

- Wide Range of Supply Voltages
1.4 V to 16 V
- True Single-Supply Operation
- Common-Mode Input Voltage Range
Includes the Negative Rail
- Low Noise . . . 30 nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ Typ at 1 kHz
(High Bias)
- ESD Protection Exceeds 2000 V Per
MIL-STD-833C, Method 3015.1

description

The TLC251C, TLC251AC, and TLC251BC are low-cost, low-power programmable operational amplifiers designed to operate with single or dual supplies. Unlike traditional metal-gate CMOS operational amplifiers, these devices utilize Texas Instruments silicon-gate LinCMOS™ process, giving them stable input offset voltages without sacrificing the advantages of metal-gate CMOS.

This series of parts is available in selected grades of input offset voltage and can be nulled with one external potentiometer. Because the input common-mode range extends to the negative rail and the power consumption is extremely low, this family is ideally suited for battery-powered or energy-conserving applications. A bias-select pin can be used to program one of three ac performance and power-dissipation levels to suit the application. The series features operation down to a 1.4-V supply and is stable at unity gain.

These devices have internal electrostatic-discharge (ESD) protection circuits that prevent catastrophic failures at voltages up to 2000 V as tested under MIL-STD-883C, Method 3015.1. However, care should be exercised in handling these devices as exposure to ESD may result in a degradation of the device parametric performance.

Because of the extremely high input impedance and low input bias and offset currents, applications for the TLC251C series include many areas that have previously been limited to BIFET and NFET product types. Any circuit using high-impedance elements and requiring small offset errors is a good candidate for cost-effective use of these devices. Many features associated with bipolar technology are available with LinCMOS™ operational amplifiers without the power penalties of traditional bipolar devices. Remote and inaccessible equipment applications are possible using the low-voltage and low-power capabilities of the TLC251C series.

In addition, by driving the bias-select input with a logic signal from a microprocessor, these operational amplifiers can have software-controlled performance and power consumption. The TLC251C series is well suited to solve the difficult problems associated with single battery and solar cell-powered applications.

The TLC251C series is characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C.

AVAILABLE OPTIONS

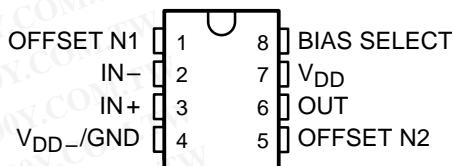
TA	V _{IOMAX} AT 25°C	PACKAGED DEVICES		CHIP FORM (Y)
		SMALL OUTLINE (D)	PLASTIC DIP (P)	
0°C to 70°C	10 mV 5 mV 2 mV	TLC251CD TLC251ACD TLC251BCD	TLC251CP TLC251ACP TLC251BCP	TLC251Y — —

The D package is available taped and reeled. Add the suffix R to the device type (e.g., TLC251CDR). Chips are tested at 25°C.

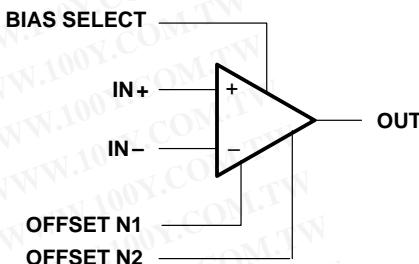
LinCMOS is a trademark of Texas Instruments Incorporated.

PRODUCTION DATA information is current as of publication date.
 Products conform to specifications per the terms of Texas Instruments
 standard warranty. Production processing does not necessarily include
 testing of all parameters.

D OR P PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)



symbol



Copyright © 1994, Texas Instruments Incorporated



POST OFFICE BOX 655303 • DALLAS, TEXAS 75265

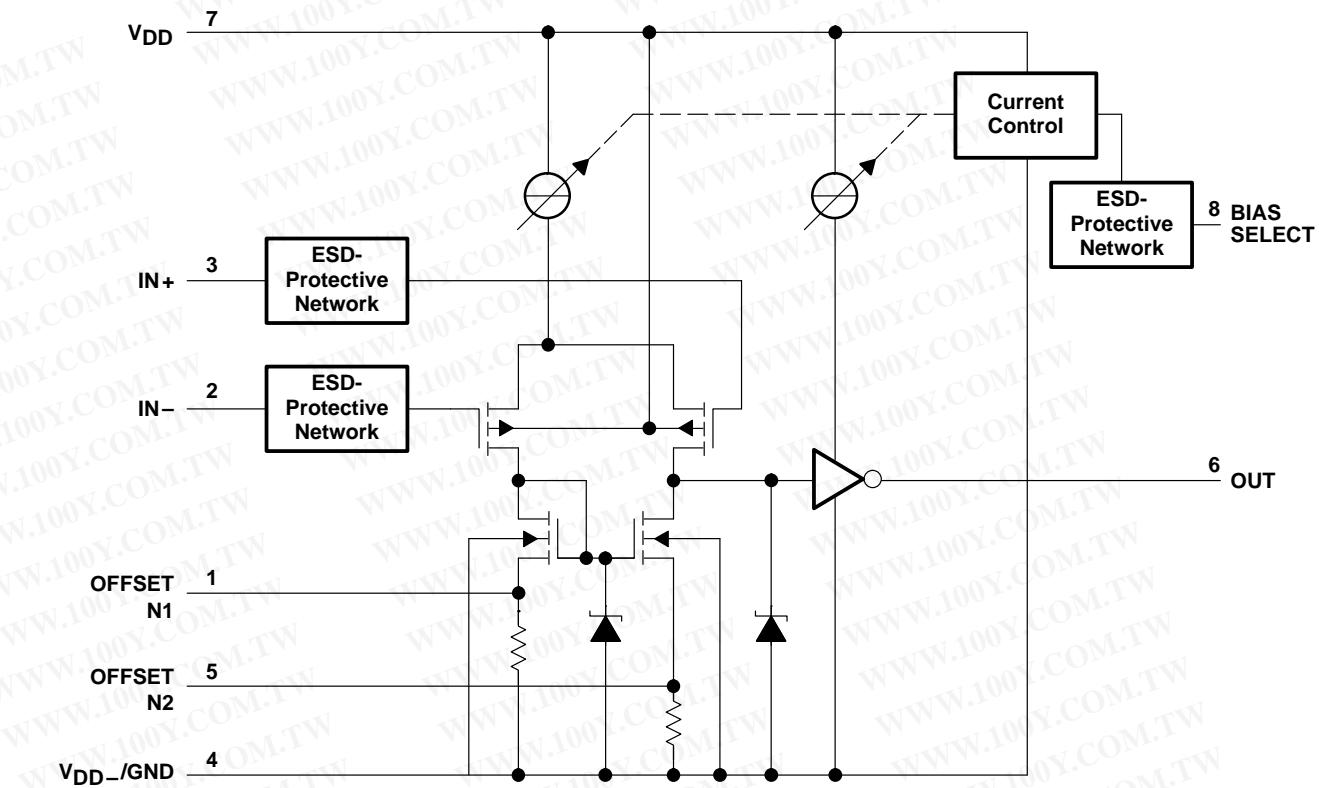
POST OFFICE BOX 1443 • HOUSTON, TEXAS 77251-1443

TLC251, TLC251A, TLC251B, TLC251Y
LincMOS™ PROGRAMMABLE
LOW-POWER OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS001E – JULY 1983 – REVISED AUGUST 1994

勝特力材料 886-3-5753170
胜特力电子(上海) 86-21-34970699
胜特力电子(深圳) 86-755-83298787
[Http://www.100y.com.tw](http://www.100y.com.tw)

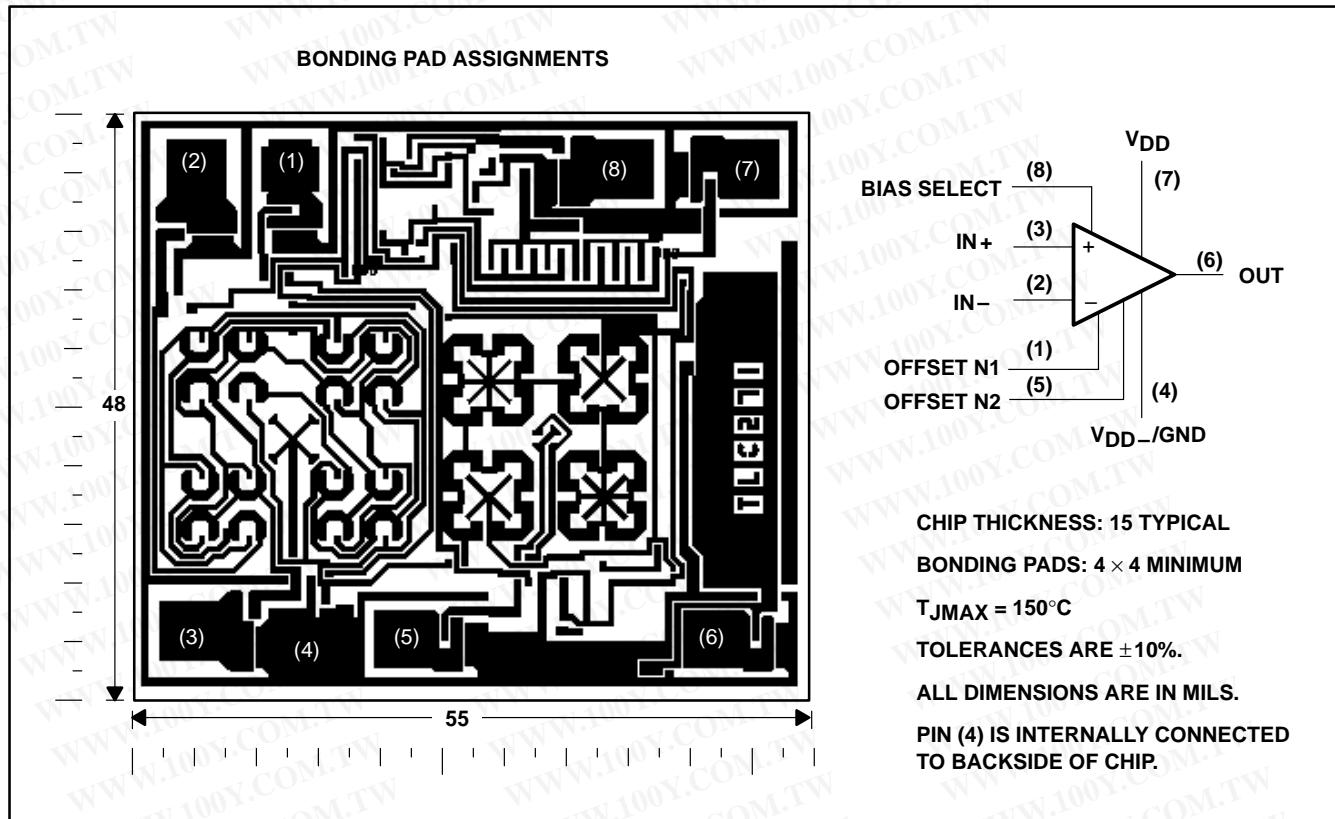
schematic



POST OFFICE BOX 655303 • DALLAS, TEXAS 75265
POST OFFICE BOX 1443 • HOUSTON, TEXAS 77251-1443

TLC251Y chip information

These chips, properly assembled, display characteristics similar to the TLC251C. Thermal compression or ultrasonic bonding may be used on the doped-aluminum bonding pads. Chips may be mounted with conductive epoxy or a gold-silicon preform.



TLC251, TLC251A, TLC251B, TLC251Y
LincMOS™ PROGRAMMABLE
LOW-POWER OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS001E – JULY 1983 – REVISED AUGUST 1994

勝特力材料 886-3-5753170
 胜特力电子(上海) 86-21-34970699
 胜特力电子(深圳) 86-755-83298787
[Http://www.100y.com.tw](http://www.100y.com.tw)

absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Supply voltage, V_{DD} (see Note 1)	18 V
Differential input voltage, V_{ID} (see Note 2)	±18 V
Input voltage range, V_I (any input)	-0.3 V to 18 V
Duration of short circuit at (or below) 25°C free-air temperature (see Note 3)	unlimited
Continuous total dissipation	See Dissipation Rating Table
Operating free-air temperature range, T_A	0°C to 70°C
Storage temperature range	-65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature 1.6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	260°C

† Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- NOTES:
1. All voltage values, except differential voltages, are with respect to V_{DD-}/GND .
 2. Differential voltages are at $IN+$ with respect to $IN-$.
 3. The output may be shorted to either supply. Temperature and/or supply voltages must be limited to ensure the maximum dissipation rating is not exceeded.

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

PACKAGE	$T_A \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING
D	725 mW	5.8 mW/°C	464 mW
P	1000 mW	8.0 mW/°C	640 mW

recommended operating conditions

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, V_{DD}		1.4	16	V
Common-mode input voltage, V_{IC}	$V_{DD} = 1.4 \text{ V}$	0	0.2	V
	$V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}$	-0.2	4	
	$V_{DD} = 10 \text{ V}$	-0.2	9	
	$V_{DD} = 16 \text{ V}$	-0.2	14	
Operating free-air temperature, T_A		0	70	°C
Bias-select voltage		See Application Information		



POST OFFICE BOX 655303 • DALLAS, TEXAS 75265
 POST OFFICE BOX 1443 • HOUSTON, TEXAS 77251-1443

HIGH-BIAS MODE

electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	TA†	TLC251C, TLC251AC, TLC251BC						UNIT	
				V _{DD} = 5 V			V _{DD} = 10 V				
				MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX		
V _{IO} Input offset voltage	TLC251C TLC251AC TLC251BC	V _O = 1.4 V, V _{IC} = 0 V, R _S = 50 Ω, R _L = 10 kΩ	25°C	1.1	10		1.1	10		mV	
			Full range		12			12			
			25°C	0.9	5		0.9	5			
			Full range		6.5			6.5			
			25°C	0.34	2		0.39	2			
			Full range		3			3			
α _{VIO} Average temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C to 70°C		1.8			2		μV/°C	
I _{IO} Input offset current (see Note 4)		V _O = V _{DD} /2, V _{IC} = V _{DD} /2	25°C	0.1		0.1				pA	
			70°C	7	300		7	300			
I _{IB} Input bias current (see Note 4)		V _O = V _{DD} /2, V _{IC} = V _{DD} /2	25°C	0.6		0.7				pA	
			70°C	40	600		50	600			
V _{ICR} Common-mode input voltage range (see Note 5)			25°C	-0.2 to 4	-0.3 to 4.2		-0.2 to 9	-0.3 to 9.2		V	
			Full range	-0.2 to 3.5	-0.2 to 8.5		-0.2 to 8.5	-0.2 to 8.5			
V _{OH} High-level output voltage		V _{ID} = 100 mV, R _L = 10 kΩ	25°C	3.2	3.8		8	8.5		V	
			0°C	3	3.8		7.8	8.5			
			70°C	3	3.8		7.8	8.4			
V _{OL} Low-level output voltage		V _{ID} = -100 mV, I _{OL} = 0	25°C	0	50		0	50		mV	
			0°C	0	50		0	50			
			70°C	0	50		0	50			
AVD Large-signal differential voltage amplification		R _L = 10 kΩ, See Note 6	25°C	5	23		10	36		V/mV	
			0°C	4	27		7.5	42			
			70°C	4	20		7.5	32			
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio		V _{IC} = V _{ICRmin}	25°C	65	80		65	85		dB	
			0°C	60	84		60	88			
			70°C	60	85		60	88			
k _{SVR} Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$)		V _{DD} = 5 V to 10 V, V _O = 1.4 V	25°C	65	95		65	95		dB	
			0°C	60	94		60	94			
			70°C	60	96		60	96			
I _{I(SEL)} Input current (BIAS SELECT)		V _{I(SEL)} = 0	25°C		-1.4			-1.9		μA	
I _{DD} Supply current		V _O = V _{DD} /2, V _{IC} = V _{DD} /2, No load	25°C	675	1600		950	2000		μA	
			0°C	775	1800		1125	2200			
			70°C	575	1300		750	1700			

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

NOTES: 4. The typical values of input bias current and input offset current below 5 pA were determined mathematically.

5. This range also applies to each input individually.

6. At V_{DD} = 5 V, V_O = 0.25 V to 2 V; at V_{DD} = 10 V, V_O = 1 V to 6 V.

TLC251, TLC251A, TLC251B, TLC251Y
LincMOS™ PROGRAMMABLE
LOW-POWER OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS001E – JULY 1983 – REVISED AUGUST 1994

勝特力材料 886-3-5753170 胜特力电子(上海) 86-21-34970699 胜特力电子(深圳) 86-755-83298787 Http://www.100y.com.tw

HIGH-BIAS MODE

operating characteristics, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TA	TLC251C, TLC251AC, TLC251BC			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR Slew rate at unity gain	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$, $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$	25°C	3.6			V/ μs
		0°C	4			
		70°C	3			
		25°C	2.9			
		0°C	3.1			
		70°C	2.5			
		25°C	25			
V_n Equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$, $R_S = 20\Omega$					nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
B_{OM} Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_O = V_{OH}$, $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	25°C	320			kHz
		0°C	340			
		70°C	260			
B_1 Unity-gain bandwidth	$V_I = 10\text{ mV}$, $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$	25°C	1.7			MHz
		0°C	2			
		70°C	1.3			
ϕ_m Phase margin	$V_I = 10\text{ mV}$, $f = B_1$, $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$	25°C	46°			
		0°C	47°			
		70°C	44°			

operating characteristics, $V_{DD} = 10\text{ V}$

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TA	TLC251C, TLC251AC, TLC251BC			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR Slew rate at unity gain	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$, $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$	25°C	5.3			V/ μs
		0°C	5.9			
		70°C	4.3			
		25°C	4.6			
		0°C	5.1			
		70°C	3.8			
		25°C	25			
V_n Equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$, $R_S = 20\Omega$					nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
B_{OM} Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_O = V_{OH}$, $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	25°C	200			kHz
		0°C	220			
		70°C	140			
B_1 Unity-gain bandwidth	$V_I = 10\text{ mV}$, $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$	25°C	2.2			MHz
		0°C	2.5			
		70°C	1.8			
ϕ_m Phase margin	$V_I = 10\text{ mV}$, $f = B_1$, $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$	25°C	49°			
		0°C	50°			
		70°C	46°			



POST OFFICE BOX 655303 • DALLAS, TEXAS 75265
POST OFFICE BOX 1443 • HOUSTON, TEXAS 77251-1443

MEDIUM-BIAS MODE

electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	TA†	TLC251C, TLC251AC, TLC251BC						UNIT	
				V _{DD} = 5 V			V _{DD} = 10 V				
				MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX		
V _{IO} Input offset voltage	TLC251C	V _O = 1.4 V, V _{IC} = 0 V, R _S = 50 Ω, R _L = 10 kΩ	25°C	1.1	10		1.1	10		mV	
	TLC251AC		Full range		12			12			
	TLC251BC		25°C	0.9	5		0.9	5			
			Full range		6.5			6.5			
			25°C	0.34	2		0.39	2			
			Full range		3			3			
α _{VIO} Average temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C to 70°C		1.7			2.1		μV/°C	
I _{IO} Input offset current (see Note 4)	V _O = V _{DD} /2, V _{IC} = V _{DD} /2		25°C	0.1		0.1				pA	
			70°C	7	300		7	300			
I _{IB} Input bias current (see Note 4)	V _O = V _{DD} /2, V _{IC} = V _{DD} /2		25°C	0.6		0.7				pA	
			70°C	40	600		50	600			
V _{ICR} Common-mode input voltage range (see Note 5)			25°C	-0.2 to 4	-0.3 to 4.2		-0.2 to 9	-0.3 to 9.2		V	
			Full range	-0.2 to 3.5		-0.2 to 8.5					
V _{OH} High-level output voltage	V _{ID} = 100 mV, R _L = 10 kΩ		25°C	3.2	3.9		8	8.7		V	
			0°C	3	3.9		7.8	8.7			
			70°C	3	4		7.8	8.7			
V _{OL} Low-level output voltage	V _{ID} = -100 mV, I _{OL} = 0		25°C	0	50		0	50		mV	
			0°C	0	50		0	50			
			70°C	0	50		0	50			
AVD Large-signal differential voltage amplification	R _L = 10 kΩ, See Note 6		25°C	25	170		25	275		V/mV	
			0°C	15	200		15	320			
			70°C	15	140		15	230			
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio	V _{IC} = V _{ICRmin}		25°C	65	91		65	94		dB	
			0°C	60	91		60	94			
			70°C	60	92		60	94			
k _{SVR} Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	V _{DD} = 5 V to 10 V, V _O = 1.4 V		25°C	70	93		70	93		dB	
			0°C	60	92		60	92			
			70°C	60	94		60	94			
I _{I(SEL)} Input current (BIAS SELECT)	V _{I(SEL)} = V _{DD} /2		25°C	-130		-160				nA	
I _{DD} Supply current	V _O = V _{DD} /2, V _{IC} = V _{DD} /2, No load		25°C	105	280		143	300		μA	
			0°C	125	320		173	400			
			70°C	85	220		110	280			

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

NOTES: 4. The typical values of input bias current and input offset current below 5 pA were determined mathematically.

5. This range also applies to each input individually.

6. At V_{DD} = 5 V, V_O = 0.25 V to 2 V; at V_{DD} = 10 V, V_O = 1 V to 6 V.

TLC251, TLC251A, TLC251B, TLC251Y
LincMOS™ PROGRAMMABLE
LOW-POWER OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS001E – JULY 1983 – REVISED AUGUST 1994

MEDIUM-BIAS MODE

勝特力材料 886-3-5753170
 胜特力电子(上海) 86-21-34970699
 胜特力电子(深圳) 86-755-83298787
[Http://www.100y.com.tw](http://www.100y.com.tw)

operating characteristics, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A	TLC251C, TLC251AC, TLC251BC			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR Slew rate at unity gain	$R_L = 100\text{ k}\Omega, C_L = 20\text{ pF}$	$V_I(\text{PP}) = 1\text{ V}$	25°C	0.43		V/ μs
			0°C	0.46		
			70°C	0.36		
		$V_I(\text{PP}) = 2.5\text{ V}$	25°C	0.40		
			0°C	0.43		
			70°C	0.34		
			25°C	32		
V_n Equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 1\text{ kHz}, R_S = 20\Omega$					nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
B_{OM} Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_O = V_{OH}, C_L = 20\text{ pF}, R_L = 100\text{ k}\Omega$	25°C	55			kHz
		0°C	60			
		70°C	50			
B_1 Unity-gain bandwidth	$V_I = 10\text{ mV}, C_L = 20\text{ pF}$	25°C	525			kHz
		0°C	600			
		70°C	400			
ϕ_m Phase margin	$V_I = 10\text{ mV}, f = B_1, C_L = 20\text{ pF}$	25°C	40°			
		0°C	41°			
		70°C	39°			

operating characteristics, $V_{DD} = 10\text{ V}$

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A	TLC251C, TLC251AC, TLC251BC			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR Slew rate at unity gain	$R_L = 100\text{ k}\Omega, C_L = 20\text{ pF}$	$V_I(\text{PP}) = 1\text{ V}$	25°C	0.62		V/ μs
			0°C	0.67		
			70°C	0.51		
		$V_I(\text{PP}) = 5.5\text{ V}$	25°C	0.56		
			0°C	0.61		
			70°C	0.46		
			25°C	32		
V_n Equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 1\text{ kHz}, R_S = 20\Omega$					nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
B_{OM} Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_O = V_{OH}, C_L = 20\text{ pF}, R_L = 100\text{ k}\Omega$	25°C	35			kHz
		0°C	40			
		70°C	30			
B_1 Unity-gain bandwidth	$V_I = 10\text{ mV}, C_L = 20\text{ pF}$	25°C	635			kHz
		0°C	710			
		70°C	510			
ϕ_m Phase margin	$V_I = 10\text{ mV}, f = B_1, C_L = 20\text{ pF}$	25°C	43°			
		0°C	44°			
		70°C	42°			

LOW-BIAS MODE

electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	TA†	TLC251C, TLC251AC, TLC251BC						UNIT	
				V _{DD} = 5 V			V _{DD} = 10 V				
				MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX		
V _{IO} Input offset voltage	TLC251C TLC251AC TLC251BC	V _O = 1.4 V, V _{IC} = 0 V, R _S = 50 Ω, R _L = 10 MΩ	25°C	1.1	10		1.1	10		mV	
			Full range		12			12			
			25°C	0.9	5		0.9	5			
			Full range		6.5			6.5			
			25°C	0.24	2		0.26	2			
			Full range		3			3			
α _{VIO} Average temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C to 70°C		1.1			1		μV/°C	
I _{IO} Input offset current (see Note 4)		V _O = V _{DD} /2, V _{IC} = V _{DD} /2	25°C	0.1		0.1				pA	
			70°C	7	300		7	300			
I _{IB} Input bias current (see Note 4)		V _O = V _{DD} /2, V _{IC} = V _{DD} /2	25°C	0.6		0.7				pA	
			70°C	40	600		50	600			
V _{ICR} Common-mode input voltage range (see Note 5)			25°C	-0.2 to 4	-0.3 to 4.2		-0.2 to 9	-0.3 to 9.2		V	
			Full range	-0.2 to 3.5		-0.2 to 8.5					
V _{OH} High-level output voltage		V _{ID} = 100 mV, R _L = 1 MΩ	25°C	3.2	4.1		8	8.9		V	
			0°C	3	4.1		7.8	8.9			
			70°C	3	4.2		7.8	8.9			
V _{OL} Low-level output voltage		V _{ID} = -100 mV, I _{OL} = 0	25°C	0	50		0	50		mV	
			0°C	0	50		0	50			
			70°C	0	50		0	50			
AVD Large-signal differential voltage amplification		R _L = 1 MΩ, See Note 6	25°C	50	520		50	870		V/mV	
			0°C	50	700		50	1030			
			70°C	50	380		50	660			
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio		V _{IC} = V _{ICRmin}	25°C	65	94		65	97		dB	
			0°C	60	95		60	97			
			70°C	60	95		60	97			
k _{SVR} Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$)		V _{DD} = 5 V to 10 V, V _O = 1.4 V	25°C	70	97		70	97		dB	
			0°C	60	97		60	97			
			70°C	60	98		60	98			
I _{I(SEL)} Input current (BIAS SELECT)		V _{I(SEL)} = V _{DD}	25°C		65			95		nA	
I _{DD} Supply current		V _O = V _{DD} /2, V _{IC} = V _{DD} /2, No load	25°C	10	17		14	23		μA	
			0°C	12	21		18	33			
			70°C	8	14		11	20			

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

NOTES: 4. The typical values of input bias current and input offset current below 5 pA were determined mathematically.

5. This range also applies to each input individually.

6. At V_{DD} = 5 V, V_O = 0.25 V to 2 V; at V_{DD} = 10 V, V_O = 1 V to 6 V.

TLC251, TLC251A, TLC251B, TLC251Y
LincMOS™ PROGRAMMABLE
LOW-POWER OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS001E – JULY 1983 – REVISED AUGUST 1994

LOW-BIAS MODE

勝特力材料 886-3-5753170
 胜特力电子(上海) 86-21-34970699
 胜特力电子(深圳) 86-755-83298787
[Http://www.100y.com.tw](http://www.100y.com.tw)

operating characteristics, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A	TLC251C, TLC251AC, TLC251BC			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR Slew rate at unity gain	$R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega$, $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$	$V_I(\text{PP}) = 1\text{ V}$	25°C	0.03		V/ μs
			0°C	0.04		
			70°C	0.03		
		$V_I(\text{PP}) = 2.5\text{ V}$	25°C	0.03		
			0°C	0.03		
			70°C	0.02		
			25°C	68		
V_n Equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$, $R_S = 20\text{ }\Omega$					nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
B_{OM} Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_O = V_{OH}$, $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$, $R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega$	$V_I(\text{PP}) = 1\text{ V}$	25°C	5		kHz
			0°C	6		
			70°C	4.5		
B_1 Unity-gain bandwidth	$V_I = 10\text{ mV}$, $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$	$V_I(\text{PP}) = 1\text{ V}$	25°C	85		kHz
			0°C	100		
			70°C	65		
ϕ_m Phase margin	$V_I = 10\text{ mV}$, $f = B_1$, $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$	$V_I(\text{PP}) = 1\text{ V}$	25°C	34°		
			0°C	36°		
			70°C	30°		

operating characteristics, $V_{DD} = 10\text{ V}$

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A	TLC251C, TLC251AC, TLC251BC			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR Slew rate at unity gain	$R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega$, $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$	$V_I(\text{PP}) = 1\text{ V}$	25°C	0.05		V/ μs
			0°C	0.05		
			70°C	0.04		
		$V_I(\text{PP}) = 5.5\text{ V}$	25°C	0.04		
			0°C	0.05		
			70°C	0.04		
V_n Equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 1\text{ kHz}$, $R_S = 20\text{ }\Omega$					nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
B_{OM} Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_O = V_{OH}$, $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$, $R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega$	$V_I(\text{PP}) = 1\text{ V}$	25°C	1		kHz
			0°C	1.3		
			70°C	0.9		
B_1 Unity-gain bandwidth	$V_I = 10\text{ mV}$, $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$	$V_I(\text{PP}) = 1\text{ V}$	25°C	110		kHz
			0°C	125		
			70°C	90		
ϕ_m Phase margin	$V_I = 10\text{ mV}$, $f = B_1$, $C_L = 20\text{ pF}$	$V_I(\text{PP}) = 1\text{ V}$	25°C	38°		
			0°C	40°		
			70°C	34°		



POST OFFICE BOX 655303 • DALLAS, TEXAS 75265
 POST OFFICE BOX 1443 • HOUSTON, TEXAS 77251-1443

electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 1.4$ V

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS [†]	T_A [‡]	BIAS	TLC251C, TLC251AC, TLC251BC			UNIT	
					MIN	TYP	MAX		
V_{IO} Input offset voltage	TLC251C	$V_O = 0.2$ V, $R_S = 50 \Omega$	25°C	Any	10			mV	
			Full range		12				
			25°C	Any	5				
	TLC251AC		Full range		6.5				
			25°C	Any	2				
			Full range		3				
α_{VIO}	Average temperature coefficient of input offset voltage		25°C to 70°C	Any	1			$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$	
I_{IO} Input offset current		$V_O = 0.2$ V	25°C	Any	1			pA	
			Full range		300				
I_{IB} Input bias current		$V_O = 0.2$ V	25°C	Any	1			pA	
			Full range		600				
V_{ICR}	Common-mode input voltage range		25°C	Any	0 to 0.2			V	
V_{OM}	Peak output voltage swing [§]	$V_{ID} = 100$ mV	25°C	Any	450	700		mV	
A_{VD} Large-signal differential voltage amplification		$V_O = 100$ to 300 mV, $R_S = 50 \Omega$	25°C	Low	20				
				High	10				
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	$R_S = 50 \Omega$, $V_O = 0.2$ V, $V_{IC} = V_{ICRmin}$	25°C	Any	60	77		dB	
I_{DD} Supply current		$V_O = 0.2$ V, No load	25°C	Low	5	17		μA	
				High	150	190			

[†] All characteristics are measured under open-loop conditions with zero common-mode input voltage unless otherwise specified. Unless otherwise noted, an output load resistor is connected from the output to ground and has the following values: for low bias, $R_L = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$, for medium bias, $R_L = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$, and for high bias, $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$.

[‡] Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

[§] The output swings to the potential of V_{DD-}/GND .

operating characteristics, $V_{DD} = 1.4$ V, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	BIAS	TLC251C, TLC251AC, TLC251BC			UNIT
				MIN	TYP	MAX	
B_1 Unity-gain bandwidth		$C_L = 100 \text{ pF}$	Low	12			kHz
			High	12			
SR Slew rate at unity gain		See Figure 1	Low	0.001			$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$
			High	0.1			
Overshoot factor		See Figure 1	Low	35%			
			High	30%			

TLC251, TLC251A, TLC251B, TLC251Y
LincMOS™ PROGRAMMABLE
LOW-POWER OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS001E – JULY 1983 – REVISED AUGUST 1994

勝特力材料 886-3-5753170
 胜特力电子(上海) 86-21-34970699
 胜特力电子(深圳) 86-755-83298787
[Http://www.100y.com.tw](http://www.100y.com.tw)

electrical characteristics, $V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TLC251Y						UNIT		
		HIGH-BIAS MODE			MEDIUM-BIAS MODE					
		MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX			
V_{IO}	$V_O = 1.4 \text{ V}$, $V_{IC} = 0 \text{ V}$, $R_S = 50 \Omega$, $R_L \dagger$	1.1	10		1.1	10		1.1	10	mV
αV_{IO}	Average temperature coefficient of input offset voltage		1.8		1.7			1.1		$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
I_{IO}	$I_{IO} = V_{DD}/2$, (see Note 4)	0.1			0.1			0.1		pA
I_{IB}	$I_{IB} = V_{DD}/2$, (see Note 4)	0.6			0.6			0.6		pA
V_{ICR}	Common-mode input voltage range (see Note 5)	-0.2 to 4	-0.3 to 4.2		-0.2 to 4	-0.3 to 4.2		-0.2 to 4	-0.3 to 4.2	V
V_{OH}	$V_{ID} = 100 \text{ mV}$, $R_L \dagger$	3.2	3.8		3.2	3.9		3.2	4.1	V
V_{OL}	$V_{ID} = -100 \text{ mV}$, $I_{OL} = 0$	0	50		0	50		0	50	mV
AVD	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	5	23		25	170		50	480	V/mV
$CMRR$	Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = V_{ICR\min}$	65	80	65	91		65	94	dB
k_{SVR}	Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	$V_{DD} = 5 \text{ V to } 10 \text{ V}$, $V_O = 1.4 \text{ V}$	65	95	70	93		70	97	dB
$I_{I(SEL)}$	Input current (BIAS SELECT)	$V_{I(SEL)} = V_{DD}/2$	-1.4		-0.13			0.065		μA
I_{DD}	Supply current	$V_O = V_{DD}/2$, $V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2$, No load	675	1600	105	280		10	17	μA

† For high-bias mode, $R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$; for medium-bias mode, $R_L = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$; and for low-bias mode, $R_L = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$.

NOTES: 4. The typical values of input bias current and input offset current below 5 pA were determined mathematically.

5. This range also applies to each input individually.



POST OFFICE BOX 655303 • DALLAS, TEXAS 75265
 POST OFFICE BOX 1443 • HOUSTON, TEXAS 77251-1443

operating characteristics, $V_{DD} = 5$ V, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TLC251Y									UNIT	
		HIGH-BIAS MODE			MEDIUM-BIAS MODE			LOW-BIAS MODE				
		MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX		
SR	Slew rate at unity gain $R_L \dagger$, $C_L = 20$ pF	$V_I(\text{PP}) = 1$ V			3.6			0.43			0.03	
		$V_I(\text{PP}) = 2.5$ V			2.9			0.40			0.03	
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage $f = 1$ kHz, $R_S = 20$ Ω				25			32			68	
B_{OM}	Maximum output swing bandwidth $V_O = V_{OH}$, $C_L = 20$ pF, $R_L = 10$ k Ω				320			55			4.5	
B_1	Unity-gain bandwidth $V_I = 10$ mV, $C_L = 20$ pF				1700			525			65	
ϕ_m	Phase margin $f = B_1$, $C_L = 20$ pF				46°			40°			34°	

† For high-bias mode, $R_L = 10$ k Ω ; for medium-bias mode, $R_L = 100$ k Ω ; and for low-bias mode, $R_L = 1$ M Ω .

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

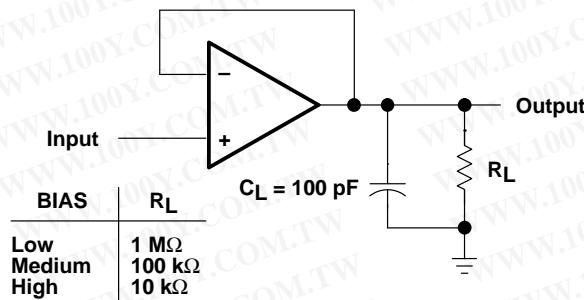


Figure 1. Unity-Gain Amplifier

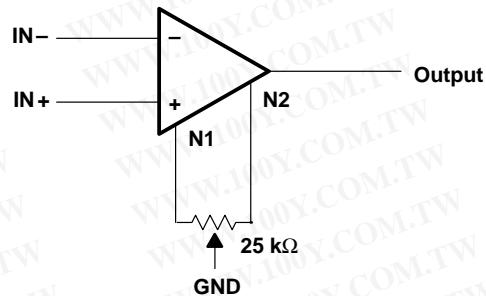


Figure 2. Input Offset Voltage Null Circuit

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Table of Graphs

			FIGURE
I_{DD}	Supply current	vs Bias-select voltage vs Supply voltage vs Free-air temperature	3 4 5
AVD	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	Low bias vs Frequency	6
		Medium bias vs Frequency	7
		High bias vs Frequency	8
Phase shift	Phase shift	Low bias vs Frequency	6
		Medium bias vs Frequency	7
		High bias vs Frequency	8

TLC251, TLC251A, TLC251B, TLC251Y
LincMOS™ PROGRAMMABLE
LOW-POWER OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS001E – JULY 1983 – REVISED AUGUST 1994

勝特力材料 886-3-5753170
 胜特力电子(上海) 86-21-34970699
 胜特力电子(深圳) 86-755-83298787
[Http://www.100y.com.tw](http://www.100y.com.tw)

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

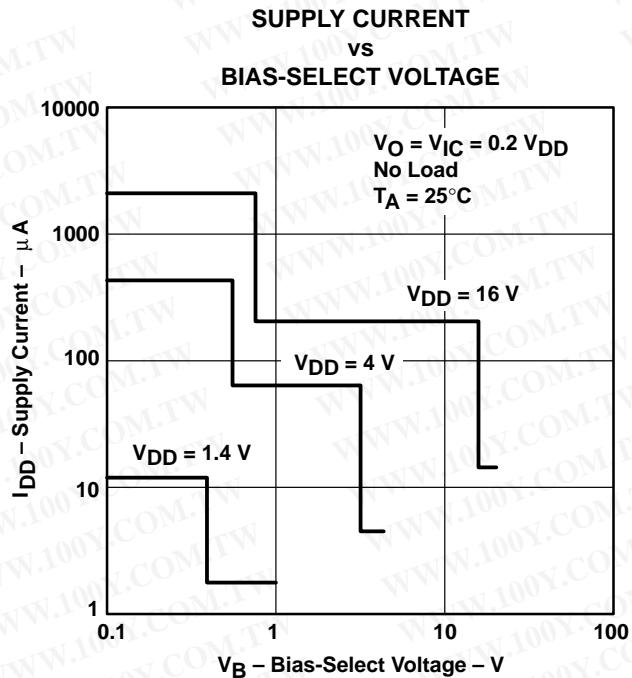


Figure 3

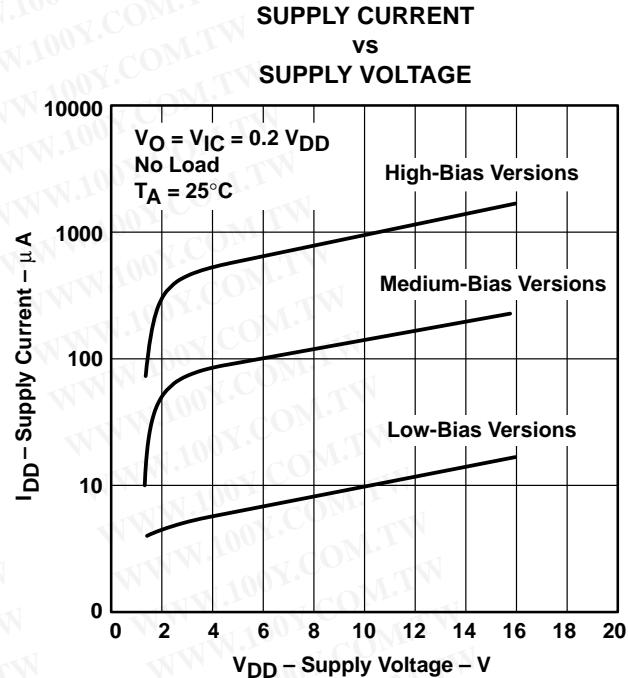


Figure 4

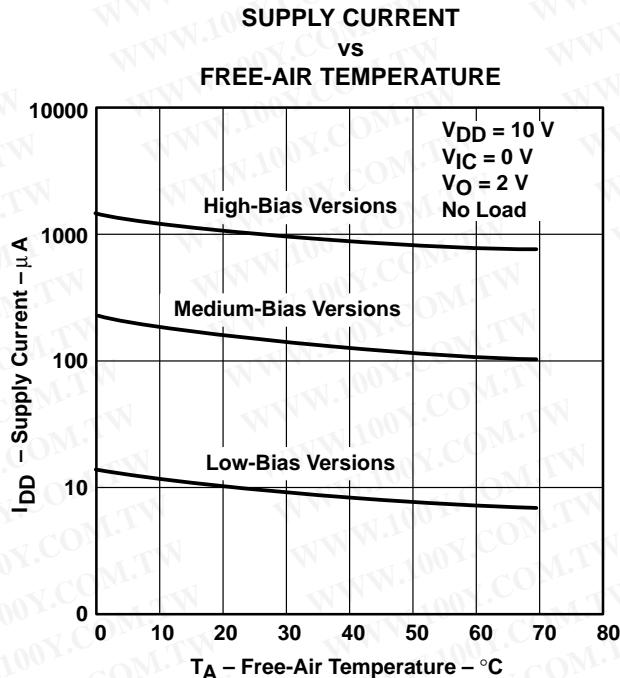


Figure 5

勝特力材料 886-3-5753170
 胜特力电子(上海) 86-21-34970699
 胜特力电子(深圳) 86-755-83298787
[Http://www.100y.com.tw](http://www.100y.com.tw)

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

LOW-BIAS LARGE-SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION AND PHASE SHIFT

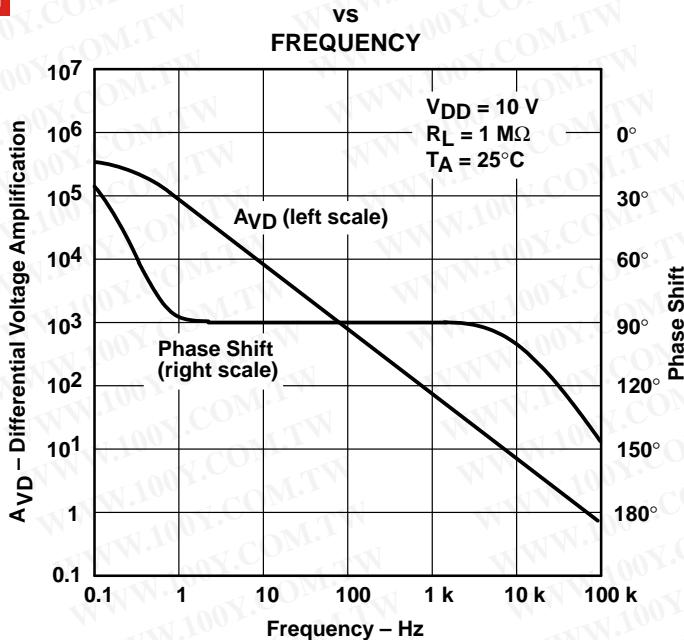


Figure 6

MEDIUM-BIAS LARGE-SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION AND PHASE SHIFT

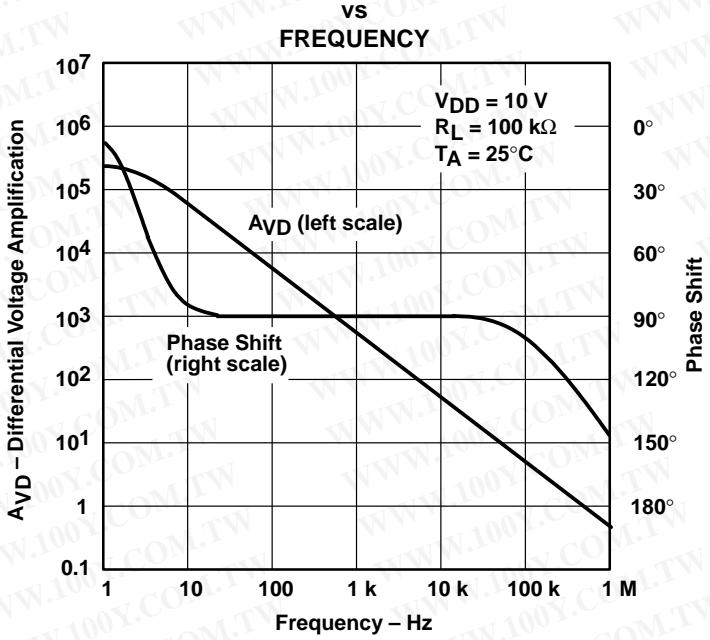


Figure 7

TLC251, TLC251A, TLC251B, TLC251Y
LincMOS™ PROGRAMMABLE
LOW-POWER OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS001E – JULY 1983 – REVISED AUGUST 1994

勝特力材料 886-3-5753170
胜特力电子(上海) 86-21-34970699
胜特力电子(深圳) 86-755-83298787
[Http://www.100y.com.tw](http://www.100y.com.tw)

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

**HIGH-BIAS LARGE-SIGNAL
DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION
AND PHASE SHIFT
VS
FREQUENCY**

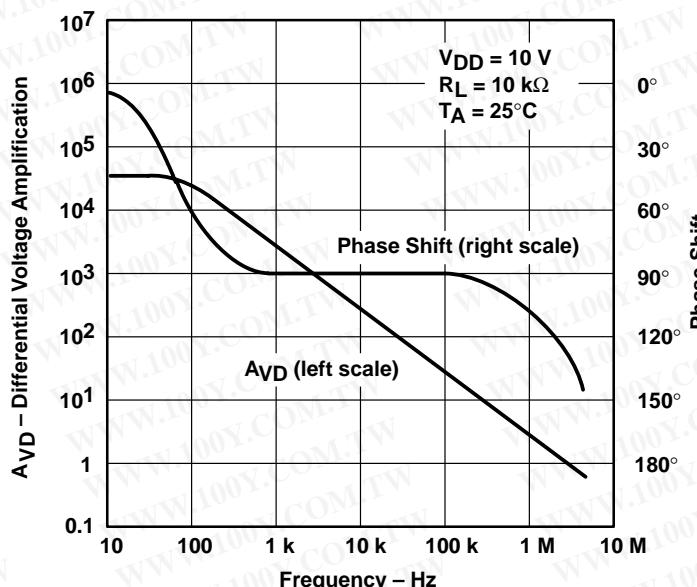


Figure 8

APPLICATION INFORMATION

latch-up avoidance

Junction-isolated CMOS circuits have an inherent parasitic PNPN structure that can function as an SCR. Under certain conditions, this SCR may be triggered into a low-impedance state, resulting in excessive supply current. To avoid such conditions, no voltage greater than 0.3 V beyond the supply rails should be applied to any pin. In general, the operational amplifier supplies should be applied simultaneously with, or before, application of any input signals.



POST OFFICE BOX 655303 • DALLAS, TEXAS 75265
POST OFFICE BOX 1443 • HOUSTON, TEXAS 77251-1443

APPLICATION INFORMATION

using BIAS SELECT

The TLC251 has a terminal called BIAS SELECT that allows the selection of one of three I_{DD} conditions (10, 150, and 1000 μA typical). This allows the user to trade-off power and ac performance. As shown in the typical supply current (I_{DD}) versus supply voltage (V_{DD}) curves (Figure 4), the I_{DD} varies only slightly from 4 V to 16 V. Below 4 V, the I_{DD} varies more significantly. Note that the I_{DD} values in the medium- and low-bias modes at $V_{DD} = 1.4$ V are typically 2 μA , and in the high mode are typically 12 μA . The following table shows the recommended BIAS SELECT connections at $V_{DD} = 10$ V.

BIAS MODE	AC PERFORMANCE	BIAS SELECT CONNECTION	TYPICAL I_{DD}^{\dagger}
Low	Low	V_{DD}	10 μA
Medium	Medium	0.8 V to 9.2 V	150 μA
High	High	Ground pin	1000 μA

[†]Bias selection may also be controlled by external circuitry to conserve power, etc.
For information regarding BIAS SELECT, see Figure 3 in the typical characteristics curves.

[‡]For I_{DD} characteristics at voltages other than 10 V, see Figure 4 in the typical characteristics curves.

output stage considerations

The amplifier's output stage consists of a source-follower-connected pullup transistor and an open-drain pulldown transistor. The high-level output voltage (V_{OH}) is virtually independent of the I_{DD} selection and increases with higher values of V_{DD} and reduced output loading. The low-level output voltage (V_{OL}) decreases with reduced output current and higher input common-mode voltage. With no load, V_{OL} is essentially equal to the potential of $V_{DD_}/GND$.

input offset nulling

The TLC251C series offers external offset null control. Nulling may be achieved by adjusting a 25-k Ω potentiometer connected between the offset null terminals with the wiper connected to the device $V_{DD_}/GND$ pin as shown in Figure 2. The amount of nulling range varies with the bias selection. At an I_{DD} setting of 1000 μA (high bias), the nulling range allows the maximum offset specified to be trimmed to zero. In low or medium bias or when the amplifier is used below 4 V, total nulling may not be possible for all units.

supply configurations

Even though the TLC251C series is characterized for single-supply operation, it can be used effectively in a split-supply configuration when the input common-mode voltage (V_{ICR}), output swing (V_{OL} and V_{OH}), and supply voltage limits are not exceeded.

circuit layout precautions

The user is cautioned that whenever extremely high circuit impedances are used, care must be exercised in layout, construction, board cleanliness, and supply filtering to avoid hum and noise pickup, as well as excessive dc leakages.

勝特力材料 886-3-5753170
胜特力电子(上海) 86-21-34970699
胜特力电子(深圳) 86-755-83298787
Http://www.100y.com.tw

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments (TI) reserves the right to make changes to its products or to discontinue any semiconductor product or service without notice, and advises its customers to obtain the latest version of relevant information to verify, before placing orders, that the information being relied on is current.

TI warrants performance of its semiconductor products and related software to the specifications applicable at the time of sale in accordance with TI's standard warranty. Testing and other quality control techniques are utilized to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Specific testing of all parameters of each device is not necessarily performed, except those mandated by government requirements.

Certain applications using semiconductor products may involve potential risks of death, personal injury, or severe property or environmental damage ("Critical Applications").

TI SEMICONDUCTOR PRODUCTS ARE NOT DESIGNED, INTENDED, AUTHORIZED, OR WARRANTED TO BE SUITABLE FOR USE IN LIFE-SUPPORT APPLICATIONS, DEVICES OR SYSTEMS OR OTHER CRITICAL APPLICATIONS.

Inclusion of TI products in such applications is understood to be fully at the risk of the customer. Use of TI products in such applications requires the written approval of an appropriate TI officer. Questions concerning potential risk applications should be directed to TI through a local SC sales office.

In order to minimize risks associated with the customer's applications, adequate design and operating safeguards should be provided by the customer to minimize inherent or procedural hazards.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance, customer product design, software performance, or infringement of patents or services described herein. Nor does TI warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other intellectual property right of TI covering or relating to any combination, machine, or process in which such semiconductor products or services might be or are used.

Copyright © 1995, Texas Instruments Incorporated

胜特力材料 886-3-5753170
胜特力电子(上海) 86-21-34970699
胜特力电子(深圳) 86-755-83298787
[Http://www.100y.com.tw](http://www.100y.com.tw)