### INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

# DATA SHEET

For a complete data sheet, please also download:

- The IC04 LOCMOS HE4000B Logic Family Specifications HEF, HEC
- The IC04 LOCMOS HE4000B Logic Package Outlines/Information HEF, HEC

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## HEF4051B MSI

# 8-channel analogue multiplexer/demultiplexer

Product specification
File under Integrated Circuits, IC04

January 1995





## HEF4051B MSI

#### **DESCRIPTION**

The HEF4051B is an 8-channel analogue multiplexer/demultiplexer with three address inputs ( $A_0$  to  $A_2$ ), an active LOW enable input ( $\overline{E}$ ), eight independent inputs/outputs ( $Y_0$  to  $Y_7$ ) and a common input/output (Z).

The device contains eight bidirectional analogue switches, each with one side connected to an independent input/output (Y<sub>0</sub> to Y<sub>7</sub>)

and the other side connected to a common input/output (Z).

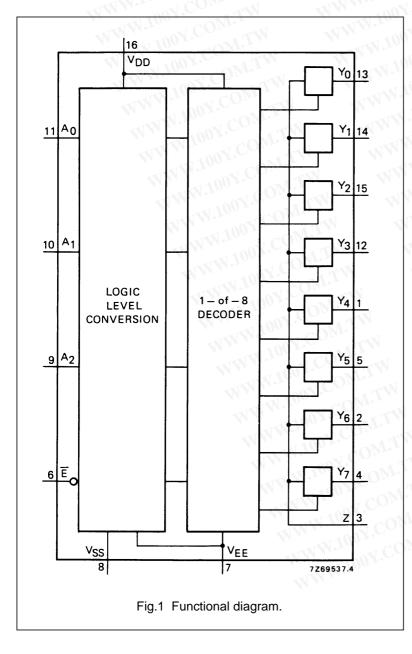
With  $\overline{E}$  LOW, one of the eight switches is selected (low impedance ON-state) by  $A_0$  to  $A_2$ . With  $\overline{E}$  HIGH, all switches are in the high impedance OFF-state, independent of  $A_0$  to  $A_2$ .

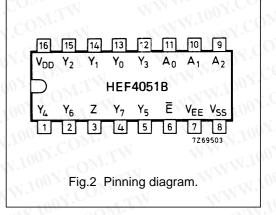
 $V_{DD}$  and  $V_{SS}$  are the supply voltage connections for the digital control inputs (A<sub>0</sub> to A<sub>2</sub>, and E).

The  $V_{DD}$  to  $V_{SS}$  range is 3 to 15 V.

The analogue inputs/outputs ( $Y_0$  to  $Y_7$ , and Z) can swing between  $V_{DD}$  as a positive limit and  $V_{EE}$  as a negative limit.  $V_{DD}$ – $V_{EE}$  may not exceed 15 V.

For operation as a digital multiplexer/demultiplexer, V<sub>EE</sub> is connected to V<sub>SS</sub> (typically ground).





HEF4051BP(N): 16-lead DIL; plastic

(SOT38-1)

HEF4051BD(F): 16-lead DIL; ceramic

(cerdip)

(SOT74)

HEF4051BT(D): 16-lead SO; plastic

(SOT109-1)

(): Package Designator North America

#### **PINNING**

Y<sub>0</sub> to Y<sub>7</sub> independent inputs/outputs

A<sub>0</sub> to A<sub>2</sub> address inputs

E enable input (active LOW)
Common input/output

#### FAMILY DATA, I<sub>DD</sub> LIMITS category MSI

See Family Specifications.

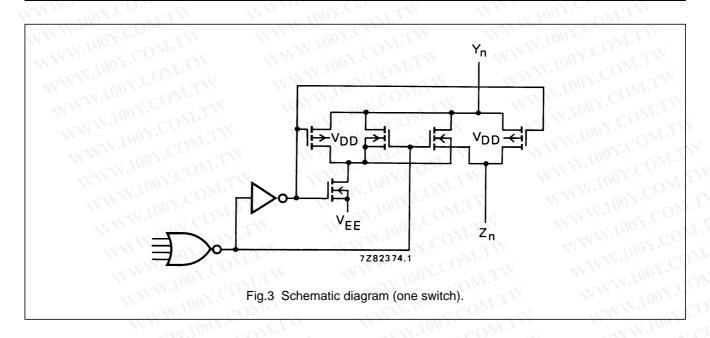
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#### **FUNCTION TABLE**

	INPL	CHANNEL		
Ē	A <sub>2</sub>	<b>A</b> <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>0</sub>	ON
L	L	L	L <sub>N</sub> 1	Y <sub>0</sub> –Z
L	L	L	Н	Y <sub>1</sub> –Z
L	L	Н	L	Y <sub>2</sub> –Z
L	L	Н	H	Y <sub>3</sub> –Z
L	Н	L	L	$Y_1-Z$ $Y_2-Z$ $Y_3-Z$ $Y_4-Z$
L	Н	L	Н	Y <sub>5</sub> –Z
L	Н	н	L	Y <sub>5</sub> –Z Y <sub>6</sub> –Z Y <sub>7</sub> –Z
L	Н	н	H 🕥	Y <sub>7</sub> –Z
Н	X	X	X	none

#### Notes

- 1. H = HIGH state (the more positive voltage)
  - L = LOW state (the less positive voltage)
  - X = state is immaterial

#### **RATINGS**

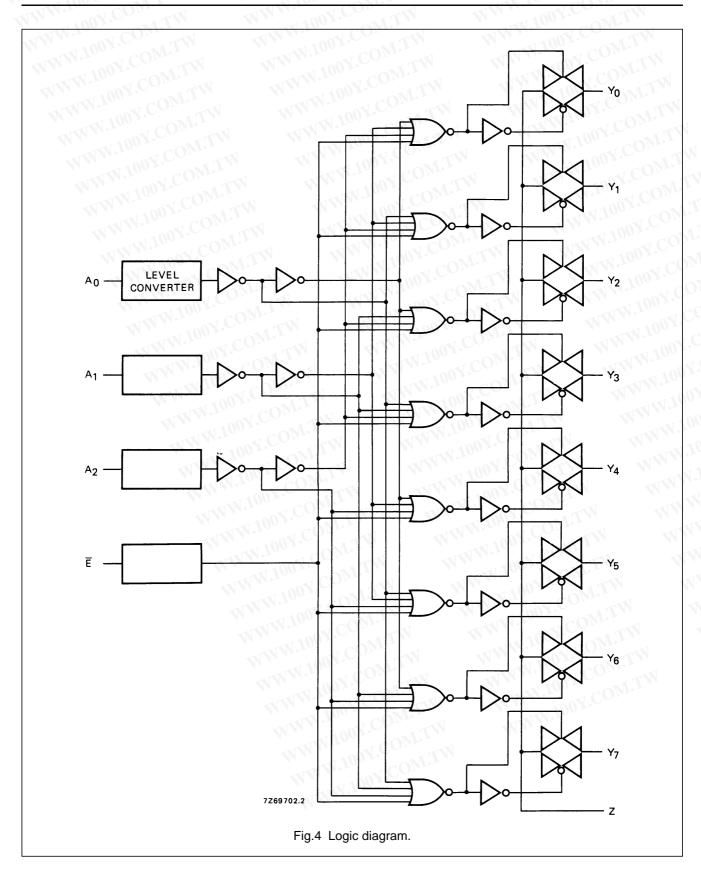
Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

Supply voltage (with reference to  $V_{DD}$ )  $V_{EE}$  -18 to +0.5 V

#### Note

To avoid drawing V<sub>DD</sub> current out of terminal Z, when switch current flows into terminals Y, the voltage drop across
the bidirectional switch must not exceed 0,4 V. If the switch current flows into terminal Z, no V<sub>DD</sub> current will flow out
of terminals Y, in this case there is no limit for the voltage drop across the switch, but the voltages at Y and Z may
not exceed V<sub>DD</sub> or V<sub>EE</sub>.

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#### **DC CHARACTERISTICS**

	V <sub>DD</sub> -V <sub>EE</sub>	SYMBOL	TYP.	MAX.		CONDITIONS	
MMM.TOOX.Ce	5	MA	350	2500	Ω	WW 1007.	
ON resistance	10	R <sub>ON</sub>	80	245	Ω	$V_{is} = 0$ to $V_{DD} - V_{EE}$ see Fig.6	
	15		60	175	Ω	See Fig.0	
ON resistance	5	-XI	115	340	Ω	W WWW.	
	10	R <sub>ON</sub>	50	160	Ω	V <sub>is</sub> = 0 see Fig.6	
	15		40	115	Ω		
ON resistance	5	R <sub>ON</sub>	120	365	Ω	N 100	
	10		65	200	Ω	$V_{is} = V_{DD} - V_{EE}$ see Fig.6	
	15		50	155	Ω	See Fig.0	
'Δ' ON resistance	100 501		25	Wilno-	Ω	WWW.I	
between any two	10	$\Delta R_{ON}$	10	W.100 3	$\Omega$	$V_{is} = 0$ to $V_{DD} - V_{EE}$ see Fig.6	
channels	15	WIM	5	7-1-00	Ω	See Fig.0	
OFF-state leakage	5	WILL	-W	70	nA	TET W	
current, all	10	I <sub>OZZ</sub>	- <	11111	nA C	E at V <sub>DD</sub> V <sub>SS</sub> = V <sub>EE</sub>	
channels OFF	15	COM	_	1000	nA	VSS = VEE	
OFF-state leakage	.5	COM.		TIN TIN	nA	C F - LVCVI	
current, any	10	I <sub>OZY</sub>	_	- <del>-</del> 1	nA	E at V <sub>SS</sub> V <sub>SS</sub> = V <sub>EE</sub>	
channel	15	N.C.	- M	200	nA	VSS = VEE	

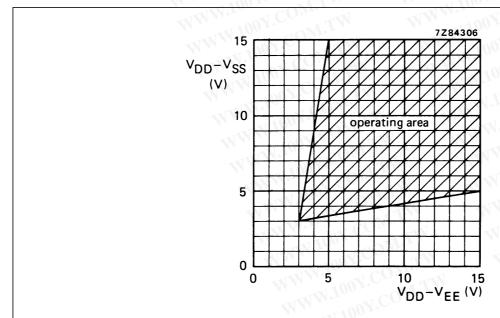
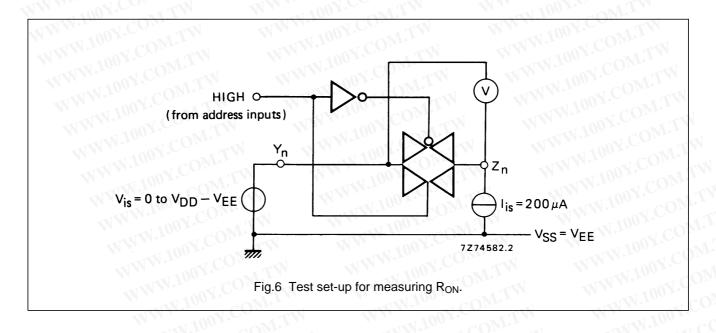
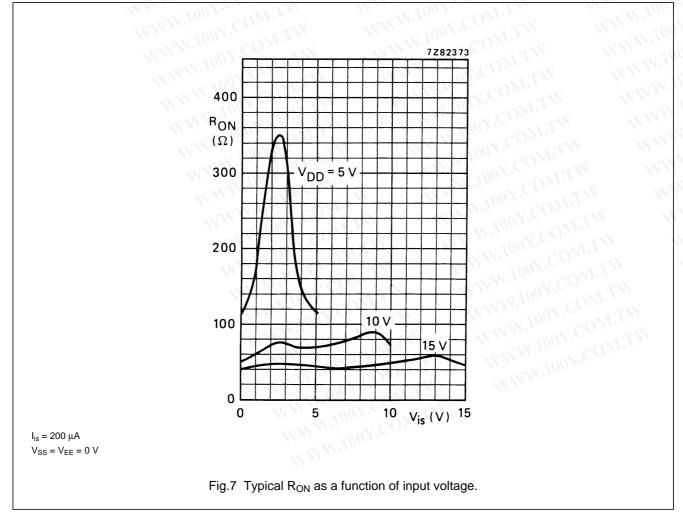


Fig.5 Operating area as a function of the supply voltages.

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#### **AC CHARACTERISTICS**

	V <sub>DD</sub>	TYPICAL FORMULA FOR P (μW)	WWW.100Y.COM.TV
Dynamic power	5	1 000 $f_i + \sum (f_o C_L) \times V_{DD}^2$	where
dissipation per	10	5 500 $f_i + \sum (f_o C_L) \times V_{DD}^2$	$f_i$ = input freq. (MHz)
package (P)	15	15 000 $f_i + \sum (f_o C_L) \times V_{DD}^2$	f <sub>o</sub> = output freq. (MHz)
	COMI	M. Too COM.	C <sub>L</sub> = load capacitance (pF)
	MOD	M. 1001. COM	$\Sigma(f_0C_L)$ = sum of outputs
	OY.CO	IM MM 1007.	V <sub>DD</sub> = supply voltage (V)

	V <sub>DD</sub>	SYMBOL	TYP.	MAX.		TW WWW.100Y
Propagation delays	N.1007	COMITY	N V	W.1003	- CO1	V. C. V. TOO.
$V_{is} \rightarrow V_{os}$	5	TW	15	30	ns	M.TW W. 100
HIGH to LOW	10	t <sub>PHL</sub>	5	10	ns	note 1
	15	ON.COM. TW	5	10	ns	OLIW WWW.
	5	COM	15	30	ns	COM WWW.
LOW to HIGH	10	t <sub>PLH</sub>	5	10	ns	note 1
	15	100Y. COM.T	5	10	ns	OM:1
$A_n \to V_{os}$	5	1100Y.	150	300	ns	COMITY
HIGH to LOW	10	t <sub>PHL</sub>	60	120	ns	note 2
	15	M. T. COM	45	90	ns	OLY COLLEN
	5	MM. In CO.	150	300	ns	COV.COM
LOW to HIGH	10	t <sub>PLH</sub>	65	130	ns	note 2
	15	W.100Y.	45	90	ns	N.100 J. COM: I V.
utput disable times	1	MM 100X	.ow.TV		N V	W.1007. COM.TW
$\overline{E}  o V_os$	5	WWW. 100X.	120	240	ns	TI 100Y.CONI.TY
HIGH	10	t <sub>PHZ</sub>	90	180	ns	note 3
	15	WWW.In	85	170	ns	WW. TOY. COM. TW
	5	WW.100	145	290	ns	MAN. Inc. COM.
LOW	10	t <sub>PLZ</sub>	120	240	ns	note 3
	15	WW.	115	230	ns	W. 100x.
utput enable times		MM	100Y.CC			May .
$\overline{E}  o V_{os}$	5	WWW	140	280	ns	
HIGH	10	t <sub>PZH</sub>	55	110	ns	note 3
	15	NY TON	40	80	ns	
	5	10.1	140	280	ns	
LOW	10	t <sub>PZL</sub>	55	110	ns	note 3
	15		40	80	ns	

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	V <sub>DD</sub> V	SYMBOL	TYP.	MAX.	WW.100Y.COM.TW
Distortion, sine-wave	5	I.WW.	0,25	%	MANN THE COM.
response	10	N TO THE REAL PROPERTY.	0,04	%	note 4
	15	MM	0,04	%	MAN TOOK
Crosstalk between	5	MW.	1007.0	MHz	MM. 1007.
any two channels	10	WW	11	MHz	note 5
	0 15	VVV VV	111.70	MHz	MMM.T.COM
Crosstalk; enable	5	- 1	WW.Too	mV_	M.M. Took CO.
or address input	10	En In	50	mV	note 6
to output	15	TW	N 1 2 1	mV	W. 1001.
OFF-state	5	WT	MM -	MHz	11111101
feed-through	10	W	111	MHz	note 7
	15	M. I	WWW	MHz	YOU WWW.LOOX
ON-state frequency	100 5	OM:	13	MHz	M. M.M. Inc.
response	10	WI.MO	40	MHz	note 8
	15	TIM	70	MHz	1.TV W 10

#### Notes

Vis is the input voltage at a Y or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as input.

Vos is the output voltage at a Y or Z terminal, whichever is assigned as output.

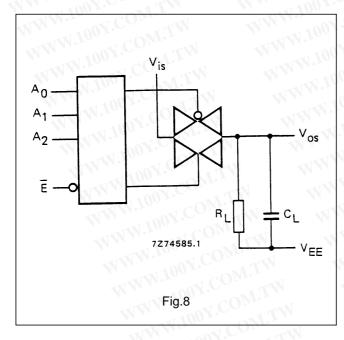
- 1.  $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$  to  $V_{EE}$ ;  $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$  to  $V_{EE}$ ;  $\overline{E} = V_{SS}$ ;  $V_{is} = V_{DD}$  (square-wave); see Fig.8.
- 2.  $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ ;  $C_L = 50 \text{ pF to V}_{EE}$ ;  $\overline{E} = V_{SS}$ ;  $A_n = V_{DD}$  (square-wave);  $V_{is} = V_{DD}$  and  $R_L$  to  $V_{EE}$  for  $t_{PLH}$ ;  $V_{is} = V_{EE}$  and  $R_L$  to  $V_{DD}$  for  $t_{PHL}$ ; see Fig.8.
- 3.  $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ ;  $C_L = 50 \text{ pF to } V_{EE}$ ;  $\overline{E} = V_{DD}$  (square-wave);
  - $V_{is} = V_{DD}$  and  $R_L$  to  $V_{EE}$  for  $t_{PHZ}$  and  $t_{PZH}$ ;
  - $V_{is}$  =  $V_{EE}$  and  $R_L$  to  $V_{DD}$  for  $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PZL}$ ; see Fig.8.
- 4.  $R_L$  = 10 k $\Omega$ ;  $C_L$  = 15 pF; channel ON;  $V_{is}$  =  $^{1}\!\!/_{2}$   $V_{DD \, (p-p)}$  (sine-wave, symmetrical about  $^{1}\!\!/_{2}$   $V_{DD}$ );  $f_{is}$  = 1 kHz; seeFig.9.
- 5.  $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ ;  $V_{is} = \frac{1}{2} V_{DD (p-p)}$  (sine-wave, symmetrical about  $\frac{1}{2} V_{DD}$ );

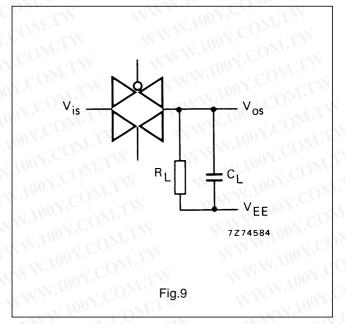
$$20 \log \frac{V_{os}}{V_{is}} = -50 \text{ dB; see Fig. 10.}$$

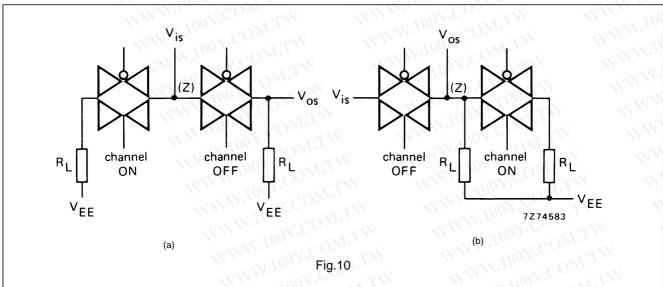
- 6.  $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$  to  $V_{EE}$ ;  $C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$  to  $V_{EE}$ ;  $\overline{E}$  or  $A_n = V_{DD}$  (square-wave); crosstalk is  $V_{OS}$  (peak value); see Fig.8.
- 7.  $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ ;  $C_L = 5 \text{ pF}$ ; channel OFF;  $V_{is} = \frac{1}{2} V_{DD (p-p)}$  (sine-wave, symmetrical about  $\frac{1}{2} V_{DD}$ );  $20 \log \frac{V_{os}}{V_{is}} = -50 \text{ dB}$ ; see Fig. 9.
- 8.  $R_L = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ ;  $C_L = 5 \text{ pF}$ ; channel ON;  $V_{is} = \frac{1}{2} V_{DD (p-p)}$  (sine-wave, symmetrical about  $\frac{1}{2} V_{DD}$ );  $20 \log \frac{V_{os}}{V_{is}} = -3 \text{ dB}$ ; see Fig. 9.

## HEF4051B MSI

## 8-channel analogue multiplexer/demultiplexer







#### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

Some examples of applications for the HEF4051B are:

- Analogue multiplexing and demultiplexing.
- Digital multiplexing and demultiplexing.
- Signal gating.

#### **NOTE**

If break before make is needed, then it is necessary to use the enable input.