勝 特 力 材 料 886-3-5753170 胜特力电子(上海) 86-21-54151736 胜特力电子(深圳) 86-755-83298787

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NE/SA/SE5521

# LVDT signal conditioner

### DESCRIPTION

The NE/SA/SE5521 is a signal conditioning circuit for use with Linear Variable Differential Transformers (LVDTs) and Rotary Variable Differential Transformers (RVDTs). The chip includes a low distortion, amplitude-stable sine wave oscillator with programmable frequency to drive the primary of the LVDT/RVDT, a synchronous demodulator to convert the LVDT/RVDT output amplitude and phase to position information, and an output amplifier to provide amplification and filtering of the demodulated signal.

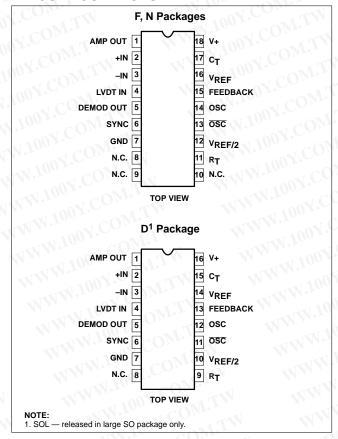
### **FEATURES**

- Low distortion
- Single supply 5V to 20V, or dual supply ±2.5V to ±10V
- Oscillator frequency 1kHz to 20kHz
- Capable of ratiometric operation
- Low power consumption (182mV typ)

### **APPLICATIONS**

- LVDT signal conditioning
- RVDT signal conditioning
- LPDT signal conditioning
- Bridge circuits

#### PIN CONFIGURATIONS



### ORDERING INFORMATION

DESCRIPTION	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE	DWG#
18-Pin Plastic Dual In-Line Package (DIP)	0 to +70°C	NE5521N	0407A
16-Pin Small Outline Large (SOL) Package	0 to +70°C	NE5521D	0171B
18-Pin Plastic Dual In-Line Package (DIP)	−40 to +85°C	SA5521N	0407A
18-Pin Ceramic Dual In-Line Package (CERDIP)	−55 to +125°C	SE5521F	0583A
16-Pin Ceramic Dual In-Line Package (CERDIP)	−40 to +85°C	SA5521D	0582B

### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	RATING	UNIT	
Vcc	Supply voltage	+20	V	
	Split supply voltage	±10	V	
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating temperature range NE5521 SA5521 SE5521	0 to 70 -40 to +85 -55 to +125	ပ လ လ	
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage temperature range	-65 to +125	°C	
$P_{D}$	Power dissipation <sup>1</sup>	910	mW	

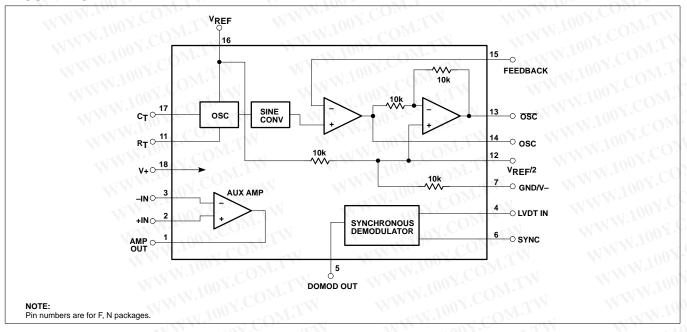
### NOTES:

<sup>1.</sup> For derating, see typical power dissipation versus load curves (Figure 1).

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### **BLOCK DIAGRAM**



### PIN DEFINITIONS FOR D, F AND N PACKAGES

PIN NO. SYMBOL		CVMDOL	MANAGON TO THE PERMITTION TO THE PARTY OF TH					
D	F, N	SYMBOL	<b>DEFINITION</b>					
1	1	Amp Out	Auxiliary Amplifier Out.					
2	2	+IN	Auxiliary Amplifier non-inverting input.					
3	3	–IN	Auxiliary Amplifier inverting input.					
4	4	LVDT IN	Input to Synchronous Demodulator from the LVDT/RVDT secondary.					
5	5	DEMOD OUT	Pulsating DC output from the Synchronous Demodulator output. This voltage should be filtered before use.					
6	6	SYNC	Synchronizing input for the Synchronizing Demodulator. This input should be connected to the OSC or OSC output. Sync is referenced to V <sub>REF</sub> /2.					
7	7	GND	Device return. Should be connected to system ground or to the negative supply.					
8	8	NC	No internal connection.					
	9	NC	No internal connection.					
	10	NC	No internal connection.					
9	11	R <sub>T</sub>	A temperature stable 18kΩ resistor should be connected between this pin and Pin 7.					
10	12	V <sub>REF</sub> /2	A high impedance source of one half the potential applied to V <sub>REF</sub> . The LVDT/RVDT secondary return should be to this point. A bypass capacitor with low impedance at the oscillator frequency should also be connected between this pin and ground.					
11	13	OSC	Oscillator sine wave output that is 180° out of phase with the OSC signal. The LVDT/RVDT primary is usually connected between OSC and OSC pins.					
12	14	OSC	Oscillator sine wave output. The LVDT/RVDT primaries are usually connected between OSC and OSC pins.					
13	15	FEEDBACK	Usually connected to the OSC output for unity gain, a resistor between this pin and OSC, and one between this pin and ground can provide for a change in the oscillator output pin amplitudes.					
14	16	$V_{REF}$	Reference voltage input for the oscillator and sine converter. This voltage MUST be stable and must not exceed +V supply voltage.					
15	17	C <sub>T</sub>	Oscillator frequency-determining capacitor. The capacitor connected between this pin and ground should be a temperature-stable type.					
16	18	+V	Positive supply connection.					

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### DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $V+=V_{REF}=10V$ ,  $T_A=0$  to 70°C for NE5521,  $T_A=-55$  to +125°C for SE5521,  $T_A=-40$  to 85°C for SA5521, Frequency = 1kHz, unless otherwise noted.

OVMDOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	Chr	NE5521			SA/SE5521		
SYMBOL			Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply current	100		12.9	20	4	12.9	18	mA
I <sub>REF</sub>	Reference current	WWW	Y	5.3	8		5.3	8	mA
$V_{REF}$	Reference voltage range	N TWW.IO	5	A P.	√V+	5	JWW	V+	CV
P <sub>D</sub>	Power dissipation	11.10	0	182	280		182	260	mW
Oscillato	r Section	W W	001	aM.	LAA		Al a.	-xx/10	101.
	Oscillator output	$R_L = 10k\Omega$	V <sub>REF</sub> 8.8	OM	TY		V <sub>REF</sub> 8.8	NW.	V <sub>RMS</sub>
THD	Sine wave distortion	No load	11001	1.5	CIV		1.5	-71	%
	Initial amplitude error	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	. 007	0.4	±3	N	0.4	±3	%
	Tempco of amplitude	M. I	M. Inc	0.005	0.01	<b>C N</b> I	0.005	0.01	%/°C
	Init. accuracy of oscillator freq.	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	- 10 10 I	±0.9	±5	4.	±0.9	±5	%
	Temperature coeff. of frequency <sup>1</sup>	W Wr	N	0.05	- 1	TW	0.05	MA	%/°C
	Voltage coeff. of frequency	OM	M.I	2.5	Olar		3.3	N.	%/V(V <sub>REF</sub> )
	Min OSC (OSC) Load <sup>2</sup>	-oW.TW	300	170	~O1	300	170	4.	Ω
Demodu	lator Section	Co. TAN	MAN	1007		TIM			- TI
∈r	Linearity error	5V <sub>P-P</sub> input	MA	±0.05	±0.1	- 1	±0.05	±0.1	%FS
	Maximum demodulator input	N.COM. TW	WW	$\frac{V_{REF}}{2}$	JY.C	$0_{Mr}$	$\frac{V_{REF}}{2}$		V <sub>P-P</sub>
Vos	Demodulator offset voltage	ON COMP.	WV	±1.4	±5	O.	±1.4	±5	mV
TCV <sub>OS</sub>	Demodulator offset voltage drift	ON.I.	-7	5	25	$CO_N$	5	25	μV/ <sup>5</sup> C
I <sub>BIAS</sub>	Demodulator input current	1007.0 MITH	-600	-234	$I_{00x}$	-500	-234		nA
	V <sub>R/2</sub> accuracy	W.Co. TV	1	±0.1	±1	T.Co	±0.1	±1	%
Auxiliary	Output Amplifier	The COMP.			1.10	V.C	Mr.		TAIL TO
Vos	Input offset voltage	V 1001.		±0.5	±5	0 -	±0.5	±5	mV
I <sub>BIAS</sub>	Input bias current	TW.	-600	-210	-T1	-500	-210	IM	nA
los	Input offset current	M. r. COM.	N	10	50	ooV.	10	50	nA -
A <sub>V</sub>	Gain	TW.100	100	385	W.	100	385	1	V/mV
SR	Slew rate	11007.		1.3	**	100	1.3	M.T.	V/μs
GBW	Unity gain bandwidth product	A <sub>V</sub> = 1	TIN	1.6	MA	400	1.6	1	MHz
	Output voltage swing	$R_L = 10k\Omega$	7	8.2	-TVV	7	8.2	Dir.	V
	Output short circuit current to ground or to V <sub>CC</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	I.I.A.	42	100	W.1	42	100	mA

#### NOTES:

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This is temperature coefficient of frequency for the device only. It is assumed that C<sub>T</sub> and R<sub>T</sub> are fixed in value and C<sub>T</sub> leakage is fixed over the operating temperature range.

<sup>2.</sup> Minimum load impedance for which distortion is guaranteed to be less than 5%.

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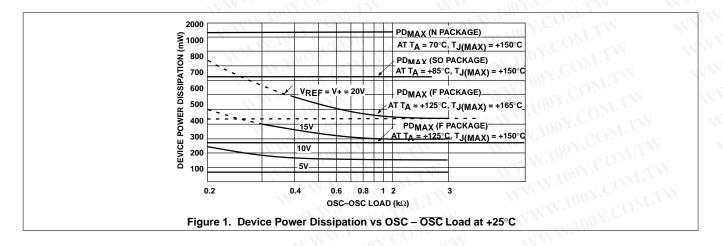
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### **DEFINITION OF TERMS**

Oscillator Output	RMS value of the AC voltage at the oscillator output pin. This output is referenced to $V_{\text{REF}/2}$ and is a function of $V_{\text{REF}}$ .			
Sine Wave Distortion	The Total Harmonic Distortion (THD) of the oscillator output with no load. This is not a critical specification in LVDT/RVDT systems. This figure could be 15% or more without affecting system performance.			
Initial Amplitude Error	A measure of the interchangeability of NE/SA/SE5521 parts, not a characteristic of any one part. It is the degree to which the oscillator output of a number of NE/SA/SE5521 samples will vary from the median of that sample.			
Initial Accuracy of Oscillator Frequency	Another measure of the interchangeability of individual NE/SA/SE5521 parts. This is the degree to which the oscillator frequency of a number of NE/SA/SE5521 samples will vary from the median of that sample with a given timing capacitor.			
Tempco of Oscillator Amplitude	A measure of how the oscillator amplitude varies with ambient temperature as that temperature deviates from a 25°C ambient.			
Tempco of Oscillator Frequency	A measure of how the oscillator frequency varies with ambient temperature as that temperature deviates from a 25°C ambient.			
Voltage Coefficient of Oscillator Frequency	The degree to which the oscillator frequency will vary as the reference voltage (V <sub>REF</sub> ) deviates from +10V.			
Min OSC (OSC) Load	Minimum load impedance for which distortion is guaranteed to be less than 5%.			
Linearity Error	The degree to which the DC output of the demodulator/amplifier combination matches a change in the AC signal at the demodulator input. It is measured as the worst case nonlinearity from a straight line drawn between positive and negative fullscale end points.			
Maximum Demodulator Input	The maximum signal that can be applied to the demodulator input without exceeding the specified linearity error.			

### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

$$OSC \ frequency \ = \ \frac{V_{REF} \ - \ 1.3V}{V_{REF} \ (R_{T} \ + \ 1.5k) \ C_{T}}$$



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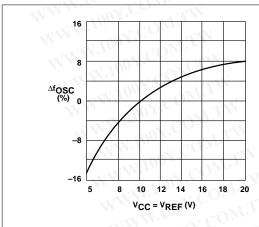
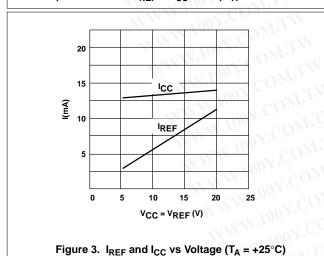
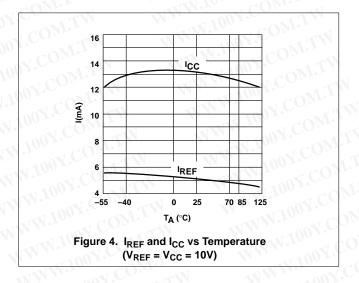


Figure 2. Oscillator Frequency Variation With Voltage (Normalized to  $V_{REF} = V_{CC} = 10V$ )  $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ 





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