勝 特 力 材 料 886-3-5753170 胜特力电子(上海) 86-21-54151736 胜特力电子(深圳) 86-755-83298787 Http://www.100y.com.tw

Overview of Speed Controllers

- These controllers vary speed of compact geared motors.
- The lineup of the speed controllers is divided into the following 4 types to meet various applications and configuration.

1. Separate type speed controller

Speed controller of the basic configuration

2. 48 mm sq. (1.89 inch sq.) speed controller

Separate speed controller housed in 48 mm sq. (1.89 inch sq.)

IN size

3. Unit type speed controller

A set of a motor and speed controller: Both can be connected

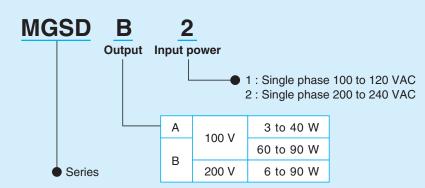
through a single-touch connector.

4. Inverter Speed controller for 3-phase motor

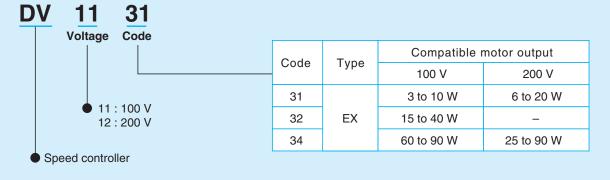
Product designation

Separate type speed controller

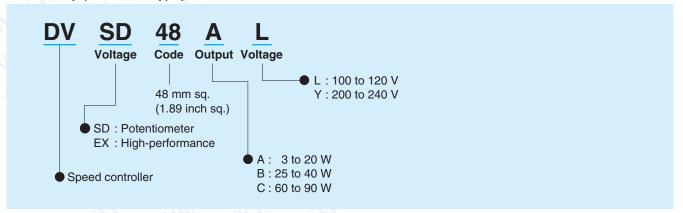




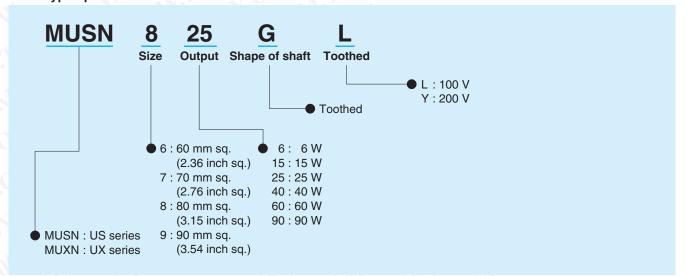
EX type



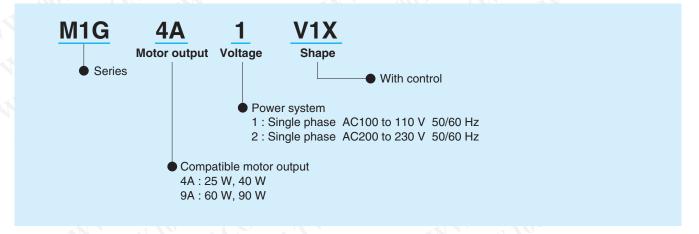
• 48 mm sq. (1.89 inch sq.) speed controller



Unit type speed controller



Inverter



C-2 C-3

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• Possible combination of speed controller and motor

	Output		Motor	Voltage	Voltage Speed controller				
	Size		Certified	Part No.	(V)	MGSD type	EX type	SD48 type	EX48 type
	60 mm sq.	3		M61X3GV4L	100	MGSDA1 ★	DV1131	DVSD48AL	DVEX48AL
	(2.36 inch sq.)	6	<u> </u>	M61X6GV4L	100	MGSDA1 ★	DV1131	DVSD48AL	DVEX48AL
				M61X6GV4Y	200	MGSDB2 ★	DV1231	DVSD48AY	DVEX48AY
				M61X6GV4LG(A)	100	MGSDA1 ★			
			•	M61X6GV4DG(A)	110/115	MGSDA1 ★		100-3	<u> </u>
			•	M61X6GV4YG(A)	200	MGSDB2 ★	W		
			√ 😛	M61X6GV4GG(A)	220/230	MGSDB2 ★		4440	(-) -77
	70 mm sq.	10		M71X10GV4L	100	MGSDA1 ★	DV1131	DVSD48AL	DVEX48AL
	(2.76 inch sq.)			M71X10GV4Y	200	MGSDB2 ★	DV1231	DVSD48AY	DVEX48AY
		15		M71X15GV4L	100	MGSDA1 ★	DV1132	DVSD48AL	DVEX48AL
			-11-1	M71X15GV4Y	200	MGSDB2 ★	DV1231	DVSD48AY	DVEX48AY
			•	M71X15GV4LG(A)	100	MGSDA1 ★			
			•	M71X15GV4DG(A)	110/115	MGSDA1 ★			1 C
				M71X15GV4YG(A)	200	MGSDB2 ★			
			•	M71X15GV4GG(A)	220/230	MGSDB2 ★			1 3 2 1
	80 mm sq. (3.15 inch sq.)	15		M81X15GV4L	100	MGSDA1 ★	DV1132	DVSD48AL	DVEX48AL
ς				M81X15GV4Y	200	MGSDB2 ★	DV1231	DVSD48AY	DVEX48AY
ri.		25		M81X25GV4L	100	MGSDA1 ★	DV1132	DVSD48BL	DVEX48BL
<u> </u>				M81X25GV4Y	200	MGSDB2 ★	DV1234	DVSD48BY	DVEX48BY
2			⇔	M81X25GV4LG(A)	100	MGSDA1 ★	-4-1		A
P			⇔	M81X25GV4DG(A)	110/115	MGSDA1 ★			
ë			•	M81X25GV4YG(A)	200	MGSDB2 ★	-		\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.\.
<u> </u>			②	M81X25GV4GG(A)	220/230	MGSDB2 ★			
5	90 mm sq.	40		M91X40GV4L	100	MGSDA1 ★	DV1132	DVSD48BL	DVEX48BL
3	(3.54 inch sq.)			M91X40GV4Y	200	MGSDB2 ★	DV1234	DVSD48BY	DVEX48BY
Variable speed induction motor			•	M91X40GV4LG(A)	100	MGSDA1 ★			
			•	M91X40GV4DG(A)	110/115	MGSDA1 ★			
			⇔	M91X40GV4YG(A)	200	MGSDB2 ★			
			⇔	M91X40GV4GG(A)	220/230	MGSDB2 ★			
		60		M91Z60GV4L	100	MGSDB1 ★	DV1134	DVSD48CL	DVEX48CL
				M91Z60GV4Y	200	MGSDB2 ★	DV1234	DVSD48CY	DVEX48CY
			⇔	M91Z60GV4LG(A)	100	MGSDB1 ★			<1
			•	M91Z60GV4DG(A)	110/115	MGSDB1 ★	100	O	
			•	M91Z60GV4YG(A)	200	MGSDB2 ★			
			•	M91Z60GV4GG(A)	220/230	MGSDB2 ★	11111	CO	
		90		M91Z90GV4L	100	MGSDB1 ★	DV1134	DVSD48CL	DVEX48CL
				M91Z90GV4Y	200	MGSDB2 ★	DV1234	DVSD48CY	DVEX48CY
			•	M91Z90GV4LG(A)	100	MGSDB1 ★			
			•	M91Z90GV4DG(A)	110/115	MGSDB1 ★			
			•	M91Z90GV4YG(A)	200	MGSDB2 ★			
			•	M91Z90GV4GG(A)	220/230	MGSDB2 ★			

^{*} When using a speed controller operative under a wide range of supply voltage (MGSD, SD48, EX48), the mating motor should be selected according to the voltage of the power supply to be used.

* Please read your User's manual carefully so that you will understand the operation and safety precautions before attempting to operate the system.

		O		Motor	Valtana		Speed controller		
	Size	Output (W)	Certified	Part No.	Voltage (V)	MGSD type	EX type	SD48 type	EX48 type
	60 mm sq.	3		M6RX4GV4L	100	MGSDA1 ★	DV1131	DVSD48AL	DVEX48AL
	(2.36 inch sq.)	6	<u> </u>	M6RX6GV4L	100	MGSDA1 ★	DV1131	DVSD48AL	DVEX48AL
				M6RX6GV4Y	200	MGSDB2 ★	DV1231	DVSD48AY	DVEX48AY
	113	~1	•	M6RX6GV4LG(A)	100	MGSDA1 ★			
			•	M6RX6GV4DG(A)	110/115	MGSDA1 ★			
		3		M6RX6GV4YG(A)	200	MGSDB2 ★			
		00.	•	M6RX6GV4GG(A)	220/230	MGSDB2 ★			
	70 mm sq.	10		M7RX10GV4L	100	MGSDA1 ★	DV1131	DVSD48AL	DVEX48AL
	(2.76 inch sq.)			M7RX10GV4Y	200	MGSDB2 ★	DV1231	DVSD48AY	DVEX48AY
	N .	15		M7RX15GV4L	100	MGSDA1 ★	DV1132	DVSD48AL	DVEX48AL
			100	M7RX15GV4Y	200	MGSDB2 ★	DV1231	DVSD48AY	DVEX48AY
			•	M7RX15GV4LG(A)	100	MGSDA1 ★			
			•	M7RX15GV4DG(A)	110/115	MGSDA1 ★			
			•	M7RX15GV4YG(A)	200	MGSDB2 ★			
	<		•	M7RX15GV4GG(A)	220/230	MGSDB2 ★			
	80 mm sq.	15		M8RX20GV4L	100	MGSDA1 ★	DV1132	DVSD48AL	DVEX48AL
ζ.	(3.15 inch sq.)			M8RX20GV4Y	200	MGSDB2 ★	DV1231	DVSD48AY	DVEX48AY
<u>.</u>		25		M8RX25GV4L	100	MGSDA1 ★	DV1132	DVSD48BL	DVEX48BL
Variable speed reversible				M8RX25GV4Y	200	MGSDB2 ★	DV1234	DVSD48BY	DVEX48BY
2	N			M8RX25GV4LG(A)	100	MGSDA1 ★			
			•	M8RX25GV4DG(A)	110/115	MGSDA1 ★			
5			₩	M8RX25GV4YG(A)	200	MGSDB2 ★			
			•	M8RX25GV4GG(A)	220/230	MGSDB2 ★			
2	90 mm sq.	40		M9RX40GV4L	100	MGSDA1 ★	DV1132	DVSD48BL	DVEX48BL
) }	(3.54 inch sq.)			M9RX40GV4Y	200	MGSDB2 ★	DV1234	DVSD48BY	DVEX48BY
			•	M9RX40GV4LG(A)	100	MGSDA1 ★			
í			•	M9RX40GV4DG(A)	110/115	MGSDA1 ★			
			•	M9RX40GV4YG(A)	200	MGSDB2 ★			
			•	M9RX40GV4GG(A)	220/230	MGSDB2 ★			
		60		M9RZ60GV4L	100	MGSDB1 ★	DV1134	DVSD48CL	DVEX48CI
		00		M9RZ60GV4Y	200	MGSDB2 ★	DV1134	DVSD48CY	DVEX48C
			•	M9RZ60GV4LG(A)	100	MGSDB1 ★			
	~0		0	M9RZ60GV4DG(A)	110/115	MGSDB1 ★			
	1	~ \	0	M9RZ60GV4YG(A)	200	MGSDB1 ★		_1	
		$O(r_0)$	0	M9RZ60GV4GG(A)	220/230	MGSDB2 ★	702		
		90		M9RZ90GV4L	100	MGSDB1 ★	DV1134	DVSD48CL	DVEX48CL
	00 -	90		M9RZ90GV4L M9RZ90GV4Y	200	MGSDB1 ★	DV1134 DV1234	DVSD48CL DVSD48CY	DVEX48CI
			•	M9RZ90GV4LG(A)	100	MGSDB1 ★			
	100		₩	M9RZ90GV4LG(A)	110/115	MGSDB1 ★			
			₩	M9RZ90GV4DG(A)	200	MGSDB1 ★			
	-1 1 UV		₩ 🕹	. , ,					
<	60 mm sq.	6		M9RZ90GV4GG(A) M6RX6GBV4L	220/230	MGSDB2 ★ MGSDA1 ★	DV1131	DVSD48AL	DVEX48AL
aria	(2.36 inch sq.)	70		M6RX6GBV4Y	100 200	MGSDA1 ★	DV1131	DVSD48AL DVSD48AY	DVEX48AL
ble	70 mm sq.	15		M7RX15GBV4L	100	MGSDB2 ★	DV1231	DVSD48AL	DVEX48AL
spe	(2.76 inch sq.)			M7RX15GBV4E	200	MGSDB2 ★	DV1132	DVSD48AY	DVEX48AY
ed -	80 mm sq.	25	70	M8RX25GBV4L	100	MGSDA1 ★	DV1132	DVSD48BL	DVEX48BL
not	(3.15 inch sq.)			M8RX25GBV4Y	200	MGSDB2 ★	DV1234	DVSD48BY	DVEX48B\
Variable speed motor with	90 mm sq.	40		M9RX40GBV4L	100	MGSDA1 ★	DV1132	DVSD48BL	DVEX48BL
¥.	(3.54 inch sq.)			M9RX40GBV4Y	200	MGSDB2 ★	DV1234	DVSD48BY	DVEX48BY

C-4 C-5

Conforming to international standards : c ▮ ∪s (€ @

[★] MGSD speed controllers are compliant with c and C €.

^{*} The models with a motor model number to which "A" is suffixed are not equipped with a capacitor cap.

The models with a motor model number to which "A" is suffixed are not sold or available in Japan.

② Conforming to international standards: c ♠ us (€ @ ★ MGSD speed controllers are compliant with c ♠ us and (€.

^{*} The models with a motor model number to which "A" is suffixed are not equipped with a capacitor cap. The models with a motor model number to which "A" is suffixed are not sold or available in Japan.

^{*} Please read your User's manual carefully so that you will understand the operation and safety precautions before attempting to operate the system.



MGSD type



EX type

Features

<MGSD type>

• Internal speed changer

Motor speed can be adjusted from the speed setting knob on the front panel.

Not necessary to install and connect an external speed changer to the controller.

- Electric brake enables instantaneous stop.
- Compact 8P plug-in configuration.
- Variable installation options are available.
 Terminal blocks, sockets and other various options
 (from Matsushita Electric Works, Ltd.) for panel board can be used.
- Compliant with international standards: c us (€

<EX type>

Soft-start/soft-down

Time can be adjusted up to 5 seconds. Excellent soft-start/soft-down linearity.

Selectable response

High-stable and high-response can be selected with the internal changeover switch to meet the characteristic of the application.

(Factory setting: high-response)

- · Excellent instantaneous stop capability
- Parallel operation

Two or more motors can be controlled from a single control knob.

Can link with various control systems
 Can control motor(s) in conjunction with different
 controlling systems such as sequencer. The voltage signal
 can also be used as control signal.

Standard specification (MGSD type)

	MGSDA1	MGSDB1	MGSDB2		
Supply voltage	Single phase 10	Single phase 100 to 120 VAC			
Supply voltage tolerance	±10% (at rated voltage)				
Power frequency	50/60 Hz				
Rated input current	1.0 A	2.0 A	1.0 A		
Compatible motor output	3 to 40 W	60 to 90 W	6 to 90 W		
Speed control range	50Hz : 9	0 to 1400 min ⁻¹ 60Hz : 9	0 to 1700 min ⁻¹		
Speed regulation (against load)	5% : 1000 i	min-1, Typical variation at 8	30% rated torque		
Speed setting		Internal			
Braking *1	Activated	d while electric braking cur	rent is flowing.		
Electric braking time	0.5 sec (typ.): Amou	nt of braking current is 2 to	3 times the rated current.		
Parallel operation		Not applicable			
Product weight		80 g			

^{*1} Electric braking has no mechanical holding mechanism

Outline drawing

MGSD type	36(1.42) Panaponic 2 2 2 36(1.42) Panaponic 36(1.42)	67.1(2.64) 14.2(0.56)

Socket is not supplied with the product. Use octal pin socket (DV0P4560), option, or Socket (AW68102) recommended by Matsushita Electric Works, Ltd.

Unit: mm (inch

Standard specification (EX type)

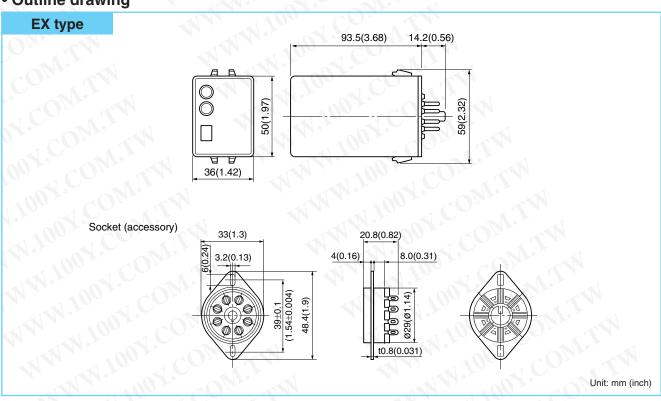
			EX	type			
Part No. Characteristic	DV1131	DV1132	DV1	134	DV1231	DV1234	
Rated voltage	Sin	gle phase 100 V	AC		Single phas	se 200 VAC	
Operating voltage range		±10	0% (at ra	ated volta	age)		
Power frequency			50/6	0 Hz			
Rated current	0.4 A	1 A	2.0) A	0.3 A	1 A	
Compatible motor output *1	3 to 10 W	15 to 40 W	60 to	0 W	6 to 20 W	25 to 90 W	
Operation change	Hig	gh-response			High-stability		
Speed control range	90 to 1400 m	nin ⁻¹ / 90 to 1700	min ⁻¹	50 to 1400 min ⁻¹ / 50 to 1700 min ⁻¹			
Speed variation	5	% or more		3% or less			
Speed setting	Fro	m external contr	oller, e.g	. externa	al speed changer *3		
Braking*2		Active while ele	ectric bra	ıking cur	rent is flowing.		
Electric braking time	The braking cur		d off bef		i-sceond limit as the rated current.)	the motor stops	
Parallel operation			Ena	bled			
Soft-start/soft-down capability	100	Available (typica	lly up to	5 sec (0	to max. speed))		
Operating temperature range	1007	200	-10 to	50°C			
Storage temperature	1.7	C A	-20 to	60°C			

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To provide brake holding, use our C&B motor or variable speed motor containing electromagnetic brake. When braking a load having excessively high inertia, durability and life expectancy of motor shaft and gear should be taken into consideration. Use the motor within the allowable inertia.

Outline drawing



C-6 C-7

^{*} Please read your User's manual carefully so that you will understand the operation and safety precautions before attempting to operate the system.

^{*1} Applicable to Matsushita compact speed variable geared motors. Select motors with applicable output.

^{*2} Electric braking has no mechanical brake holding mechanism.

^{*3} EX type is supplied with the external speed changer

^{*} Please read your User's manual carefully so that you will understand the operation and safety precautions before attempting to operate the system.

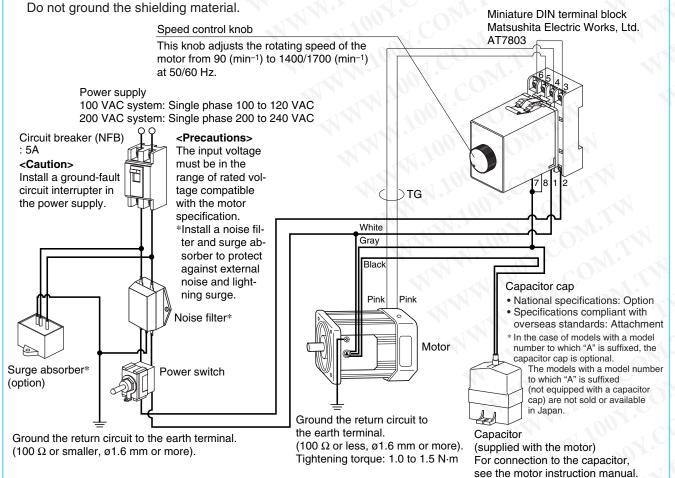
Speed controller

Connection diagram list

Connection diagram	Function	Speed controller	Page
1	Wiring diagram (for unidirectional rotation)	MGSD type	C- 8
2	Speed change only	MGSD type	C- 9
3	Unidirectional rotation and electric brake	MGSD type	C-10
4	Normal/reverse rotation and electric brake	MGSD type	C-11
5	Wiring of cooling fan motor (F) or motor with thermal protector (TP)	MGSD type	C-12
6	Wiring to electromagnetic brake (40 W or smaller)	MGSD type	C-12
7	Wiring diagram (for unidirectional rotation)	EX type	C-13
8	Speed change only	EX type	C-14
9	Unidirectional rotation and electric brake	EX type	C-15
10	Normal/reverse rotation and electric brake	EX type	C-16
11	Multispeed setting application	EX type	C-17
12	Speed change with analog signal	EX type	C-17
13	Operation through contactless signal	EX type	C-18
14	Parallel operation through external speed changer	EX type	C-18
15	Parallel operation through analog signal	EX type	C-19
16	Soft-operation Soft-operation	EX type	C-19
17	Wiring of cooling fan motor (F) and motor with thermal protector (TP)	EX type	C-20
18	Wiring to electromagnetic brake	EX type	C-20

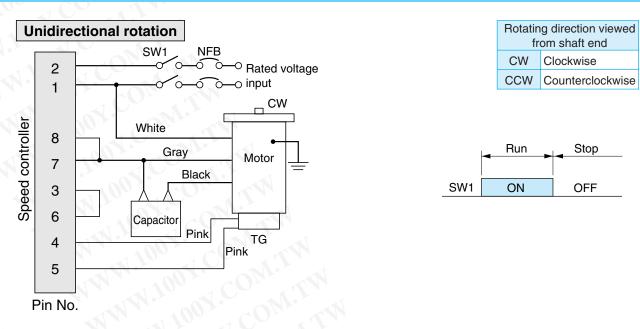
1 Wiring diagram (for unidirectional rotation)

- The motor revolving speed can be set from the speed setting knob on the panel.
- The thick continuous lines represent main circuit. Use conductor of size 0.75 mm² or larger for the main line.
- The thin continuous lines represent signal circuit. Use conductor of size 0.3 mm² or larger in the signal circuit. When the distance from the tachometer generator (TG) is long, use shielded twisted pair cable.



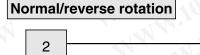
^{*} Please read your User's manual carefully so that you will understand the operation and safety precautions before attempting to operate the system.

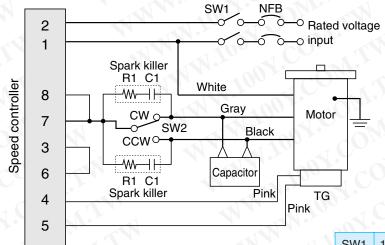
2 Speed change only

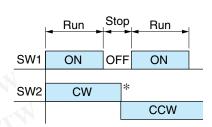


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SW1: Power switch

SW2: Normal/reverse selector switch

SW1	100 V supply system	5 A or more at 125 VAC
SW2	200 V supply system	5 A or more at 250 VAC
Spark	killer R1+C1	DV0P008 (option)

<Pre><Precautions>

Pin No.

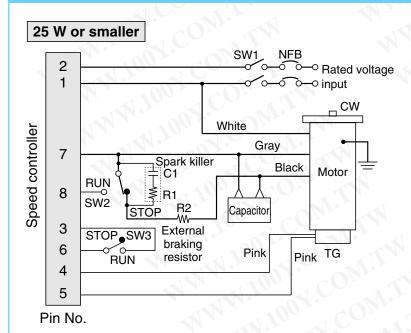
- 1. To change rotating direction of induction motor:
- Provide a motor halt period. Switch over SW2 after complete stop of the motor.
- 2. To change rotating direction of reversible motor:
- A motor halt period is not necessary. Switch over SW2 while keeping SW1 turned ON. When configuring SW2 with relay contacts, use a relay having large gap between contacts (e.g. HG/HP relay from Matsushita Electric Works, Ltd.) to prevent malfunction due to short-circuited capacitor.
- 3. For motors for cooling fan and motors with thermal protector, also refer to page C-12.
- 4. When using independent relay contacts for SW2 to change over normal/reverse, interlock both contacts so that they will not close simultaneously.
- 5. The spark killer consisting of R1 and C1 must be used to protect the relay contacts.

C-8 C-9

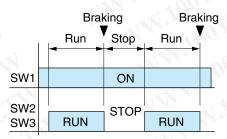
^{*} Please read your User's manual carefully so that you will understand the operation and safety precautions before attempting to operate the system.

DV0P003 (option)

3 Unidirectional rotation and electric brake

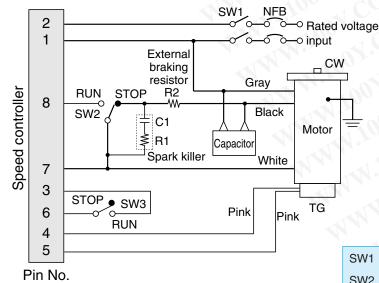


· Connection according to this wiring diagram causes the motor to rotate clockwise when viewed from the motor shaft end. To run the motor counterclockwise, interchange the connecting point of black and gray leads.



SW1: Power switch SW2: RUN/STOP switch SW3: Brake start switch

40 W or larger



SW1	100 V supply system	5 A or more at 125 VAC
SW2 200 V supply system		5 A or more at 250 VAC
SW3		DC10 V 10 mA
Spark killer R1+C1		DV0P008 (option)
Exterr	nal braking resistor R2	DV0P003 (option)

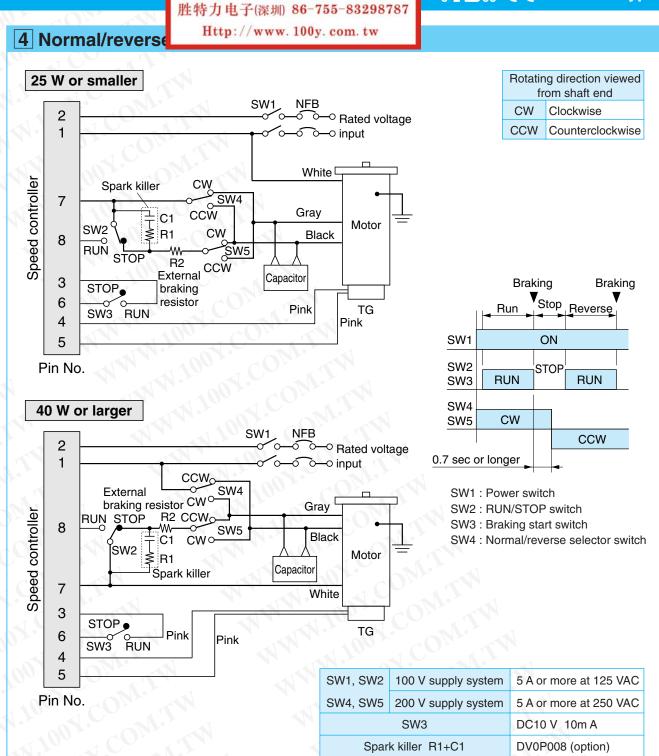
<Pre><Precautions>

1. When SW2 and SW3 are switched from RUN to STOP, electric braking is applied for approx. 0.5 sec, and the motor stops instantly.

Difference in switching time between SW2 and SW3 must be 0.1 sec or shorter. If SW2 (SW3) is in RUN position while SW3 (SW2) is in STOP, abnormal operation occurs (full speed rotation for a short time) and motor temperature rises excessively.

- 2. The number of start/stop operations must be 6/min. or less.
- 3. For motors for cooling fan and motors with thermal protector, also refer to page C-12.
- 4. The spark killer consisting of R1 and C1 must be used to protect the relay contacts.
- 5. R2 limits flow of discharging current upon short-circuiting of the capacitor during braking.

* Please read your User's manual carefully so that you will understand the operation and safety precautions before attempting to operate the system.

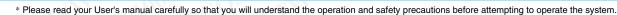


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<Pre><Pre>cautions>

- 1. When SW2 and SW3 are switched from RUN to STOP, electric braking is applied for approx. 0.5 sec, and the motor stops instantly. (Do not operate SW4 and SW5 until the motor stops.) Difference in switching time between SW2 and SW3 must be 0.1 sec or smaller. If SW2 (SW3) is in RUN position while SW3 (SW2) is in STOP, abnormal operation occurs (full speed rotation for a short time) and motor temperature rises excessively.
- 2. Do not change the motor rotating direction (SW4, SW5) while the motor is running.
- 3. The number of start/stop operations must be 6/min. or less.
- 4. For motors for cooling fan and motors with thermal protector, also refer to page C-12.
- 5. The spark killer consisting of R1 and C1 must be used to protect the relay contacts.



External braking resistor R2

Speed controller

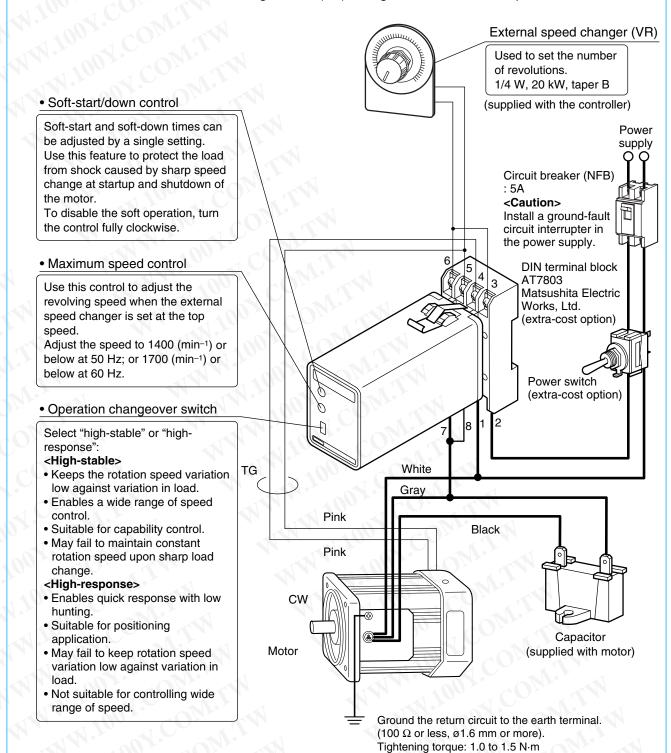
7 Wiring diagram (for unidirectional rotation)

• The thick continuous lines represent main circuit. Use conductor of size 0.75 mm² or larger for the main line.

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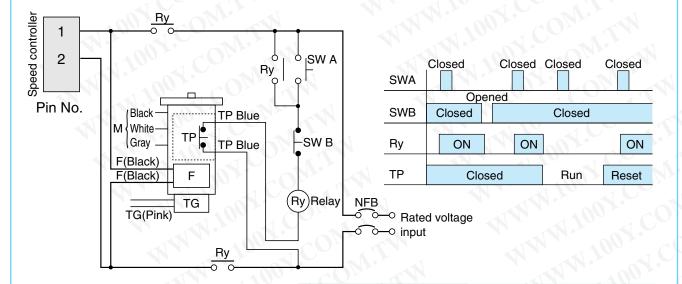
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The thin continuous lines represent signal circuit. Use conductor of size 0.3 mm² or larger in the signal circuit.
 When the distance from the tachometer generator (TG) is long, use shielded twisted pair cable.



* Please read your User's manual carefully so that you will understand the operation and safety precautions before attempting to operate the system.

5 Wiring of cooling fan motor (F) or motor with thermal protector (TP)



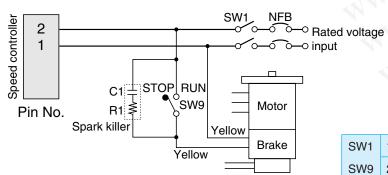
	SW A	Momentary N.O. contact		
SW B		Momentary N.C. contact		
Relay	100 V supply system	125 VAC 5 A or more 3a contact		
Ry	200 V supply system	250 VAC 5 A or more 3a contact		

<Pre><Precautions>

- 1. The thermal protector (TP) is an automatic reset type. To prevent hazards caused by restarting, connect the TP as shown above. Don't connect TP directly to the power supply.
- 2. Once the TP operates, cooling period is required before the operation can restart.
- 3. Connect the cooling fan motor (F) across pins 1 and 2 on the power terminal.
- 4. Motor (M) and tachometer generator (TG) should be connected according to corresponding wiring diagram shown later.

6 Wiring to electromagnetic brake (40 W or smaller)

 Variable speed motor with electromagnetic brake should be wired as shown below.



SW1	100 V supply system	5 A or more at 125 VAC
SW9	200 V supply system	5 A or more at 250 VAC
Spark	killer R1+C1	DV0P008 (option)

<Pre><Pre>cautions:

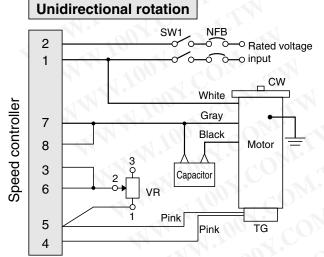
C-12

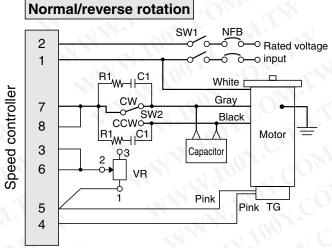
- Operate SW9 simultaneously with RUN/STOP switching of other switches, if any.
 Placing other switch to RUN position while the brake is active (SW9 at STOP position) causes the motor to generate heat.
- 2. For remaining wirings, refer to corresponding wiring diagram.

^{*} Please read your User's manual carefully so that you will understand the operation and safety precautions before attempting to operate the system.

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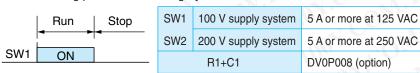
8 Speed change only





This wiring diagram causes the motor to rotate clockwise when viewed from the motor shaft end.

To run the motor counterclockwise, interchange the connecting point of black and gray leads.



Normal Reverse SW1 RUN RUN SW2 CW CCW SW1: Power switch SW2: Normal/reverse selector switch

<Pre><Precautions>

Pin No.

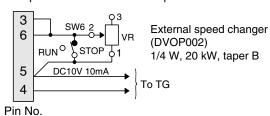
- 1. To change rotating direction of induction motor: Provide a motor halt period. Switch over SW2 after complete stop of the motor.
- 2. To change rotating direction of reversible motor: A motor halt period is not necessary. Switch over SW2 while keeping SW1 turned ON. When configuring SW2 with relay contacts, use a relay having large gap between contacts (e.g. HG/HP relay from Matsushita Electric Works, Ltd.) to prevent malfunction due to short-circuited capacitor.

Pin No.

- 3. For motors for cooling fan and motors with thermal protector, also refer to page C-20.
- 4. When using independent relay contacts for SW2 to change over normal/reverse, interlock both contacts so that they will not close simultaneously.
- 5. The spark killer consisting of R1 and C1 must be used to protect the relay contacts.

Start/stop control with small signal

• With the external speed changer connected, the motor can be started/stopped with a small signal through SW6 contact while the power switch SW1 (see diagram above) is on. The SW6 provides shorter start-up time than SW1.



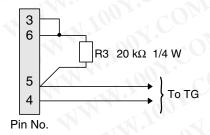
<Pre><Precautions>

C-14

- 1. Power (SW1) should be turned on at least 0.5 sec before turning on of the start signal (SW6).
- 2. When the motor is not operated for a prolonged time, turn off power switch (SW1).

Operation from maximum speed control

• When no external speed changer is required, the speed can be adjusted from the maximum speed control.

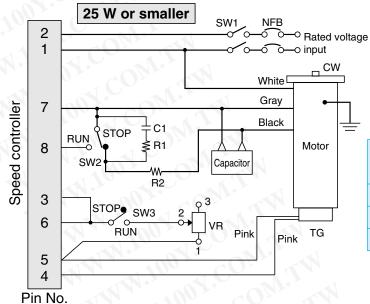


<Pre><Pre>cautions>

1. Connect a fixed resistor (R3) in place of external speed changer (VR).

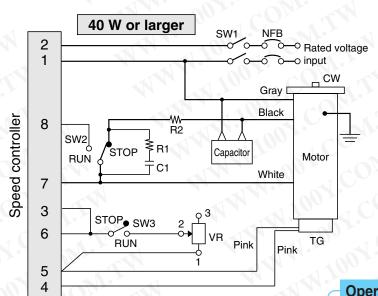
* Please read your User's manual carefully so that you will understand the operation and safety precautions before attempting to operate the system.

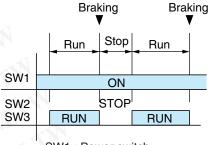
9 Unidirectional rotation and electric brake



• Connection according to this wiring diagram causes the motor to rotate clockwise when viewed from the motor shaft end. To run the motor counterclockwise, interchange the connecting point of black and gray leads.

SW1	100 V supply system	5 A or more at 125 VAC
SW2	200 V supply system	5 A or more at 250 VAC
SW3		DC10 V 10 mA
R1+C1		DV0P008 (option)
	R2	DV0P003 (option)





SW1: Power switch SW2: RUN/STOP switch SW3: Brake start switch

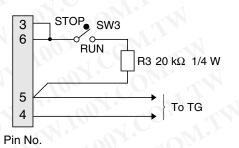
Pin No.

<Pre><Pre>cautions>

- 1. When SW2 and SW3 are switched from RUN to STOP, electric braking is applied for approx. 5 sec, or until the motor stops. SW2 and SW3 must be operated
- simultaneously. Otherwise, abnormal operation occurs (full speed rotation for a short time), causing the motor temperature rises excessively.
- 2. The number of start/stop cycles must be 6/min.
- 3. When using cooling fan motor or motor with thermal protector, also see page C-20.
- 4. Insert R1 and C1 to protect relay contact.
- 5. R2 restricts discharge current in case of capacitor short circuit during braking.

Operation from maximum speed control

 When no external speed changer is required, the speed can be adjusted from the maximum speed control.



<Pre><Pre>cautions>

1. Connect a fixed resistor (R3) in place of external speed changer (VR).

* Please read your User's manual carefully so that you will understand the operation and safety precautions before attempting to operate the system.

2

1

8

3

6

4

Pin No.

2

1

8

7

3

6

5

4

Pin No.

<Pre><Precautions>

RUŇ

STOP

controller

Speed

RUN

Speed controller

10 Normal/reverse rotation and electric brake

CW

SW4

SW5

CCW

CCW

SW4

SW5

CCWo-

CW

CCW

SW3

RUN

40 W or larger

Rated voltage

Motor

TG

Pink

Rated voltage

Motor

NFB

o o o o input

Gray

Black

Capacitor

Pink ^I

-0 0-0 input

White

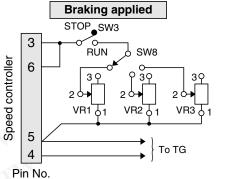
Gray

Black

25 W or smaller

| 11 | Multispeed setting application

No braking applied VR2 1 VR1 1 VR3 \ eq To TG Pin No.



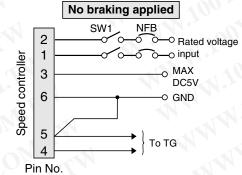
| SW3, SW8 | DC10V 10 mA |
|-------------------|---------------------|
| VR1
VR2
VR3 | DV0P002
(option) |

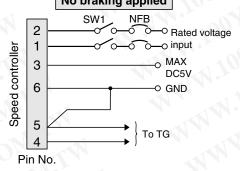
<Pre><Pre>cautions>

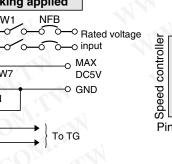
- 1. Set external speed changers VR1, VR2 and VR3 to 3 different speeds and select the desired speed from
- 2. When activating the brake, simultaneously switch over SW3 and RUN-STOP of other switches.

- 3. For remaining wirings, refer to the corresponding wiring diagrams.

12 Speed change with analog signal







DC10 V 10 mA

| | | Braking applied |
|------------------|-----|-----------------------|
| er | 2 | SW1 NFB Rated voltage |
| ntrol | 3 | STOP_SW7 DC5V |
| Speed controller | 6 | O GND |
| Sp | 5 | → } To TG |
| | 4 | 1016 |
| Pi | n N | 0. |

SW1

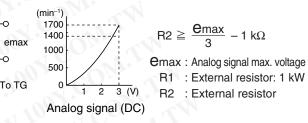
SW7

| } T | o TG | No. |
|---------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| No. | | 6. Re
7. The
ref |
| 100 V supply system | 5 A or more at 125 VAC | loa |
| 200 V supply system | 5 A or more at 250 VAC | 8. Th |

<Pre><Pre>cautions>

GNDŸ 1 kΩ

- 1. Turn on power switch SW1 approx. 0.5 sec earlier than the analog start signal.
- 2. For repetitive run/stop operations, use the analog signal while keeping SW1 ON.
- 3. Soft-operation can be adjusted from the soft-start and softdown controls or by using analog signal.
- 4. On the maximum speed control, set the maximum motor revolving speed that may be achieved at the maximum analog signal value (e.g. 3 VDC).
- 5. The absolute maximum rating of analog signal is 5 VDC. The system should be designed to use standard 3 VDC analog signal. If the signal voltage exceeds 3 VDC, the circuit diagram shown below should be used for wiring.



- evolution speed "0" signal should not exceed 0.1 VDC.
- ne input speed pattern (curve) may not be exactly flected on the motor speed, due to inertial effect of the ad, especially during stop sequence.
- The percentage ripple of analog voltage signal should be 2% or less.
- 9. For other wirings, refer to the corresponding circuit/wiring
- 10. When using the braking feature, motor wiring (pins 1, 7 and 8) should be in accordance with pages C-8 and C-9. To activate braking, switch SW2 and SW7 at the same

If SW2 is in RUN position while SW7 is in STOP, abnormal operation occurs (full speed rotation for a short time); or if SW7 is in RUN position while SW2 is in STOP, motor temperature rises excessively.

Operation from maximum speed control

RUN

CW

SW1: Power switch

SW2: RUN/STOP switch SW3: Braking start switch

Rotating direction viewed from shaft end

CCW Counterclockwise

5 A or more at 250 VAC

DC10 V 10 mA

DV0P008 (option)

DV0P003 (option)

Braking

CW Clockwise

SW1, SW2 100 V supply system 5 A or more at 125 VAC

Braking

Normal Stop Reverse

ON

STOP

SW4,SW5: Normal/reverse selector switch

RUN

CCW

SW4, SW5 200 V supply system

SW3

R1+C1

R2

SW1

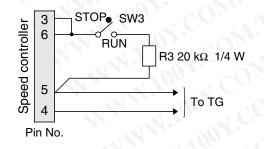
SW2

SW3

SW4

SW5

• When no external speed changer is required, the speed can be adjusted from the maximum speed control.



<Pre><Precautions>

1. Connect a fixed resistor (R3) in place of external speed changer (VR).

| write the motor is fulfilling. | |
|---|--|
| 3. The number of start/stop cycles must be 6/min. | |
| or less | |

2. Do not change the rotating direction (SW4, SW5)

1. When SW2 and SW3 are switched from RUN to

STOP, electric braking is applied for approx. 5

SW4 and SW5 until the motor stops completely.)

SW2 and SW3 must be operated simultaneously.

Otherwise, abnormal operation occurs (full speed

sec, or until the motor stops. (Do not operate

rotation for a short time), causing the motor

temperature rises excessively.

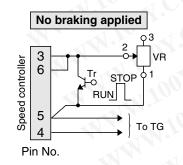
- 4. When using cooling fan motor or motor with
- thermal protector, also see page C-20. 5. Insert R1 and C1 to protect relay contact.
- 6. R2 restricts discharge current in case of capacitor short circuit during braking.
- * Please read your User's manual carefully so that you will understand the operation and safety precautions before attempting to operate the system.

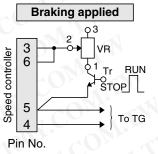
C-16 C-17

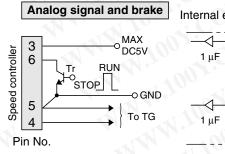
^{*} Please read your User's manual carefully so that you will understand the operation and safety precautions before attempting to operate the system.

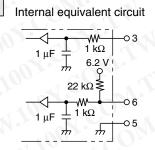
13 Operation through contactless signal

• Small signal relays SW3, SW6 and SW7 can be replaced with transistor.





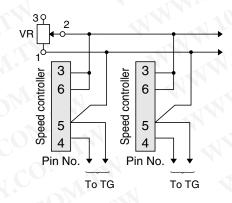




14 Parallel operation through external speed changer

<Pre><Pre>cautions>

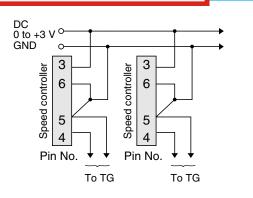
- 1. The resistance Rs of the external speed changer VR should be as follows: $Rs = 20/N (k\Omega)$
 - where, N is the number of motors.
- 2. For synchronous operation or ratio operation, desired revolving speeds must be set from the maximum speed control.
 - Soft-start and soft-down controls and operation changeover switch must be set to the same position.
- 3. Wirings from the external speed changer VR should be connected to the same pins (No.5 and 6) on the controller.
- 4. Malfunction may occur as the number of devices operated in parallel increases. To secure correct operation, connect a noise filter to each unit.
- 5. For other electrical connections, refer to corresponding circuit/wiring diagrams.



15 Parallel operation through analog sign

<Pre><Precautions>

The input impedance of the controller is approx. 100 k Ω . The output impedance of the analog signal source should be determined based on the total input impedance of the speed controllers.



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16 Soft-operation

Soft-start, soft-down

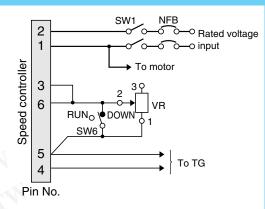
<Pre><Pre>cautions>

- 1. Power switch SW1 should be turned on approx. 0.5 sec before the operation start signal from SW6.
- 2. When repeating run/stop cycles, turn on/off only SW6 while keeping SW1 turned ON. In this way, the motor can be controlled by using a small signal. To stop operation for a long time, also turn off SW1.
- 3. Soft-start/soft-down period is the time required for the equipment to start up from stop state to full speed when the external speed changer is set at maximum
- 4. Soft-start/soft-down control, when at the full clockwise position, disables the soft-down function. As the stop signal is input, power supply to the motor is turned off immediately. However, the revolving speed gradually decreases in proportion to the inertia of the load and motor starts free-running stop sequence.
- 5. Soft-start/soft-down control can set maximum time length of approx. 5 seconds (Typ. at FCCW). The setting may be exceeded if the inertia of the load is too large.
- 6. For other electrical connections, refer to corresponding circuit/wiring diagrams.

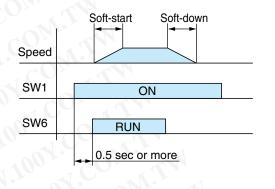
Soft-start and electric brake

Electrical wirings are the same as for "Unidirectional rotation and electric brake" and "Normal/reverse rotation and electric brake".

Adjust the soft-start time from the soft-start/down control.



| | SW1 | 100 V supply system | 5 A or more at 125 VAC |
|---|-----|---------------------|------------------------|
| 1 | | 200 V supply system | 5 A or more at 250 VAC |
| | | SW6 | DC10 V 10 mA |



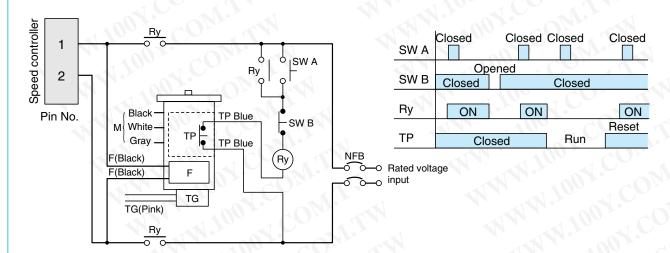
^{*} Please read your User's manual carefully so that you will understand the operation and safety precautions before attempting to operate the system.

^{*} Please read your User's manual carefully so that you will understand the operation and safety precautions before attempting to operate the system.

9 inchsq.) type

C-21

17 Wiring of cooling fan motor and motor with thermal protector



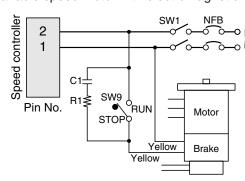
| | SW A | Momentary N.O. contact | | | | |
|----|---------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | SW B | Momentary N.C. contact | | | | |
| | 100 V supply system | 125 VAC 5 A or more 3a contact | | | | |
| Ry | 200 V supply system | 250 VAC 5 A or more 3a contact | | | | |

<Pre><Precautions>

- 1. The thermal protector (TP) is an automatic reset type. To prevent hazards caused by restarting, connect the TP as shown above. Don't connect TP directly to the power supply.
- 2. Once the TP operates, cooling period is required before the operation can restart.
- 3. Connect the cooling fan motor (F) across pins 1 and 2 on the power terminal.
- 4. Motor (M) and tachometer generator (TG) should be connected according to corresponding wiring diagram shown later.

18 Wiring to electromagnetic brake

• Variable speed motor with electromagnetic brake should be wired as shown below



| 100 V supply system | 5 A or more at 125 VAC |
|---------------------|------------------------|
| 200 V supply system | 5 A or more at 250 VAC |
| R1+C1 | DV0P008 (option) |
| | 200 V supply system |

<Pre><Precautions>

- 1. SW9 should be switched to RUN or STOP at the same time as the other switches are switched to RUN or
- If the other switches are set to RUN while the brake is energized (SW9 in STOP position), the motor will
- 2. For other wirings, refer to the corresponding circuit/wiring diagrams. If the application is speed change without using electric braking (page C-14), perform wiring according to "Start/stop control with small signal".

* Please read your User's manual carefully so that you will understand the operation and safety precautions before attempting to operate the system.

Speed controller



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FIISEDIN 40 SIZE III LIIE IIIUUSLIY

Compact space saving model (control panel) (standardized panel machining holes)

A wide choice of options (recommended by Matsushita Electric Works, Ltd.)

- Simplified and neat wiring arrangement Main circuit and signal inputs are isolated on the terminal
- Use of 8-pin terminal block requires fewer wiring connections.
- Can operate under a wide range of power supply voltage $(100V \rightarrow 100 \text{ to } 120V, 200V \rightarrow 200 \text{ to } 240V)$

Standard specification

| | | SD48 type | | | EX48 type | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--|--|--|
| Part No. Characteristic | DVSD
48AL | DVSD
48BL | DVSD
48CL | DVSD
48AY | DVSD
48BY | DVSD
48CY | DVEX
48AL | DVEX
48BL | DVEX
48CL | DVEX
48AY | DVEX
48BY | DVEX
48CY | | | |
| Rated voltage | 100 |) to 120 V | AC | 20 | 0 to 240 V | /AC | 10 | 0 to 120 V | AC | 20 | 0 to 240 V | AC | | | |
| Operating voltage range | | ± | 10% (at ra | ted voltag | e) | 10,4 | ±10% (at rated voltage) | | | | | | | | |
| Power frequency | | | 50/6 | 0Hz | | | | | 50/6 | 0 Hz | | | | | |
| Rated current | 0.5 A | 1.0 A | 2.0 A | 0.3 A | 0.5 A | 1.0 A | 0.5 A | 1.0 A | 2.0 A | 0.3 A | 0.5 A | 1.0 A | | | |
| Compatible motor output *1 | 3 to 20 W | 25 to 40 W | 60 to 90 W | 3 to 20 W | 25 to 40 W | 60 to 90 W | 3 to 20 W | 25 to 40 W | 60 to 90 W | 3 to 20 W | 25 to 40 W | 60 to 90 \ | | | |
| Speed variation | 90 to 1400 min ⁻¹ / 90 to 1700 min ⁻¹ | | | | | Mode A (high-response mode):50 to 1400 min ⁻¹ / 50 to 1700 min ⁻¹ Mode B (high-response mode):90 to 1400 min ⁻¹ / 90 to 1700 min ⁻¹ *2 | | | | | | | | | |
| Speed setting | Internal | | | | | | External speed changer, analog voltage, maximum speed setting control | | | | | | | | |
| Brake *3 | Applies braking force to the motor by feeding electric braking current to the motor for 0.5 sec (typ) | | | | | Applies braking force to the motor by feeding electric braking current to the motor for 5 sec (typ) (Turns off electric braking current even within 5 sec as the motor sto | | | | o) | | | | | |
| Parallel operation | 07. | | Not po | ssible | | -1 | Possible | | | | | | | | |
| Soft-start/down | | Not applicable | | | | | Variable up to 5 sec (typ) (0 to max. revolving speed) | | | | speed) | | | | |
| Operating temperature range | –10 to 50°C | | | | | 4 | N | | -10 to | 50°C | | | | | |
| Storage temperature | 110 | | –20 to | 60°C | | | | | -20 to | 60°C | $O_{Z_{i}}$ | -20 to 60°C | | | |

^{*1.} Applicable to Panasonic compact geared motors and variable speed motors.

^{*2.} EX48 models are set to mode A (high-stable) upon shipment.

^{*3.} Electric braking has no mechanical brake holding force.

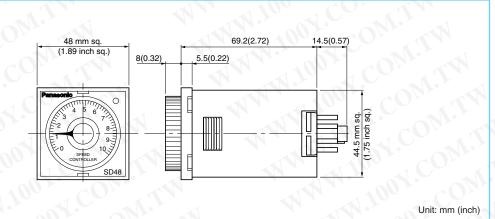
To provide the holding force, use a variable speed motor with electromagnetic braking feature.

^{*} Please read your User's manual carefully so that you will understand the operation and safety precautions before attempting to operate the system.

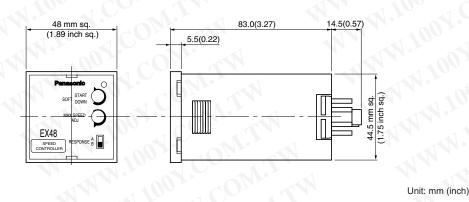
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Outline drawing48 mm sq. SD48 type



48 mm sq. EX48 type



Connection diagram list

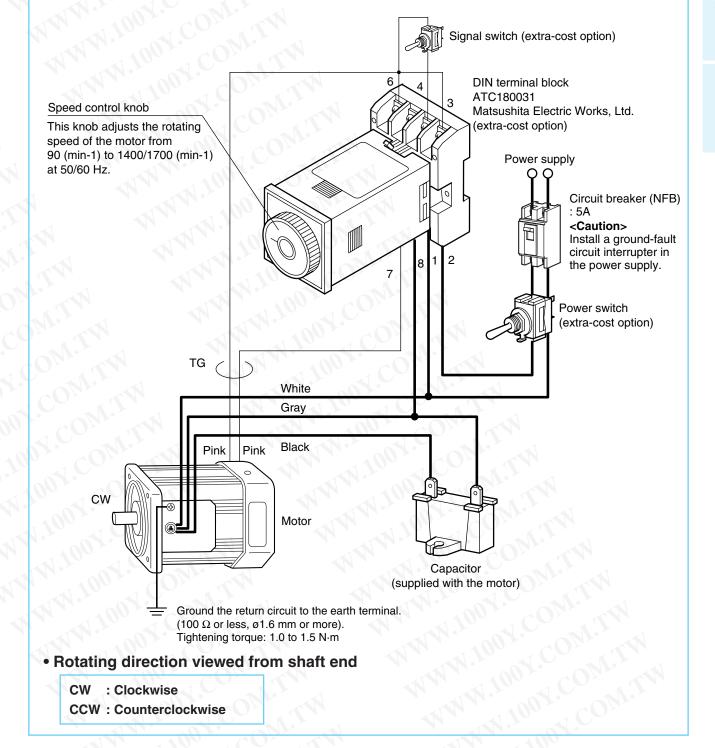
| Connection diagram | Function | Speed controller | Page |
|--------------------|---|------------------|------|
| 1 | Wiring diagram (for unidirectional rotation) | SD48 type | C-23 |
| 2 | Speed change only | SD48 type | C-24 |
| 3 | Unidirectional rotation and electric brake | SD48 type | C-25 |
| 4 | Normal/reverse rotation and electric brake | SD48 type | C-26 |
| 5 | Wiring of cooling fan motor (F) or motor with thermal protector (TP) | SD48 type | C-27 |
| 6 | Wiring to electromagnetic brake | SD48 type | C-27 |
| 7 | Wiring diagram (for unidirectional rotation) | EX48 type | C-28 |
| 8 | Speed change only | EX48 type | C-29 |
| 9 | Unidirectional rotation and electric brake | EX48 type | C-30 |
| 10 | Normal/reverse rotation and electric brake | EX48 type | C-31 |
| 11 | Multispeed setting application | EX48 type | C-32 |
| 12 | Speed change with analog signal | EX48 type | C-32 |
| 13 | Operation through contactless signal | EX48 type | C-32 |
| 14 | Parallel operation through external speed changer | EX48 type | C-33 |
| <u>15</u> | Parallel operation through analog signal | EX48 type | C-33 |
| 16 | Soft-operation | EX48 type | C-34 |
| 17 | Wiring of cooling fan motor (F) and motor with thermal protector (TP) | EX48 type | C-35 |
| 18 | Wiring to electromagnetic brake | EX48 type | C-35 |

* Please read your User's manual carefully so that you will understand the operation and safety precautions before attempting to operate the system.

1 Wiring diagram (for unidirectional rotation)

Speed controller

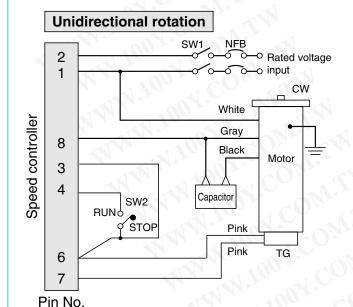
- The motor revolving speed can be set from the speed setting knob on the panel.
- The thick continuous lines represent main circuit. Use conductor of size 0.75 mm² (AWG 18) or larger for the main line.
- The thin continuous lines represent signal circuit. Use conductor of size 0.3 mm² or larger in the signal circuit. When the distance from the tachometer generator (TG) is long, use shielded twisted pair cable. Do not ground the shielding material.



^{*} Please read your User's manual carefully so that you will understand the operation and safety precautions before attempting to operate the system.

C-22 C-23

2 Speed change only

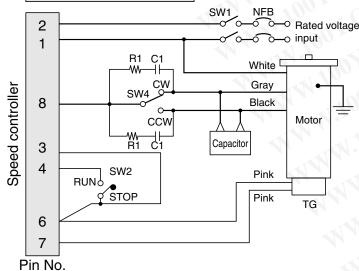


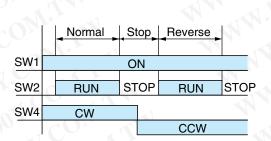
Rotating direction viewed from shaft end CW Clockwise CCW Counterclockwise

• This wiring diagram causes the motor to rotate clockwise when viewed from the motor shaft end. To run the motor counterclockwise, interchange the connecting point of black and gray leads.

| * I | | Run | Stop | Run | |
|------------|-----|-----|------|------|-----|
| CW4 | | | 011 | 1100 |) |
| SW1 | | | ON | | |
| SW2 | 4 | RUN | STOP | RUN | STO |
| | 1.4 | | | | |

Normal/reverse rotation





SW1: Power switch SW2: RUN/STOP switch

SW4: Normal/reverse selector switch

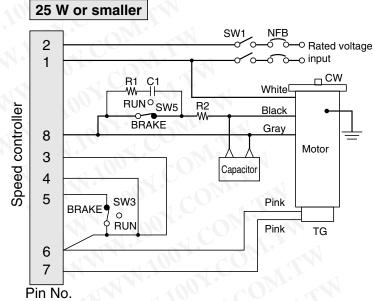
| SW1 | 100 to 120 V supply system | 5 A or more at 125 VAC | | |
|-----|----------------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| SW4 | 200 to 240 V supply system | 5 A or more at 250 VAC | | |
| | R1, C1 | DV0P008 (option) | | |

<Pre><Pre>cautions>

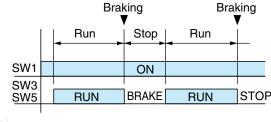
C-24

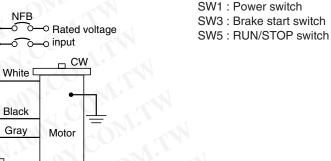
- 1. To change rotating direction of induction motor: Provide a motor halt period. Switch over SW4 after complete stop of the motor.
- 2. To change rotating direction of reversible motor: A motor halt period is not necessary. Switch over SW4 while keeping SW1 turned ON. When configuring SW4 with relay contacts, use a relay having large gap between contacts (e.g. HG/HP relay from Matsushita Electric Works, Ltd.) to prevent malfunction due to short-circuited capacitor.
- 3. For motors for cooling fan and motors with thermal protector, also refer to page C-27.
- 4. When using independent relay contacts for SW4 to change over normal/reverse, interlock both contacts so that they will not close simultaneously.
- 5. The spark killer consisting of R1 and C1 must be used to protect the relay contacts.
- * Please read your User's manual carefully so that you will understand the operation and safety precautions before attempting to operate the system.

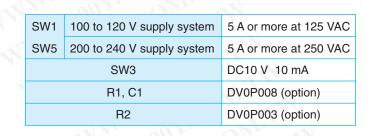
3 Unidirectional rotation and electric



 Connection according to this wiring diagram causes the motor to rotate clockwise when viewed from the motor shaft end. To run the motor counterclockwise, interchange the connecting point of black and gray leads.







40 W or larger

SW5

R1 ≹ BRAKE

SW3

P RUN

BRAKE

2

8

4 5

7

Pin No.

Speed controller

- 1. When SW3 and SW5 are moved from RUN to STOP, electric braking operates for approx. 0.5 sec causing the motor to stop immediately. SW3 and SW5 must be turned on/off simultaneously. Otherwise, abnormal operation occurs (full speed rotation for a short time), causing the motor temperature to rise excessively.
- 2. The number of start/stop operations must be 6/min. or less.
- 3. For motors for cooling fan and motors with thermal protector, also refer to page C-27.
- 4. The spark killer consisting of R1 and C1 must be used to protect the relay contacts.
- 5. R2 limits flow of discharging current upon short-circuiting of the capacitor during braking.

Black

Pink

25 W or smaller 2 OOO Rated voltage o o o input RUN SW5 R2 CCWo-SW7 Black controller BRAKE Gray Motor CCWo SW₆ Capacitor Speed (CW 3 4 5 SW3 Pink BRAKE RUN Pink 6 7

4 Normal/reverse rotation and electric brake

Rotating direction viewed from shaft end

CW Clockwise

CCW Counterclockwise

Braking Braking Run Stop SW1 ON SW3 RUN BRAKE BRAKE SW5 RUN SW6 CW SW7 CCW 0.7 sec or longer

SW1 : Power switch
SW3 : Braking start switch
SW5 : RUN/STOP switch

SW6,SW7: Normal/reverse selector switch

White R1≱_{BRAKE} ŘUN C1 + SW5 R2 CCWbcontroller SW7 Black Motor Gray CCW Speed 8 Capacito cw^o 3 4 SW3 5 Pink Pink 6 7

<Pre><Precautions>

Pin No.

Pin No.

2

40 W or larger

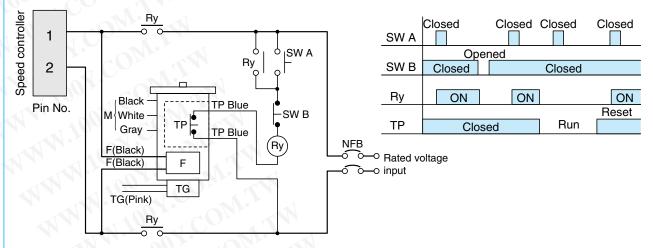
- 1. When SW3 and SW5 are moved from RUN to STOP, electric braking operates for approx. 0.5 sec causing the motor to stop immediately. (Do not operate SW6 and SW7 until the motor stops completely.) SW3 and SW5 must be turned on/off simultaneously. Otherwise, abnormal operation occurs (full speed rotation for a short time), causing the motor temperature to rise excessively.
- 2. Never change the direction of rotation (CCW/CW, SW6, SW7) while the motor is running.

. → ○ → Rated voltage

- 3. The number of start/stop cycles must be 6/min. or less.
- 4. When using cooling fan motor or motor with thermal protector, also see page C-27.
- 5. Insert R1 and C1 to protect relay contact.
- 6. R2 restricts discharge current in case of capacitor short circuit during braking.

* Please read your User's manual carefully so that you will understand the operation and safety precautions before attempting to operate the system.

5 Wiring of cooling fan motor (F) or motor with thermal protector (TP)



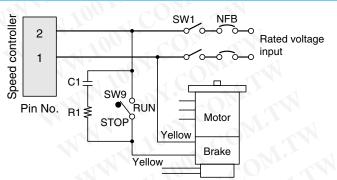
| | | SW A | Momentary N.O. contact | | |
|---|-----|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| > | | SW B | Momentary N.C. contact | | |
| C | Dec | 100 to 120 V supply system | 125 VAC 5 A or more 3a contact | | |
| | Ry | 200 to 240 V supply system | 250 VAC 5 A or more 3a contact | | |

<Precautions>

- 1. The thermal protector (TP) is an automatic reset type. To prevent hazards caused by restarting, connect the TP as shown above. Don't connect TP directly to the power supply.
- 2. Once the TP operates, cooling period is required before the operation can restart.
- 3. Connect the cooling fan motor (F) across pins 1 and 2 on the power terminal.
- 4. Motor (M) and tachometer generator (TG) should be connected according to corresponding wiring diagram shown later.

6 Wiring to electromagnetic brake

 Variable speed motor with electromagnetic brake should be wired as shown below.



| SW1 | 100 to 120 V supply system | 5 A or more at 125 VAC |
|-------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| SW9 | 200 to 240 V supply system | 5 A or more at 250 VAC |
| R1+C1 | | DV0P008 (option) |

<Pre><Pre>cautions>

- Operate SW9 simultaneously with RUN/STOP (BRAKE) switching of other switches, if any.
 Placing other switches to RUN position while the brake is active (SW9 at STOP position) causes the motor to generate heat.
- 2. For remaining wirings, refer to corresponding wiring diagram.

C-26 C-27

^{*} Please read your User's manual carefully so that you will understand the operation and safety precautions before attempting to operate the system.

7 Wiring diagram (for unidirectional rotation)

- The thick continuous lines represent main circuit. Use conductor of size approx. 0.75 mm².
- The thin continuous lines represent signal circuit. Use conductor of size approx. 0.3 mm². When the distance from the tachometer generator (TG) is long, use shielded twisted pair cable.

• Soft-start/down control

Soft-start and soft-down times can be adjusted by a single setting.
Use this feature to protect the load from shock caused by sharp speed change at startup and shutdown of the motor.

Speed controller

To disable the soft operation, turn the control fully clockwise.

Maximum speed control

Use this control to adjust the revolving speed when the external speed changer is set at the top speed.

Adjust the speed to 1400 (min-1) or below at 50 Hz; or 1700 (min-1) or below at 60 Hz.

If the external speed setting is not required, the maximum speed control can also be used for setting the speed.

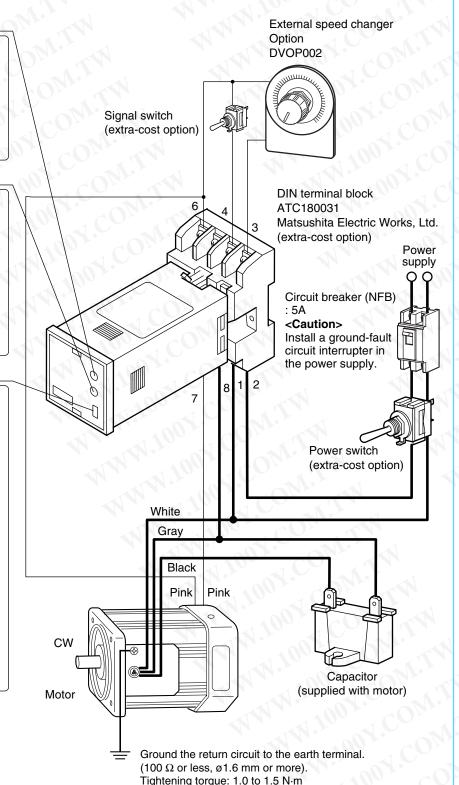
• Response changeover switch

A: High-stable mode

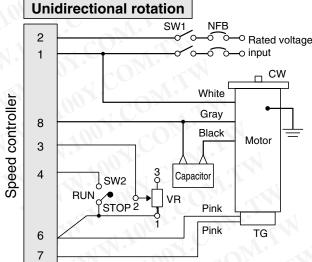
- Keeps the rotation speed variation low against variation in load.
- Enables a wide range of speed control.
- Suitable for capability control.
- May fail to maintain constant rotation speed upon sharp load change.

B: High-response mode

- Enables quick response with low hunting.
- Suitable for positioning application.
- May fail to keep rotation speed variation low against variation in load.
- Not suitable for controlling wide range of speed change.



8 Speed change only



COO COO Rated voltage

Motor

TG

o o o input

Gray

Black

Pink

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Rotating direct

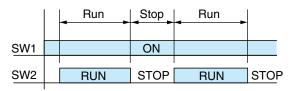
勝 特 力 材 料 886-3-5753170

Rotating direction viewed from shaft end

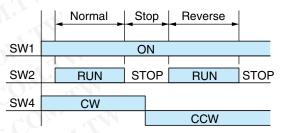
CW Clockwise

CCW Counterclockwise

 This wiring diagram causes the motor to rotate clockwise when viewed from the motor shaft end.
 To run the motor counterclockwise, interchange the connecting point of black and gray leads. interchange the connecting point of black and gray leads.



| | SW1 | 100 to 120 V supply system | 5 A or more at 125 VAC |
|---|--------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| | SW4 | 200 to 240 V supply system | 5 A or more at 250 VAC |
| 1 | | SW2 | DC10 V 10 mA |
| | R1, C1 | | DV0P008 (option) |
| | | VR | DV0P003 (option) |



SW1 : Power switch SW2 : RUN/STOP switch

SW4: Normal/reverse selector switch

<Pre><Precautions>

Pin No.

Pin No.

2

3

controller

Speed

Normal/reverse rotation

R1 C1

 \neg W \dashv \vdash

SW4 CW

R1 C1

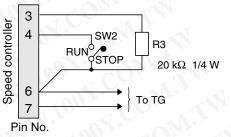
RUN SW2

CCW

- To change rotating direction of induction motor: Provide a motor halt period. Switch over SW2 after complete stop of the motor.
- 2. To change rotating direction of reversible motor: A motor halt period is not necessary. Switch over SW2 while keeping SW1 turned ON. When configuring SW2 with relay contacts, use a relay having large gap between contacts (e.g. HG/HP relay from Matsushita Electric Works, Ltd.) to prevent malfunction due to short-circuited capacitor.
- 3. For motors for cooling fan and motors with thermal protector, also refer to page C-35.
- When using independent relay contacts for SW2 to change over normal/reverse, interlock both contacts so that they will not close simultaneously.
- 5. The spark killer consisting of R1 and C1 must be used to protect the relay contacts.

Operation from maximum speed control

 When no external speed changer is required, the speed can be adjusted from the maximum speed control.



<Pre><Pre>cautions>

Connect a fixed resistor (R3) in place of external speed changer (VR).

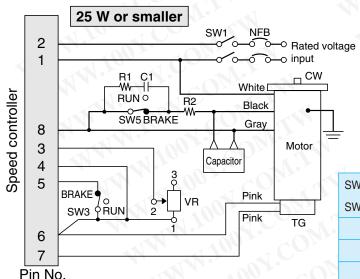
Even if the R3 is not used (connection across pins 3 and 6 are open), the speed can be adjusted from the maximum speed control within its adjustable range (not full range but almost by half).

C-28 C-29

^{*} Please read your User's manual carefully so that you will understand the operation and safety precautions before attempting to operate the system.

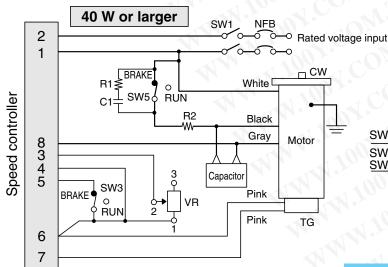
^{*} Please read your User's manual carefully so that you will understand the operation and safety precautions before attempting to operate the system.

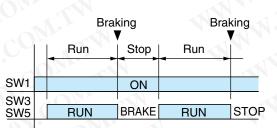
9 Unidirectional rotation and electric brake



 Connection according to this wiring diagram causes the motor to rotate clockwise when viewed from the motor shaft end. To run the motor counterclockwise, interchange the connecting point of black and gray leads.

| SW1 | 100 to 120 V supply system | 5 A or more at 125 VAC | |
|--------|----------------------------|------------------------|--|
| SW5 | 200 to 240 V supply system | 5 A or more at 250 VAC | |
| SW3 | | DC10 V 10 mA | |
| R1, C1 | | DV0P008 (option) | |
| R2 | | DV0P003 (option) | |
| | VR | DV0P002 (option) | |





SW1: Power switch SW3: Brake start switch

SW5: RUN/STOP switch

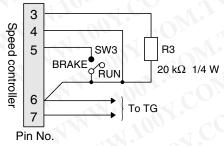
<Pre><Precautions>

Pin No.

- 1. When SW3 and SW5 are switched from RUN to STOP, electric braking is applied for approx. 5 sec, or until the motor stops.
- SW3 and SW5 must be operated simultaneously. Otherwise, abnormal operation occurs (full speed rotation for a short time), causing the motor temperature to rise excessively.
- 2. The number of start/stop cycles must be 6/min. or less.
- 3. When using cooling fan motor or motor with thermal protector, also see page C-35.
- 4. Insert R1 and C1 to protect relay contact.
- 5. R2 restricts discharge current in case of capacitor short circuit during braking.

Operation from maximum speed control

· When no external speed changer is required, the speed can be adjusted from the maximum speed control.



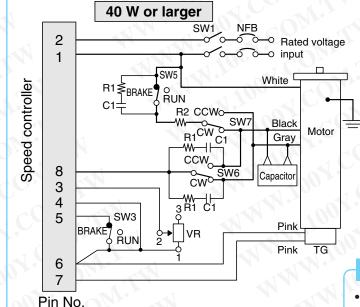
<Pre><Precautions>

Connect a fixed resistor (R3) in place of external speed changer (VR).

Even if the R3 is not used (connection across pins 3 and 6 are open), the speed can be adjusted from the maximum speed control within its adjustable range (not full range but almost by half).

* Please read your User's manual carefully so that you will understand the operation and safety precautions before attempting to operate the system.

10 Normal/reverse rotation and 25 W or smaller Rotating direction viewed SW1 NFB Rated voltage from shaft end 2 CW Clockwise ooo ooo input CCW Counterclockwise RUN_o SW5 R2 CCW_oSW7 Speed controller Black Gray CCWo-8 SW6 SW1, SW5 100 to 120 V supply system 5 A or more at 125 VAC CW 3 SW6, SW7 200 to 240 V supply system 5 A or more at 250 VAC R1 C1 4 5 SW3 DC10 V 10 mA SW3 Pink R1, C1 DV0P008 (option) RUN Pink R2 DV0P003 (option) 6 7 VR DV0P002 (option)



Braking Braking Run Run Stop SW1 ON SW3 BRAKE RUN BRAKE RUN SW5 SW6 CW SW7 CCW

SW1: Power switch SW3: Braking start switch SW5: RUN/STOP switch

SW6,SW7: Normal/reverse selector switch

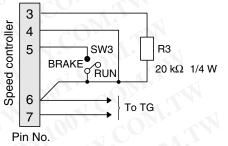
<Precautions>

Pin No.

- 1. When SW3 and SW5 are switched from RUN to STOP, electric braking is applied for approx. 5 sec, or until the motor stops. (Do not operate SW6 and SW7 until the motor stops completely.) SW3 and SW5 must be operated simultaneously. Otherwise, abnormal operation occurs (full speed rotation for a short time). causing the motor temperature to rise excessively.
- 2. Do not change the rotating direction (SW6. SW7) while the motor is running.
- 3. The number of start/stop cycles must be 6/min.
- 4. When using cooling fan motor or motor with thermal protector, also see page C-35.
- 5. Insert R1 and C1 to protect relay contact.
- 6. R2 restricts discharge current in case of capacitor short circuit during braking.

Operation from maximum speed control

 When no external speed changer is required, the speed can be adjusted from the maximum speed control.



<Pre><Precautions>

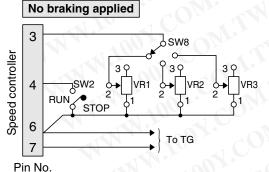
Connect a fixed resistor (R3) in place of external speed changer (VR).

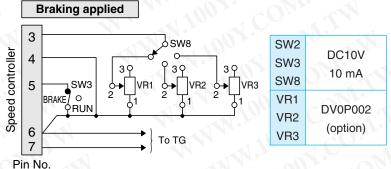
Even if the R3 is not used (connection across pins 3 and 6 are open), the speed can be adjusted from the maximum speed control within its adjustable range (not full range but almost by half).

^{*} Please read your User's manual carefully so that you will understand the operation and safety precautions before attempting to operate the system.

EX48 type

11 Multispeed setting application





<Pre><Precautions>

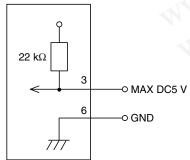
 (min^{-1})

1700

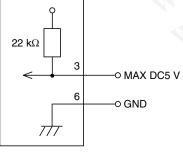
1400 1000

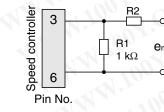
- 1. Set external speed changers VR1, VR2 and VR3 to 3 different speeds and select the desired speed from
- 2. When activating the brake, simultaneously switch over SW3 and RUN-STOP of other switches.
- 3. For remaining wirings, refer to the corresponding wiring diagrams.

12 Speed change with analog signal



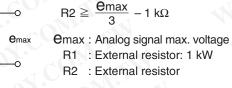
Analog signal (DC)





<Pre><Pre>cautions>

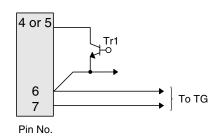
- 1. Soft-operation can be adjusted from the soft-start and soft-down controls or by using analog signal.
- 2. The absolute maximum rating of analog signal is 5 VDC. The system should be designed to use standard 3 VDC analog signal. If the signal voltage exceeds 3 VDC, the circuit diagram shown below should be used for wiring.



- 3. Revolution speed "0" signal should not exceed 0.1 VDC.
- 4. The percentage ripple of analog voltage signal should be 2% or
- 5. For other wirings, refer to the corresponding circuit/wiring

13 Operation through contactless signal

• Small signal relays SW2 and SW3 can be replaced with transistor.



* Please read your User's manual carefully so that you will understand the operation and safety precautions before attempting to operate the system.

14 Parallel operation through external speed changer

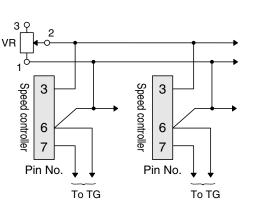
<Pre><Pre>cautions>

1. The resistance Rs of the external speed changer VR should be as follows:

 $Rs = 20/N (k\Omega)$

where, N is the number of motors.

- 2. For synchronous operation or ratio operation, desired revolving speeds must be set from the maximum speed control.
 - Soft-start and soft-down controls and operation changeover switch must be set to the same position.
- 3. Wirings from the external speed changer VR should be connected to the same pins (No.3 and No.6) on the controller.
- 4. Malfunction may occur as the number of devices operated in parallel increases. To secure correct operation, connect a noise filter to each unit.
- 5. For other electrical connections, refer to corresponding circuit/wiring diagrams.

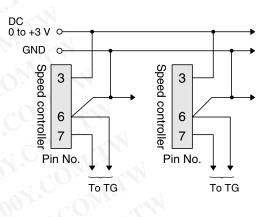


15 Parallel operation through analog signal

<Precautions>

The input impedance of the controller is approx. 22 k Ω . The output impedance of the analog signal source should be determined based on the total input impedance of the speed controllers.

For other precautions, refer to [14] Parallel operation through external speed changer and [12] Speed change with analog signal.



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16 Soft-operation

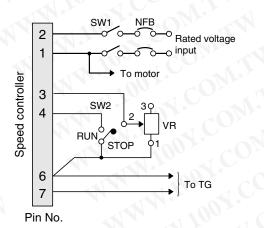
· Soft-start, soft-down <Precautions>

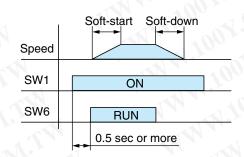
- 1. Power switch SW1 should be turned on approx. 0.5 sec before the operation start signal from SW6.
- 2. When repeating run/stop cycles, turn on/off only SW6 while keeping SW1 turned ON. In this way, the motor can be controlled by using a small signal. To stop operation for a long time, also turn off SW1.
- 3. Soft-start/soft-down period is the time required for the equipment to start up from stop state to full speed when the external speed changer is set at maximum value.
- 4. Soft-start/soft-down control, when at the full clockwise position, disables the soft-start/soft-down
- As the stop signal is input, power supply to the motor is turned off immediately. However, the revolving speed gradually decreases in proportion to the inertia of the load and motor starts free-running stop sequence.
- 5. Soft-start/soft-down control can set maximum time length of approx. 5 seconds (Typ. at FCCW). The setting may be exceeded if the inertia of the load is too large.
- 6. For other electrical connections, refer to corresponding circuit/wiring diagrams.

Soft-start and electric brake

Electrical wirings are the same as for "Unidirectional rotation and electric brake" and "Normal/reverse rotation and electric brake".

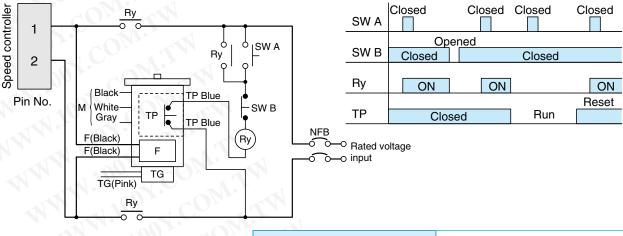
Adjust the soft-start time from the soft-start/soft-down control.





| | SW1 | 100 to 120 V supply system | 5 A or more at 125 VAC | |
|--|-----|----------------------------|------------------------|--|
| | | 200 to 240 V supply system | 5 A or more at 250 VAC | |
| | | SW2 | DC10 V 10 mA | |
| | VR | | DV0P002 (option) | |

17 Wiring of cooling fan motor and meter (17) min mormar procestor (TP)



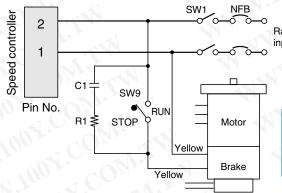
| SW A | | Momentary N.O. contact | |
|------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| SW B | | Momentary N.C. contact | |
| Ry | 100 to 120 V supply system | 5 A or more at 125 VAC 3a contact | |
| | 200 to 240 V supply system | 5 A or more at 250 VAC 3a contact | |

<Pre><Pre>cautions>

- 1. The thermal protector (TP) is an automatic reset type. To prevent hazards caused by restarting, connect the TP as shown above. Don't connect TP directly to the power supply.
- 2. Once the TP operates, cooling period is required before the operation can restart.
- 3. Connect the cooling fan motor (F) across pins 1 and 2 on the power terminal.
- 4. Motor (M) and tachometer generator (TG) should be connected according to corresponding wiring diagram shown later.

18 Wiring to electromagnetic brake

• Variable speed motor with electromagnetic brake should be wired as shown below.



| SW1 | 100 to 120 V supply system | 5 A or more at 125 VAC |
|-------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| SW9 | 200 to 240 V supply system | 5 A or more at 250 VAC |
| | R1+C1 | DV0P008 (option) |
| R1+C1 | | DV0P008 (option) |

- 1. SW9 should be switched to RUN or STOP at the same time as the other switches are switched to RUN or
- If the other switches are set to RUN while the brake is energized (SW9 in STOP position), the motor will generate heat.
- 2. For other wirings, refer to the corresponding circuit/wiring diagrams.

^{*} Please read your User's manual carefully so that you will understand the operation and safety precautions before attempting to operate the system.

^{*} Please read your User's manual carefully so that you will understand the operation and safety precautions before attempting to operate the system.