

# Quad Low Power Line Receivers

The MC14C89B and MC14C89AB are low monolithic quad line receivers using bipolar technology, which conform to the EIA–232–E, EIA–562 and CCITT V.28 Recommendations. The outputs feature LSTTL and CMOS compatibility for easy interface to +5.0 V digital systems. Internal time–domain filtering eliminates the need for external filter capacitors in most cases.

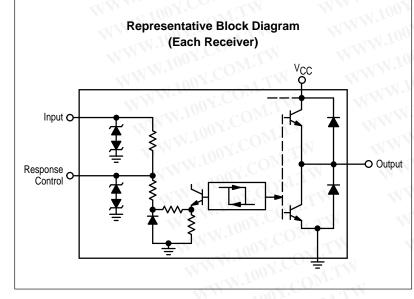
The MC14C89B has an input hysteresis of 0.35 V, while the MC14C89AB hysteresis is 0.95 V. The response control pins allow adjustment of the threshold level if desired. Additionally, an external capacitor may be added for additional noise filtering.

The MC14C89B and MC14C89AB are available in both a 14 pin dual-in-line plastic DIP and SOIC package.

## Features:

- Low Power Consumption
- Meets EIA–232–E, EIA–562, and CCITT V.28 Recommendations
- TTL/CMOS Compatible Outputs
- Standard Power Supply: + 5.0 V ±10%
- Pin Equivalent to MC1489, MC1489A, TI's SN75C189/A, SN75189/A and National Semiconductor's DS14C89/A
- External Filtering Not Required in Most Cases
- Threshold Level Externally Adjustable
- Hysteresis: 0.35 V for MC14C89B, 0.95 V for MC14C89AB
- Available in Plastic DIP, and Surface Mount Packaging
- Operating Ambient Temperature: -40° to +85°C





## QUAD LOW POWER LINE RECEIVERS

**MC14C89B, AB** 

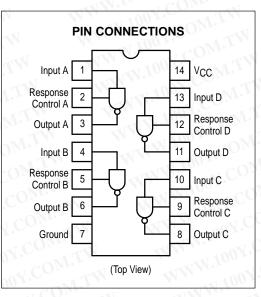
SEMICONDUCTOR TECHNICAL DATA



CASE 646



D SUFFIX PLASTIC PACKAGE CASE 751A (SO-14)



## ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Operating Temperature Range	Package
MC14C89BP	ONLIT	Plastic DIP
MC14C89ABP	$T_A = -40^{\circ} \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}$	Plastic DIP
MC14C89ABD		SO-14

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## MC14C89B, AB

## **MAXIMUM RATINGS**

AXIMUM RATINGS			COM	1.1.
Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit	勝特
Power Supply Voltage VCC(max) VCC(min)	Vcc	+ 7.0 - 0.5	Vdc	胜特力 胜特力
Input Voltage	Vin	± 30	Vdc	Http
Output Load Current	IO IO	Self-Limiting	NOT.	
Junction Temperature	COTJ	-65, +150	°C	COM

券特力材料 886-3-5753170 生特力电子(上海) 86-21-54151736 生特力电子(深圳) 86-755-83298787 Http://www.100y.com.tw

for actual device operation. Devices should not be operated at these limits. The "Recommended Operating Conditions" table provides

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	4.5	5.0	5.5	Vdc
Input Voltage	Vin	-25	WATCON	25	Vdc
Output Current Capability	IO	-7.5	00. <u>4</u> .00	6.0	mA
Operating Ambient Temperature	TA	-40		85	°C

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply Current (I <sub>OUt = 0</sub> ) CC	Icc	- 1	330	700	μΑ
Dutput Voltage – High, $V_{in} \le 0.4 \text{ V}$ (See Figures 2 and 3) $I_{out} = -20 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$ $V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}$ $I_{out} = -3.2 \text{mA}$ $V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$ $V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V}$	VOH	3.5 3.5 2.5	3.8 4.8 3.7	NY.COM	Vdc
$V_{CC} = 5.5 V$ Dutput Voltage – Low, $V_{in} \ge 2.4 V$ $V_{out} = 3.2 \text{ mA}$ $V_{CC} = 4.5 V$ $V_{CC} = 5.5 V$	VOL	2.5	4.7 0.1 0.1	- 0.4 0.4	M.TW OM.TW
Output Short Circuit Current <sup>**</sup> ( $V_{CC} = 5.5$ V, see Figure 4) Normally High Output shorted to ground Normally Low Output shorted to $V_{CC}$	IOS	-35 -	-13.9 +10.3	- 35	mA
Input Threshold Voltage (V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V) (MC14C89AB, see Figure 5) Low Level High Level (MC14C89B, see Figure 6) Low Level High Level	VIL VIH VIL VIL VIH	0.75 1.6 0.75 1.0	0.95 1.90 0.95 1.3	1.25 2.25 1.25 1.5	Vdc
Input Impedance (+4.5 V < V <sub>CC</sub> < +5.5 V -25 V < V <sub>in</sub> < +25 V)	100	3.0	5.5	7.0	kΩ

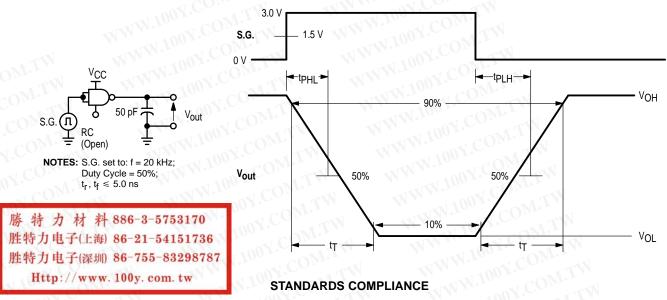
Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Output Transition Time (10% to 90%) 4.5 V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 5.5 V	T T	1.100 X.C	0.08	0.30	μs
Propagation Delay Time 4.5 V ≤ V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ 5.5 V Output Low–to–High Output High–to–Low	tPLH tPHL	WW.100X.	3.35 2.55	6.0 6.0	μs
Input Noise Rejection (see Figure 9)	W.L.	1.0	1.5	-	μs

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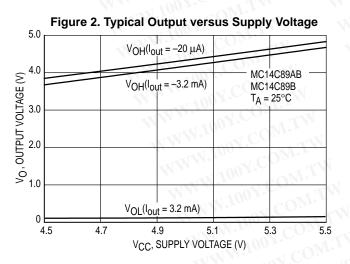
## MC14C89B, AB

Figure 1. Timing Diagram

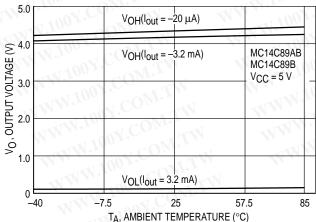


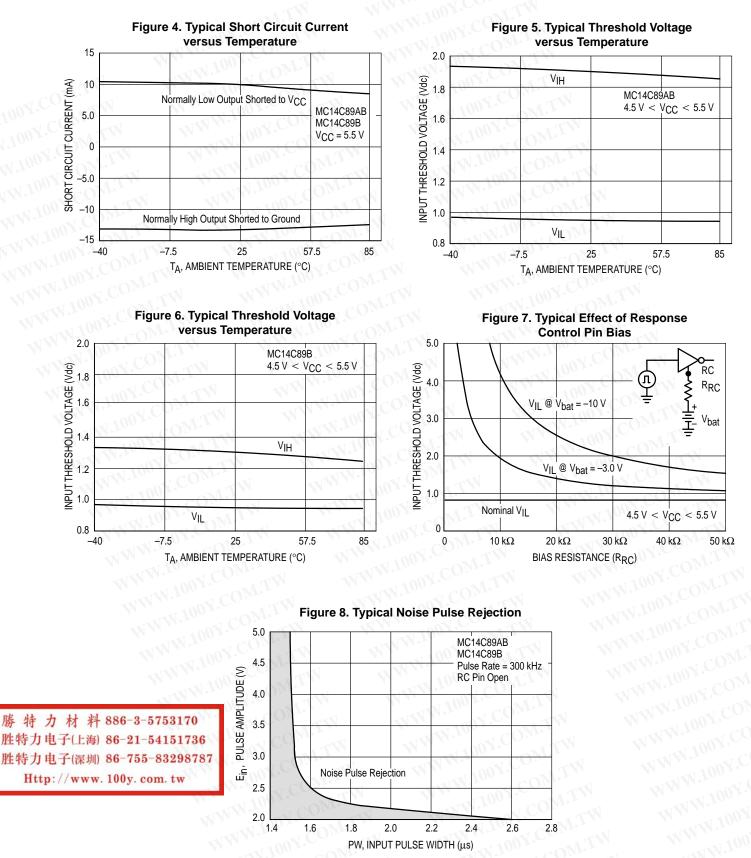
The MC14C89B and MC14C89AB are designed to comply with EIA-232-E (formerly RS-232), the newer EIA-562 (which is a higher speed version of the EIA-232), and CCITT V.28 Recommendations. EIA-562 was written around modern integrated circuit technology, whereas EIA-232 retains many of the specifications written around the electro-mechanical circuitry in use at the time of its creation. Yet the user will find enough similarities to allow a certain amount of compatibility among equipment built to the two standards. Following is a summary of the key specifications relating to the systems and the receivers.

Parameter	EIA-232-E	EIA-562
Max Data Rate	20 kBaud	38.4 kBaud Asynchronous 64 kBaud Synchronous
Max Cable Length	50 feet	Based on cable capacitance/data rate
Transition Region	-3.0 V to +3.0 V	-3.0 V to +3.0 V
MARK (one, off)	More negative than -3.0 V	More negative than -3.3 V
SPACE (zero, on)	More positive than +3.0 V	More positive than +3.3 V
Fail Safe	Output = Binary 1	Output = Binary 1
Open Circuit Input Voltage	<  2.0  V	Not Specified
Slew Rate (at the driver)	$\leq$ 30 V/µs anywhere on the waveform	$\leq$ 30 V/µs anywhere on the waveform, ≥4.0 V/µs between +3.0 V and −3.0 V
Loaded Output Voltage (at the driver)	5.0 V $\leq$ $ V_0  \leq$ 15 V for loads between 3.0 k $\Omega$ and 7.0 k $\Omega$	$ V_{O}  \ge 3.7 \text{ V}$ for a load of 3.0 k $\Omega$



## Figure 3. Typical Output Voltage versus Temperature





## MC14C89B, AB APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

#### Description

The MC14C89AB and MC14C89B are designed to be direct replacements for the MC1489A and MC1489. Both devices meet all EIA–232 specifications and also the faster EIA–562 and CCITT V.28 specifications. Noise pulse rejection circuitry eliminates the need for most response control filter capacitors but does not exclude the possibility as filtering is still possible at the Response Control (RC) pins. Also, the Response Control pins allow for a user defined selection of the threshold voltages. The MC14C89AB and MC14C89B are manufactured with a bipolar technology using low power techniques and consume at most 700  $\mu$ A, plus load currents with a +5.0 V supply.

### Outputs

The output low or high voltage depends on the state of the inputs, the load current, the bias of the Response Control pins, and the supply voltage. Table 1 applies to each receiver, regardless of how many other receivers within the package are supplying load current.

Table	1,	Function	Table
	F	Receivers	

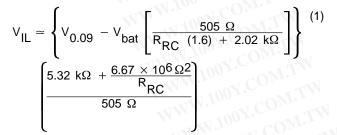
Input*	Output*
	L
LITY	Н

\*The asterisk denotes A, B, C, or D.

### **Receiver Inputs and Response Control**

The receiver inputs determine the state of the outputs in accordance with Table 1. The nominal V<sub>IL</sub> and V<sub>IH</sub> thresholds are 0.95 V and 1.90 V respectively for the MC14C89AB. For the MC14C89B, the nominal V<sub>IL</sub> and V<sub>IH</sub> thresholds are 0.95 and 1.30, respectively. The inputs are able to withstand  $\pm$ 30 V referenced to ground. Should the input voltage exceed ground by more than  $\pm$ 30 V, excessive currents will flow at the input pin. Open input pins will generate a logic high output, but good design practices dictate that inputs should never be left open.

The Response Control (RC) pins are coupled to the inputs through a resistor string. The RC pins provide for adjustment of the threshold voltages of the IC while preserving the amount of hysteresis. Figure 10 shows a typical application to adjust the threshold voltages. The RC pins also provide access to an internal resistor string which permits low pass filtering of the input signal within the IC. Like the input pins, the RC pins should not be taken above or below ground by more than  $\pm 30$  V or excessive currents will flow at these pins. The dependence of the low level threshold voltage (V<sub>IL</sub>) upon R<sub>RC</sub> and V<sub>bat</sub> can be described by the following equation:



 $V_{IH}$  can be found by calculating for  $V_{IL}$  using equation (1) then adding the hysteresis for each device (0.35 for the

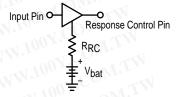
MC14C89B or 0.95 V for the MC14C89AB). Figure 7 plots equation (1) for two values of V<sub>bat</sub> and a range of  $R_{RC}$ .

If an RC pin is to be used for low pass filtering, the capacitor chosen can be calculated by the equation,

$$\mathcal{D}_{\text{RC}} \simeq \frac{1}{2.02 \text{ k}\Omega 2\pi \text{ f}_{-3\text{dB}}}$$
(2)

where  $f_{-3dB}$  represents the desired -3 dB role–off frequency of the low pass filter.

### Figure 9. Application to Adjust Thresholds



Another feature of the MC14C89AB and MC14C89B is input noise rejection. The inputs have the ability to ignore pulses which exceed the V<sub>IH</sub> and V<sub>IL</sub> thresholds but are less than 1.0  $\mu$ s in duration. As the duration of the pulse exceeds 1.0  $\mu$ s, the noise pulse may still be ignored depending on its amplitude. Figure 8 is a graph showing typical input noise rejection as a function of pulse amplitude and pulse duration. Figure 8 reflects data taken for an input with an unconnected RC pin and applied to the MC14C89AB and MC14C89B.

### **Operating Temperature Range**

The ambient operating temperature range is listed as -40°C to +85°C, and the devices are designed to meet the EIA-232-E, EIA-562 and CCITT V.28 specifications over this temperature range. The timing characteristics are guaranteed to meet the specifications at +25°C. The maximum ambient operating temperature is listed as +85°C. However, a lower ambient may be required depending on system use (i.e., specifically how many receivers within a package are used), and at what current levels they are operating. The maximum power which may be dissipated within the package is determined by:

$$P_{D(\max)} = \frac{T_{J(\max)} - T_{A}}{R_{\theta JA}}$$

where:  $R_{\theta JA}$  = thermal resistance (typ., 100°C/W for the DIP and 125°C/W for the SOIC packages);

T<sub>J(max)</sub> = maximum operating junction temperature (150°C); and

 $T_A$  = ambient temperature.

 $P_{D} = \{[(V_{CC} - V_{OH}) \times |I_{OH}|] \text{ or }$ 

 $[(VOL) \times |IOL|]$ each receiver +  $(VCC \times ICC)$ 

where: V<sub>CC</sub> = positive supply voltage;

VOH, VOL = measured or estimated from Figure 2 and 3;

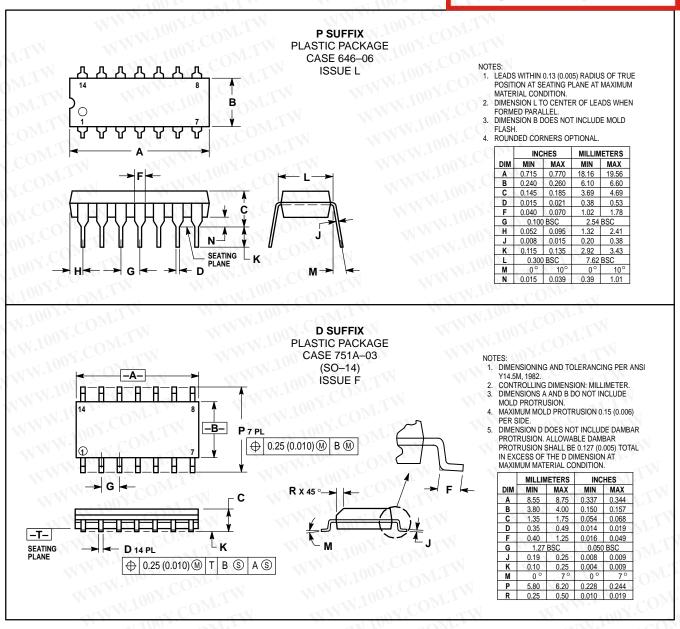
ICC = measured quiescent supply current.

As indicated, the first term (in brackets) must be calculated and summed for each of the four receivers, while the last term is common to the entire package.

## MC14C89B, AB

## **OUTLINE DIMENSIONS**

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MC14C89B/D

