MUR8100E is a Preferred Device

SWITCHMODE™ Power Rectifiers

Ultrafast "E" Series with High Reverse Energy Capability

The MUR8100 and MUR880E diodes are designed for use in switching power supplies, inverters and as free wheeling diodes.

Features

- 20 mJ Avalanche Energy Guaranteed
- Excellent Protection Against Voltage Transients in Switching Inductive Load Circuits
- Ultrafast 75 Nanosecond Recovery Time
- 175°C Operating Junction Temperature
- Popular TO–220 Package
- Epoxy Meets UL 94 V-0 @ 0.125 in.
- Low Forward Voltage
- Low Leakage Current
- High Temperature Glass Passivated Junction
- Reverse Voltage to 1000 V
- Pb-Free Package is Available

Mechanical Characteristics

- Case: Epoxy, Molded
- Weight: 1.9 grams (approximately)
- Finish: All External Surfaces Corrosion Resistant and Terminal Leads are Readily Solderable
- Lead Temperature for Soldering Purposes: 260°C Max. for 10 Seconds
- Marking: U880E, U8100E

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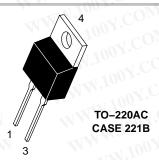


ON Semiconductor®

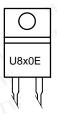
http://onsemi.com

ULTRAFAST RECTIFIERS 8.0 A, 800 V - 1000 V





MARKING DIAGRAM



U8x0E = Device Code x = 8 or 10

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Shipping [†]
MUR8100E	TO-220	50 Units / Rail
MUR8100EG	TO-220 (Pb-Free)	50 Units / Rail
MUR880E	TO-220	50 Units / Rail

†For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

*For additional information on our Pb–Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

Preferred devices are recommended choices for future use and best overall value.

WWW.100Y.COM.TW MUR8100E, MUR880E

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	Rating	Symbol	Value	Uni
Peak Repetitive Reverse Working Peak Reverse Vo DC Blocking Voltage		V _{RRM} V _{RWM} V _R	800 1000	V
Average Rectified Forwar (Rated V _R , T _C = 150°C		I _{F(AV)}	8.0	А
Peak Repetitive Forward (Rated V _R , Square Wav 20 kHz, T _C = 150°C)		I _{FM}	16	Α
Non-Repetitive Peak Sur (Surge Applied at Rate	ge Current I Load Conditions Halfwave, Single Phase, 60 Hz)	I _{FSM}	CO 100	A
Operating Junction and S	torage Temperature Range	T _J , T _{stq}	-65 to +175	√°C

Maximum ratings are those values beyond which device damage can occur. Maximum ratings applied to the device are individual stress limit values (not normal operating conditions) and are not valid simultaneously. If these limits are exceeded, device functional operation is not implied, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

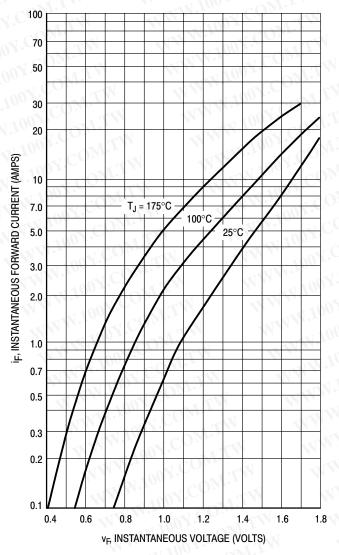
THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	WW 1007.	Symbol	Value	Unit
Maximum Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case	WW. 1007.Co	$R_{ heta JC}$	2.0	°C/W
WWW.100Y.COM.TW	WWW.100Y.CO	OM.TW	MMM.100	V.COM
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS				

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Value	Unit
Maximum Instantaneous Forward Voltage (Note 1) $ (i_F = 8.0 \text{ A}, T_C = 150^{\circ}\text{C}) \\ (i_F = 8.0 \text{ A}, T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}) $	100 K.COM	1.5 1.8	100 100 100 100
Maximum Instantaneous Reverse Current (Note 1) (Rated DC Voltage, $T_C = 100^{\circ}C$) (Rated DC Voltage, $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$)	i _R	500 25	μА
Maximum Reverse Recovery Time $ (I_F = 1.0 \text{ A, di/dt} = 50 \text{ A/}\mu\text{s}) $ $ (I_F = 0.5 \text{ A, } I_R = 1.0 \text{ A, } I_{REC} = 0.25 \text{ A}) $	t _{rr}	100 75	ns
Controlled Avalanche Energy (See Test Circuit in Figure 6)	W _{AVAL}	20	mJ

^{1.} Pulse Test: Pulse Width = 300 μs, Duty Cycle ≤ 2.0%. WWW.100Y.COM.TW



10,000 * The curves shown are typical for the highest voltage device in the voltage grouping. Typical reverse current for lower voltage selections can be 1000 estimated from these same curves if V_R is sufficiently below rated V_R. REVERSE CURRENT (µA) 100 175°C 150°C 10 100°C 1.0 Ě 0.1 $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ 0.01 0 800 200 400 600 1000 V_R, REVERSE VOLTAGE (VOLTS)

Figure 2. Typical Reverse Current*

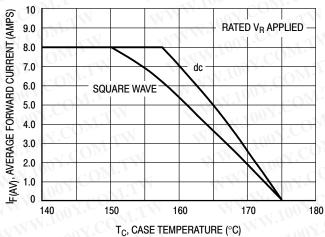
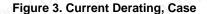
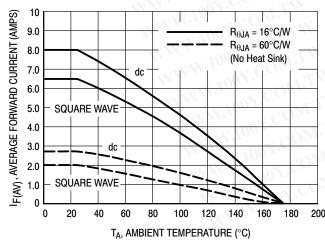


Figure 1. Typical Forward Voltage





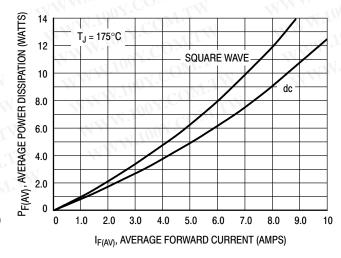


Figure 4. Current Derating, Ambient

Figure 5. Power Dissipation

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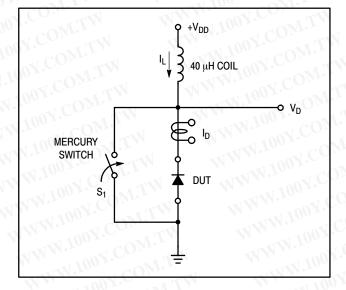


Figure 6. Test Circuit

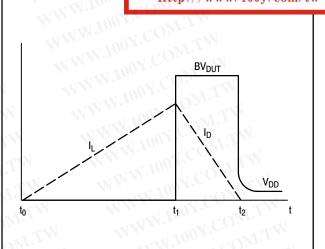


Figure 7. Current-Voltage Waveforms

The unclamped inductive switching circuit shown in Figure 6 was used to demonstrate the controlled avalanche capability of the new "E" series Ultrafast rectifiers. A mercury switch was used instead of an electronic switch to simulate a noisy environment when the switch was being opened.

When S_1 is closed at t_0 the current in the inductor I_L ramps up linearly; and energy is stored in the coil. At t₁ the switch is opened and the voltage across the diode under test begins to rise rapidly, due to di/dt effects, when this induced voltage reaches the breakdown voltage of the diode, it is clamped at BV_{DUT} and the diode begins to conduct the full load current which now starts to decay linearly through the diode, and goes to zero at t2.

By solving the loop equation at the point in time when S_1 is opened; and calculating the energy that is transferred to the diode it can be shown that the total energy transferred is equal to the energy stored in the inductor plus a finite amount of energy from the V_{DD} power supply while the diode is in

breakdown (from t₁ to t₂) minus any losses due to finite component resistances. Assuming the component resistive elements are small Equation (1) approximates the total energy transferred to the diode. It can be seen from this equation that if the V_{DD} voltage is low compared to the breakdown voltage of the device, the amount of energy contributed by the supply during breakdown is small and the total energy can be assumed to be nearly equal to the energy stored in the coil during the time when S₁ was closed, Equation (2).

The oscilloscope picture in Figure 8, shows the MUR8100E in this test circuit conducting a peak current of one ampere at a breakdown voltage of 1300 V, and using Equation (2) the energy absorbed by the MUR8100E is approximately 20 mjoules.

Although it is not recommended to design for this condition, the new "E" series provides added protection against those unforeseen transient viruses that can produce unexplained random failures in unfriendly environments.

EQUATION (1):

$$W_{AVAL} \approx \frac{1}{2} LI_{LPK}^{2} \left(\frac{BV_{DUT}}{BV_{DUT}^{-V}DD} \right)$$

EQUATION (2):

$$W_{AVAL} \approx \frac{1}{2}LI_{LPK}^2$$

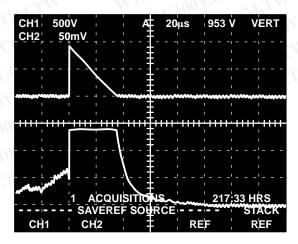


Figure 8. Current-Voltage Waveforms

CHANNEL 2: 0.5 AMPS/DIV.

CHANNEL 1: V_{DUT} 500 VOLTS/DIV.

TIME BASE: 20 μs/DIV.

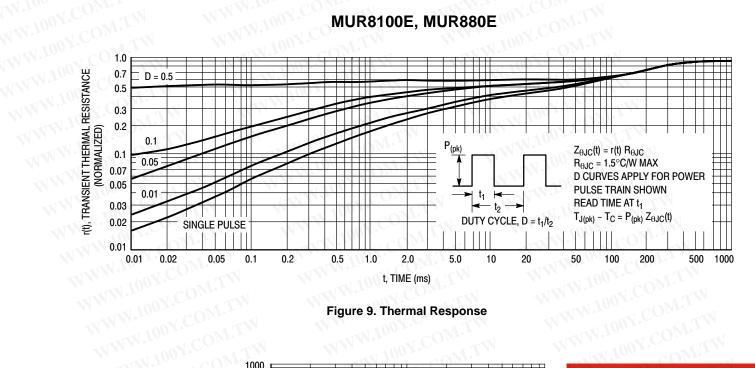
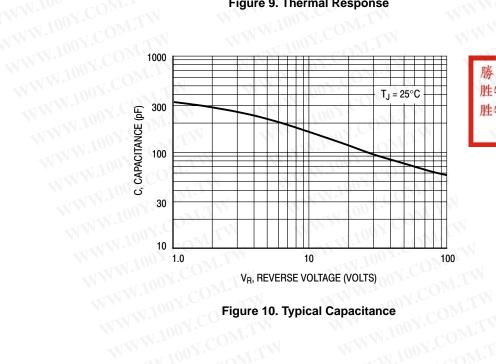


Figure 9. Thermal Response



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PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

TO-220 CASE 221B-04 ISSUE D 勝 特 力 材 料 886-3-5753170 胜特力电子(上海) 86-21-54151736 胜特力电子(深圳) 86-755-83298787

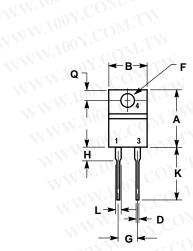
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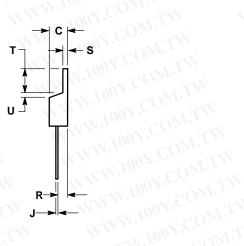
NOTES:

- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI
 V14 FM 1982
- Y14.5M, 1982.
 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.

00	INCHES		MILLIMETERS		
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	0.595	0.620	15.11	15.75	
В	0.380	0.405	9.65	10.29	
С	0.160	0.190	4.06	4.82	
D	0.025	0.035	0.64	0.89	
F	0.142	0.147	3.61	3.73	
G	0.190	0.210	4.83	5.33	
H	0.110	0.130	2.79	3.30	
J	0.018	0.025	0.46	0.64	
K	0.500	0.562	12.70	14.27	
L⊲	0.045	0.060	1.14	1.52	
Q	0.100	0.120	2.54	3.04	
R	0.080	0.110	2.04	2.79	
S	0.045	0.055	1.14	1.39	
T	0.235	0.255	5.97	6.48	
U	0.000	0.050	0.000	1.27	

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