000h-09FFFFh	48000h-4FFFFh
11	64	080000h-08FFFFh	40000h-47FFFh
10	64	070000h-07FFFFh	38000h-3FFFFh
9	64	060000h-06FFFFh	30000h-37FFFh
8	64	050000h-05FFFFh	28000h-2FFFFh
7	64	040000h-04FFFFh	20000h-27FFFh
6	64	030000h-03FFFFh	18000h-1FFFFh
5	64	020000h-02FFFFh	10000h-17FFFh
4	64	010000h-01FFFFh	08000h-0FFFFh
3	32	008000h-00FFFFh	04000h-07FFFh
2	8	006000h-007FFFh	03000h-03FFFh
1	8	004000h-005FFFh	02000h-02FFFh
0	16	000000h-003FFFh	00000h-01FFFh

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## W.100Y.COM.T **APPENDIX B. COMMON FLASH INTERFACE (CFI)**

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The Common Flash Interface is a JEDEC approved, standardized data structure that can be read from the Flash memory device. It allows a system software to query the device to determine information and functions supported by the mem-ory. The system can interface eacily with the vice, enabling the software to upgrade itself when necessary.

> When the CFI Query Command is issued the device enters CFI Query mode and the data structure is read from the memory. Tables 22, 23, 24, 25, 26

and 27 show the addresses used to retrieve the data.

The CFI data structure also contains a security area where a 64 bit unique security number is written (see Table 27, Security Code area). This area can be accessed only in Read mode by the final user. It is impossible to change the security number after it has been written by ST. Issue a Read command to return to Read mode.

Note: The Common Flash Interface is only available for Temperature range 6 (-40 to 85°C).

Add	Iress	Sub-section Name	Description
x16	x8	Sub-section Name	Description
10h	20h	CFI Query Identification String	Command set ID and algorithm data offset
1Bh	36h	System Interface Information	Device timing & voltage information
27h	4Eh	Device Geometry Definition	Flash device layout
40h	80h	Primary Algorithm-specific Extended Query table	Additional information specific to the Primary Algorithm (optional)
61h	C2h	Security Code Area	64 bit unique device number

## Table 22. Query Structure Overview

### Table 23. CFI Query Identification String

Add	ress	Di C	Mr. WWW. LCOMM. WW	V-0.
x16	x8	Data	Description	Value
10h	20h	0051h	CONTRACTION CONTRACTION IN	"Q"
11h	22h	0052h	Query Unique ASCII String "QRY"	"R"
12h	24h	0059h	COM.TW WW.1001.COM.TW	"Y"
13h	26h	0002h	Primary Algorithm Command Set and Control Interface ID code 16 bit	AMD
14h	28h	0000h	ID code defining a specific algorithm	Compatible
15h	2Ah	0040h	Address for Drivery Alexither system and Query Athle (see Table 25)	D 40b
16h	2Ch	0000h	Address for Primary Algorithm extended Query table (see Table 25)	P = 40h
17h	2Eh	0000h	Alternate Vendor Command Set and Control Interface ID Code second	
18h	30h	0000h	vendor - specified algorithm supported	NA
19h	32h	0000h	Address for Alternate Algorithm extended Query table	
1Ah	34h	0000h	WWWWWWWWWWWWWWWWW	NA

Note: Query data are always presented on the lowest order data outputs (DQ7-DQ0) only. DQ8-DQ15 are '0'. www.100Y.COM

57

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x16	ress x8	Data	Description	Value
1Bh	36h	0027h	V <sub>CC</sub> Logic Supply Minimum Program/Erase voltage         bit 7 to 4       BCD value in volts         bit 3 to 0       BCD value in 100 mV	2.7V
1Ch	38h	0036h	V <sub>CC</sub> Logic Supply Maximum Program/Erase voltage bit 7 to 4 BCD value in volts bit 3 to 0 BCD value in 100 mV	3.6V
1Dh	3Ah	0000h	VPP [Programming] Supply Minimum Program/Erase voltage	NA
1Eh	3Ch	0000h	VPP [Programming] Supply Maximum Program/Erase voltage	NA
1Fh	3Eh	0004h	Typical timeout per single byte/word program = $2^{n} \mu s$	16μs
20h	40h	0000h	Typical timeout for minimum size write buffer program = $2^n \mu s$	C NA
21h	42h	000Ah	Typical timeout per individual block erase = 2 <sup>n</sup> ms	1s
22h	44h	0000h	Typical timeout for full chip erase = 2 <sup>n</sup> ms	NA
23h	46h	0004h	Maximum timeout for byte/word program = 2 <sup>n</sup> times typical	256µs
24h	48h	0000h	Maximum timeout for write buffer program = 2 <sup>n</sup> times typical	NA NA
25h	4Ah	0003h	Maximum timeout per individual block erase = 2 <sup>n</sup> times typical	-00 8s
26h	4Ch	0000h	Maximum timeout for chip erase = $2^{n}$ times typical	NA

### Table 24. CFI Query System Interface Information



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Add	lress	Data	Description	Value
x16	x8	Duiu	1001. CONTLA Production No. 100 To CONTL	
27h	4Eh	0015h	Device Size = 2 <sup>n</sup> in number of bytes	2 MByte
28h	50h	0002h	Flash Device Interface Code description	x8, x16
29h	52h	0000h		Async.
2Ah 2Bh	54h 56h	0000h 0000h	Maximum number of bytes in multi-byte program or page = 2 <sup>n</sup>	NA
2Ch	58h	0004h	Number of Erase Block Regions within the device. It specifies the number of regions within the device containing contiguous Erase Blocks of the same size.	4
2Dh	5Ah	0000h	Region 1 Information	OM.TN
2Eh	5Ch	0000h	Number of identical size erase block = 0000h+1	
2Fh	5Eh	0040h	Region 1 Information	16 Kbyte
30h	60h	0000h	Block size in Region 1 = 0040h * 256 byte	
31h	62h	0001h	Region 2 Information	2
32h	64h	0000h	Number of identical size erase block = 0001h+1	
33h	66h	0020h	Region 2 Information	8 Kbyte
34h	68h	0000h	Block size in Region 2 = 0020h * 256 byte	
35h	6Ah	0000h	Region 3 Information	100X.GON
36h	6Ch	0000h	Number of identical size erase block = 0000h+1	
37h	6Eh	0080h	Region 3 Information	32 Kbyte
38h	70h	0000h	Block size in Region 3 = 0080h * 256 byte	
39h	72h	001Eh	Region 4 Information	31
3Ah	74h	0000h	Number of identical-size erase block = 001Eh+1	
3Bh	76h	0000h	Region 4 Information	64 Kbyte
3Ch	78h	0001h	Block size in Region 4 = 0100h * 256 byte	

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35/42

57

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Add	ress	Data 1	Description	
x16	x8	Data		
40h	80h	0050h	1001. CONTA	"P"
41h	82h	0052h	Primary Algorithm extended Query table unique ASCII string "PRI"	"R"
42h	84h	0049h	N 100Y.COMTW WWW.100Y.COM.TW	" <b>I</b> "
43h	86h	0031h	Major version number, ASCII	"1"
44h	88h	0030h	Minor version number, ASCII	"0"
45h	8Ah	0000h	Address Sensitive Unlock (bits 1 to 0) 00 = required, 01= not required Silicon Revision Number (bits 7 to 2)	Yes
46h	8Ch	0002h	Erase Suspend 00 = not supported, 01 = Read only, 02 = Read and Write	2
47h	8Eh	0001h	Block Protection 00 = not supported, x = number of sectors in per group	1 M.T
48h	90h	0001h	Temporary Block Unprotect 00 = not supported, 01 = supported	Yes
49h	92h	0004h	Block Protect /Unprotect 04 = M29W400B	<u> </u>
4Ah	94h	0000h	Simultaneous Operations, 00 = not supported	No
4Bh	96h	0000h	Burst Mode, 00 = not supported, 01 = supported	No
4Ch	98h	0000h	Page Mode, 00 = not supported, 01 = 4 page word, 02 = 8 page word	No

### Table 26. Primary Algorithm-Specific Extended Query Table

### Table 27. Security Code Area

Address		Data	Description	
(16	x8	Duiu	100 x 200 1.100 x	
61h	C3h, C2h	XXXX	TW WWW 100Y. COM. TW WWW 100	
52h	C5h, C4h	XXXX	64 bit unique device number	
3h	C7h, C6h	XXXX	64 bit: unique device number	
64h	C9h, C8h	XXXX	The Martin Martin Martin	



### APPENDIX C. BLOCK PROTECTION

Block protection can be used to prevent any operation from modifying the data stored in the Flash. Each Block can be protected individually. Once protected, Program and Erase operations on the block fail to change the data.

There are three techniques that can be used to control Block Protection, these are the Programmer technique, the In-System technique and Temporary Unprotection. Temporary Unprotection is controlled by the Reset/Block Temporary Unprotection pin, RP; this is described in the Signal Descriptions section.

Unlike the Command Interface of the Program/ Erase Controller, the techniques for protecting and unprotecting blocks could change between different Flash memory suppliers.

### **Programmer Technique**

The Programmer technique uses high ( $V_{ID}$ ) voltage levels on some of the bus pins. These cannot be achieved using a standard microprocessor bus, therefore the technique is recommended only for use in Programming Equipment.

To protect a block follow the flowchart in Figure 19, Programmer Equipment Block Protect Flowchart. To unprotect the whole chip it is necessary to protect all of the blocks first, then all blocks can be unprotected at the same time. To unprotect the chip follow Figure 20, Programmer Equipment Chip Unprotect Flowchart. Table 28, Programmer Technique Bus Operations, gives a summary of each operation. The timing on these flowcharts is critical. Care should be taken to ensure that, where a pause is specified, it is followed as closely as possible. Do not abort the procedure before reaching the end. Chip Unprotect can take several seconds and a user message should be provided to show that the operation is progressing.

### **In-System Technique**

The In-System technique requires a high voltage level on the Reset/Blocks Temporary Unprotect pin, RP. This can be achieved without violating the maximum ratings of the components on the micro-processor bus, therefore this technique is suitable for use after the Flash has been fitted to the system.

To protect a block follow the flowchart in Figure 21, In-System Block Protect Flowchart. To unprotect the whole chip it is necessary to protect all of the blocks first, then all the blocks can be unprotected at the same time. To unprotect the chip follow Figure 22, In-System Chip Unprotect Flowchart.

The timing on these flowcharts is critical. Care should be taken to ensure that, where a pause is specified, it is followed as closely as possible. Do not allow the microprocessor to service interrupts that will upset the timing and do not abort the procedure before reaching the end. Chip Unprotect can take several seconds and a user message should be provided to show that the operation is progressing.

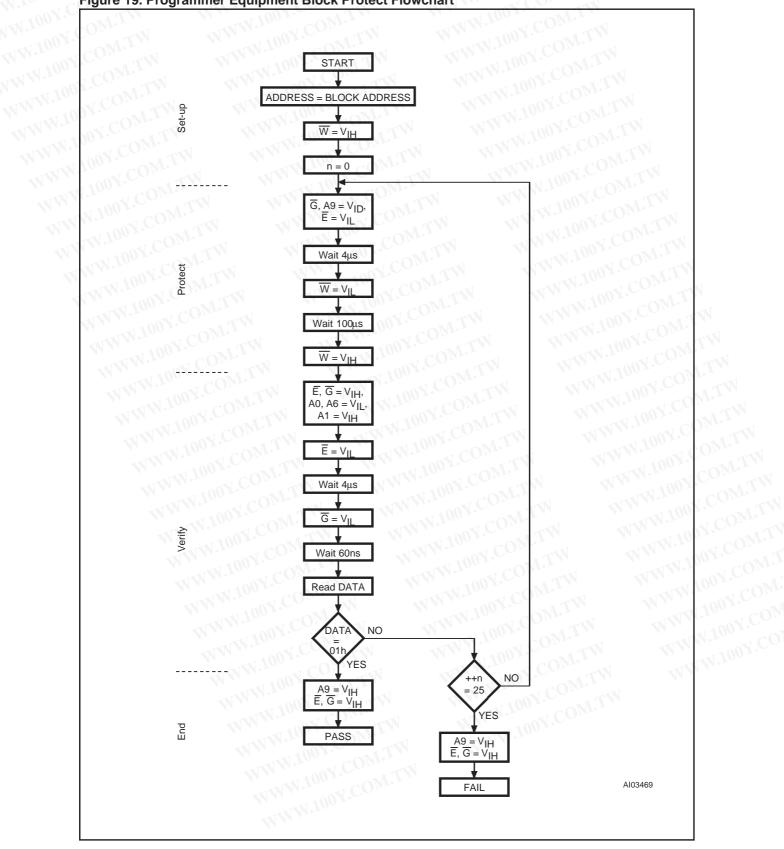
Operation	(.Ē)	G	w	Address Inputs A0-A19	Data Inputs/Outputs DQ15A-1, DQ14-DQ0
Block Protect	VIL	VID	V <sub>IL</sub> Pulse	A9 = V <sub>ID</sub> , A12-A19 Block Address Others = X	TW X WW
Chip Unprotect	VID	VID	V <sub>IL</sub> Pulse	$A9 = V_{ID}, A12 = V_{IH}, A15 = V_{IH}$ Others = X	X WW
Block Protection Verify	VIL	VIL	V <sub>IH</sub>	$\begin{array}{l} A0=V_{IL},A1=V_{IH},A6=V_{IL},A9=V_{ID},\\ A12\text{-}A19 \text{ Block Address}\\ Others=X \end{array}$	Pass = XX01h Retry = XX00h
Block Unprotection Verify	VIL	VIL	V <sub>IH</sub>	$\begin{array}{l} A0 = V_{IL},  A1 = V_{IH},  A6 = V_{IH},  A9 = V_{ID}, \\ A12\text{-}A19 \; Block \; Address \\ Others = X \end{array}$	Retry = XX01h Pass = XX00h

### Table 28. Programmer Technique Bus Operations, BYTE = VIH or VIL

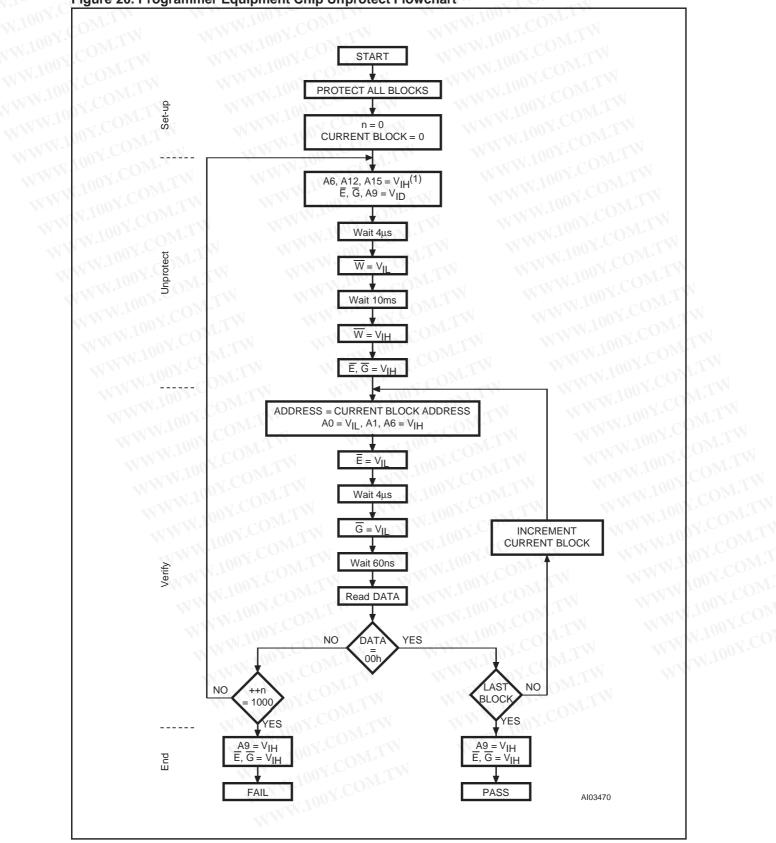
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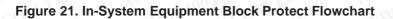
W.100Y.COM.TW Figure 20. Programmer Equipment Chip Unprotect Flowchart

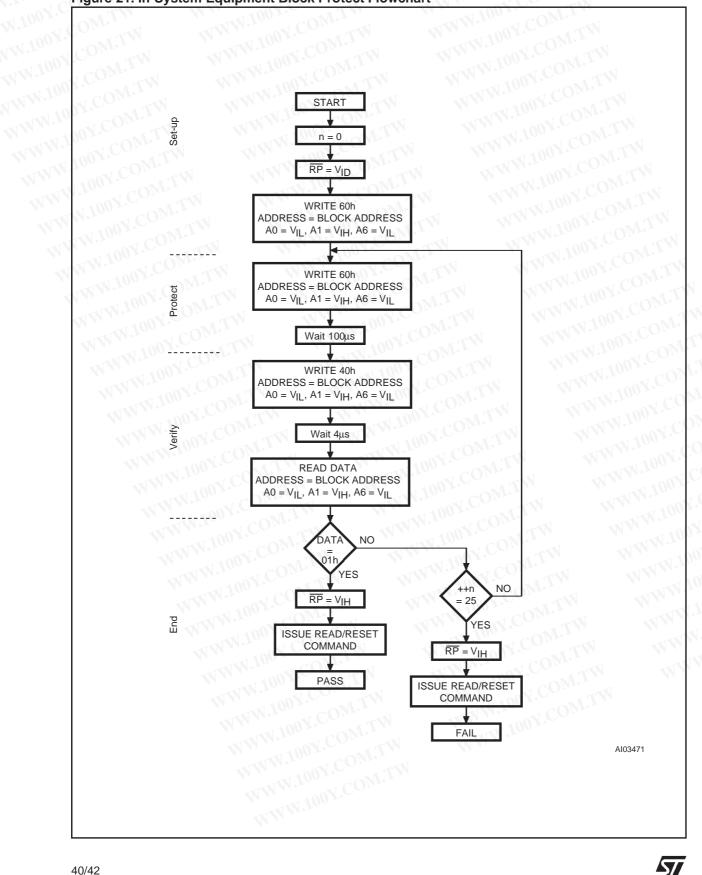
57

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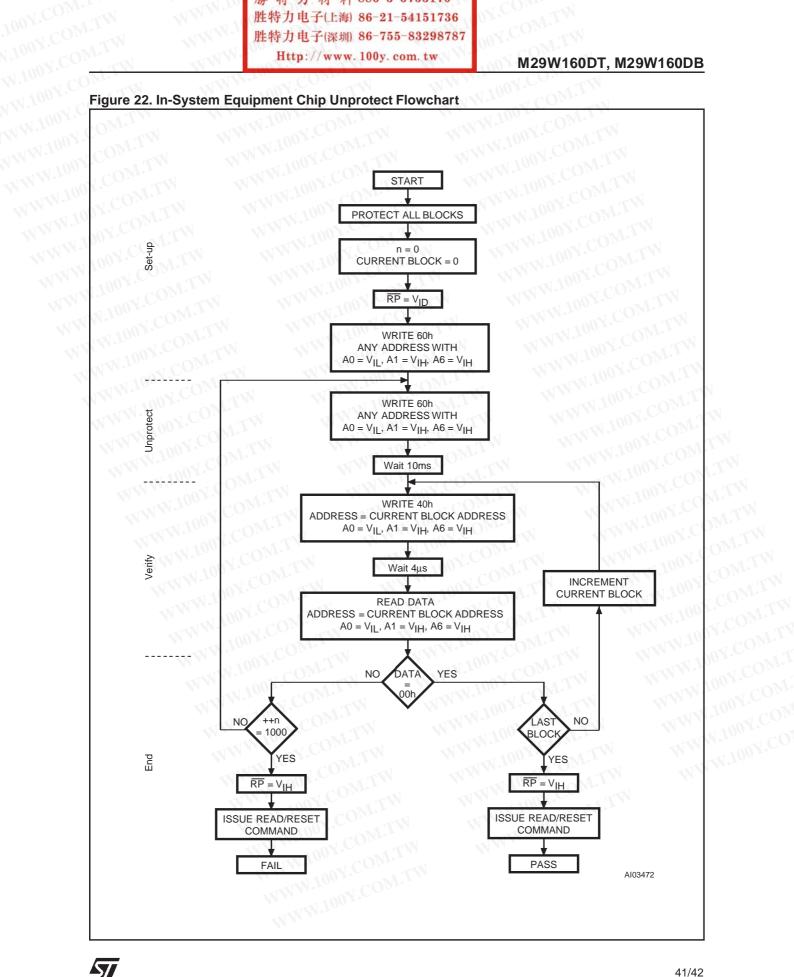
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41/42