

REGULATING PULSE WIDTH MODULATOR

DESCRIPTION

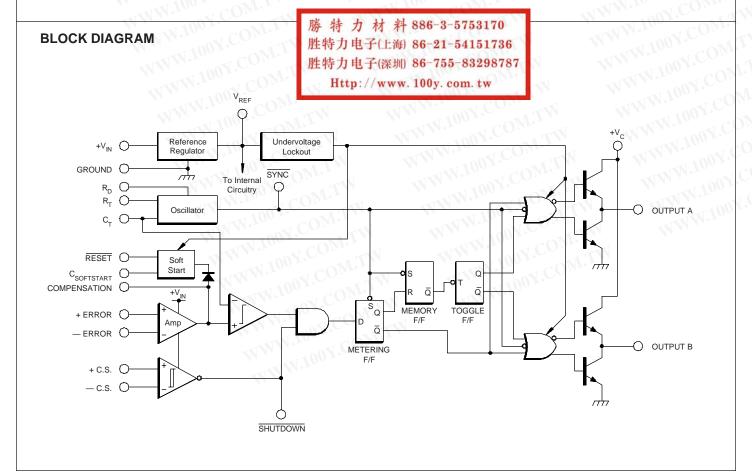
The SG1526 is a high performance monolithic pulse width modulator circuit designed for fixed-frequency switching regulators and other power control applications. Included in an 18-pin dual-in-line package are a temperature compensated voltage reference, sawtooth oscillator, error amplifier, pulse width modulator, pulse metering and steering logic, and two low impedance power drivers. Also included are protective features such as soft-start and undervoltage lockout, digital current limiting, double pulse inhibit, a data latch for single pulse metering, adjustable deadtime, and provision for symmetry correction inputs. For ease of interface, all digital control ports are TTL and B-series CMOS compatible. Active LOW logic design allows wired-OR connections for maximum flexibility. This versatile device can be used to implement single-ended or push-pull switching regulators of either polarity, both transformerless and transformer coupled. The SG1526 is characterized for operation over the full military ambient junction temperature range of -55°C to +150°C. The SG2526 is characterized for operation from -25°C to +150°C, and the SG3526 is characterized for operation from 0°C to +125°C.

FEATURES

- 8 to 35 volt operation
- 5V reference trimmed to ±1%
- 1Hz to 350KHz oscillator range
- Dual 100mA source/sink outputs
- Digital current limiting
- Double pulse suppression
- Programmable deadtime
- Undervoltage lockout
- Single pulse metering
- Programmable soft-start
- Wide current limit common mode range
- TTL/CMOS compatible logic ports
- Symmetry correction capability
- Guaranteed 6 unit synchronization

HIGH RELIABILITY FEATURES - SG1526

- ♦ Available to MIL-STD-883B and DESC SMD
- ◆ Radiation data available
- ◆ LMI level "S"processing available



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SG1526/SG2526/SG3526

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

40V
40V
to 5.5V
to V _{IN}
200mÄ
50mA

Logic Sink Current	. 15mA
Operating Junction Temperature	
Hermetic (J, L Packages)	150°C
Plastic (N, DW Packages)	150°C
Storage Temperature Range65°C to	150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 Seconds)	300°C

Note 1. Exceeding these ratings could cause damage to the device.

THERMAL DATA

L Package:

J Package:	
Thermal Resistance-Junction to Case, θ_{10}	25°C/W
Thermal Resistance-Junction to Ambient, θ_{1}	
N Package:	
Thermal Resistance-Junction to Case, θ_{JC}	30°C/W
Thermal Resistance-Junction to Ambient, θ_{JA}	
DW Package:	
Thermal Resistance-Junction to Case, θ _{IC}	35°C/W
Thermal Resistance-Junction to Ambient, θ ₁₄	90°C/W

Note A. Junction Temperature Calculation: $T_J = T_A + (P_D \times \theta_{JA})$. Note B. The above numbers for θ_{JC} are maximums for the limiting thermal resistance of the package in a standard mount-

thermal resistance of the package in a standard mounting configuration. The θ_{JA} numbers are meant to be guidelines for the thermal performance of the device/pc-board system. All of the above assume no ambient airflow

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (Note 2)

Input Voltage	8V to 35V
Collector Supply Voltage	4.5V to 35V
Sink/Source Load Current (each output)	0 to 100mA
Reference Load Current	0 to 20mA
Oscillator Frequency Range	1Hz to 350KHz
Oscillator Timing Resistor	$2K\Omega$ to $150K\Omega$

Oscillator Timing Capacitor	1nF to 20μF
Available Deadtime Range at 40	KHz 3% to 50%
Operating Ambient Temperature	Range:
SG1526	55°C to 125°C
SG2526	25°C to 85°C
SG3526	0°C to 70°C

Note 2. Range over which the device is functional.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Unless otherwise specified, these specifications apply over the operating ambient temperatures for SG1526 with -55°C \leq T_A \leq 125°C, SG2526 with -25°C \leq T_A \leq 85°C, SG3526 with 0°C \leq T_A \leq 70°C, and V_{IN} = 15V. Low duty cycle pulse testing techniques are used which maintains junction and case temperatures equal to the ambient temperature.)

Tost Conditions		SG1526/2526			SG3526		
rest Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
ON CONTRACTOR	U.Y.C.	- 1			1	44	1100
T ₁ = 25°C	4.95	5.00	5.05	4.90	5.00	5.10	V
$V_{IM} = 8 \text{ to } 35V$	00 r .	10	30		10	30	mV
I ₁ = 0 to 20mA	You	10	30	N	10	50	mV
Over Operating T	100	15	50	-1	15	50	mV
Over Recommended Operating Conditions	4.90	5.00	5.10	4.85	5.00	5.15	V
$V_{REF} = 0V$	1.20	50	125	W	50	125	mA
1001. CONT. 11	W.10	0 -	Mo				
$V_{\text{DEF}} = 3.8 \text{V}$	-11	0.2	0.4		0.2	0.4	V
$V_{REF}^{(RE)} = 4.8V$	2.4	4.8		2.4	4.8		V
	$V_{IN} = 8 \text{ to } 35V$ $I_{L} = 0 \text{ to } 20\text{mA}$ Over Operating T_{J} Over Recommended Operating Conditions	T _J = 25°C 4.95 $V_{IN} = 8 \text{ to } 35V$ $I_{L} = 0 \text{ to } 20\text{mA}$ Over Operating T _J Over Recommended Operating Conditions $V_{REF} = 0V$ $V_{PEE} = 3.8V$	T _J = 25°C 4.95 5.00 10 1 10 10 10 10 10	T _J = 25°C 4.95 5.00 5.05 V _{IN} = 8 to 35V 10 30 I _L = 0 to 20mA 10 30 Over Operating T _J 15 50 Over Recommended Operating Conditions 4.90 5.00 5.10 V _{REF} = 0V 50 125	Typ. Max. Min. Typ. Max. Min.	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Parameter	Test Conditions	SG	SG1526/2526			SG3526		
raiametei	Test Collutions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Oscillator Section (Note 4)	WWW. COM WY	1111.	av.C	(O) 2	W			
Initial Accuracy	$T_1 = 25^{\circ}C$	- N.M.11	±3	±8	Lo 12	±3	±8	%
Voltage Stability	$V_{IN} = 8 \text{ to } 35V$	1	0.5	1.0		0.5	1.0	%
Temperature Stability (Note 9)	Over Operating T	TIN W.	7	10	N	5	10	%
Minimum Frequency (Note 9)	$R_T = 150K\Omega$, $C_T = 20\mu F$	-753	100	1.0	M.		1.0	Hz
Maximum Frequency	$R_{\tau} = 2K\Omega$, $C_{\tau} = 1.0nF$	350	. 00	V.C	350	W		KH
Sawtooth Peak Voltage	V _{IN} = 35V	-011	3.0	3.5	$O_{I\!\!A I}$	3.0	3.5	V
Sawtooth Valley Voltage	$V_{IN}^{IN} = 8V$	0.5	1.0	101.	0.5	1.0		V
Error Amplifier Section (Note 5)	MMM. COM.	WW	AA.	. Voo.	Co		N	
Input Offset Voltage	$R_s \le 2K\Omega$		2	5	· c0	2	10	mV
Input Bias Current	· WWW.	1/1	-350	-1000		-350	-2000	nA
Input Offset Current	TONN. TO ST CONT.	-35	35	100	V.C	35	200	nA
DC Open Loop Gain	$R_1 \ge 10M\Omega$, $T_1 = 25^{\circ}C$	64	72	1010	60	72		dB
High Output Voltage	$V_{PIN1}^L - V_{PIN2} \ge 150 \text{mV}, I_{SOURCE} = 100 \mu \text{A}$	3.6	4.2	4.0	3.6	4.2	WT	V
Low Output Voltage	$V_{PIN2}^{PIN1} - V_{PIN1}^{PIN2} \ge 150 \text{mV}, I_{SINK}^{SOURCE} = 100 \mu \text{A}$		0.2	0.4	_7	0.2	0.4	« V
Common Mode Rejection	$R_s \leq 2K\Omega$	70	94		70	94	TIME	dB
Supply Voltage Rejection	$V_{IN}^{s} = 8V \text{ to } 35V$	66	80	MAN.	66	80		dB
PWM Comparator Section (Note			- 44	-11/	100		OM.	
Minimum Duty Cycle	V _{COMPENSATION} = 0.4V	1		0	- 10	D.Y.	0	%
Maximum Duty Cycle	V _{COMPENSATION} = 3.6V	45	49		45	49	OM	%
Digital Ports (SYNC, SHUTDOV		7.1		NA -	T.V.	00	COL	1.
HIGH Output Voltage	$I_{\text{SOURCE}} = 40 \mu A$	2.4	4	MA	2.4	4		V
LOW Output Voltage	I _{SINK} = 3.6mA	1.0	0.2	0.4		0.2	0.4	V
HIGH Input Current	$V_{\rm IH}^{\rm SINK} = 2.4 \rm V$	1.1	-125	-300		-125	-300	μА
LOW Input Current	V _{II} = 0.4V		-225	-500	11/1	-225	-500	μA
Current Limit Comparator Sect		DMr.	« 1			11.70	×1 (OB
Sense Voltage	$R_s \le 50\Omega$, $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$	90	100	110	80	100	120	mV
Input Bias Current	COMPANY MINNS	W T	-3	-10		-3	-10	μΑ
Soft-Start Section	N. Too	COM.	-1	•	-	WK	In	57 CS
Error Clamp Voltage	RESET = 0.4V	. 1	0.1	0.4	M	0.1	0.4	V
C _s Charging Current	RESET = 2.4V	50	100	200	50	100	200	μΑ
Output Drivers (each output) (N	Note 7)	CON	1.1	-1		-731	W.In	-1
HIGH Output Voltage	I _{SOURCE} = 20mA	12.5	13.5	1	12.5	13.5	-x11	V
VXX	I _{SOURCE} = 100mA	12	13	N.	12	13	1111	V
LOW Output Voltage	$I_{SINIK} = 20\text{mA}$	00 .	0.2	0.3		0.2	0.3	V
Wix	$I_{SINIK} = 100 \text{mA}$	any.C	1.2	2		1.2	2	V
Collector Leakage	$V_{\rm C} = 40 \rm V$	In	50	150		50	150	μΑ
Rise Time	$C_{i} = 1000pF$	1007.	0.3	0.6		0.3	0.6	μs
Fall Time	$C_{L}^{L} = 1000pF$	VOO	0.1	0.2	N	0.1	0.2	μs
Power Consumption Section (N	Note 8)	W.100	- c0	Mer	-41			TW.
Standby Current	SHUTDOWN = 0.4V	1100	18	30	M	18	30	mA

Note 3. I_L = 0mA Note 4. F_{OSC} = 40KHz (R_T = 4.12K Ω ±1%, C_T = .01 μ F ±1%, R_D = 0 Ω) Note 5. V_{CM} = 0 to 5.2V Note 6. V_{CM} = 0 to 12V

Note 7. $\rm V_C=15V$ Note 8. $\rm V_N=35V$ Note 9. These parameters, although guaranteed over the recommended operating conditions, are not tested in production.

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SG1526/SG2526/SG3526

CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

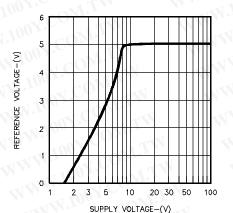


FIGURE 1.
REFERENCE VOLTAGE VS. SUPPLY VOLTAGE

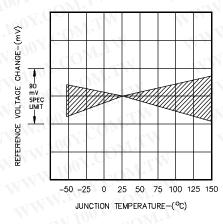


FIGURE 2.
REFERENCE TEMPERATURE STABILITY

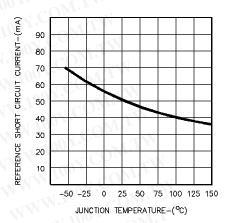


FIGURE 3.
REFERENCE SHORT CIRCUIT CURRENT

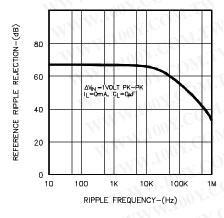


FIGURE 4. REFERENCE RIPPLE REJECTION

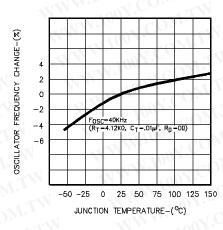


FIGURE 5. OSCILLATOR FREQUENCY TEMPERATURE STABILITY

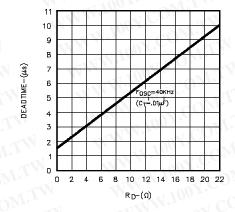


FIGURE 6.
OUTPUT DRIVER DEADTIME VS. R_D VALUE

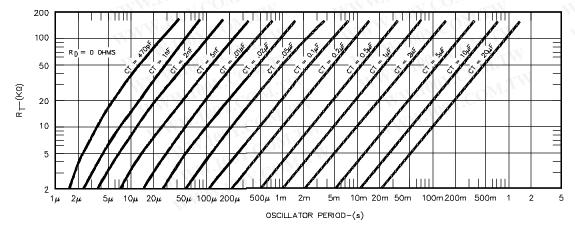


FIGURE 7. OSCILLATOR PERIOD VS. $R_{\rm T}$ AND $C_{\rm T}$

CHARACTERISTIC CURVES (continued)

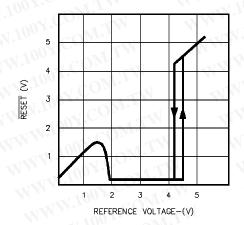


FIGURE 8.
UNDERVOLTAGE LOCKOUT CHARACTERISTIC

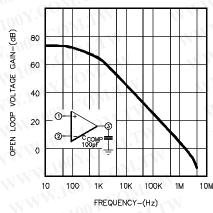


FIGURE 9. ERROR AMPLIFIER OPEN LOOP GAIN VS. FREQUENCY

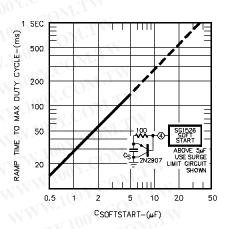


FIGURE 10. SOFTSTART TIME CONSTANT VS. C_s

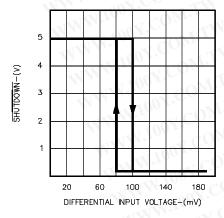


FIGURE 11. CURRENT LIMIT TRANSFER FUNCTION

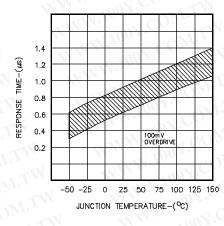


FIGURE 12. COMPARATOR INPUT TO DRIVER OUTPUT DELAY

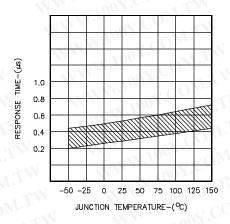
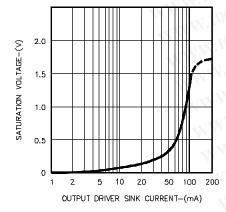


FIGURE 13. SHUTDOWN INPUT TO DRIVER OUTPUT DELAY



OUTPUT DRIVER SATURATION VOLTAGE VS. I_{SINK}

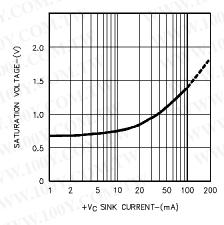


FIGURE 15. OUTPUT SUPPLY SATURATION VOLTAGE VS. $I_{\rm SINK}$

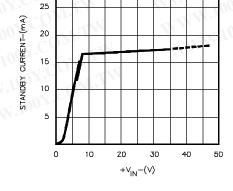


FIGURE 16. STANDBY CURRENT VS. SUPPLY VOLTAGE

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APPLICATION INFORMATION

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VOLTAGE REFERENCE

The reference regulator of the SG1526 is based on a temperature compensated zener diode. The circuitry is fully active at supply voltages above +8 volts., and provides up to 20mA of load current to external circuitry at +5.0 volts. In systems where additional current is required, an external PNP transistor can be used to boost the available current. A rugged low frequency audio-type transistor should be used, and lead lengths between the PWM and transistor should be as short as possible to minimize the risk of oscillations. Even so, some types of transistors may require collector-base capacitance for stability. Up to 1amp of load current can be obtained with excellent regulation if the device selected maintains high current gain.

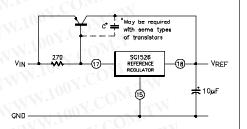
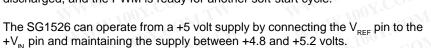


FIGURE 17. EXTENDING REFERENCE OUTPUT CURRENT

UNDERVOLTAGE LOCKOUT

The undervoltage lockout circuit protects the SG1526 and the power devices it controls from inadequate supply voltage. If $+V_{IN}$ is too low, the circuit disables the output drivers and holds the \overline{RESET} pin LOW. This prevents spurious output pulses while the control circuitry is stabilizing, and holds the soft-start timing capacitor in a discharged state.

The circuit consists of a +1.2 volt bandgap reference and comparator circuit which is active when the reference voltage has risen to $3V_{\rm BE}$ or 1.8 volts at 25°C. When the reference voltage rises to approximately +4.4 volts, the circuit enables the output drivers and releases the $\overline{\rm RESET}$ pin, allowing a normal soft-start. The comparator has 200mV of hysteresis to minimize oscillation at the trip point. When +V_{IN} to the PWM is removed and the reference drops to +4.2 volts, the undervoltage circuit pulls RESET $\overline{\rm LOW}$ again. The soft-start capacitor is immediately discharged, and the PWM is ready for another soft-start cycle.



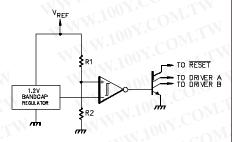


FIGURE 18.
SIMPLIFIED UNDERVOLTAGE LOCKOUT

SOFT-START CIRCUIT

The soft-start circuit protects the power transistors and rectifier diodes from high current surges during power supply turn-on. When supply voltage is first applied to the SG1526, the undervoltage lockout circuit holds $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ LOW with Q3. Q1 is turned on, which holds the soft-start capacitor voltage at zero. The second collector of Q1 clamps the output error amplifier to ground, guaranteeing zero duty cycle at the driver outputs. When the supply voltage reaches normal operating range, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ will go HIGH. Q1 turns off, allowing the internal 100µA current source to charge C_{S} . Q2 clamps the error amplifier output to 1V_{BE} above the voltage on C_{S} . As the soft-start voltage ramps up to +5 volts, the duty cycle of the PWM linearly increases to whatever value the voltage regulation loop requires for an error null. Figure 10 gives the timing relationship between C_{S} and ramp time to 100% duty cycle.

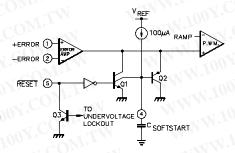


FIGURE 19. SOFT-START CIRCUIT SCHEMATIC

DIGITAL CONTROL PORTS

The three digital control ports of the SG1526 are bi-directional. Each pin can drive TTL and 5 volt CMOS logic directly, up to a fan-out of 10 low-power Schottky gates. Each pin can also be directly driven by open-collector voltage comparators; fan-in is equivalent to 1 low-power Schottky gate. Each port is normally HIGH; the pin is pulled LOW to activate the particular function. Driving SYNC LOW initiates a discharge cycle in the oscillator. Pulling SHUTDOWN LOW immediately inhibits all PWM output pulses. Holding RESET LOW discharges the soft-start capacitor. The logic threshold is +1.1 volts at 25°C. Noise immunity can be gained at the expense of fan-out with an external 2K pullup resistor to +5 volts.

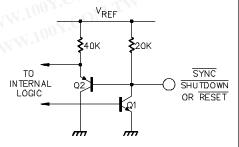


FIGURE 20.
DIGITAL CONTROL PORT SCHEMATIC

APPLICATION INFORMATION (continued)

OSCILLATOR

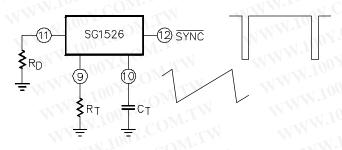


FIGURE 21 - OSCILLATOR CONNECTIONS AND WAVEFORMS

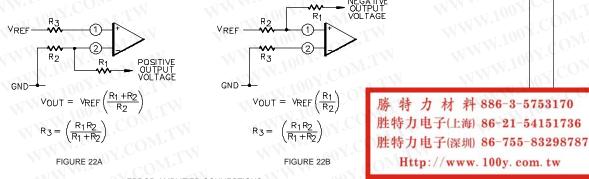
The oscillator is programmed for frequency and deadtime with three components: R_T , C_T , and R_D . Two waveforms are generated: a sawtooth waveform at pin 10 for pulse width modulation, and a logic clock at pin 12. The following procedure is recommended for choosing timing values:

- 1. With $R_D = 0\Omega$ (pin 11 shorted to ground) select values for R_T and C_T from Figure 7 to give the desired oscillator period. Remember that the frequency at each driver output is half the oscillator frequency, and the frequency at the +V_c terminal is the same as the oscillator frequency.
- If more dead time is required, select a larger value of R_D using Figure 6 as a guide. At 40kHz dead time increases by 400nSec/ohm.
- Increasing the dead time will cause the oscillator frequency to decrease slightly. Go back and decrease the value of R_T slightly to bring the frequency back to the nominal design value.

The SG1526 can be synchronized to an external logic clock by programming the oscillator to free-run at a frequency 10% slower than the sync frequency. A periodic LOW logic pulse approximately 0.5µSec wide at the SYNC pin will then lock the oscillator to the external frequency.

Multiple devices can be synchronized together by programming one master unit for the desired frequency, and then sharing its sawtooth and clock waveforms with the slave units. All C_{τ} terminals are connected to the C_{τ} pin of the master, and all SYNC terminals are likewise connected to the $\overline{\text{SYNC}}$ pin of the master. Slave R_{τ} terminals should not be left open nor should they be tied to the +5V reference; at least 50K should be connected to each pin. Slave R_{τ} terminals may be either left open or grounded.

ERROR AMPLIFIER



ERROR AMPLIFIER CONNECTIONS

The error amplifier is a transconductance design, with an output impedance of 2 megohms and an effective output capacitance of 100 pF. Since all voltage gain takes place at the output pin, the open-loop gain can be shaped with shunt reactance to ground. For unity gain stability the amplifier requires an additional external 100 pF to ground, resulting in an open-loop pole at 400 Hz.

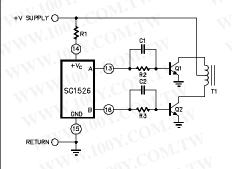
The input connections to the error amplifier are determined by the polarity of the switching supply output voltage. For positive supplies, the common-mode voltage is +5.0 volts and the feedback connections in Figure 22A are used. With negative supplies, the common-mode voltage is ground and the feedback divider is connected between the negative output and the +5.0 volt reference voltage, as shown in Figure 22B.

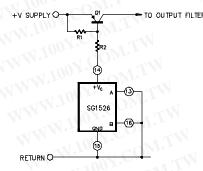
APPLICATION INFORMATION (continued)

OUTPUT DRIVERS

The totem-pole output drivers of the SG1526 are designed to source and sink 100mA continuously and 200mA peak. Loads can be driven either from the output pins 13 and 16, or from the $+V_c$ pin, as required. Curves for the saturation voltage at these outputs as a function of load current are found in Figures 14 and 15.

Since the bottom transistor of the totem-pole is allowed to saturate, there is a momentary conduction path from the $+V_c$ terminal to ground during switching. To limit the resulting current spikes a small resistor in series with pin 14 is always recommended. The resistor value is determined by the driver supply voltage, and should be chosen for 200mA peak currents, as shown in Figure 25.





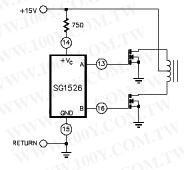
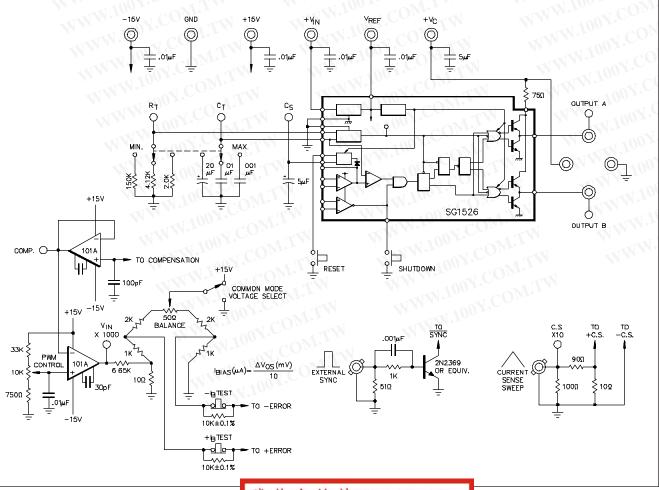


FIGURE 23. PUSH-PULL CONFIGURATION

FIGURE 24. SINGLE-ENDED CONFIGURATION

FIGURE 25.
DRIVING N-CHANNEL POWER MOSFETS

SG1526 LAB TEST FIXTURE



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CONNECTION DIAGRAMS & ORDERING INFORMATION (See Notes Below)

Package	Part No.	Ambient Temperature Range	Connection Diagram
18-PIN CERAMIC DIP J - PACKAGE	SG1526J/883B SG1526J SG2526J SG3526J	-55°C to 125°C -55°C to 125°C -25°C to 85°C 0°C to 70°C	+ERROR
18-PIN PLASTIC DIP N - PACKAGE	SG2526N SG3526N	-25°C to 85°C 0°C to 70°C	+CURRENT SENSE 7 12 SYNC SHUTDOWN 8 11 R _{DEADTIME} R _T 9 10 C _T
18-PIN WIDE BODY PLASTIC S.O.I.C. DW - PACKAGE	SG2526DW SG3526DW	-25°C to 85°C 0°C to 70°C	+ERROR 1
20-PIN CERAMIC LEADLESS CHIP CARRIER L- PACKAGE	SG1526L/883B SG1526L	-55°C to 125°C -55°C to 125°C	1. N.C. 2. +ERROR 3ERROR 4. COMP 5. C SOFTISTART 6. RESET 7C.S. 8. +C.S. 9. SHUTDOWN 10.R _T 3 2 1 20 19 11. C _T 12. R _{DEADTIME} 13. SYNC 17 14. OUTPUT A 15. +V_COLLECTOR 16. N.C. 15 17. GROUND 14 18. OUTPUT B 19. +V _N 20. V _{REF}

勝 特 力 材 料 886-3-5753170 胜特力电子(上海) 86-21-54151736 胜特力电子(深圳) 86-755-83298787 Http://www.100y.com.tw

Note 1. Contact factory for JAN and DESC product availability.

2. All parts are viewed from the top.

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