

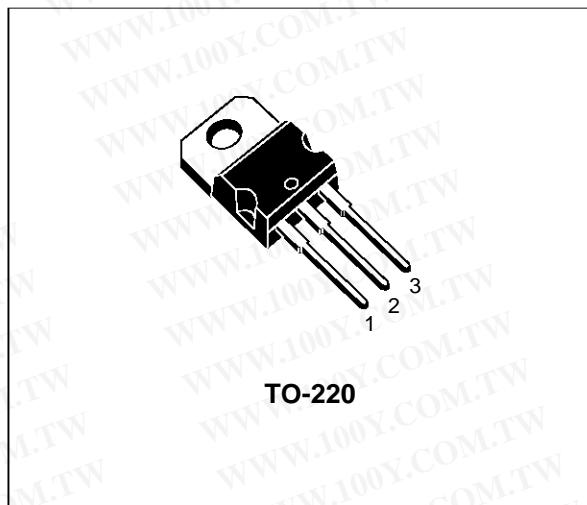
**"OMNIFET":  
FULLY AUTOPROTECTED POWER MOSFET**

TYPE	V <sub>clamp</sub>	R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	I <sub>lim</sub>
VNP10N06	60 V	0.3 Ω	10 A

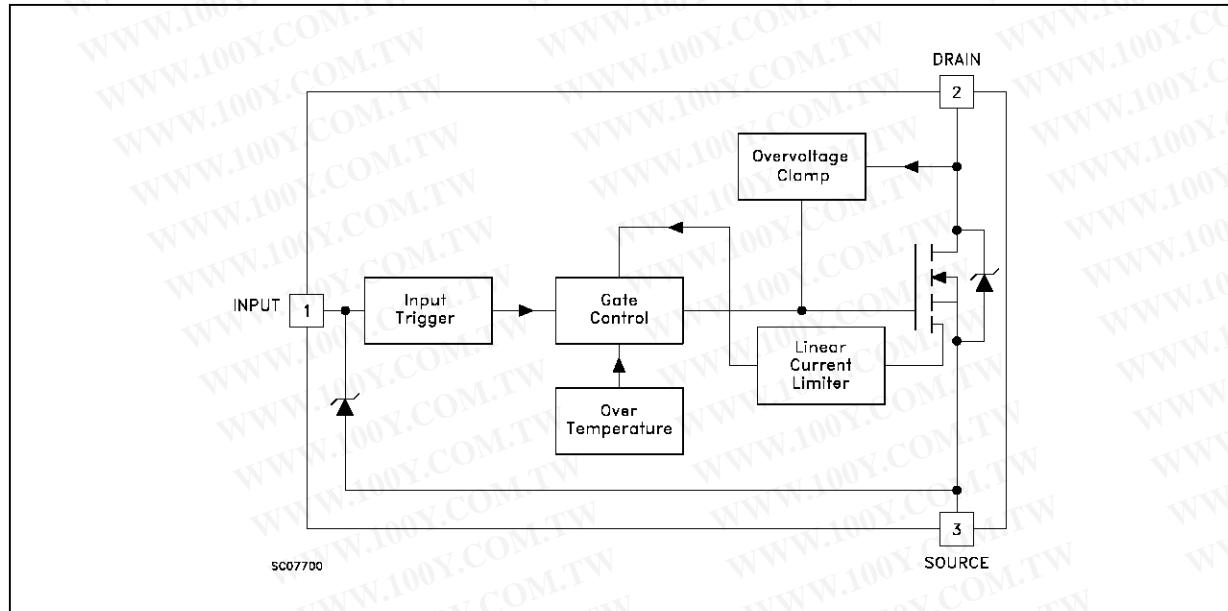
- LINEAR CURRENT LIMITATION
- THERMAL SHUT DOWN
- SHORT CIRCUIT PROTECTION
- INTEGRATED CLAMP
- LOW CURRENT DRAWN FROM INPUT PIN
- LOGIC LEVEL INPUT THRESHOLD
- ESD PROTECTION
- SCHMITT TRIGGER ON INPUT
- HIGH NOISE IMMUNITY
- STANDARD TO-220 PACKAGE

#### DESCRIPTION

The VNP10N06 is a monolithic device made using SGS-THOMSON Vertical Intelligent Power MO Technology, intended for replacement of standard power MOSFETS in DC to 50 KHz applications. Built-in thermal shut-down, linear current limitation and overvoltage clamp protect the chip in harsh environments.



#### BLOCK DIAGRAM



# VNP10N06

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATING

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_{DS}$	Drain-source Voltage ( $V_{in} = 0$ )	Internally Clamped	V
$V_{in}$	Input Voltage	Internally Clamped	V
$I_{in}$	Input Current	$\pm 20$	mA
$I_D$	Drain Current	Internally Limited	A
$I_R$	Reverse DC Output Current	-15	A
$V_{esd}$	Electrostatic Discharge ( $C = 100 \text{ pF}$ , $R = 1.5 \text{ k}\Omega$ )	4000	V
$P_{tot}$	Total Dissipation at $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$	42	W
$T_j$	Operating Junction Temperature	Internally Limited	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_c$	Case Operating Temperature	Internally Limited	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_{stg}$	Storage Temperature	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{thj-case}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-case	Max	3	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
$R_{thj-amb}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient	Max	62.5	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{case} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

OFF

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$V_{CLAMP}$	Drain-source Clamp Voltage	$I_D = 200 \text{ mA}$ $V_{in} = 0$	50	60	70	V
$V_{IL}$	Input Low Level Voltage	$I_D = 100 \mu\text{A}$ $V_{DS} = 16 \text{ V}$			1.5	V
$V_{IH}$	Input High Level Voltage	$R_L = 27 \Omega$ $V_{DD} = 16 \text{ V}$ $V_{DS} = 0.5 \text{ V}$	3.2			V
$V_{INCL}$	Input-Source Reverse Clamp Voltage	$I_{in} = -1 \text{ mA}$ $I_{in} = 1 \text{ mA}$	-1 8		-0.3 11	V V
$I_{DSS}$	Zero Input Voltage Drain Current ( $V_{in} = 0$ )	$V_{DS} = 50 \text{ V}$ $V_{in} = V_{IL}$ $V_{DS} < 35 \text{ V}$ $V_{in} = V_{IL}$			250 100	$\mu\text{A}$ $\mu\text{A}$
$I_{ISS}$	Supply Current from Input Pin	$V_{DS} = 0 \text{ V}$ $V_{in} = 5 \text{ V}$		150	300	$\mu\text{A}$

ON (\*)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-source On Resistance	$V_{in} = 7 \text{ V}$ $I_D = 1 \text{ A}$ $T_J < 125^\circ\text{C}$		0.15	0.3	$\Omega$

## DYNAMIC

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance	$V_{DS} = 13 \text{ V}$ $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ $V_{in} = 0$		350	500	pF

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (continued)

## SWITCHING (\*\*)

<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Test Conditions</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Typ.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Unit</b>
$t_{d(on)}$ $t_r$	Turn-on Delay Time Rise Time	$V_{DD} = 16 \text{ V}$ $I_d = 1 \text{ A}$ $V_{gen} = 7 \text{ V}$ $R_{gen} = 10 \Omega$		1100 550	1600 900	ns ns
$t_{d(off)}$ $t_f$	Turn-off Delay Time Fall Time	(see figure 3)		200 100	400 200	ns ns
$t_{d(on)}$ $t_r$	Turn-on Delay Time Rise Time	$V_{DD} = 16 \text{ V}$ $I_d = 1 \text{ A}$ $V_{gen} = 7 \text{ V}$ $R_{gen} = 1000 \Omega$		1.2 1	1.8 1.5	$\mu\text{s}$ $\mu\text{s}$
$t_{d(off)}$ $t_f$	Turn-off Delay Time Fall Time	(see figure 3)		1.6 1.2	2.3 1.8	$\mu\text{s}$ $\mu\text{s}$
$(di/dt)_{on}$	Turn-on Current Slope	$V_{DD} = 16 \text{ V}$ $I_D = 1 \text{ A}$ $V_{in} = 7 \text{ V}$ $R_{gen} = 10 \Omega$		1.5		$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
$Q_i$	Total Input Charge	$V_{DD} = 12 \text{ V}$ $I_D = 1 \text{ A}$ $V_{in} = 7 \text{ V}$		13		nC

## SOURCE DRAIN DIODE

<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Test Conditions</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Typ.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Unit</b>
$V_{SD} (*)$	Forward On Voltage	$I_{SD} = 1 \text{ A}$ $V_{in} = V_{IL}$		0.8	1.6	V
$t_{rr} (**)$	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_{SD} = 1 \text{ A}$ $di/dt = 100 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ $V_{DD} = 30 \text{ V}$ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		125		ns
$Q_{rr} (**)$	Reverse Recovery Charge	(see test circuit, figure 5)		0.22		$\mu\text{C}$
$I_{RRM} (**)$	Reverse Recovery Current			3.5		A

## PROTECTION

<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Test Conditions</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Typ.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Unit</b>
$I_{lim}$	Drain Current Limit	$V_{in} = 7 \text{ V}$ $V_{DS} = 13 \text{ V}$	6	10	15	A
$t_{dlim} (**)$	Step Response Current Limit	$V_{in} = 7 \text{ V}$ $V_{DS}$ step from 0 to 13 V		12	20	$\mu\text{s}$
$T_{jsh} (**)$	Overtemperature Shutdown		150			$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_{jrs} (**)$	Overtemperature Reset		135			$^\circ\text{C}$
$E_{as} (**)$	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy	starting $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{DD} = 24 \text{ V}$ $V_{in} = 7 \text{ V}$ $R_{gen} = 1 \text{ K}\Omega$ $L = 10 \text{ mH}$	250			mJ

(\*) Pulsed: Pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle 1.5 %

(\*\*) Parameters guaranteed by design/characterization

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## PROTECTION FEATURES

During Normal Operation, the INPUT pin is electrically connected to the gate of the internal power MOSFET through a low impedance path as soon as  $V_{IN} > V_{IH}$ .

The device then behaves like a standard power MOSFET and can be used as a switch from DC to 50KHz. The only difference from the user's standpoint is that a small DC current (typically 150  $\mu A$ ) flows into the INPUT pin in order to supply the internal circuitry.

During turn-off of an unclamped inductive load the output voltage is clamped to a safe level by an integrated Zener clamp between DRAIN pin and the gate of the internal Power MOSFET.

In this condition, the Power MOSFET gate is set

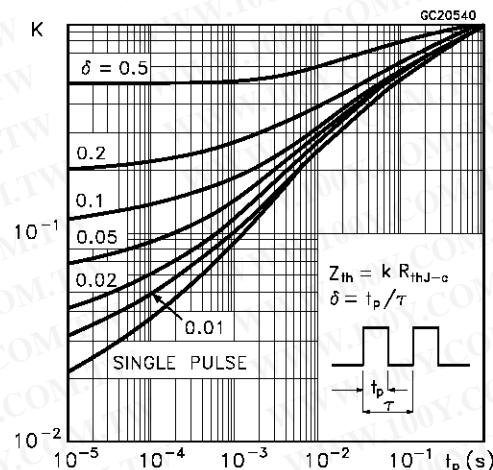
to a voltage high enough to sustain the inductive load current even if the INPUT pin is driven to 0V. The device integrates an active current limiter circuit which limits the drain current  $I_D$  to  $I_{lim}$  whatever the INPUT pin Voltage.

When the current limiter is active, the device operates in the linear region, so power dissipation may exceed the heatsinking capability. Both case and junction temperatures increase, and if this phase lasts long enough, junction temperature may reach the overtemperature threshold  $T_{jsh}$ .

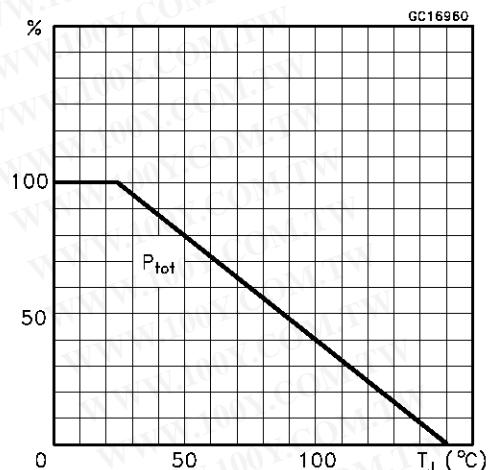
If  $T_j$  reaches  $T_{jsh}$ , the device shuts down whatever the INPUT pin voltage. The device will restart automatically when  $T_j$  has cooled down to  $T_{jrs}$

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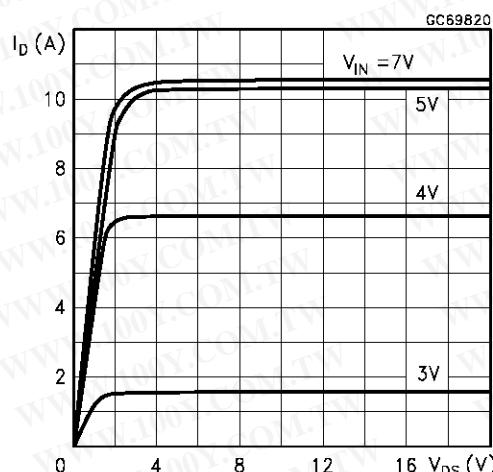
Thermal Impedance



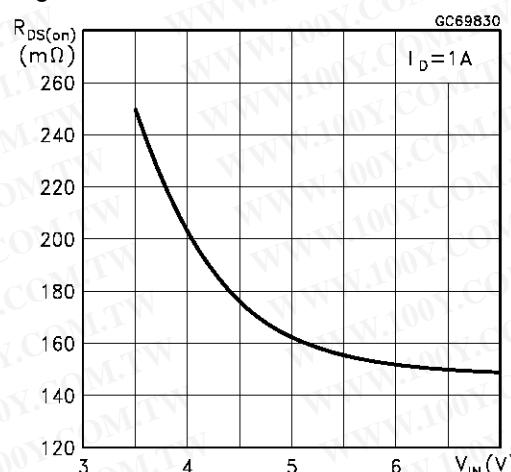
Derating Curve



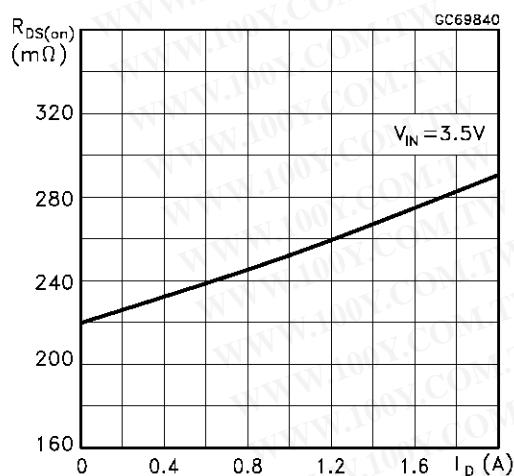
Output Characteristics



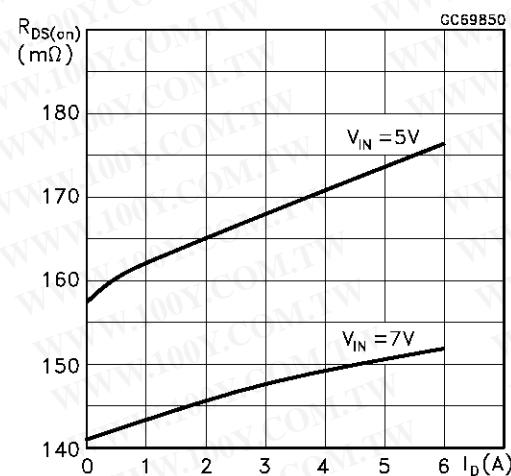
Static Drain-Source On Resistance vs Input Voltage



Static Drain-Source On Resistance

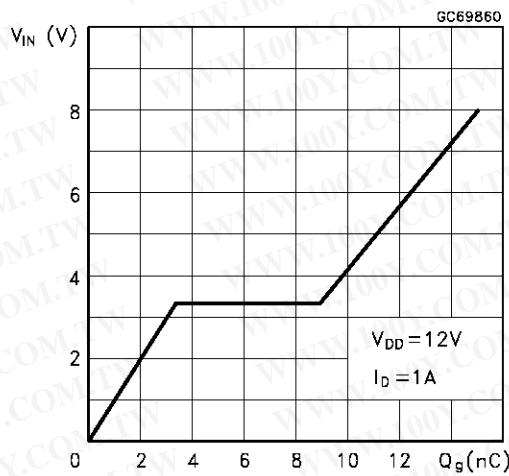


Static Drain-Source On Resistance

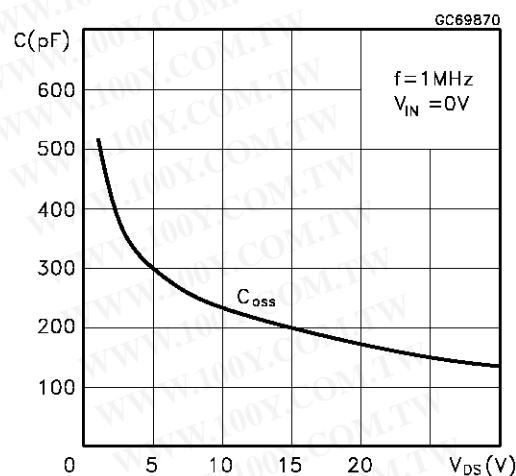


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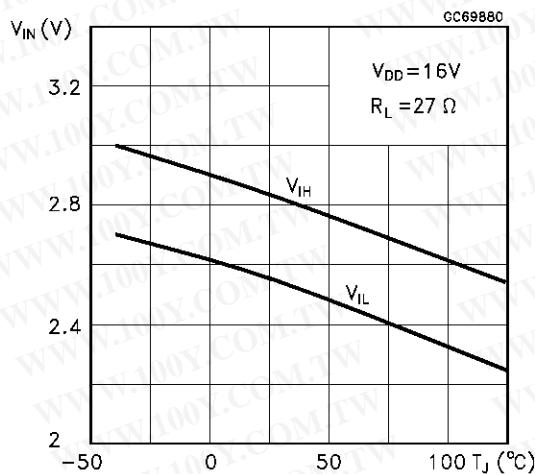
Input Charge vs Input Voltage



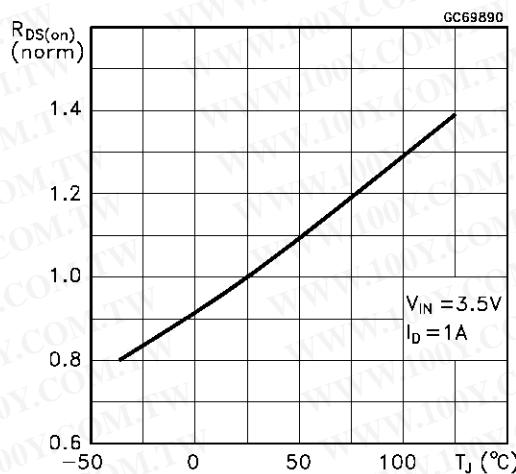
Capacitance Variations



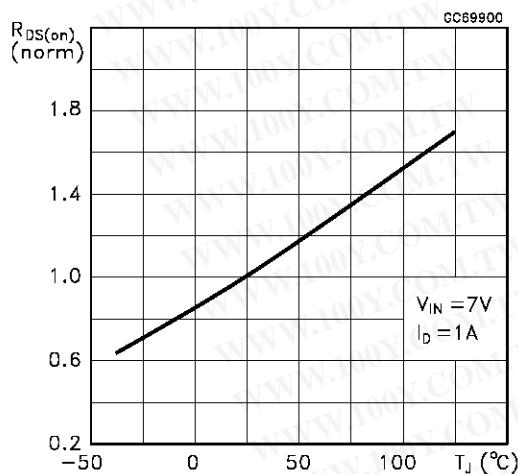
Normalized Input Threshold Voltage vs Temperature



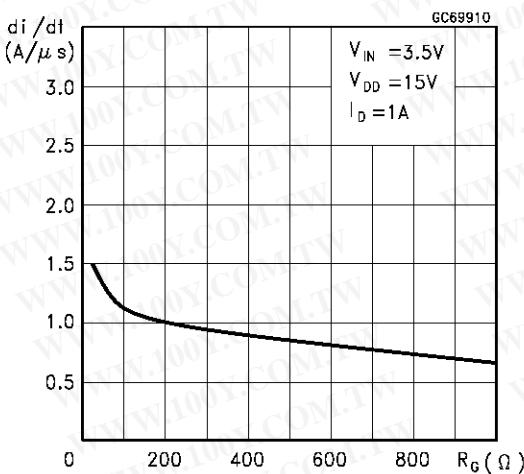
Normalized On Resistance vs Temperature



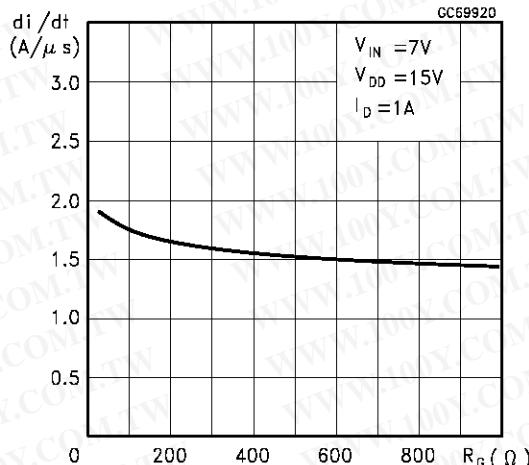
Normalized On Resistance vs Temperature



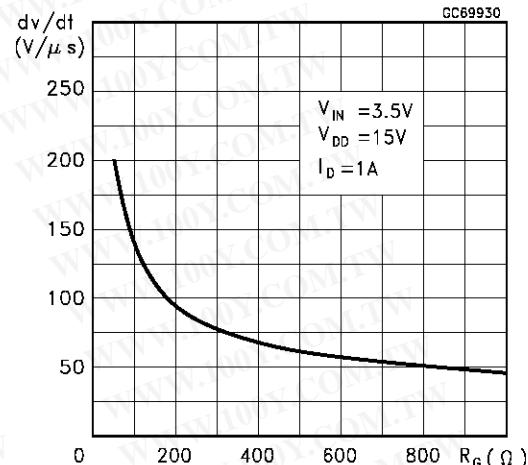
Turn-on Current Slope



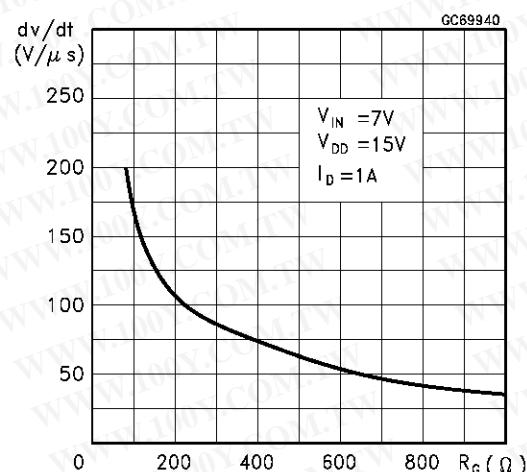
Turn-on Current Slope



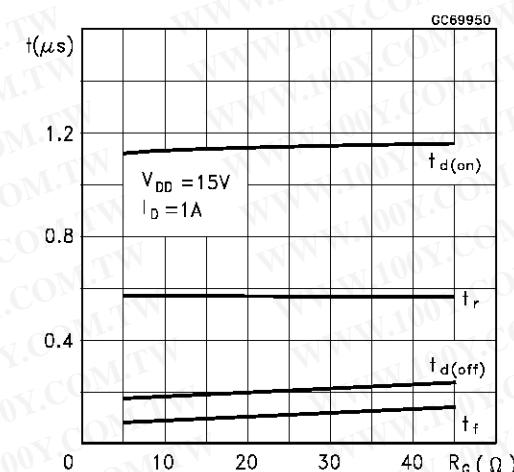
Turn-off Drain-Source Voltage Slope



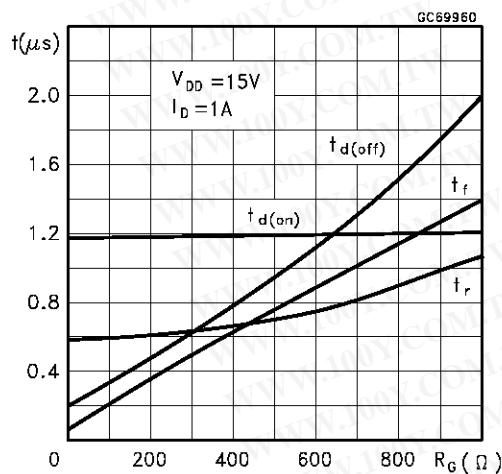
Turn-off Drain-Source Voltage Slope



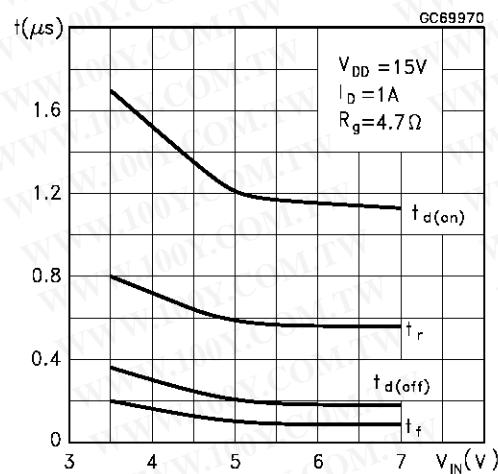
Switching Time Resistive Load



Switching Time Resistive Load

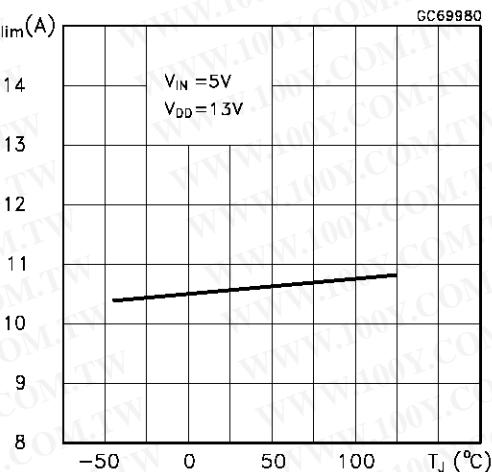


Switching Time Resistive Load

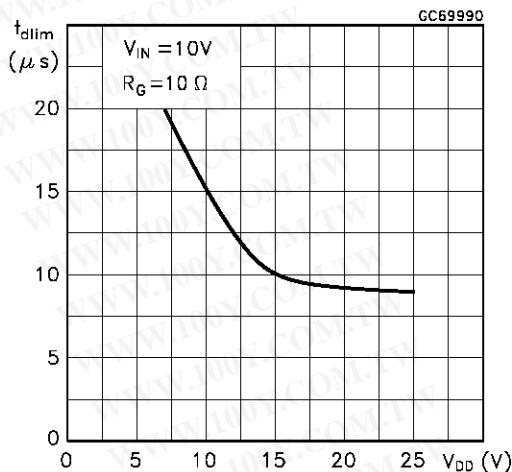


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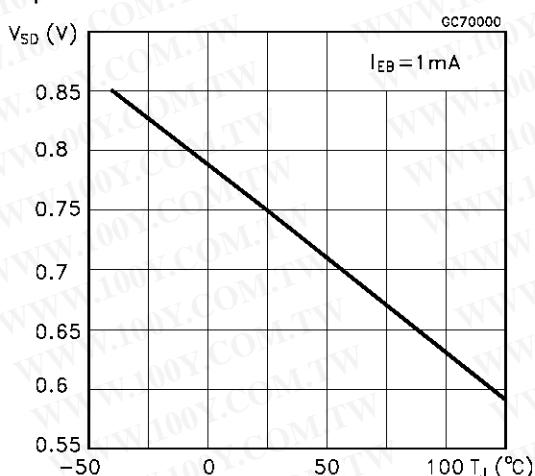
Current Limit vs Junction Temperature



Step Response Current Limit

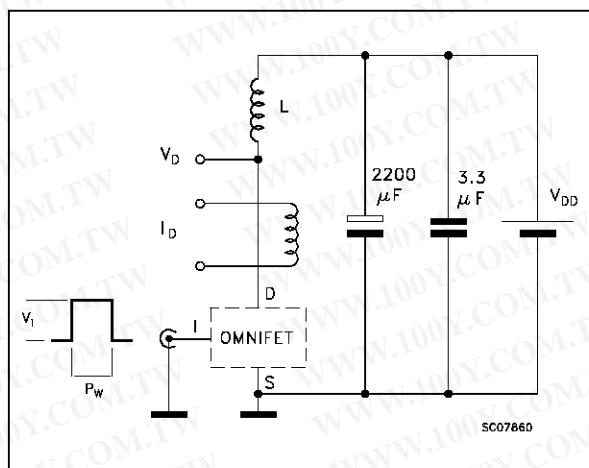


Source Drain Diode Voltage vs Junction Temperature

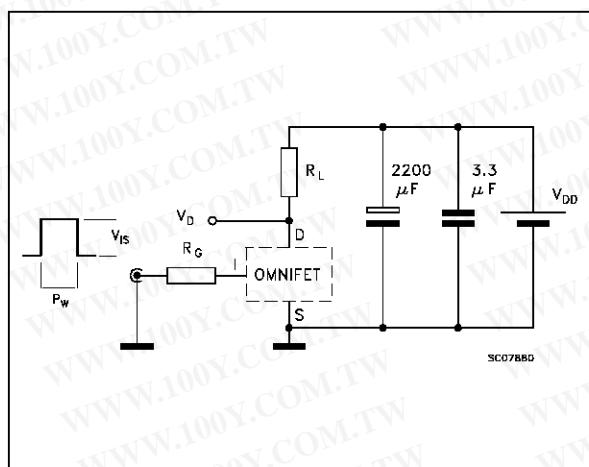


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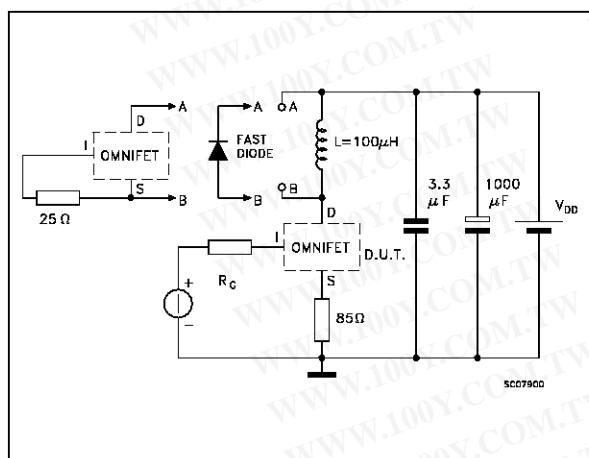
**Fig. 1:** Unclamped Inductive Load Test Circuits



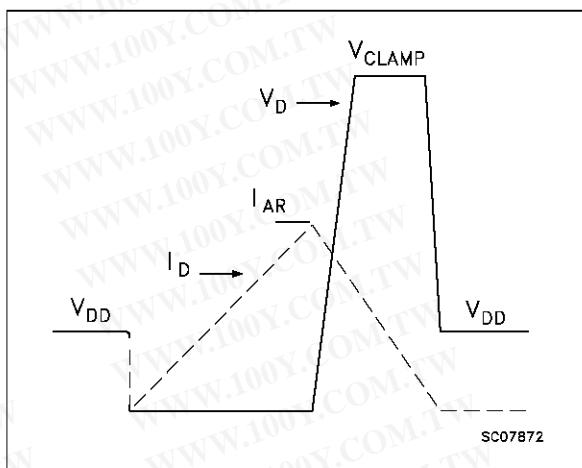
**Fig. 3:** Switching Times Test Circuits For Resistive Load



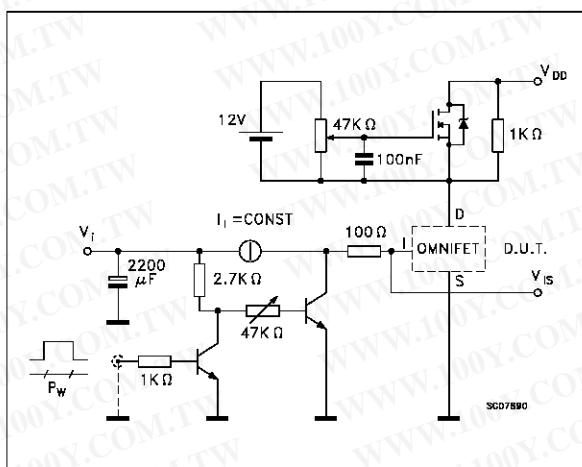
**Fig. 5:** Test Circuit For Inductive Load Switching And Diode Recovery Times



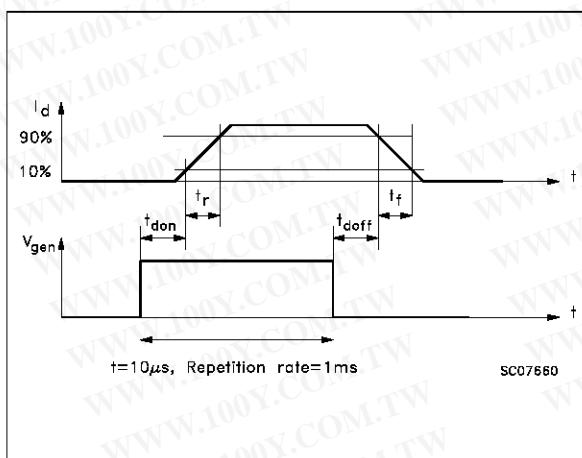
**Fig. 2:** Unclamped Inductive Waveforms



**Fig. 4:** Input Charge Test Circuit

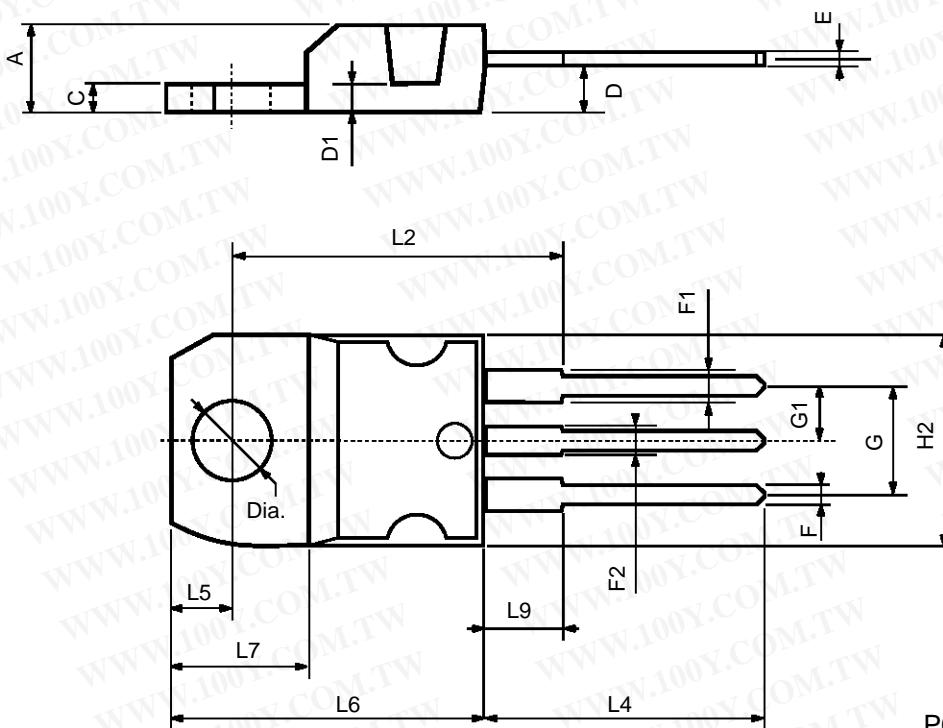


**Fig. 6:** Waveforms



TO-220 MECHANICAL DATA

DIM.	mm			inch		
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
A	4.40		4.60	0.173		0.181
C	1.23		1.32	0.048		0.051
D	2.40		2.72	0.094		0.107
D1		1.27			0.050	
E	0.49		0.70	0.019		0.027
F	0.61		0.88	0.024		0.034
F1	1.14		1.70	0.044		0.067
F2	1.14		1.70	0.044		0.067
G	4.95		5.15	0.194		0.203
G1	2.4		2.7	0.094		0.106
H2	10.0		10.40	0.393		0.409
L2		16.4			0.645	
L4	13.0		14.0	0.511		0.551
L5	2.65		2.95	0.104		0.116
L6	15.25		15.75	0.600		0.620
L7	6.2		6.6	0.244		0.260
L9	3.5		3.93	0.137		0.154
DIA.	3.75		3.85	0.147		0.151



P011C