## NE/SA568A

#### DESCRIPTION

The NE568A is a monolithic phase-locked loop (PLL) which operates from 1Hz to frequencies in excess of 150MHz and features an extended supply voltage range and a lower temperature coefficient of the V<sub>CO</sub> center frequency in comparison with its predecessor, the NE 568. The NE568A is function and pin-compatible with the NE568, requiring only minor changes in peripheral circuitry (see Figure 3). Temperature compensation network is different, no resistor on Pin 12, needs to be grounded and Pin 13 has a  $3.9k\Omega$  resistor to ground. Timing cap, C<sub>2</sub>, is different and for 70MHz operation with temperature compensation network should be 16pF, not 34pF as was used in the NE568. The NE568A has the following improvements: ESD protected; extended V<sub>CC</sub> range from 4.5V to 5.5V; operating temperature range -55 to 125°C (see Signetics Military 568A data sheet); less layout sensitivity; and lower T<sub>C</sub> of VCO (center frequency). The integrated circuit consists of a limiting amplifier, a current-controlled oscillator (ICO), a phase detector, a level shift circuit, V/I and I/V converters, an output buffer, and bias circuitry with temperature and frequency compensating characteristics. The design of the NE568A is particularly well-suited for demodulation of FM signals with extremely large deviation in systems which require a highly linear output. In satellite receiver applications with a 70MHz IF, the NE568A will demodulate ±20% deviations with less than 1.0% typical non-linearity. In addition to high linearity, the circuit has a loop filter which can be configured with series or shunt elements to optimize loop dynamic performance. The NE568A is available in 20-pin dual in-line and 20-pin SO (surface mounted) plastic packages.

### FEATURES

- Operation to 150MHz
- High linearity buffered output

### PIN CONFIGURATION

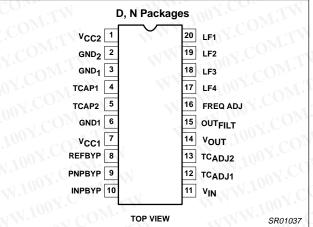


Figure 1. Pin Configuration

- Series or shunt loop filter component capability
- External loop gain control
- Temperature compensated
  ESD protected<sup>1</sup>
- V. 10
- APPLICATIONS
   Satellite receivers
- Fiber optic video links
- VHF FSK demodulators
- Clock Recovery

勝 特 力 材 料 886-3-5753170 胜特力电子(上海) 86-21-54151736 胜特力电子(深圳) 86-755-83298787 Http://www.100y.com.tw

DESCRIPTION	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE	DWG #
20-Pin Plastic Small Outline Large (SOL) Package	0 to +70°C	NE568AD	SOT163-1
20-Pin Plastic Dual In-Line Package (DIP)	0 to +70°C	NE568AN	SOT146-1
20-Pin Plastic Small Outline Large (SOL) Package	-40 to +85°C	SA568AD	SOT163-1
20-Pin Plastic Dual In-Line Package (DIP)	-40 to +85°C	SA568AN	SOT146-1

### **BLOCK DIAGRAM**

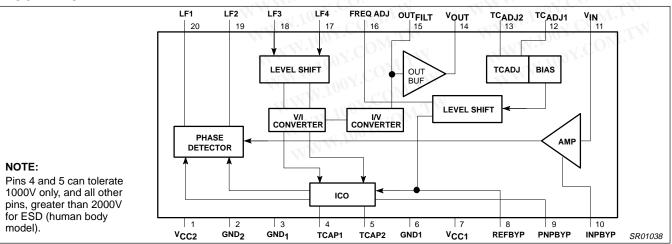


Figure 2. Block Diagram

勝 特 力 材 料 886-3-5753170 胜特力电子(上海) 86-21-54151736 胜特力电子(深圳) 86-755-83298787 Http://www.100y.com.tw

### NE/SA568A

112,0,1000/

### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	RATING	UNITS
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage	6	I COV
Tj	Junction temperature	+150	<b>0</b> °
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage temperature range	-65 to +150	°C
PDMAX	Maximum power dissipation	400	mW
$\theta_{JA}$	Thermal resistance	80	°C/W

### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The elctrical characteristics listed below are actual tests (unless otherwise stated) performed on each device with an automatic IC tester prior to shipment. Performance of the device in automated test set-up is not necessarily optimum. The NE568A is layout-sensitive. Evaluation of performance for correlation to the data sheet should be done with the circuit and layout of Figures 3, 4, and 5 with the evaluation unit soldered in place. (Do not use a socket!)

### DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $V_{CC}$  = 5V;  $T_A$  = 25°C;  $f_O$  = 70MHz, Test Circuit Figure 3,  $f_{IN}$  = -20dBm,  $R_4$  = 3.9k $\Omega$ , unless otherwise specified.

WWW 100Y.CO at T	TEST CONDITIONS	LIMITS NE/SA568A			UNITS
SYMBOL PARAMETER					
		MIN	TYP	MAX	W.100
Supply voltage	I'M WI	4.5	5	5.5	V
Supply current	WWW WW	N.Co	54	70 🔨	mA
•	Supply voltage	Supply voltage	MIN           Supply voltage         4.5	PARAMETER     TEST CONDITIONS     NE/SA568A       MIN     TYP       Supply voltage     4.5     5	PARAMETER         TEST CONDITIONS         NE/SA568A           MIN         TYP         MAX           Supply voltage         4.5         5         5.5

### AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	LIMITS NE/SA568A			UNITS
	fosc		Maximum oscillator operating frequency <sup>3</sup>	WILM WY	150	Mon
	Input signal level	COMTW W	50 -20 <sup>1</sup>	Y.COM	2000 +10	mV <sub>P-P</sub> dBm
BW	Demodulated bandwidth	Dr. ON.T.	1.1	f <sub>O</sub> /7	1.1	MHz
	Non-linearity <sup>5</sup>	Dev = ±20%, Input = -20dBm		00 1.0	4.0	%
	Lock range <sup>2</sup>	Input = -20dBm	±25	±35	WT IC	% of f <sub>O</sub>
	Capture range <sup>2</sup>	Input = -20dBm	±20	±30	Dr. T	% of f <sub>O</sub>
	TC of f <sub>O</sub>	Figure 3	W	100	COM.	ppm/°C
R <sub>IN</sub>	Input resistance <sup>4</sup>	N.1001. ON.T.	1	W.100 -	COM.	kΩ
	Output impedance	NI 100Y. ONLIW	A	6	Mon	Ω
	Demodulated V <sub>OUT</sub>	Dev = $\pm 20\%$ of f <sub>O</sub> measured at Pin 14	0.40	0.52	N.CON	V <sub>P-P</sub>
	AM rejection	V <sub>IN</sub> = -20dBm (30% AM) referred to ±20% deviation		50	on Y.CO	dB
f <sub>O</sub>	Distribution <sup>6</sup>	Centered at 70MHz, $R_2 =$ 1.2k $\Omega$ , $C_2 =$ 16pF, $R_4 =$ 3.9k $\Omega$ ( $C_2 + C_{STRAY} =$ 20pF)	-15	0	+15	%
f <sub>O</sub>	Drift with supply	4.5V to 5.5V		2		%/V

#### NOTE:

1. Signal level to assure all published parameters. Device will continue to function at lower levels with varying performance.

2. Limits are set symmetrical to fo. Actual characteristics may have asymmetry beyond the specified limits.

3. Not 100% tested, but guaranteed by design.

4. Input impedance depends on package and layout capacitances. See Figures 6 and 5.

5. Linearity is tested with incremental changes in inupt frequency and measurement of the DC output voltage at Pin 14 (V<sub>OUT</sub>). Non-linearity is then calculated from a straight line over the deviation range specified.

6. Free-running frequency is measured as feedthrough to Pin 14 (V<sub>OUT</sub>) with no input signal applied.

勝 特 力 材 料 886-3-5753170 胜特力电子(上海) 86-21-54151736 胜特力电子(深圳) 86-755-83298787 Http://www.100y.com.tw

#### Product specification

### NE/SA568A

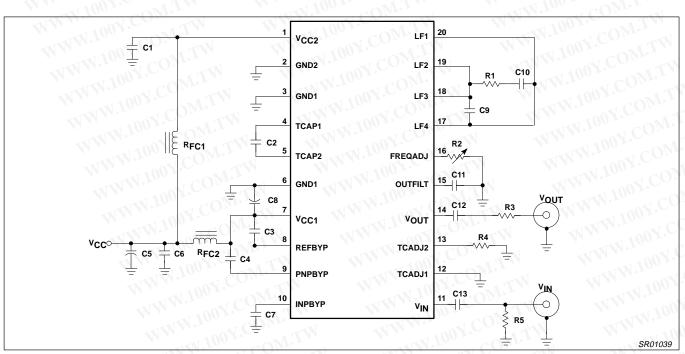


Figure 3. Test Circuit for AC Parameters

### FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The NE568A is a high-performance phase-locked loop (PLL). The circuit consists of conventional PLL elements, with special circuitry for linearized demodulated output, and high-frequency performance. The process used has NPN transistors with  $f_T > 6GHz$ . The high gain and bandwidth of these transistors make careful attention to layout and bypass critical for optimum performance. The performance of the PLL cannot be evaluated independent of the layout. The use of the application layout in this data sheet and surface-mount capacitors are highly recommended as a starting point.

The input to the PLL is through a limiting amplifier with a gain of 200. The input of this amplifier is differential (Pins 10 and 11). For single-ended applications, the input must be coupled through a DC-blocking capacitor with low impedance at the frequency of interest. The single-ended input is normally applied to Pin 11 with Pin 10 AC-bypassed with a low-impedance capacitor. The input impedance is characteristically slightly above 500 $\Omega$ . Impedance match is not necessary, but loading the signal source should be avoided. When the source is 50 or 75 $\Omega$ , a DC-blocking capacitor is usually all that is needed.

Input amplification is low enough to assure reasonable response time in the case of large signals, but high enough for good AM rejection. After amplification, the input signal drives one port of a multiplier-cell phase detector. The other port is driven by the current-controlled oscillator (ICO). The output of the phase comparator is a voltage proportional to the phase difference of the input and ICO signals. The error signal is filtered with a low-pass filter to provide a DC-correction voltage, and this voltage is converted to a current which is applied to the ICO, shifting the frequency in the direction which causes the input and ICO to have a 90° phase relationship.

The oscillator is a current-controlled multivibrator. The current control affects the charge/discharge rate of the timing capacitor. It is common for this type of oscillator to be referred to as a

voltage-controlled oscillator (VCO), because the output of the phase comparator and the loop filter is a voltage. To control the frequency of an integrated ICO multivibrator, the control signal must be conditioned by a voltage-to-current converter. In the NE568A, special circuitry predistorts the control signal to make the change in frequency a linear function over a large control-current range.

The free-running frequency of the oscillator depends on the value of the timing capacitor connected between Pins 4 and 5. The value of the timing capacitor depends on internal resistive components and current sources. When  $R_2 = 1.2k\Omega$  and  $R_4 = 0\Omega$ , a very close approximation of the correct capacitor value is:

$$C^* = \frac{0.0014}{f} F$$

where

$$C^* = C_2 + C_{STRAY}$$

The temperature-compensation resistor,  $R_4$ , affects the actual value of capacitance. This equation is normalized to 70MHz. See 10 for correction factors.

The loop filter determines the dynamic characteristics of the loop. In most PLLs, the phase detector outputs are internally connected to the ICO inputs. The NE568A was designed with filter output to input connections from Pins 20 ( $\phi$  DET) to 17 (ICO), and Pins 19 ( $\phi$  DET) to 18 (ICO) external. This allows the use of both series and shunt loop-filter elements. The loop constratints are:

 $K_{O} = 0.12V/Radian$  (Phase Detector Constant)

$$K_{O} = 4.2 \cdot 10^{9} \frac{\text{Radians}}{V_{-\text{sec}}}$$
 (ICO Constant) at 70MHz

The loop filter determines the general characteristics of the loop. Capacitors C<sub>9</sub>, C<sub>10</sub>, and resistor R<sub>1</sub>, control the transient output of the phase detector. Capacitor C<sub>9</sub> suppresses 70MHz feedthrough by interaction with 100 $\Omega$  load resistors internal to the phase detector.

### NE/SA568A

# 150MHz phase-locked loop

$$C_9 = \frac{1}{2\pi (50) (f_0)} F$$

At 70MHz, the calculated value is 45pF. Empirical results with the test and application board were improved when a 47pF capacitor was used.

The natural frequency for the loop filter is set by  $C_{10}$  and  $R_1$ . If the center frequency of the loop is 70MHz and the full demodulated bandwidth is desired, i.e.,  $f_{BW}$  =  $f_O/7$  = 10MHz, and a value for  $R_1$  is chosen, the value of  $C_{10}$  can be calculated.

$$C_{10} = \frac{1}{2\pi R_1 f_{BW}} F$$

Also,

$$C_{11} = \frac{1}{2\pi 350\Omega f_{BW(Hz)}}$$

This capacitance determines the signal bandwidth of the output buffer amplifier. (For further inofrmation see Philips application note AN1881 "The NE568A Phase Locked Loop as a Wideband Video Demodulator".

#### Parts List and Layout 40MHz Application NE568AD

C <sub>1</sub>	100nF	±10%	Ceramic chip	1206
C <sub>2</sub> <sup>1</sup>	18pF	±2%	Ceramic chip	0805
C <sub>2</sub> <sup>2</sup>	16pF	±2%	Ceramic ORChip	- CON
C <sub>3</sub>	100nF	±10%	Ceramic chip	1206
C <sub>4</sub>	100nF	±10%	Ceramic chip	1206
C <sub>5</sub>	6.8µF	±10%	Tantalum	35V
C <sub>6</sub>	100nF	±10%	Ceramic chip	1206
C <sub>7</sub>	100nF	±10%	Ceramic chip	1206
C <sub>8</sub>	100nF	±10%	Ceramic chip	1206
C <sub>9</sub>	47pF	±2%	Ceramic chip	0805 or 1206
C <sub>10</sub>	560pF	±2%	Ceramic chip	0805 or 1206
C <sub>11</sub>	47pF	±2%	Ceramic chip	0805 or 1206
C <sub>12</sub>	100nF	±10%	Ceramic chip	1206
C <sub>13</sub>	100nF	±10%	Ceramic chip	1206
R <sub>1</sub>	27Ω	±10%	Chip CR32	1/4W
R <sub>2</sub>	1.2kΩ		Trim pot	WW.Los
R <sub>3</sub> <sup>3</sup>	43Ω	±10%	Chip CR32	1/4W
$R_4^4$	3.9kΩ	±10%	Chip CR32	1/4W
$R_5^3$	50Ω	±10%	Chip CR32	1/4W
RFC1 <sup>5</sup>	10μΗ	±10%	Surface mount	1.W.T
RFC <sub>2</sub> <sup>5</sup>	10μΗ	±10%	Surface mount	NV.

#### NOTES:

1. 18pF with Pin 12 ground and Pin 13 no connect (open).

- 2. C<sub>2</sub> + C<sub>STRAY</sub> = 16pF for temperature-compensated configuration with R<sub>4</sub> = 3.9kΩ.
- 3. For 50 $\Omega$  setup. R<sub>1</sub> = 62 $\Omega$ , R<sub>3</sub> = 75 $\Omega$  for 75 $\Omega$  application.
- 4. For test configuration  $R_4 = 0\tilde{\Omega}$  (GND) and  $C_2 = 18$  pF. 5. 0 $\Omega$  chip resistors (jumpers) may be substituted with minor degra-
- dation of performance.

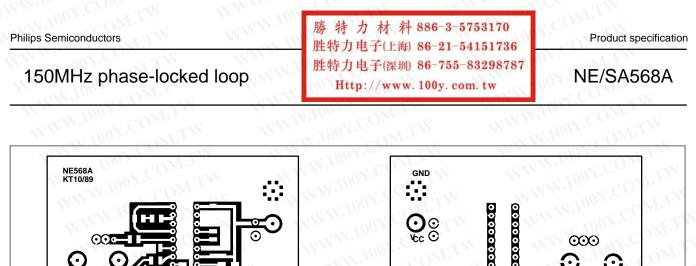
#### Parts List and Layout 70MHz Application NE568AN

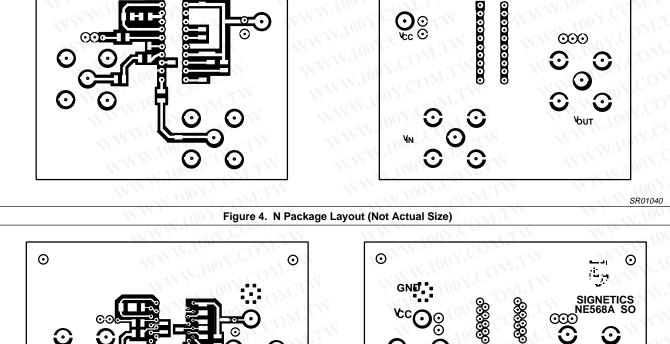
C <sub>1</sub>	100nF	±10%	Ceramic chip	50V
C <sub>2</sub> <sup>1</sup>	18pF	±2%	Ceramic chip	50V
C <sub>2</sub> <sup>2</sup>	16pF	±2%	Ceramic chip	0805
C <sub>3</sub>	100nF	±10%	Ceramic chip	50V
C <sub>4</sub>	100nF	±10%	Ceramic chip	50V
C <sub>5</sub>	6.8µF	±10%	Tantalum	35V
C <sub>6</sub>	100nF	±10%	Ceramic chip	50V
C <sub>7</sub>	100nF	±10%	Ceramic chip	50V
C <sub>8</sub>	100nF	±10%	Ceramic chip	50V
C <sub>9</sub>	47pF	±2%	Ceramic chip	50V
C <sub>10</sub>	560pF	±2%	Ceramic chip	50V
C <sub>11</sub>	47pF	±2%	Ceramic chip	50V
C <sub>12</sub>	100nF	±10%	Ceramic chip	50V
C <sub>13</sub>	100nF	±10%	Ceramic chip	50V
R <sub>1</sub>	27Ω	±10%	Ceramic chip CR32	1/4W
R <sub>2</sub>	1.2kΩ	COM	Trim pot	141 1. 00
R <sub>3</sub> <sup>3</sup>	43Ω	±10%	Ceramic chip CR32	1/4W
R <sub>4</sub> <sup>4</sup>	3.9kΩ	±10%	Ceramic chip CR32	1/4W
R <sub>5</sub> <sup>3</sup>	50Ω	±10%	Ceramic chip CR32	1/4W
RFC <sub>1</sub>	10µH	±10%	Surface mount	N.Y.
RFC <sub>2</sub>	10µH	±10%	Surface mount	WW

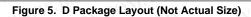
NOTES:

- 1. 18pF with Pin 12 ground and Pin 13 no connect (open).
- 2. C<sub>2</sub> + C<sub>STRAY</sub> = 16pF for temperature-compensated configuration with R<sub>4</sub> =  $3.9k\Omega$ .
- 3. For  $50\Omega$  setup.  $R_1 = 62\Omega$ ,  $R_3 = 75\Omega$  for  $75\Omega$  application.
- 4. For test configuration  $R_4 = 0\Omega$  (GND) and  $C_2 = 18$  pF.

勝特力材料 886-3-5753170	
胜特力电子(上海) 86-21-54151736	<b>;</b> \
胜特力电子(深圳) 86-755-8329878	37
Http://www.100y.com.tw	







 $\odot$ 

 $\odot$ 

INPUT

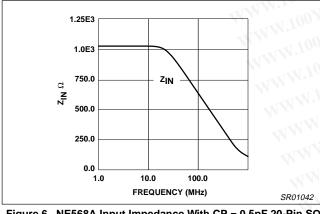
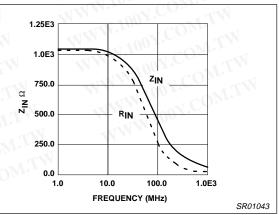
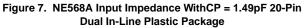


Figure 6. NE568A Input Impedance With CP = 0.5pF 20-Pin SO Package



SR01041



0

NE/SA568A

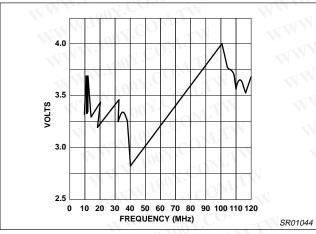


Figure 8. Typical Output Linearity

特力材料 886-3-5753170 勝 胜特力电子(上海) 86-21-54151736 胜特力电子(深圳) 86-755-83298787 Http://www. 100y. com. tw

WWW.100

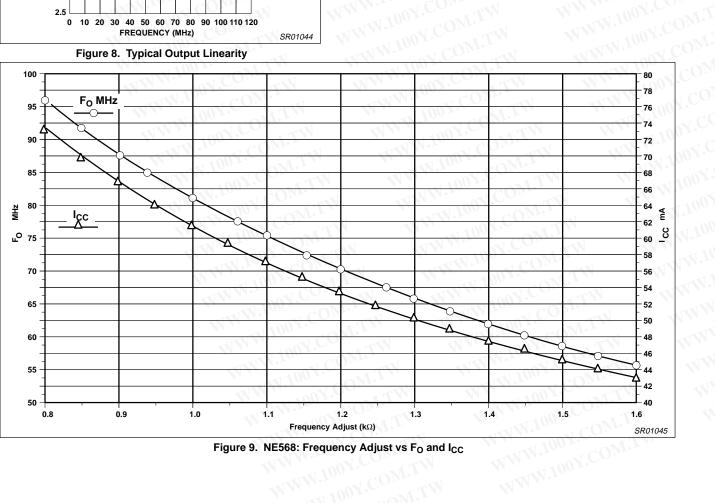
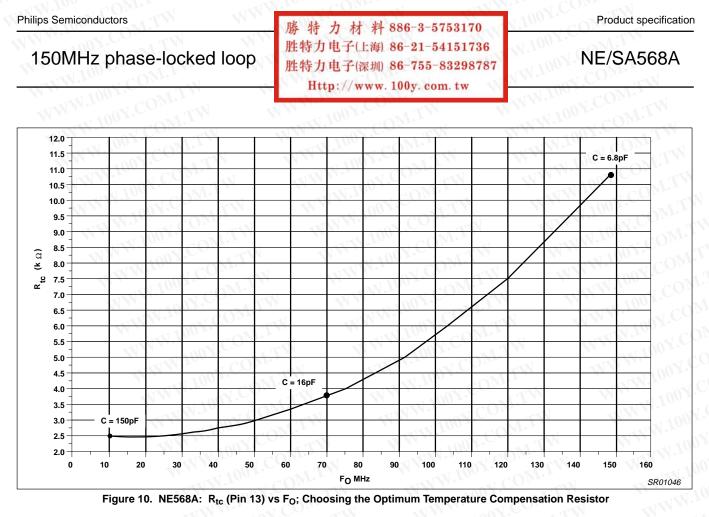


Figure 9. NE568: Frequency Adjust vs  $F_{O}$  and  $I_{CC}$ 



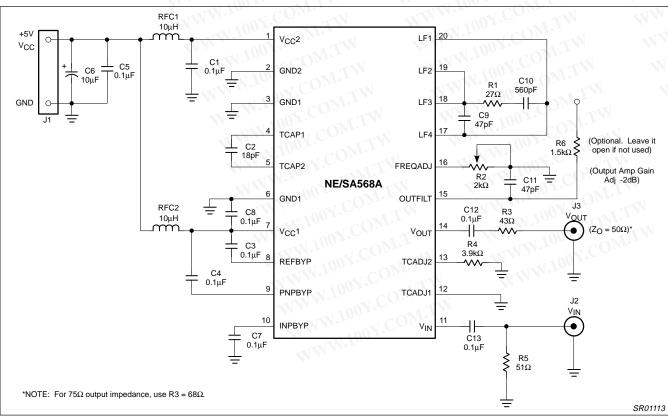


Figure 11. Phase Locked Loop NE/SA568A

### 勝 特 力 材 料 886-3-5753170 胜特力电子(上海) 86-21-54151736 胜特力电子(深圳) 86-755-83298787 Http://www.100y.com.tw

Product specification

## NE/SA568A

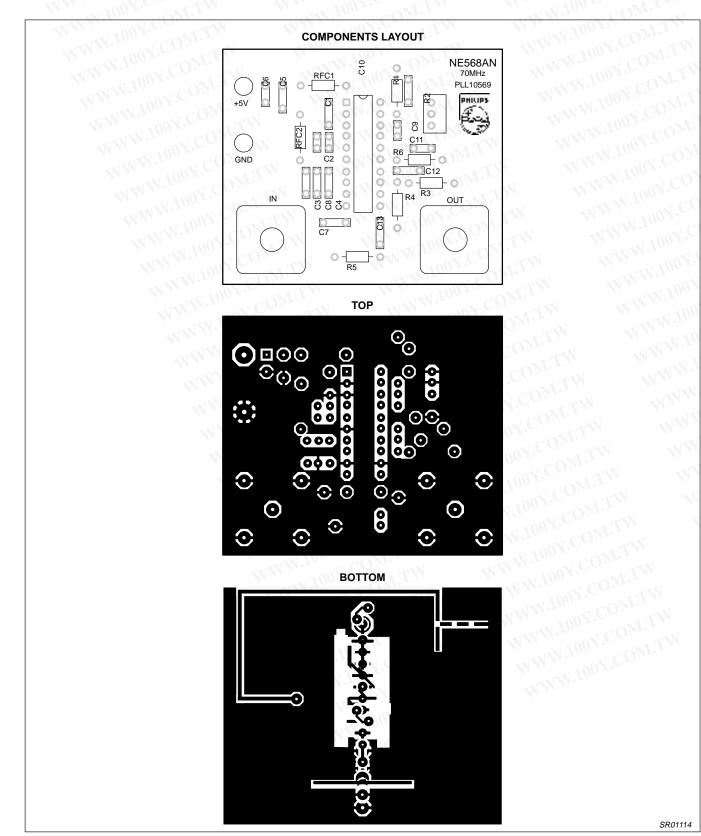


Figure 12. NE568AN Board Layout (Not Actual Size)

勝 特 力 材 料 886-3-5753170 胜特力电子(上海) 86-21-54151736 胜特力电子(深圳) 86-755-83298787 Http://www.100y.com.tw

#### Product specification

## NE/SA568A

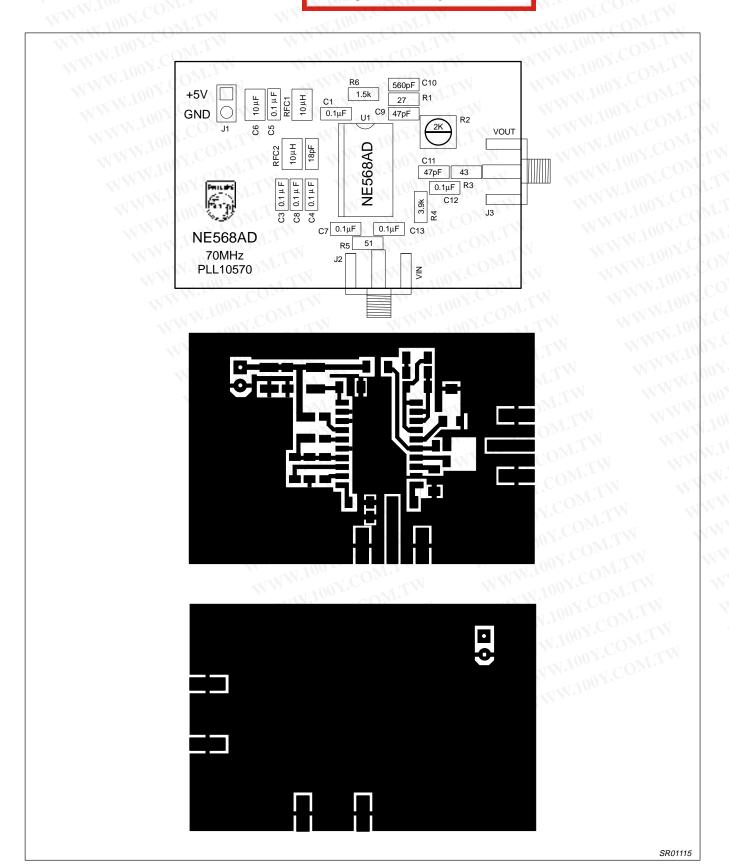


Figure 13. NE568AD Board Layout (Not Actual Size)