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National Semiconductor

LM102/LM302 Voltage Followers

General Description

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The LM102 series are high-gain operational amplifiers designed specifically for unity-gain voltage follower applications. Built on a single silicon chip, the devices incorporate advanced processing techniques to obtain very low input current and high input impedance. Further, the input transistors are operated at zero collector-base voltage to virtually eliminate high temperature leakage currents. It can therefore be operated in a temperature stabilized component oven to get extremely low input currents and low offset voltage drift.

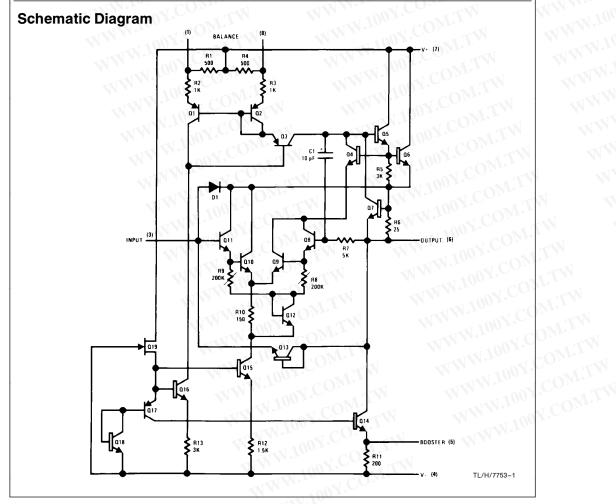
The LM102, which is designed to operate with supply voltages between $\pm\,12V$ and $\pm\,15V,$ also features low input capacitance as well as excellent small signal and large signal frequency response—all of which minimize high fre-

quency gain error. Because of the low wiring capacitances inherent in monolithic construction, this fast operation can be realized without increasing power consumption. .M102/LM302 Voltage Followers

November 1994

Features

- Fast slewing 10V/µs
- Low input current 10 nA (max)
- \blacksquare High input resistance 10,000 M Ω
- No external frequency compensation required
- Simple offset balancing with optional 1 kΩ potentiometer
- Plug-in replacement for both the LM101 and LM709 in voltage follower applications



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Absolute Maximum Ratings

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If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications. (Note 6)

Supply Voltage	±18V
Power Dissipation (Note 1)	500 mW
Input Voltage (Note 2)	±15V
Output Short Circuit Duration (Note 3)	Indefinite

Operating Free Air Temperature Range LM102 LM302 Storage Temperature Range Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.) ESD rating to be determined.

-55°C to +125°C 0°C to +70°C -65°C to +150°C 300°C

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Electrical Characteristics (Note 4)

Parameter	Conditions	LM102			LM302			Units
		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Туре	Max	Gints
Input Offset Voltage	T _A = 25°C		2	5	1.0	5	15	mV
Input Bias Current	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		3	10	N.CL	10	30	nA
Input Resistance	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	1010	1012	VN.)	10 ⁹	1012	.	Ω
Input Capacitance	1001. M.T			3.0	1001	3.0		pF
Large Signal Voltage	$\label{eq:TA} \begin{split} T_{A} &= 25^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{V}_{S} \pm 15\text{V}, \\ \text{V}_{OUT} &= \pm 10\text{V}, \text{R}_{L} = 8 \text{ k}\Omega \end{split}$	0.999	0.9996	N N	0.9985	0.9995	1.0	V/V
Output Resistance	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	TW	0.8	2.5	N.1007	0.8	2.5	Ω
Supply Current	T _A = 25°C	WT	3.5	5.5	100	3.5	5.5	mA
Input Offset Voltage	NWW.IOT CO	11.	Ţ	7.5	14.1	N.CO	20	mV
Offset Voltage Temperature Drift	WWW.1001.CC	M.L	6	N	WW.II	20	D_{M^*}	μV/°C
Input Bias Current	$T_A = T_AMAX$ $T_A = T_AMIN$	OM.	3 30	10 100	WW.	3.0 20	15 50	nA nA
Large Signal Voltage Gain	$\label{eq:VS} \begin{split} V_S = ~\pm~15V, V_{OUT} = ~\pm~10V, \\ R_L = ~10~k\Omega \end{split}$	0.999	WT.		NN N	N.100Y		M.TY
Output Voltage Swing	$V_{S} = \pm 15V, R_{L} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ (Note 5)	±10	T.TW		±10	W.100	V.C	v
Supply Current	T _A = 125°C	CCC CC	2.6	4.0		N.10	-1 C	mA
Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio	$\pm 12V \le V_S \le \pm 15V$	60	OM.T'		60	L.WW	001.	dB

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Note 1: The maximum junction temperature of the LM102 is 150°C, while that of the LM302 is 85°C. For operating at elevated temperatures, devices in the H08 package must be derated based on a thermal resistance of 150°C/W, junction to ambient, or 20°C/W, junction to case.

Note 2: For supply voltages less than ±15V, the absolute maximum input voltage is equal to the supply voltage.

Note 3: It is necessary to insert a resistor (at least 5k and preferably 10k) in series with the input pin when the amplifier is driven from low impedance sources to prevent damage when the output is shorted and to ensure stability.

Note 4: These specifications apply for $\pm 12V \le V_S \le \pm 15V$ and $-55^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 125^{\circ}C$ for the LM102 and $0^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 70^{\circ}C$ for the LM302 unless otherwise specified.

Note 5: Increased output swing under load can be obtained by connecting an external resistor between the booster and V⁻ terminals. See curve. Note 6: Refer to RETS102X for the LM102H military specifications.

APPLICATION HINT

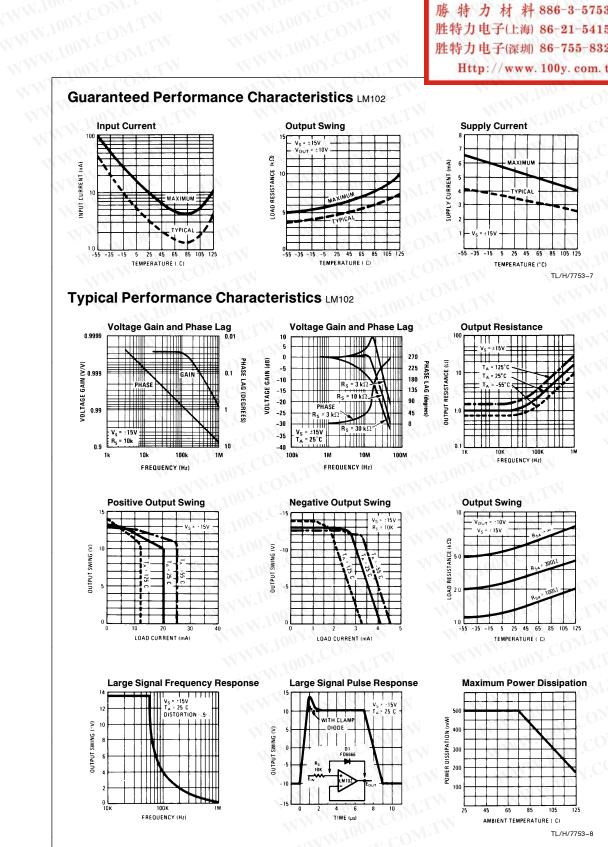
The input must be driven from a source impedance of typically 10 k Ω (5 k Ω Min) to maintain stability. The total source WW.100X.COM.T impedance will be reduced at high frequencies if there is stray capacitance at the input pin. In these cases, a 10 k\Omega resistor should be inserted in series with the input, physically close to the input pin to minimize the stray capacitance and prevent WWW.100Y.COM.TW oscillation.

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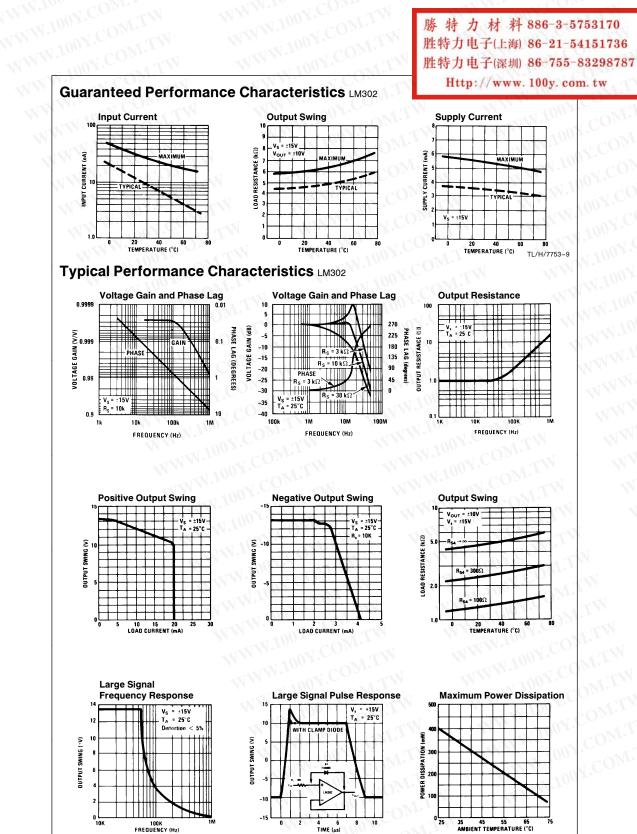
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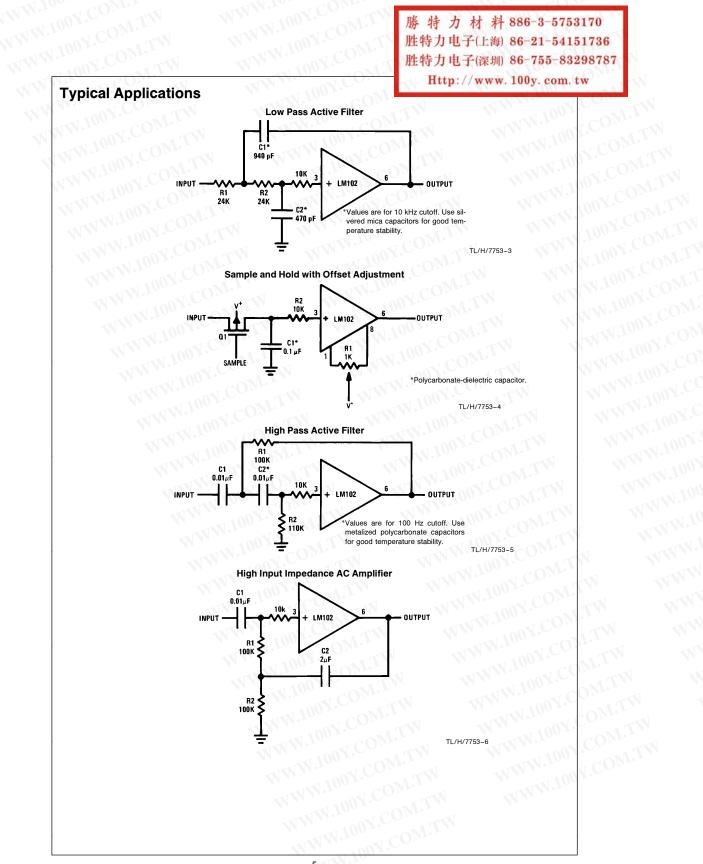
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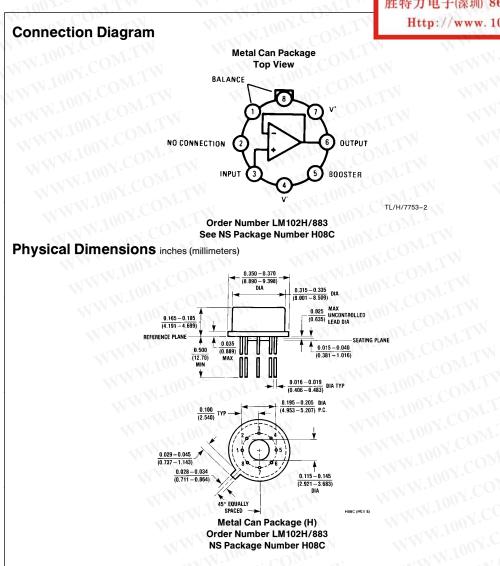
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- 2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.