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150 mA CMOS Low Iq Low-Dropout Voltage Regulator

The NCP511 series of fixed output low dropout linear regulators are designed for handheld communication equipment and portable battery powered applications which require low quiescent current. The NCP511 series features an ultra-low quiescent current of 40 μ A. Each device contains a voltage reference unit, an error amplifier, a PMOS power transistor, resistors for setting output voltage, current limit, and temperature limit protection circuits.

The NCP511 has been designed to be used with low cost ceramic capacitors and requires a minimum output capacitor of $1.0 \ \mu\text{F}$. The device is housed in the micro-miniature TSOP-5 surface mount package. Standard voltage versions are $1.5 \ \text{V}$, $1.8 \ \text{V}$, $2.5 \ \text{V}$, $2.7 \ \text{V}$, $2.8 \ \text{V}$, $3.0 \ \text{V}$, $3.3 \ \text{V}$, and $5.0 \ \text{V}$. Other voltages are available in $100 \ \text{mV}$ steps.

Features

- Low Quiescent Current of 40 μA Typical
- Low Dropout Voltage of 100 mV at 100 mA
- Excellent Line and Load Regulation
- Maximum Operating Voltage of 6.0 V
- Low Output Voltage Option
- High Accuracy Output Voltage of 2.0%
- Industrial Temperature Range of -40°C to 85°C
- Pb–Free Packages are Available

Typical Applications

- Cellular Phones
- Battery Powered Instruments
- Hand–Held Instruments
- Camcorders and Cameras

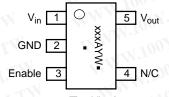
ON Semiconductor®

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5 1 TSOP-5

(SOT23-5, SC59-5) SN SUFFIX CASE 483

PIN CONNECTIONS AND MARKING DIAGRAM



(Top View)

xxx = Specific Device Code

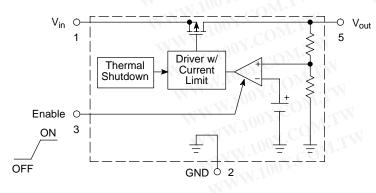
= Assembly Location

- Y = Year
- W = Work Week
- = Pb–Free Package

(Note: Microdot may be in either location)

ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 10 of this data sheet.



This device contains 82 active transistors

Figure 1. Representative Block Diagram

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| Pin No. | Pin Name | Description | 1001. ONLIW |
|---------|-----------------|---|--------------|
| 1CO | V _{in} | Positive power supply input voltage. | TOOY.COM TW |
| 2 | GND | Power supply ground. | V.LOON.COM |
| 3 | Enable | This input is used to place the device into low-power standby. V disabled. If this function is not used, Enable should be connected | |
| 4 | N/C | No internal connection. | TIMOY.COM.TV |
| 5 | Vout | Regulated output voltage. | WW. COM |

MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Rating | Symbol | Value | Unit |
|---|------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------|
| Input Voltage | V _{in} | 0 to 6.0 | V |
| Enable Voltage | Enable | –0.3 to V _{in} +0.3 | V |
| Output Voltage | V _{out} | –0.3 to V _{in} +0.3 | V |
| Power Dissipation and Thermal Characteristics Power Dissipation Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient | P _D R _{θJA} | Internally Limited 250 | °C/W |
| Operating Junction Temperature | TJ TUN | +125 | °C |
| Operating Ambient Temperature | COT _A | -40 to +85 | S₀C₀C |
| Storage Temperature | T _{stg} | -55 to +150 | °C |

Maximum ratings are those values beyond which device damage can occur. Maximum ratings applied to the device are individual stress limit values (not normal operating conditions) and are not valid simultaneously. If these limits are exceeded, device functional operation is not implied, WWW.100Y.COM.TW damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

1. This device series contains ESD protection and exceeds the following tests: WW.100X.COM. Human Body Model 2000 V per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015 Machine Model Method 200 V

2. Latch up capability (85°C) \pm 100 mA DC with trigger voltage.

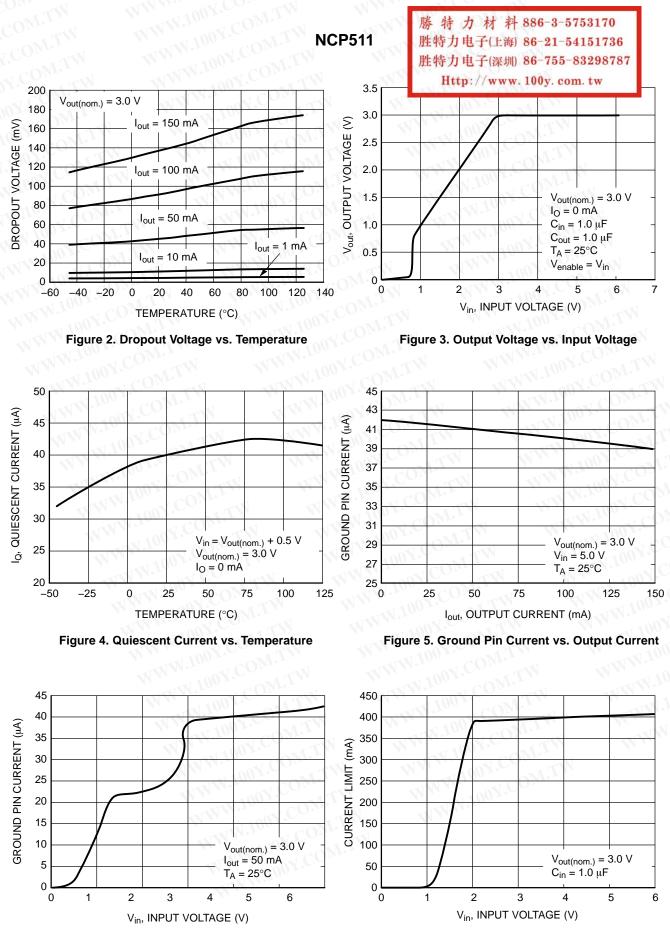
| Characteristic | Symbol | Min | Тур | Max | Unit |
|---|---|--|--|---|-------------|
| Output Voltage (T _A = 25°C, I _{out} = 1.0 mA) 1.5 V 1.8 V 2.5 V 2.7 V 2.8 V 3.0 V 3.3 V 5.0 V | Vout | 1.455 1.746 2.425 2.646 2.744 2.94 3.234 4.900 | 1.5 1.8 2.5 2.7 2.8 3.0 3.3 5.0 | 1.545 1.854 2.575 2.754 2.856 3.06 3.366 5.100 | V |
| Output Voltage (T _A = -40°C to 85°C, I _{out} = 1.0 mA) 1.5 V 1.8 V 2.5 V 2.7 V 2.8 V 3.0 V 5.0 V Line Regulation (I _{out} = 10 mA) 1.5 V-4.4 V (V _{in} = V _{out(nom.)} + 1.0 V to 6.0 V) | V _{out} Reg _{line} | 1.455 1.746 2.425 2.619 2.716 2.910 3.201 4.900 | 1.5 1.8 2.5 2.7 2.8 3.0 3.3 5.0 | 1.545 1.854 2.575 2.781 2.884 3.09 3.399 5.100 | V mV/V |
| $4.5 \text{ V}-5.0 \text{ V} (\text{V}_{\text{in}} = 5.5 \text{ V} \text{ to } 6.0 \text{ V})$ | 1001.00 | M.TW | 1.0 | 3.5 | COM.T |
| Load Regulation ($I_{out} = 1.0 \text{ mA to } 150 \text{ mA}$) Output Current ($V_{out} = (V_{out} \text{ at } I_{out} = 150 \text{ mA}) -3\%$) 1.5 V-1.8 V ($V_{in} = 4.0 \text{ V}$) 1.9 V-3.0 V ($V_{in} = 5.0 \text{ V}$) 3.1 V-5.0 V ($V_{in} = 6.0 \text{ V}$) | Reg _{load} | - 150 150 150 | 0.3 | 0.8 - - | mV/mA mA |
| Dropout Voltage (I _{out} = 100 mA, Measured at V _{out} -3.0%) 1.5 V 1.8 V 2.5 V 2.7 V 2.8 V 3.0 V 3.3 V 5.0 V | V _{in} -V _{out} | DY.COM. DY.COM 1007-COM 1007-COM 1.1007-CO 1.1007-CO | 245 160 110 100 100 100 90 75 | 350 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 | mV |
| Quiescent Current (Enable Input = 0 V) (Enable Input = V _{in} , I _{out} = 1.0 mA to I _{o(nom.)}) | IQ | YOOT. | 0.1 40 | 1.0 100 | μA |
| Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient | T _C | WW. | ±100 | - 12 | ppm/°C |
| Enable Input Threshold Voltage (Voltage Increasing, Output Turns On, Logic High) (Voltage Decreasing, Output Turns Off, Logic Low) | V _{th(en)} | 1.3 | N.COM | 0.3 | V |
| Output Short Circuit Current ($V_{out} = 0 V$) 1.5 V-1.8 V ($V_{in} = 4.0 V$) 1.9 V-3.0 V ($V_{in} = 5.0 V$) 3.1 V-5.0 V ($V_{in} = 6.0 V$) | lout(max) | 200 200 200 | 400 400 400 | 800 800 800 | mA |
| Ripple Rejection (f = 1.0 kHz, I _o = 60 mA) | RR | \overline{M}_{M} | 50 | - | dB |
| Output Noise Voltage (f = 20 Hz to 100 kHz, I _{out} = 60 mA) | Vn | _ | 110 | _ | μVrms |

WW.100X.COM.TW **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ($V_{in} = V_{out(nom.)} + 1.0 V$, $V_{enable} = V_{in}$, $C_{in} = 1.0 \mu$ F, $C_{out} = 1.0 \mu$ F, $T_J = 25^{\circ}$ C, unless otherwise noted.)

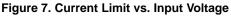
3. Maximum package power dissipation limits must be observed.

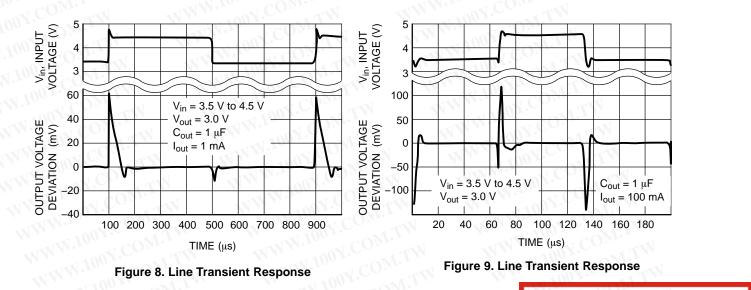
$$PD = \frac{T_{J(max)} - T_{A}}{R_{\theta JA}}$$

4. Low duty cycle pulse techniques are used during testing to maintain the junction temperature as close to ambient as possible.









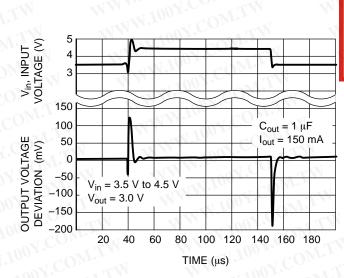


Figure 10. Line Transient Response

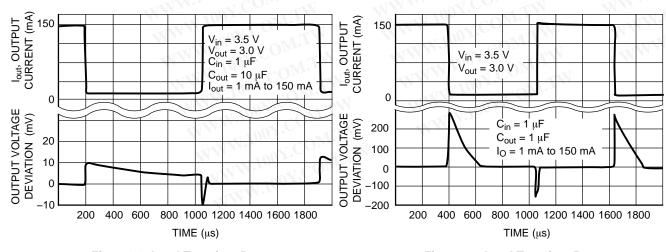


Figure 11. Load Transient Response

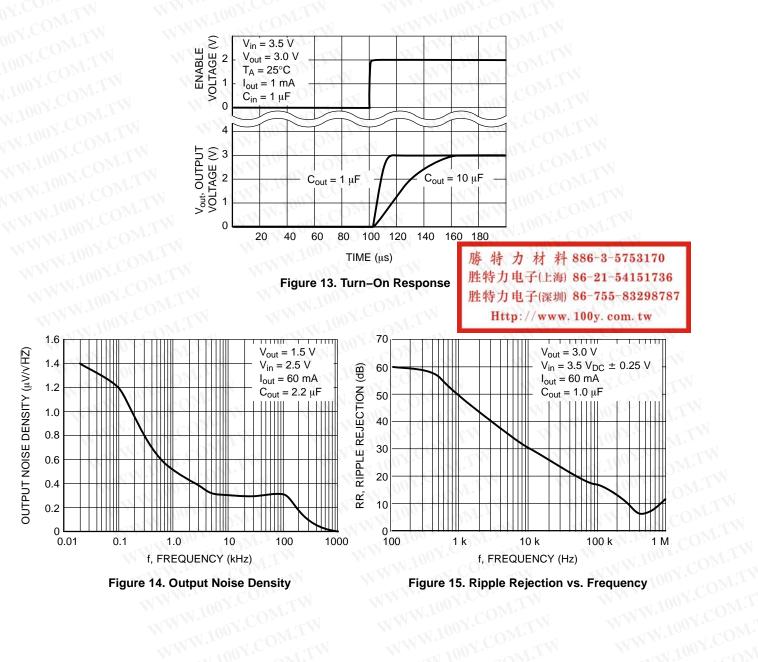
Figure 12. Load Transient Response

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DEFINITIONS

Load Regulation

The change in output voltage for a change in output current at a constant temperature.

Dropout Voltage

The input/output differential at which the regulator output no longer maintains regulation against further reductions in input voltage. Measured when the output drops 3.0% below its nominal. The junction temperature, load current, and minimum input supply requirements affect the dropout level.

Maximum Power Dissipation

The maximum total dissipation for which the regulator will operate within its specifications.

Quiescent Current

The quiescent current is the current which flows through the ground when the LDO operates without a load on its output: internal IC operation, bias, etc. When the LDO becomes loaded, this term is called the Ground current. It is actually the difference between the input current (measured through the LDO input pin) and the output current.

Line Regulation

The change in output voltage for a change in input voltage. The measurement is made under conditions of low dissipation or by using pulse technique such that the average chip temperature is not significantly affected.

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Line Transient Response

Typical over and undershoot response when input voltage is excited with a given slope.

Thermal Protection

Internal thermal shutdown circuitry is provided to protect the integrated circuit in the event that the maximum junction temperature is exceeded. When activated at typically 160°C, the regulator turns off. This feature is provided to prevent failures from accidental overheating.

Maximum Package Power Dissipation

The maximum power package dissipation is the power dissipation level at which the junction temperature reaches its maximum operating value, i.e. 125°C. Depending on the ambient power dissipation and thus the maximum available output current.

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

A typical application circuit for the NCP511 series is shown in Figure 16.

Input Decoupling (C1)

A 1.0 μ F capacitor either ceramic or tantalum is recommended and should be connected close to the NCP511 package. Higher values and lower ESR will improve the overall line transient response.

Output Decoupling (C2)

The NCP511 is a stable Regulator and does not require any specific Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR) or a minimum output current. Capacitors exhibiting ESRs ranging from a few m Ω up to 3.0 Ω can thus safely be used. The minimum decoupling value is 1.0 μ F and can be augmented to fulfill stringent load transient requirements. The regulator accepts ceramic chip capacitors as well as tantalum devices. Larger values improve noise rejection and load regulation transient response.

Enable Operation

The enable pin will turn on or off the regulator. These limits of threshold are covered in the electrical specification section of this data sheet. If the enable is not used then the pin should be connected to V_{in} .

Hints

Please be sure the V_{in} and GND lines are sufficiently wide. When the impedance of these lines is high, there is a chance to pick up noise or cause the regulator to malfunction.

Set external components, especially the output capacitor, as close as possible to the circuit, and make leads a short as possible.

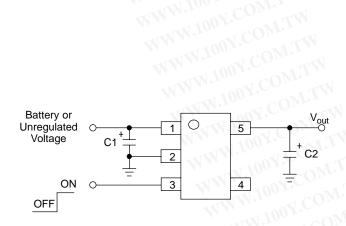


Figure 16. Typical Application Circuit

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Thermal

As power across the NCP511 increases, it might become necessary to provide some thermal relief. The maximum power dissipation supported by the device is dependent upon board design and layout. Mounting pad configuration on the PCB, the board material and also the ambient temperature effect the rate of temperature rise for the part. This is stating that when the NCP511 has good thermal conductivity through the PCB, the junction temperature will be relatively low with high power dissipation applications.

The maximum dissipation the package can handle is given by:

$$PD = \frac{T_{J(max)} - T_{A}}{R_{\theta JA}}$$

If junction temperature is not allowed above the maximum 125° C, then the NCP511 can dissipate up to 400 mW @ 25° C.

The power dissipated by the NCP511 can be calculated from the following equation:

$$P_{tot} = [V_{in} * I_{gnd} (I_{out})] + [V_{in} - V_{out}] * I_{out}$$

or

$$V_{inMAX} = \frac{P_{tot} + V_{out} * I_{out}}{I_{gnd} + I_{out}}$$

If a 150 mA output current is needed then the ground current from the data sheet is 40 μ A. For an NCP511SN30T1 (3.0 V), the maximum input voltage will then be 5.6 V.

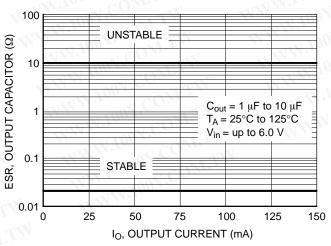


Figure 17. Output Capacitor vs. Output Current

APPLICATION CIRCUITS

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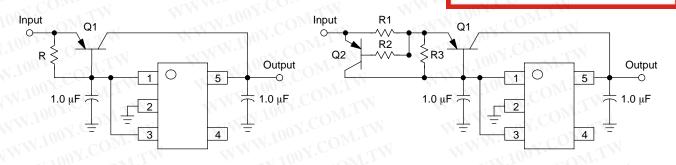


Figure 18. Current Boost Regulator

The NCP511 series can be current boosted with a PNP transistor. Resistor R in conjunction with V_{BE} of the PNP determines when the pass transistor begins conducting; this circuit is not short circuit proof. Input/Output differential voltage minimum is increased by V_{BF} of the pass resistor.

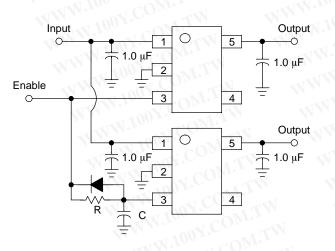
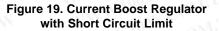


Figure 20. Delayed Turn-on

If a delayed turn-on is needed during power up of several voltages then the above schematic can be used. Resistor R, and capacitor C, will delay the turn-on of the bottom regulator. A few values were chosen and the resulting delay can be seen in Figure 21.



Short circuit current limit is essentially set by the V_{BE} of Q2 and R1. I_{SC} = ((V_{BEQ2} - ib * R2) / R1) + I_{O(max) Regulator}

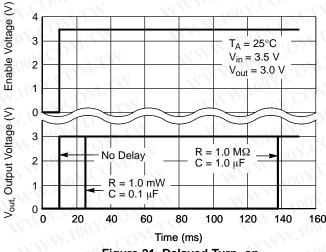


Figure 21. Delayed Turn-on

The graph shows the delay between the enable signal and output turn-on for various resistor and capacitor values.

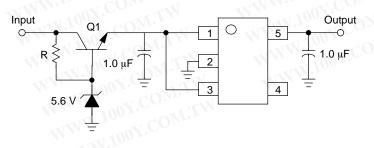


Figure 22. Input Voltages Greater than 6.0 V

A regulated output can be achieved with input voltages that exceed the 6.0 V maximum rating of the NCP511 series with the addition of a simple pre-regulator circuit. Care must be taken to prevent Q1 from overheating when the regulated output (V_{out}) is shorted to GND.

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|---------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|----------------|--|--|
| Device | Nominal Output Voltage | Marking | Package | Shipping [†] | |
| NCP511SN15T1 | 1.5 | LBU | W.100 | M. | |
| NCP511SN15T1G | 1.5 | LBU | 100Y.C | | |
| NCP511SN18T1 | 1.8 | LBV | N.V. | | |
| NCP511SN18T1G | 1.8 | LBV | .100 L | | |
| NCP511SN25T1 | 2.5 | LBW | V/W 100Y. | | |
| NCP511SN25T1G | 2.5 | LBW | WW.L | | |
| NCP511SN27T1 | 2.7 | LBX | N.100 | | |
| NCP511SN27T1G | 2.7 | LBX | TOOD 5 | 3000 Units/ | |
| NCP511SN28T1 | 2.8 | LBY | TSOP-5 | 7" Tape & Ree | |
| NCP511SN28T1G | 2.8 | LBY | W 1 | | |
| NCP511SN30T1 | 3.0 | LBZ | WWW | | |
| NCP511SN30T1G | 3.0 | LBZ | .WW. | | |
| NCP511SN33T1 | 3.3 | LCA | N.V. | | |
| NCP511SN33T1G | 3.3 | LCA | WWW | | |
| NCP511SN50T1 | 5.0 | LCB | | | |
| NCP511SN50T1G | 5.0 | LCB | NNN | | |

+For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

WWW.100Y.COM.TW NOTE: Additional voltages in 100 mV steps are available upon request by contacting your ON Semiconductor representative. WWW.100Y.COM WWW.100Y.CO

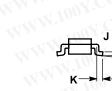
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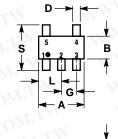
THIN SOT-23-5/TSOP-5/SC59-5 **SN SUFFIX** CASE 483-02 ISSUE E

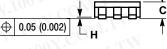
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- NOTES DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER 1. ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
- CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
- MAXIMUM LEAD THICKNESS INCLUDES LEAD FINISH THICKNESS. MINIMUM LEAD THICKNESS IS THE MINIMUM THICKNESS OF BASE MATERIAL. 3
- A AND B DIMENSIONS DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS, OR GATE BURRS

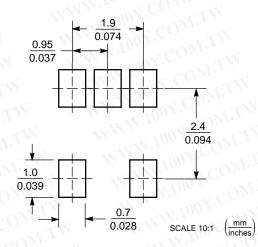
| MILLIMETERS | | INC | HES | |
|-------------|---|--|--|--|
| MIN | MAX | MIN | MAX | |
| 2.90 | 3.10 | 0.1142 | 0.1220 | |
| 1.30 | 1.70 | 0.0512 | 0.0669 | |
| 0.90 | 1.10 | 0.0354 | 0.0433 | |
| 0.25 | 0.50 | 0.0098 | 0.0197 | |
| 0.85 | 1.05 | 0.0335 | 0.0413 | |
| 0.013 | 0.100 | 0.0005 | 0.0040 | |
| 0.10 | 0.26 | 0.0040 | 0.0102 | |
| 0.20 | 0.60 | 0.0079 | 0.0236 | |
| 1.25 | 1.55 | 0.0493 | 0.0610 | |
| 0 ° | 10° | 0° | 10° | |
| 2.50 | 3.00 | 0.0985 | 0.1181 | |
| 2.00 | <u> </u> | 0.0000 | 0.1101 | |
| | | | | |
| | MIN 2.90 1.30 0.90 0.25 0.85 0.013 0.10 0.20 1.25 0 ° | MIN MAX 2.90 3.10 1.30 1.70 0.90 1.10 0.25 0.50 0.85 1.05 0.013 0.100 0.10 0.26 0.20 0.60 1.25 1.55 0 ° 10 ° | MIN MAX MIN 2.90 3.10 0.1142 1.30 1.70 0.0512 0.90 1.10 0.0354 0.25 0.50 0.0098 0.85 1.05 0.0336 0.013 0.100 0.0005 0.10 0.26 0.0040 0.20 0.60 0.0079 1.25 1.55 0.0493 0° 10° 0° | |







SOLDERING FOOTPRINT



*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

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